

<u>INVITATION TO BID (ITB) #2020-003145</u>

OAK CREEK BUILDING HVAC IMPROVEMENTS

ISSUE DATE: March 23, 2020

MANDATORY PRE-BID CONFERENCE: March 31, 2020 between 9:00 AM and 12:00 PM at the Oak Creek Building (3015 SW Western Blvd. Corvallis, OR 97331)

BID DUE DATE/TIME: April 14, 2020 at 2:00 PM PT via electronic bid submission to bids@oregonstate.edu

Question Deadline April 7, 2020 5:00 PM PT

PROJECT NUMBER: 2119-18

CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR:

Matt Hausman, Construction Contract Officer Construction Contracts Administration Oregon State University 644 SW 13th St. Corvallis, OR 97333

Email: ConstructionContracts@oregonstate.edu

AWARD DECISION APPEALS:

Hanna Emerson, Construction Contracts Manager
Construction Contracts Administration
Oregon State University
644 SW 13th St.
Corvallis, OR 97333
Phone: (541) 737-7694

Email: hanna.emerson@oregonstate.edu

It is the Bidder's responsibility to continue to monitor the <u>OSU Business and Bid Opportunities</u> website for Addenda. Failure to acknowledge any Addenda on the Bid Form may cause your Bid to be considered non-responsive.

OSU standards and policies govern this solicitation (<u>Procurement Thresholds and Methods, Procurement Solicitations</u> and Contracts) unless otherwise referenced or stated.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Oregon State University ("OSU" and/or "Owner") is conducting a competitive Comprehensive Reserve Invitation to Bid (ITB) process to retain ONE (1) General Contractor for the Oak Creek Building HVAC Improvements project (the "Project").

PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

PRE-BID CONFERENCE – The Mandatory Pre-Bid Conference is scheduled between 9:00 AM and 12:00 PM PT on March 31, 2020. The time range is being provided in order to adhere to OSU's social distancing requirements. As such, firms are asked to limit the number of attendees. Should too many attendees arrive at the same time there could be a delay in starting the site visits in order to allow adequate spacing.

In addition, all questions will need to be submitted via e-mail to <u>constructioncontracts@oregonstate.edu</u> in order to assure they are addressed given the potential for firms to be at various stages of the site visit through the time range.

OSU WILL ONLY BE ACCEPTING SEALED BIDS ELECTRONICALLY.

Bids are to be submitted to bids@oregonstate.edu by the Due Date/Time. A virtual Bid Opening will take place via Zoom following bid closing. Information to access the Bid Opening is provided below:

Naming convention details for the e-mail submission are as follows:

E-Mail Subject Line – ITB 2020-003145 Oak Creek Building HVAC Improvements – FIRM NAME Uploaded document – One (1) pdf titled the same as listed above.

BID OPENING VIA ZOOM

Join Zoom Meeting

https://oregonstate.zoom.us/j/514180915

Phone Dial-In Information

- +1 971 247 1195 US (Portland)
- +1 301 715 8592 US
- +1 253 215 8782 US

Meeting ID: 514 180 915

Join by Polycom/Cisco/Other Room System 514180915@zoomcrc.com

Oregon State University is seeking bids only from firms accepted into OSU's 2019-2023 Construction Related Services Reserve Contracting Program.

Firms not currently in the Construction Related Services Reserve Program can apply for entry into the program by responding to the RFQ contained at the following link: https://bid.oregonstate.edu/

1.2 Background. Founded in 1868 as Oregon's land grant institution, OSU serves the state, the nation and the world as a premier 21st-century research university. OSU is committed to exceptional research, discovery, innovation and engagement — and to integrating its research and engagement mission with the delivery of a high-quality, globally relevant and affordable education for the people of Oregon and beyond. OSU is one of only two land, sea, space and sun grant universities in the U.S. and is the only university in Oregon to have earned both Carnegie Classifications for Very High Research Activity and Community Engagement.

The university's 570-acre main campus is located in the city of Corvallis, a vibrant college town of nearly 58,000 in the heart of Western Oregon's Willamette Valley. Corvallis consistently ranks among the safest, most highly educated and greenest small cities in the nation.

- **1.3 Location.** This building was originally constructed in 1954 by the Oregon Board of Forestry and was named the Oregon Forest Research Center. Oregon State's Forest Products Lab relocated here in 1957. In 1961 the building and research functions were transferred to the Board of Higher Education. With the opening of Richardson Hall in 1999, the College of Forestry relocated faculty and many lab functions to the new location. The office spaces have since been occupied by facilities services while lab spaces have provided locations for other research programs.
- **1.4 Summary of Work.** OSU is soliciting bids from firms on the OSU 2019 Construction Related Reserve Contracting Program for the Oak Creek Building HVAC Improvements project.

The Oak Creek Building HVAC project primarily addresses the heating system. The current steam boilers are outside of their serviceable life and will be replaced with (3) high efficiency hot water boilers. The heating water piping, (60) fan coils for hydronic heating, (22) unit heaters, (2) heating coils, and (3) convectors will all be new, as well as (3) new primary pumps and (2) secondary pumps. Cooling will be added to (2) conference rooms 103 & 201, these will be VRF units. Project abatement will be addressed prior to construction.

2.0 SCHEDULE

Solicitation Issue Date March 23, 2020

Mandatory Pre-Bid Meeting/Site Visit March 31, 2020 between 9:00 AM and 12:00 PM PT

Question Deadline April 7, 2020 5:00 PM PT Solicitation Revision Request Deadline April 7, 2020 5:00 PM PT

Final Addendum Deadline (if necessary) April 10, 2020

Bid Due Date/Time April 14, 2020 2:00 PM PT

The following dates are tentative and subject to change without notice:

Notice of Intent to Award

Estimated Contract Execution

Estimated Notice to Proceed

Estimated Substantial Completion

Estimated Final Completion

April 17, 2020

May 1, 2020

October 12, 2020

November 12, 2020

3.0 QUESTIONS, SOLICITATION REVISION REQUESTS, CHANGE OR MODIFICATION

3.1 Questions

- **3.1.1** If a Bidder is unclear about any information contained in this document or its exhibits (Project, scope, agreement terms, etc.), they may submit those questions for formal clarification to the **Contract Administrator** at any time prior to the Question Deadline listed in Section 2.0 of this ITB.
- **3.1.2** All questions and contacts with Owner regarding any information in this ITB must be addressed either in writing or email to the **Contract Administrator**, unless otherwise stated in this ITB document at the address or email listed in this document no later than the Question Deadline listed in Section 2.0 of this ITB.
- **3.1.3** Any clarification provided by the Owner for this ITB or the documents included as exhibits to this ITB shall be made by a duly issued Addendum. The Owner will not be responsible for any other explanation or interpretation of this ITB or the documents included as exhibits to this ITB nor for any other approval of a particular manufacturer's process or item.

3.2 Solicitation Revision Requests

- **3.2.1** Bidders may submit a written request for change of particular solicitation provisions and/or contract terms and conditions to Hanna Emerson, **Construction Contracts Manager** at the address or email listed in this document. Such requests for change shall be received no later than the Solicitation Revision Deadline listed above.
- **3.2.2** Such requests for change shall include the reasons for the request and any proposed changes to the solicitation provisions, specifications and/or contract terms and conditions.
- **3.2.3** Requests for contract terms and conditions revisions may not be considered if request(s) are not received by the Solicitation Revision Deadline.

3.3 Change or Modification

3.3.1 Any change or modification to the specifications or particular solicitation provisions will be in the form of an addendum to the ITB and will be made available to all firms. It is the responsibility of each firm to visit the website and download any addenda to this ITB. No information received in any manner different than as described herein shall serve to change the ITB in any way, regardless of the source of the information.

4.0 PUBLIC RECORD

Owner will retain this ITB and one copy of each bid received, together with copies of all documents pertaining to the award of a contract. These documents will be made a part of a file or record, which shall be open to public inspection after Owner has announced its intent to award a contract. If a bid contains any information that is considered a trade secret under ORS 192.345(2), you must mark each trade secret with the following legend: "This data constitutes a trade secret under ORS 192.345(2), and shall not be disclosed except in accordance with the Oregon Public Records Law, ORS Chapter 192."

The Oregon Public Records Law exempts from disclosure only bona fide trade secrets, and the exemption from disclosure applies only "unless the public interest requires disclosure in the particular instance."

Therefore, non-disclosure of documents or any portion of a document submitted as part of a proposal may depend upon official or judicial determination made pursuant to the Public Records Law.

In order to facilitate public inspection of the non-confidential portion of the proposal, material designated as confidential shall accompany the proposal, but shall be readily separable from it. Prices, makes, model or catalog numbers of items offered, scheduled delivery dates, and terms of payment shall be publicly available regardless of any designation to the contrary. Any proposal marked as a trade secret in its entirety shall be considered non-responsive and shall be rejected.

5.0 FORM OF AGREEMENT

A sample copy of the Construction Services Reserve Supplement is included as an exhibit to this ITB. The sample contract may contain certain notes or alternative provisions. Those alternative provisions will be included at the sole discretion of the Owner.

6.0 BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES (BOLI) PREVAILING WAGES

In compliance with Oregon Prevailing Wage Law, the following is incorporated into this ITB:

The Contractor and all subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of ORS 279C.800 through 279C.870, relative to Prevailing Wage Rates (PWR) as outlined in Sections C.1 and C.2 of the General Conditions. The resulting Contract is subject to the following BOLI wage rate requirements, which are incorporated herein by reference:

- **6.1** January 1, 2020 PWR Apprenticeship Rates
- **6.2** February 1, 2020 PWR Amendments
- **6.3** January 1, 2020 Prevailing Wage Rates for Public Works Contracts in Oregon
- 6.4 July 1, 2018 Definitions of Covered Occupations for Public Works Contracts in Oregon

These BOLI wage rates are available here: https://www.oregon.gov/boli/WHD/PWR/Pages/pwr_state.aspx.

7.0 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

7.1 Summary of Work. The Work contemplated in this document shall be for the Owner in connection with the Project described in the Summary of Work in Section 1.0 of this document.

7.2 Pre Bid Conference and Examination of Site Conditions

- **7.2.1** Before submitting a Bid, if required by this ITB, the Bidder shall attend the mandatory Pre-Bid Conference, which may include a site examination. Attendance will be documented utilizing a combination of checking in and an email to the **Contract Administrator**. Prime bidders will be required to check in on-site and follow up with an email to the **Contract Administrator** no later than 5 PM on the day of the Pre-Bid Conference.
- **7.2.2** In any event, the Bidder shall examine the Work site to ascertain its physical condition. Failure to comply with this section will not release Contractor from entering into the Contract nor excuse Contractor from performing the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents.
- **7.2.3** The Bidder shall be responsible for being fully informed as to the quality, quantity and sources of supply of the materials listed within the documents included as exhibits to this ITB.

- **7.2.4** The Owner will not be responsible for any loss or unanticipated costs which may arise as a result of Contractor's failure to be fully informed in advance with regard to all conditions pertaining to the Work and the character of the Work required.
- **7.2.5** No statement made by any officer, agent, or employee of the Owner in relation to the physical conditions pertaining to the Work site or quality, quantity, and supply of materials will be binding on the Owner, unless included in writing in the documents included as exhibits to this ITB or an Addendum.
- **7.2.6** Social distancing guidelines will be utilized during pre-bid conference. Social distancing guidelines include but are not limited to maintaining a distance of approximately six feet from others and not shaking hands.
- **7.3 Brand-Name Specification.** To establish a basis of quality, certain processes, types of machinery and equipment or kinds of materials may be specified in the documents included as exhibits to this ITB either by description of process or by designating a manufacturer by name and referring to a brand or product designation or by specifying a kind of material. Whenever a process is designated or a manufacturer name, brand or item designation is given, or whenever a process or material covered by patent is designated or described, it shall be understood that the words "or approved equal" follow such name, designation or description, whether they do so or not.

7.4 Substitution Approval Process

- **7.4.1** Prior to submitting a Bid that contains a Substitution, the Bidder must first seek approval of the Substitution from the Owner by submitting a written request to the **Contract Administrator** for approval prior to the deadline for questions as stated in this Solicitation.
- **7.4.2** Substitution requests shall be submitted in accordance with Division 01 requirements.
- **7.4.3** Only approved Substitution requests will be acknowledged via Addendum(a) to this ITB and shall become a part of the documents included as exhibits to this ITB. When approved, it is with the understanding that the substituted article or material is of equal or better value and utility than the one specified.

7.5 Execution of the Bid Form

- **7.5.1** The Bid Form is hereby defined as the OSU form furnished by Owner to be completed by Bidder.
- **7.5.2** The Bid Form relates to Bids on this ITB. Only the amounts and information asked for on the Bid Form will be considered as the Bid. Each Bidder shall Bid upon the Work exactly as set forth in the Bid Form. The Bidder shall include in the Bid a sum to cover the cost of all items contemplated by the documents included as exhibits to this ITB. Bids that fail to address alternates set forth on the Bid Form may be considered non-responsive.
- **7.5.3** Each Bid Form must: 1) Be completed in accordance with these instructions; 2) Include the appropriate signatures as noted on the Bid Form; and 3) Include numbers pertaining to the Base Bid(s) stated both in writing and in figures.

- **7.5.4** When Bidding on an alternate for which there is no charge, the Bidder shall write the words "No Charge" in the space provided on the Bid Form. If one or more alternates is shown on the Bid Form, the Bidder shall indicate whether each is "add" or "deduct."
- **7.5.5** When Bidding on unit prices, quantities stated on the Bid Form are estimates and are included for the purpose of award of a Contract. In the event of a discrepancy between unit prices and extensions, the unit price shall govern.
- **7.5.6** Incomplete Bids may be rejected.
- **7.5.7** Bids that contain conditions not provided for on the Bid Form may be rejected.
- **7.5.8** Bids that contain ambiguities may be rejected.
- **7.5.9** With the exception of filling in the required fields on the Bid Form, no other alterations to the Bid Form shall be made.
- 7.6 Submission of Bid. Each Bid shall be emailed to bids@oregonstate.edu. Bids must be received at the time and in the format specified in this ITB. The email subject line should contain the ITB No. and ITB Title. Only those Bids received at this email address by the Bid Due Date/Time shall be considered responsive. Bids submitted directly to the Contract Administrator, either in paper form or via email will NOT be considered responsive. It is highly recommended that the Bidder confirms receipt of the email with the Contract Administrator. The Contract Administrator may open the email to confirm receipt but will NOT verify the integrity of the attachment(s), answer questions related to the content of the Bid, or address the overall responsiveness of the Bid.

7.7 Bid Closing and Opening of Bids

- **7.7.1** All Bids must be received by the Owner before the Due Date/Time. The Owner's official clock shall prevail in any time conflict. Any Bid received after the Due Date/Time will be rejected, and will be retained and part of the Owner's archive records in accordance with OSU Standards.
- **7.7.2** At the time of opening and reading of Bids, each Bid received, irrespective of any irregularities or informalities, may be publicly opened and read aloud. If the public reading of the Bids occurs, the format of such reading will be delivered virtually as described herein.

7.8 Acceptance or Rejection of Bids by Owner

- **7.8.1** The procedures for Contract awards shall be in compliance with the provisions of OSU standards and policies adopted by the Owner.
- **7.8.2** The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all Bids and to waive minor informalities.
- **7.8.3** Unless all Bids are rejected, the Owner will award the Contract(s) based on the lowest responsive Bid from a responsible Bidder. If that Bidder does not execute the Contract(s), the Contract(s) will be awarded to the next lowest responsive Bid from a responsible Bidder or Bidders in succession, provided this ITB is not cancelled under the provisions of OSU standards and policies adopted by the Owner.

- **7.8.4** The Owner reserves the right to hold the Bid of the three lowest Bidders for a period of Sixty (60) Days from the time of Bid opening pending Award of the Contract.
- **7.8.5** In determining the lowest Bidder, the Owner reserves the right to take into consideration any or all Base Bids as well as alternates or combinations indicated in the Bid Form.
 - **7.8.5.1** When alternates are included on the Bid Form, they may be exercised at the sole discretion of the Owner within Sixty (60) Days of the Effective Date of the Contract, unless extended by written mutual agreement of the Parties.
 - **7.8.5.2** The Owner has the right to accept alternates without regard to order or sequence; but, such acceptance must not deliberately impair the selection of a low, responsible and responsive Bidder to whom the Contract would be awarded under an equitable bid procedure.
- **7.8.6** If Owner has not accepted a Bid within sixty (60) Days after the opening of the Bids, each of the three lowest Bidders may withdraw the Bid submitted.

7.9 Withdrawal of Bid

- **7.9.1** At any time prior to the Closing Date and Time a Bidder may withdraw its Bid in accordance with OSU Standards. This will not preclude the submission of another Bid by such Bidder prior to the Closing Date and Time.
- **7.9.2** After the Closing Date and Time, Bidders are prohibited from withdrawing their Bid, except as provided by OSU Standards.

7.10 Execution of Contract, Agreement, Performance Bond and Payment Bond

- **7.10.1** The Bidder shall be required to execute the Contract as provided, and, if applicable, deliver a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond from a surety company licensed to do surety business in the State of Oregon within time period contained in the Award letter. The Contract Documents shall be delivered to the Owner in the manner stated in the Award letter.
- **7.11 Public Works Bond.** At the time of submission of its Bid, each Bidder shall have on file with the Construction Contractors Board a public works bond required by ORS 279C.836, unless otherwise exempt under that statute. Failure to have on file a public works bond at the time of submission of the Bid may result in rejection of the Bid as non-responsive.
- **7.12 Equity Contracting.** Owner will require the successful Contractor to comply with OSU Standards, policies, rules and procedures requiring good faith efforts in subcontracting with minority, women, emerging small business or service-disabled veteran owned business enterprises.

8.0 RESERVED

9.0 EXHIBITS

Exhibit A - Bid Form

Exhibit B – Sample OSU Construction Reserve Supplement

Exhibit C – OSU General Conditions for Reserve Contracts

Exhibit D – Performance Bond, Payment Bond

Exhibit E – MWESB Project Contract Report Instructions and Report

Exhibit F - Specifications

 $Exhibit G-Plans \ available \ at \ the \ following: \ \underline{https://oregonstate.box.com/s/49oi30dbfqhogft60k944mhsp1a9eewing} \\$

Exhibit H – Addenda (if and when applicable)

End of ITB





BID FORM

ITB NUMBER & NAME:		2020-003145 – Oak Cr	2020-003145 – Oak Creek Building HVAC Improvements		
BID DU	JE DATE AND TIME:				
		(fill in)			
FROM:	:				
	(Name of Contractor)				
TO:	O: Oregon State University ("Owner") Construction Contracts Administration 644 SW 13th St. Corvallis, Oregon 97333				
	ed for the above proje	•	material and labor and perform all work hereinaftone with the Contract Documents for the Base Bids and the Base Bids and the Base Bids are supplied to the Base Bids and the Base Bids are supplied to the Base Bids are		
BASE E	SID:				
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refere	nce in the Invitation to E	Bid and ADDENDA numbe	ments either contained in or incorporated by ered through, inclusive. (fill in blanks)	of	
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withou with an design comme the Un	nt collusion with and wit my other vendor of mate ed to limit independent unicated by the Undersi	hout any agreement, und crials, supplies, equipmen bidding or competition; a gned or its employees or on any Bid security furnish	n arrived at independently and is being submitted iderstanding, or planned common course of action into or services described in the invitation to bid and (2) The contents of the Bid have not been in agents to any person not an employee or agent of shed with the Bid and will not be communicated to	:	
	• • •	awarded a contract, to co yment of the prevailing w	comply with the provisions of ORS 279C.800 throughwages.	า	
Bid, Co 701.02	1 to 701.128, and disclo	ed with the Oregon Const ose the license number. F	. As a condition to submitting a struction Contractors Board in accordance with ORS Failure to be licensed and disclose the number will less contrary to federal law.	;	

6. The Bidder hereby certifies that all subcontractors who perform construction work as described in ORS 701.005(5) are licensed with the Construction Contractors Board in accordance with ORS 701.021 to

701.128 at the time the Bid is submitted.

7. Contractor's Project	Manager for this project is:	
Email:	Cell	Phone:
Bond and Payment Bor	nd, each in an amount equal to	to deliver to Owner, a satisfactory Performance one hundred (100) percent of the Contract sum, ested to issue the Performance Bond and Payment
(name of surety comp	any - not insurance agency)	
_		ny to disclose any information to the Owner rmance Bond and Payment Bond each in the amount
By signature below, Co	ntractor agrees to be bound by	this Bid.
	NAME OF FIRM:	
	ADDRESS:	
	FEDERAL TAX ID:	
	TELEPHONE NO:	
	SIGNATURE:	Authorized Signature
		Printed Name
	**** END O	F BID ****

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EXHIBIT B

OSU RESERVE CONTRACT SUPPLEMENT OSU RESERVE CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION RELATED SERVICES SUPPLEMENT NO.: OSU-xxx-C-18-xx PROJECT NAME

This OSU Reserve Contract Supplement dated XXXX (the "Supplement") is entered into between:

"Contractor":

and "Owner": Oregon State University

Construction Contract Administration

644 SW 13th Ave Corvallis, OR 97333

(collectively the "Parties") pursuant to the OSU Reserve Contract for Construction Related Services between the Parties (the "Reserve Contract"). Capitalized terms have the meaning defined in the General Conditions unless otherwise defined in the Reserve Contract or herein.

- **1. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT.** The project to which this Supplement pertains is described as follows: (the "Project").
- **2. WORK TO BE PERFORMED.** Contractor shall perform the following work on the Project: (the "Work"). Contractor will perform the Work according to the terms and conditions of this Supplement and the Contract Documents, which are incorporated herein by this reference.
- **3. SCHEDULE.** Contractor shall perform the Work according to the following schedule: (the "Schedule").
- **4. COMPENSATION.** Owner shall compensate Contractor for Work in the firm, fixed-price amount of \$XXX.XX in accordance with the requirements of the General Conditions.

The cost of the Work under this Supplement, even if this Supplement is later amended to include additional work, must not exceed the greater of \$2,000,000 or the maximum allowable under OSU standards and policies.

5. TERM. This Supplement is effective on the date it has been signed by every Party hereto (the "Supplement Effective Date"). No Work shall be performed or payment made prior to the Supplement Effective Date. Contractor shall perform its obligations in accordance with the Contract Documents, unless this Supplement is earlier terminated or suspended.

OSU Reserve Contract Supplement for Construction Related Services Supplement No. OSU-xxx-C-18-xxx Page 2 of 3

Contractor hereby agrees that the Work set forth in this Supplement may continue beyond the Term of the Reserve Contract and will be performed through final completion of Contractor's Work, including completion of all warranty work. The Parties expressly agree that they may execute a Supplement Amendment and extend the date which Contractor's Work may be completed, which may include a date beyond the Term of the Reserve Contract.

Termination or suspension does not extinguish or prejudice Owner's right to enforce the Supplement with respect to any breach by the Contractor that has not been cured.

6. PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS. The performance and payment bond requirements for this Project are as follows (check one of the following):
As a condition precedent to the effectiveness of this Supplement and to Owner's obligation to make payment for the Work, Contractor shall provide the Owner with a performance bond and a separate payment bond in a sum equal to the Contract Price stated in Section 4 of this Supplement.
This Project has a Contract price of \$150,000 or less, and Owner has determined that performance and payment bonds will not be required for this Project.
7. PREVAILING WAGE RATES.
Prevailing Wage Rates requirements apply to this Project. Contractor and all subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of ORS 279C.800 through 279C.870, relative to Prevailing Wage Rates and the required public works bond, as outlined in Sections C.1, C.2 and G.2.3 of the General Conditions. The Bureau of Labor and Industries (BOLI) wage rates and requirements set forth in the following BOLI booklet (and any listed amendments to that booklet), which are incorporated herein by reference, apply to the Work authorized under this Supplement:
PREVAILING WAGE RATES for Public Works Contracts in Oregon, XXXX, as amended XXXX, which can be downloaded at the following web address:
[http://www.boli.state.or.us/BOLI/WHD/PWR/pwr_book.shtml]
The Work will take place in XXX County, Oregon.
8. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.
Contractor shall comply with and obtain the insurance coverage amounts stated in the General Conditions.
The Owner has determined that the Contractor shall obtain insurance in the amount described in the Supplemental General Conditions, attached hereto.

OSU Reserve Contract Supplement for Construction Related Services Supplement No. OSU-xxx-C-18-xxx Page 3 of 3

- **9. OTHER TERMS.** Except as specifically modified by this Supplement, all terms of the Reserve Contract remain unchanged.
- **10. EXECUTION AND COUNTERPARTS.** This Supplement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original, all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

Contractor hereby confirms and certifies that the representations, warranties, and certifications contained in the Reserve Contract remain true and correct as of this Supplement Effective Date.

IN WITNESS HEREOF, the Parties have duly executed this Supplement as of the dates indicated below.

, Contractor	Oregon State University, Owner
Print Name:	Print Name: Anita Nina Azarenko
Signature:	Signature:
Title:	Title: Associate Vice President for
Date:	University Facilities, Infrastructure and Operations
	Date:



OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR RESERVE CONTRACTS

January 31, 2019

INSTRUCTIONS: The attached **Oregon State University General Conditions for Reserve Contracts ("General Conditions")** apply to all designated Reserve Contracts. Changes to the General Conditions (including any additions, deletions or substitutions) should only be made by attaching Supplemental General Conditions. The text of these General Conditions should not otherwise be altered.

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C 5	HOURS OF LARON

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OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR RESERVE CONTRACTS

("General Conditions")

SECTION A GENERAL PROVISIONS

A.1 DEFINITION OF TERMS

In the Contract Documents, the following terms shall be as defined below:

AMENDMENT, means a writing which, when fully executed by the Parties to this Contract, constitutes a change to a Contract Document. Amendments to Supplements (hereinafter a "Supplement Amendment") shall be issued in accordance with the changes provisions of Section D and, if applicable, establish a Contract Price or Contract Time adjustment.

APPLICABLE LAWS, means federal, state and local laws, codes, rules, regulations and ordinances applicable to the Work and to the Contract.

ARCHITECT/ENGINEER, means the Person appointed by the Owner to make drawings and specifications and, to provide contract administration of the Work contemplated by the Contract to the extent provided herein or by supplemental instruction of Owner (under which Owner may delegate responsibilities to the Architect/Engineer), in accordance with ORS Chapter 671 (Architects) or ORS Chapter 672 (Engineers) and administrative rules adopted thereunder.

<u>CHANGE ORDER</u>, means a written order issued by the Owner to be later included as an Amendment. A Change Order shall not be effective until codified as an Amendment.

CLAIM, means a demand by Contractor pursuant to Section D.3 for review of the denial of Contractor's initial request for an adjustment of Contract terms, payment of money, extension of Contract Time or other relief, submitted in accordance with the requirements and within the time limits established for review of Claims in these General Conditions.

CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE. means a written order by the Owner to the Contractor requiring a change in the Work within the general scope of the Contract Documents, issued under the changes provisions of Section D.

CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, means the schedule prepared by the Contractor in CPM format and approved by the Owner, and all adjustments thereto approved by the Owner, that describes sequence and timing of the Work.

CONTRACT, means the written agreement between the Owner and the Contractor comprised of the Contract Documents which describe the Work to be done and the obligations between the parties.

CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, means the Reserve Contract, General Conditions, Supplemental General Conditions if any, Supplements, the accepted Offer, Plans, Specifications, Change Orders, Amendments, Construction Change Directives, Solicitation Document and addenda thereto, Instructions to Offerors, and Supplemental Instructions to Offerors, the Construction Schedule prepared and approved in accordance with the Construction Documents, and all other required Submittals.

CONTRACT PERIOD, as set forth in the Contract Documents, means the total period of time beginning with the full execution of a Supplement and, if applicable, the issuance of a Notice to Proceed and concluding upon Final Completion.

<u>CONTRACT PRICE</u>, means the total of the awarded Offer amount, as increased or decreased by the price of approved alternates, as indicated in the Contract Documents.

<u>CONTRACT TIME</u>, means any incremental period of time allowed under the Contract to complete any portion of the Work as reflected in the project schedule.

CONTRACTOR, means the Person awarded the Contract for the Work contemplated.

<u>CPM</u>, means a critical path method format to be used for the Construction Schedule.

 $\underline{\mathbf{DAYS}}$, are calendar days, including weekdays, weekends and holidays, unless otherwise specified.

DIRECT COSTS, means, unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the cost of materials, including sales tax, cost of delivery; cost of labor, including social security, Medicare and unemployment insurance, and fringe benefits required by agreement or custom; worker's compensation insurance; project specific insurance (including, without limitation, Builder's Risk Insurance and Builder's Risk Installation Floater); bond premiums, rental cost of equipment, and machinery required for execution of the Work; and the additional costs of field personnel directly attributable to the Work.

FINAL COMPLETION, means the final completion of all requirements under the Contract, including Contract Closeout as described in Section K but excluding Warranty Work as described in Section I.2, and the final payment and release of all retainage, if any, released.

FINAL PAYMENT, means the last payment to the Contractor, including retainage, in connection with the Work.

FORCE MAJEURE, means an act, event or occurrence caused by fire, riot, war, acts of God, nature, sovereign, or public enemy, strikes, freight embargoes or any other act, event or occurrence that is beyond the control of the party to this Contract who is asserting Force Majeure.

MWESB REPORT, means an accurate report by the Contractor to the Owner identifying all Minority, Women and Emerging Small Business (MWESB) enterprises, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005, receiving contracts throughout the course of the Work. An initial MWESB report is required (see Section E.2.9) and MWESB Reports are required annually (see Section E.2.9) and as a condition of final payment (see Section K.1). The initial report shall include the total number of contracts and subcontracts awarded to MWESB enterprises and the dollar value of their respective contracts and subcontracts. The annual reports shall include the total number of contracts and subcontracts awarded to MWESB enterprises, the dollar value of each, and the expenditure toward each contract and subcontract during the previous twelve (12) months. The final report shall include the total number of contracts and subcontracts awarded to MWESB enterprises and the dollar value of their respective contracts and subcontracts including all Supplements and Amendments incorporated during the course of the project. The reports shall only include enterprises certified with the State of Oregon as MWESB enterprises and shall include individual identification of each enterprise as a Minority business enterprise, a Women business enterprise, and/or an Emerging Small Business Enterprise, as applicable.

NOTICE TO PROCEED, means the official written notice from the Owner stating that the Contractor is to proceed with the Work defined in the Contract Documents. Notwithstanding the Notice to Proceed, Contractor shall not be authorized to proceed with the Work until all initial Contract requirements, including the Contract, performance bond and payment bond, and certificates of insurance, have been fully executed and submitted to Owner in a suitable form.

OFFER, means a bid in connection with Instructions to Bidders or a proposal in connection with a Request for Proposals.

OFFEROR, means an entity who submits a response to a solicitation document.

OVERHEAD, means those items which may be included in the Contractor's markup (general and administrative expense and profit) and that shall not be charged as Direct Cost of the Work, including without limitation such Overhead expenses as wages or salary of personnel above the level of foreman (i.e., superintendents and project managers), expenses of Contractor's offices and supplies at the job site (e.g. job trailer) and at Contractor's principal place of business and including expenses of personnel staffing the job site office and Contractor's principal place of business, and Commercial General Liability Insurance and Automobile Liability Insurance.

OWNER, means Oregon State University (OSU). Owner may elect, by written notice to Contractor, to delegate certain duties to more than one party, including without limitation, to an Architect/Engineer. However, nothing in these General Conditions is intended to abrogate the separate design professional responsibilities of Architects under ORS Chapter 671 or of Engineers under ORS Chapter 672.

PERSON, means a natural person or entity doing business as a sole proprietorship, a partnership, a joint venture, a corporation, a limited liability company or partnership, or any other entity possessing the legal capacity to contract.

PLANS, means the drawings which show the location, type, dimensions, and details of the Work to be done under the Contract.

PROJECT, means the total design, development and construction of which the Work performed under the Construction Documents may be the whole or a part.

PUNCH LIST, means the list of Work yet to be completed or deficiencies which need to be corrected in order to achieve Final Completion of the Contract.

RECORD DOCUMENT, means the as-built Plans, Specifications, testing and inspection records, product data, samples, manufacturer and distributor/supplier warranties evidencing transfer of ownership to Owner, operational and maintenance manuals, shop drawings, Construction Change Directives, MWESB Reports, correspondence, certificate(s) of occupancy, and other documents listed in Subsection B.9.1 of these General Conditions, recording all Services performed.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL CONDITIONS, means those conditions that remove from, add to, or modify these General Conditions. Supplemental General Conditions may be included in the Solicitation Document or may be a separate attachment to the Contract.

<u>SOLICITATION DOCUMENT</u>, means a document used in a formal procurement soliciting two or more qualified sources by public notice for the same specifications and requirements.

SPECIFICATION, means a description of the physical, functional, or performance characteristics, or of the nature of the goods, services or construction, including any requirement to be satisfied by a product, material or process indicating, if appropriate, the procedures to determine whether the requirements are satisfied. Specifications may be incorporated by reference and/or may be attached to the Contract.

SUBCONTRACT, means a contract between the Contractor and a subcontractor for the performance of a portion of the Work.

<u>SUBCONTRACTOR</u>, means a Person having a direct contract with the Contractor, or another Subcontractor, to perform one or more items of the Work.

SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION, means the date when the Owner accepts in writing the construction, alteration or repair of the improvement to real property constituting the Work or any designated portion thereof as having reached that state of completion when it may be used or occupied for its intended purpose. Substantial Completion of facilities with operating systems occurs only after thirty (30) continuous Days of successful, trouble-free operation of the operating systems as provided in Section K.3.2.

SUBSTITUTIONS, means items that in function, performance, reliability, quality, and general configuration are the same or better than the product(s) specified. Approval of any substitute item shall be solely determined by the Owner. The decision of the Owner is final.

<u>SUPPLEMENT</u>, means a writing which, when fully executed by the Parties thereto, constitutes written agreement between the Owner and the Contractor comprised of the Contract Documents which describe the Work to be done and the obligations between the parties.

WORK, means the furnishing of all materials, equipment, labor, transportation, services and incidentals necessary to successfully complete any individual item or the entire Contract and the carrying out of duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents.

A.2 SCOPE OF WORK

The Work contemplated under this Contract includes all labor, materials, transportation, equipment and services for, and incidental to, the completion of all construction work in connection with the project described in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall perform all Work necessary so that the project can be legally occupied and fully used for the intended use as set forth in the Contract Documents. Execution of the Contract by the Contractor is an express representation (1) that the Contractor understands the intent stated herein with respect to the Preconstruction Phase Services, and (2) the Contractor's execution of an Amendment, including the GMP Amendment, shall be an express and unqualified representation that the Contractor understands the intent stated herein and therein.

A.3 INTERPRETATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A.3.1 Unless otherwise specifically defined in the Contract Documents, words which have well-known technical meanings or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings. Contract Documents are intended to be complementary. Whatever is called for in one is interpreted to be called for in all. However, in the event of conflicts or discrepancies among the Contract Documents, interpretations will be based on the following descending order of precedence:
 - (a) Contract Supplements, Amendments and Construction Change Directives, with those of later date having precedence over those of an earlier date;
 - (b) The Supplemental General Conditions;
 - (c) General Conditions;
 - $(d)\ The\ Reserve\ Contract\ Supplements;$
 - (e) Construction Change Directive;
 - (f) Division One (General Requirements) of the Specifications;

- (g) Detailed Schedules of finishes, equipment and other items included in the Specifications;
- (h) Plans and Specifications (other than Division One and the Detailed Schedules to the Specifications);
- (i) Large-scale drawings on Plans;
- (j) Small-scale drawings on Plans;
- (k) Dimension numbers written on Plans which shall prevail and take precedence over dimensions scaled from Plans;
- (1) The Solicitation Document, and any addenda thereto;
- (m) The Reserve Contract.
- A.3.2 In the case of an inconsistency between Plans and Specifications or within either document not clarified by addendum, the better quality or greater quantity of Work shall be provided in accordance with the Owner's interpretation in writing.
- A.3.3 If the Contractor finds discrepancies in, or omissions from the Contract Documents, or if the Contractor is in doubt as to their meaning, the Contractor shall at once notify the Owner. Matters concerning and interpretation of requirements of the Contract Documents will be decided by the Owner, who may delegate that duty in some instances to the Architect/Engineer.

 Responses to Contractor's requests for interpretation of Contract Documents will be made in writing by Owner (or the Architect/Engineer) within any time limits agreed upon or otherwise with reasonable promptness. Interpretations and decisions of the Owner (or Architect/Engineer) will be consistent with the intent of and reasonably inferable from the Contract Documents. Contractor shall not proceed without direction in writing from the Owner (or Architect/Engineer).
- A.3.4 References to standard specifications, manuals, codes of any technical society, organization or association, to the laws or regulations of any governmental authority, whether such reference be specific or by implication, shall mean the latest standard specification, manual, code, laws or regulations in effect in the jurisdiction where the project is occurring on the first published date of the Solicitation Document, except as may be otherwise specifically stated.

A.4 EXAMINATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, <u>AND SITE</u>

- A.4.1 It is understood that the Contractor, before submitting an Offer, has made a careful examination of the Contract Documents; has become fully informed as to the quality and quantity of materials and the character of the Work required; and has made a careful examination of the location and conditions of the Work and the sources of supply for materials. The Owner will in no case be responsible for any loss or for any unanticipated costs that may be suffered by the Contractor as a result of the Contractor's failure to acquire full information in advance in regard to all conditions pertaining to the Work. No oral agreement or conversation with any officer, agent, or personnel of the Owner, or with the Architect/Engineer either before or after the execution of this Contract, shall affect or modify any of the terms or obligations herein contained.
- A.4.2 Should the Plans or Specifications fail to particularly describe the materials, kind of goods, or details of construction of any aspect of the Work, Contractor shall have the duty to make inquiry of the Owner and Architect/Engineer as to what is required prior to performance of the Work. Absent Specifications to the contrary, the materials or processes that would normally be used to produce first quality finished Work shall be considered a part of the Contract requirements.

- A.4.3 Any design errors or omissions noted by the Contractor shall be reported promptly to the Owner, and confirmed in writing including without limitation, any nonconformity with Applicable Laws
- A.4.4 If the Contractor believes that adjustments to cost or Contract Time is involved because of clarifications or instructions issued by the Owner (or Architect/Engineer) in response to the Contractor's notices or requests for information, the Contractor must submit a written request to the Owner, setting forth the nature and specific extent of the request, including all time and cost impacts against the Contract as soon as possible, but no later than thirty (30) Days after receipt by Contractor of the clarifications or instructions issued. If the Owner denies Contractor's request for additional compensation, additional Contract Time, or other relief that Contractor believes results from the clarifications or instructions, the Contractor may proceed to file a Claim under Section D.3, Claims Review Process. If the Contractor fails to perform the obligations of Sections A.4.1 to A.4.3, the Contractor shall pay such costs and damages to the Owner as would have been avoided if the Contractor had performed such obligations.

A.5 INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR STATUS

The service or services to be performed under this Contract are those of an independent contractor as defined in ORS 670.600. Contractor represents and warrants that it is not an officer, employee or agent of the Owner as those terms are used in ORS 30.265.

A.6 <u>RETIREMENT SYSTEM STATUS AND TAXES</u>

Contractor represents and warrants that it is not a contributing member of the Public Employees' Retirement System and will be responsible for any federal or state taxes applicable to payment received under this Contract. Contractor will not be eligible for any benefits from these Contract payments of federal Social Security, employment insurance, workers' compensation or the Public Employees' Retirement System, except as a self-employed individual. Unless the Contractor is subject to backup withholding, Owner will not withhold from such payments any amount(s) to cover Contractor's federal or state tax obligations.

A.7 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS

- A.7.1 If this payment is to be charged against federal funds, Contractor represents and warrants that it is not currently employed by the Federal Government. This does not preclude the Contractor from holding another contract with the Federal Government.
- A.7.2 Contractor represents and warrants that Contractor is not an employee of the State of Oregon for purposes of performing Work under this Contract

SECTION B ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT

B.1 OWNER'S ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT

- B.1.1 The Owner shall administer the Contract as described in the Contract Documents (1) during construction (2) until Final Payment is due and (3) during the one-year period for correction of Work. The Owner will act as provided in the Contract Documents, unless modified in writing in accordance with other provisions of the Contract. In performing these tasks, the Owner may rely on the Architect/Engineer or other consultants to perform some or all of these tasks.
- B.1.2 The Owner will visit the site at intervals appropriate to the stage of the Contractor's operations (1) to become generally familiar with and to keep the Owner informed about the progress and

quality of the portion of the Work completed, (2) to endeavor to guard the Owner against defects and deficiencies in the Work, and (3) to determine in general if Work is being performed in a manner indicating that the Work, when fully completed, will be in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Owner will not make exhaustive or continuous on-site inspections to check the quality or quantity of the Work. The Owner will neither have control over or charge of, nor be responsible for the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for the safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work. Inspection of the progress, quantity, or quality of the Work done by the Owner, any Owner representative, and public agency, the Architect/Engineer, or any inspector, shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for the compliance of all Work with the Contract Documents.

- B.1.3 Except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents or when direct communications have been specifically authorized, the Owner and Contractor shall communicate with each other about matters arising out of or relating to the Contract. Communications by and with the Architect/Engineer's consultants shall be through the Architect/Engineer. Communications by and with Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be through the Contractor. Communications by and with separate contractors shall be through the Owner.
- B.1.4 Based upon the Architect/Engineer's evaluations of the Contractor's Application for Payment, or unless otherwise stipulated by the Owner, the Architect/Engineer will review and certify the amounts due the Contractor and will issue Certificates for Payment in such amounts.

B.2 CONTRACTOR'S MEANS AND METHODS; MITIGATION OF IMPACTS

- B.2.1 The Contractor shall supervise and direct the Work, using the Contractor's best skill and attention. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for and have control over construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures and for coordinating all portions of the Work under the Contract, unless the Contract Documents give other specific instructions concerning these matters. If the Contract Documents give specific instructions concerning construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, the Contractor shall evaluate the jobsite safety thereof and, except as stated below, shall be fully and solely responsible for the jobsite safety of such means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures.
- B.2.2 The Contractor is responsible to protect and maintain the Work during the course of construction and to mitigate any adverse impacts to the project, including those caused by authorized changes, which may affect cost, schedule, or quality.
- B.2.3 The Contractor is responsible for the actions of all its personnel, laborers, suppliers, and Subcontractors on the project. The Contractor shall enforce strict discipline and good order among Contractor's employees and other persons carrying out the Work. The Contractor shall not permit employment of persons who are unfit or unskilled for the tasks assigned to them.

B.3 MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP

B.3.1 The intent of the Contract Documents is to provide for the construction and completion in every detail of the Work described. All Work shall be performed in a professional manner and unless the means or methods of performing a task are specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents, Contractor shall employ methods that are generally accepted and used by the industry, in accordance with industry standards.

- B.3.2 The Contractor is responsible to perform the Work as required by the Contract Documents. Defective Work shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense.
- B.3.3 Work done and materials furnished shall be subject to inspection and/or observation and testing by the Owner to determine if they conform to the Contract Documents. Inspection of the Work by the Owner does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- B.3.4 Contractor shall furnish adequate facilities, as required, for the Owner to have safe access to the Work including without limitation walkways, railings, ladders, tunnels, and platforms. Producers, suppliers, and fabricators shall also provide proper facilities and access to their facilities.
- B.3.5 The Contractor shall furnish Samples of materials for testing by the Owner and include the cost of the Samples in the Contract Price.

B.4 PERMITS

Contractor shall obtain and pay for all necessary permits and licenses, except for those specifically excluded in the Supplemental General Conditions, for the construction of the Work, for temporary obstructions, enclosures, opening of streets for pipes, walls, utilities, environmental Work, etc., as required for the Project. Owner shall obtain and pay for the general building permit and pay for any specialty permits required for the Work. Contractor shall be responsible for all violations of the law, in connection with the construction or caused by obstructing streets, sidewalks or otherwise. Contractor shall give all requisite notices to public authorities. The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. The Contractor shall defend all suits or claims for infringement of any patent or other proprietary rights and save harmless and blameless from loss, on account thereof, Oregon State University, and its departments, divisions, members and employees.

B.5 <u>COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENT</u> <u>REGULATIONS</u>

- B.5.1 Contractor shall comply with Applicable Laws pertaining to the Work and the Contract. Failure to comply with such requirements shall constitute a breach of Contract and shall be grounds for Contract termination. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Contractor expressly agrees to comply with the following, as applicable:

 (i) Title VI and VII of Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; (ii) Section 503 and 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; (iii) the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; (iv) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended; (v) ORS Chapters 659 and 659A; as amended; (vi) all regulations and administrative rules established pursuant to the foregoing laws; and (vii) all other applicable requirements of federal and state civil rights and rehabilitation statutes, rules and regulations.
- B.5.2 Contractor shall comply with all applicable requirements of federal and state civil rights and rehabilitation statutes, rules and regulations, and
 - (a) Contractor shall not discriminate against Disadvantaged, Minority, Women or Emerging Small Business enterprises, as those terms are defined in ORS 200.005, or a business enterprise that is owned or controlled by or that employs a disabled veteran, as that term is defined in ORS 408.225, in the awarding of subcontracts.
 - (b) Contractor shall maintain, in current and valid form, all licenses and certificates required by Applicable Laws or this Contract when performing the Work.

- B.5.3 Unless contrary to federal law, Contractor shall certify that it shall not accept a bid from Subcontractors to perform Work as described in ORS 701.005 under this Contract unless such Subcontractors are registered with the Construction Contractors Board in accordance with ORS 701.021 to 701.068 at the time they submit their bids to the Contractor.
- B.5.4 Unless contrary to federal law, Contractor shall certify that each landscape contractor, as defined in ORS 671.520(2), performing Work under this Contract holds a valid landscape contractor's license issued pursuant to ORS 671.560.
- B.5.5 The following notice is applicable to Contractors who perform excavation Work. ATTENTION: Oregon law requires you to follow rules adopted by the Oregon Utility Notification Center. Those rules are set forth in OAR 952-001-0010 through OAR 952-001-0100. You may obtain copies of the rules by calling the center at (503)232-1987.
- B.5.6 Failure to comply with any or all of the requirements of B.5.1 through B.5.5 shall be a breach of Contract and constitute grounds for Contract termination. Damages or costs resulting from such noncompliance shall be the responsibility of Contractor.

B.6 SUPERINTENDENCE

Contractor shall keep on the site, during the progress of the Work, a competent superintendent and any necessary assistants who shall be satisfactory to the Owner and who shall represent the Contractor on the site. Directions given to the superintendent by the Owner shall be confirmed in writing to the Contractor.

B.7 INSPECTION

- B.7.1 Owner shall have access to the Work at all times.
- B.7.2 Inspection of the Work will be made by the Owner at its discretion. The Owner will have authority to reject Work that does not conform to the Contract Documents. Any Work found to be not in conformance with the Contract Documents, in the discretion of the Owner, shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- B.7.3 Contractor shall make or obtain at the appropriate time all tests, inspections and approvals of portions of the Work required by the Contract Documents or by Applicable Laws or orders of public authorities having jurisdiction. Unless otherwise provided, the Contractor shall make arrangements for such tests, inspections and approvals with an independent testing laboratory or entity acceptable to the Owner, or with the appropriate public authority, and shall bear all related costs of tests, inspections and approvals. Tests or inspections conducted pursuant to the Contract Documents shall be made promptly to avoid unreasonable delay in the Work. The Contractor shall give the Owner timely notice of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so that the Owner may be present for such procedures. Required certificates of testing, inspection or approval shall, unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, be secured by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Owner.
- B.7.4 As required by the Contract Documents, Work done or material used without required inspection or testing and/or without providing timely notice to the Owner may be ordered removed at the Contractor's expense.
- B.7.5 If directed to do so any time before the Work is accepted, the Contractor shall uncover portions of the completed Work for inspection. After inspection, the Contractor shall restore such portions of Work to the standard required by the Contract. If the Work uncovered is unacceptable or was done without required

- testing or inspection or sufficient notice to the Owner, the uncovering and restoration shall be done at the Contractor's expense. If the Work uncovered is acceptable and was done with sufficient notice to the Owner, the uncovering and restoration will be paid for pursuant to a Supplement Amendment.
- B.7.6 If any testing or inspection reveals failure of the portions of the Work to comply with requirements established by the Contract Documents, all costs made necessary by such failure, including those of repeated procedures and compensation for the Owner's and Architect/Engineer's services and expenses, shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- B.7.7 When the United States government participates in the cost of the Work, or the Owner has an agreement with other public or private organizations, or if any portion of the Work is being performed for a third party or in close proximity to third party facilities, representatives of these organizations shall have the right to inspect the Work affecting their interests or property. Their right to inspect shall not make them a party to the Contract and shall not interfere with the rights of the parties of the Contract. Instructions or orders of such parties shall be transmitted to the Contractor, through the Owner.

B.8 SEVERABILITY

If any provision of this Contract is declared by a court to be illegal or in conflict with any law, the validity of the remaining terms and provisions shall not be affected and the rights and obligations of the parties shall be construed and enforced as if the Contract did not contain the particular provision held to be invalid.

B.9 ACCESS TO RECORDS

- B.9.1 Contractor shall keep, at all times on the Work site, one record copy of the complete Contract Documents, including the Plans, Specifications, Construction Change Directives and addenda, in good order and marked currently to record field changes and selections made during construction, and one record copy of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar submittals, and shall at all times give the Owner access thereto.
- B.9.2 Contractor shall retain and the Owner and its duly authorized representatives shall have access, for a period not less than ten (10) years, to all Record Documents, financial and accounting records, and other books, documents, papers and records of Contractor which are pertinent to the Contract, including records pertaining to Overhead and indirect costs, for the purpose of making audit, examination, excerpts and transcripts. If for any reason, any part of the Work or this Contract shall be subject to litigation, Contractor shall retain all such records until all litigation is resolved and Contractor shall continue to provide Owner and/or its agents with full access to such records until such time as all litigation is complete and all periods for appeal have expired and full and final satisfaction of any judgment, order or decree is recorded and Owner receives a record copy of documentation from Contractor.

B.10 WAIVER

Failure of the Owner to enforce any provision of this Contract shall not constitute a waiver or relinquishment by the Owner of the right to such performance in the future nor of the right to enforce any other provision of this Contract.

B.11 SUBCONTRACTS AND ASSIGNMENT

B.11.1 Contractor shall require each Subcontractor, to the extent of the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor, to be bound by the terms and conditions of these General Conditions, and to assume toward the Contractor all of the obligations and responsibilities which the Contractor assumes toward the Owner thereunder, unless (1) the same are clearly inapplicable to the subcontract at issue because of legal requirements or industry practices, or (2) specific exceptions are requested by Contractor and approved in writing by Owner. Where appropriate, Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to enter into similar agreements with sub-subcontractors at any level

- B.11.2 At Owner's request, Contractor shall submit to Owner prior to their execution either Contractor's form of subcontract, or the subcontract to be executed with any particular Subcontractor. If Owner disapproves such form, Contractor shall not execute the form until the matters disapproved are resolved to Owner's satisfaction. Owner's review, comment upon or approval of any such form shall not relieve Contractor of its obligations under this Agreement or be deemed a waiver of such obligations of Contractor.
- B.11.3 Contractor shall not assign, sell, or transfer its rights, or delegate its responsibilities under this Contract, in whole or in part, without the prior written approval of the Owner. No such written approval shall relieve Contractor of any obligations of this Contract, and any transferee shall be considered the agent of the Contract and bound to perform in accordance with the Contract Documents. Contractor shall remain liable as between the original parties to the Contract as if no assignment had occurred.

B.12 SUCCESSORS IN INTEREST

The provisions of this Contract shall be binding upon and shall accrue to the benefit of the parties to the Contract and their respective permitted successors and assigns.

B.13 OWNER'S RIGHT TO DO WORK

Owner reserves the right to perform other or additional work at or near the project site with other forces than those of the Contractor. If such work takes place within or next to the project site, Contractor shall coordinate work with the other contractors or forces, cooperate with all other contractors or forces, carry out the Work in a way that will minimize interference and delay for all forces involved, place and dispose of materials being used so as not to interfere with the operations of another, and join the Work with the work of the others in an acceptable manner and perform it in proper sequence to that of the others. The Owner will resolve any disagreements that may arise between or among Contractor and the other contractors over the method or order of doing all work (including the Work). In case of unavoidable interference, the Owner will establish work priority (including the Work) which generally will be in the sequence that the contracts were awarded.

B.14 OTHER CONTRACTS

In all cases and at any time, the Owner has the right to execute other contracts related to or unrelated to the Work of this Contract. The Contractor of this Contract shall fully cooperate with any and all other contractors without additional cost to the Owner in the manner described in section B.13.

B.15 GOVERNING LAW

This Contract shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Oregon without regard to principles of conflict of laws.

B.16 LITIGATION

Any Claim between Owner and Contractor that arises from or relates to this Contract and that is not resolved through the Claims Review Process in Section D.3 shall be brought and conducted solely

and exclusively within the Circuit Court of Benton County for the State of Oregon; provided, however, if a Claim must be brought in a federal forum, then it shall be brought and conducted solely and exclusively within the United States District Court for the District of Oregon. In no event shall this section be construed as a waiver by the State of Oregon on any form of defense or immunity, whether sovereign immunity, governmental immunity, immunity based on the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States or otherwise, from any claim or from the jurisdiction of any court. CONTRACTOR, BY EXECUTION OF THIS CONTRACT, HEREBY CONSENTS TO THE IN PERSONAM JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS REFERENCED IN THIS SECTION B.16.

B.17 ALLOWANCES

- B.17.1 The Contractor shall include in the Contract Price all allowances stated in the Contract Documents. Items covered by allowances shall be supplied for such amounts and by such persons or entities as the Owner may direct.
- B.17.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents:
 - (a) When finally reconciled, allowances shall cover the cost to the Contractor of materials and equipment delivered at the site and all required taxes, less applicable trade discounts;
 - (b) Contractor's costs for unloading and handling at the site, labor, installation costs, Overhead, profit and other expenses contemplated for stated allowance amounts shall be included in the Contract Price but not in the allowances;
 - (c) Whenever costs are more than or less than allowances, the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly by Amendment. The amount of the Amendment shall reflect (i) the difference between actual costs and the allowances under Section B.17.2 (a) and (2) changes in Contractor's costs under Section B.17.2 (b).
 - (d) Unless Owner requests otherwise, Contractor shall provide to Owner a proposed fixed price for any allowance work prior to its performance.

B.18 SUBMITTALS, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES

- B.18.1 The Contractor shall prepare and keep current, for the Architect's/Engineer's approval (or for the approval of Owner if approval authority has not been delegated to the Architect/Engineer), a schedule and list of Submittals which is coordinated with the Contractor's construction schedule and allows the Architect/Engineer reasonable time to review Submittals. Owner reserves the right to finally approve the schedule and list of Submittals. Submittals include, without limitation, Shop Drawings, product data, and samples which are described below:
 - (a) Shop Drawings are drawings, diagrams, schedules and other data specially prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a Subcontractor (including any subsubcontractor), manufacturer, supplier or distributor to illustrate some portion of the Work.
 - (b) Product Data are illustrations, standard schedules, performance charts, instructions, brochures, diagrams and other information furnished by the Contractor to illustrate materials or equipment for some portion of the Work.
 - (c) Samples are physical examples which illustrate materials, equipment or workmanship and establish standards by which the Work will be judged.

- B.18.2 Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar Submittals are not Contract Documents. The purpose of their Submittal is to demonstrate for those portions of the Work for which Submittals are required by the Contract Documents the way by which the Contractor proposes to conform to the information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. Review of Submittals by the Architect/Engineer is not conducted for the purpose of determining the accuracy and completeness of other details such as dimensions and quantities, or for substantiating instructions for installation or performance of equipment or systems, or for approval of safety precautions or, unless otherwise specifically stated by the Architect/Engineer, of any construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, all of which remain the responsibility of the Contractor as required by the Contract Documents. The Architect/Engineer's review of the Contractor's Submittals shall not relieve the Contractor of its obligations under the Contract Documents. The Architect/Engineer's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component. Informational Submittals upon which the Architect/Engineer is not expected to take responsive action may be so identified in the Contract Documents. Submittals which are not required by the Contract Documents may be returned by the Architect/Engineer without action.
- B.18.3 The Contractor shall review for compliance with the Contract Documents, approve and submit to the Architect/Engineer Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and similar Submittals required by the Contract Documents with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Work or in the activities of the Owner or of separate contractors. Submittals which are not marked as reviewed for compliance with the Contract Documents and approved by the Contractor may be returned by the Architect/Engineer without action.
- B.18.4 Approving and submitting shop drawings, product data, samples and similar Submittals, the Contractor represents that the Contractor has determined and verified materials, field measurements and field construction criteria related thereto, or will do so, and has checked and coordinated the information contained within such Submittals with the requirements of the Work and of the Contract Documents.
- B.18.5 The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work for which the Contract Documents require submittal and review of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar Submittals until the respective Submittal has been approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- B.18.6 The Work shall be in accordance with approved Submittals except that the Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for deviations from requirements of the Contract Documents by the Architect/Engineer's review or approval of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar Submittals unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Architect/Engineer in writing of such deviation at the time of submittal and (i) the Architect/Engineer has given written approval to the specific deviation as a minor change in the Work, or (ii) a Supplement Amendment or Construction Change Directive has been executed by Owner authorizing the deviation. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for errors or omissions in Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples or similar Submittals by the Architect/Engineer's review or approval thereof.
- B.18.7 In the event that Owner elects not to have the obligations and duties described under this Section B.18 performed by the Architect/Engineer, or in the event no Architect/Engineer is employed by Owner on the project, all obligations and duties assigned to the Architect/Engineer hereunder shall be performed by the Owner.

B.19 SUBSTITUTIONS

The Contractor may make Substitutions only with the written consent of the Owner, after evaluation by the Owner and only in accordance with a Supplement Amendment or Construction Change Directive. Substitutions shall be subject to the requirements of the bid documents. By making requests for Substitutions, the Contractor: represents that the Contractor has personally investigated the proposed substitute product; represents that the Contractor will provide the same warranty for the Substitution that the Contractor would for the product originally specified unless approved otherwise; certifies that the cost data presented is complete and includes all related costs under this Contract including redesign costs, and waives all claims for additional costs related to the Substitution which subsequently become apparent; and will coordinate the installation of the accepted Substitution, making such changes as may be required for the Work to be completed in all respects.

B.20 USE OF PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Plans, Specifications and related Contract Documents furnished to Contractor by Owner or Owner's Architect/Engineer shall be used solely for the performance of the Work under this Contract. Contractor and its Subcontractors and suppliers are authorized to use and reproduce applicable portions of such documents appropriate to the execution of the Work, but shall not claim any ownership or other interest in them beyond the scope of this Contract, and no such interest shall attach. Unless otherwise indicated, all common law, statutory and other reserved rights, in addition to copyrights, are retained by Owner.

B.21 FUNDS AVAILABLE AND AUTHORIZED

If Owner fails to receive funding, appropriations, allocations or other expenditure authority as contemplated by Owner's budget and Owner determines, in its assessment and ranking of the policy objectives explicit or implicit in Owner's budget, Owner may determine it is necessary to and may terminate the Reserve Contract and or any Reserve Contract Supplements.

B.22 NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES

Owner and Contractor are the only parties to this Contract and are the only parties entitled to enforce its terms. Nothing in this Contract gives, is intended to give, or shall be construed to give or provide any benefit or right, whether directly, indirectly, or otherwise, to third persons unless such third persons are individually identified by name herein and expressly described as intended beneficiaries of the terms of this Contract.

SECTION C WAGES AND LABOR

C.1 MINIMUM WAGE RATES ON PUBLIC WORKS

Contractor shall comply fully with the provisions of ORS 279C.800 through 279C.870. Documents establishing those conditions, as determined by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries (BOLI), are included as attachments to or are incorporated by reference in the Contract Documents. Pursuant to ORS 279C.830(1)(c), Contractor shall pay workers at not less than the specified minimum hourly rate of wage, and shall include that requirement in all subcontracts. If the Work is subject to both the state prevailing wage rate law and the federal Davis-Bacon Act, Contractor shall pay the higher of the applicable state or federal prevailing rate of wage. Contractor shall provide written notice to all workers of the number of hours per day and days per week such workers may be required to work.

C.2 PAYROLL CERTIFICATION AND FEE REQUIREMENTS

- C.2.1 In accordance with ORS 279C.845, the Contractor and every Subcontractor shall submit written certified statements to the Owner, on the form prescribed by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, certifying the hourly rate of wage paid each worker which the Contractor or the Subcontractor has employed on the project and further certifying that no worker employed on the project has been paid less than the prevailing rate of wage or less than the minimum hourly rate of wage specified in the Contract, which certificate and statement shall be verified by the oath of the Contractor or the Subcontractor that the Contractor or Subcontractor has read the certified statement, that the Contractor or Subcontractor knows the contents of the certified statement, and, that to the Contractor's or Subcontractor's best knowledge and belief, the certified statement is true. The certified statements shall set out accurately and completely the payroll records for the prior week, including the name and address of each worker, the worker's correct classification, rate of pay, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Certified statements for each week during which the Contractor or Subcontractor has employed a worker on the project shall be submitted once a month, by the fifth business day of the following month. The Contractor and Subcontractors shall preserve the certified statements for a period of ten (10) years from the date of completion of the Contract.
- C.2.2 Pursuant to ORS 279C.845 (7), the Owner shall retain 25 percent of any amount earned by the Contractor on this public works project until the Contractor has filed the certified statements required by section C.2.1. The Owner shall pay to the Contractor the amount retained under this subsection within 14 days after the Contractor files the required certified statements, regardless of whether a Subcontractor has failed to file certified statements.
- C.2.3 Pursuant to ORS 279C.845(8), the Contractor shall retain 25 percent of any amount earned by a first-tier Subcontractor on this public works project until the first-tier Subcontractor has filed with the Owner the certified statements required by C.2.1. Before paying any amount retained under this subsection, the Contractor shall verify that the first-tier Subcontractor has filed the certified statement. Within 14 days after the first-tier Subcontractor files the required certified statement the Contractor shall pay the first-tier Subcontractor any amount retained under this subsection.
- C.2.4 In accordance with statutory requirements and administrative rules promulgated by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, the fee required by ORS 279C.825(1) will be paid by Owner to the Commissioner.

C.3 PROMPT PAYMENT AND CONTRACT CONDITIONS

- C.3.1 As a condition to Owner's performance hereunder, the Contractor shall:
- C.3.1.1 Make payment promptly, as due, to all persons supplying to Contractor labor or materials for the prosecution of the Work provided for in this Contract.
- C.3.1.2 Pay all contributions or amounts due the State Industrial Accident Fund from such Contractor or Subcontractor incurred in the performance of the Contract.
- C.3.1.3 not permit any lien or claim to be filed or prosecuted against the Owner on account of any labor or material furnished. Contractor will not assign any claims that Contractor has against Owner, or assign any sums due by Owner, to

- Subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers, and will not make any agreement or act in any way to give Subcontractors a claim or standing to make a claim against the Owner.
- C.3.1.4 Pay to the Department of Revenue all sums withheld from employees pursuant to ORS 316.167.
- C.3.2 As a condition to Owner's performance hereunder, if Contractor fails, neglects or refuses to make prompt payment of any claim for labor or services furnished to the Contractor of a Subcontractor by any person in connection with the project as such claim becomes due, the proper officer(s) representing the Owner may pay the claim and charge the amount of the payment against funds due or to become due Contractor under this Contract. Payment of claims in this manner shall not relieve the Contractor or the Contractor's surety from obligation with respect to any unpaid claims.
- C.3.3 Contractor shall include in each subcontract for property or services entered into by the Contractor and a first-tier subcontractor, including a material supplier, for the purpose of performing a construction contract, a payment clause that obligates the Contractor to pay the first-tier Subcontractor for satisfactory performance under its subcontract within ten (10) Days out of such amounts as are paid to the Contractor by the public contracting agency under such contract.
- C.3.4 All employers, including Contractor, that employ subject workers who work under this contract in the State of Oregon shall comply with ORS 656.017 and provide the required Workers' Compensation coverage, unless such employers are exempt under ORS 656.126. Contractor shall ensure that each of its Subcontractors complies with these requirements.

C.4 PAYMENT FOR MEDICAL CARE

As a condition to Owner's performance hereunder, Contractor shall promptly, as due, make payment to any person, partnership, association or corporation furnishing medical, surgical, and hospital care or other needed care and attention, incident to sickness or injury, to the employees of such Contractor, all sums of which the Contractor agrees to pay for such services and all moneys and sums which the Contractor has collected or deducted from the wages of personnel pursuant to any law, contract or agreement for the purpose of providing or paying for such services.

C.5 HOURS OF LABOR

As a condition to Owner's performance hereunder, no person shall be employed to perform Work under this Contract for more than ten (10) hours in any one day or forty (40) hours in any one week, except in cases of necessity, emergency or where public policy absolutely requires it. In such instances, Contractor shall pay the employee at least time and a half pay:

- (a) For all overtime in excess of eight (8) hours a day or forty (40) hours in any one week when the work week is five consecutive Days, Monday through Friday; or
- (b) For all overtime in excess of ten (10) hours a day or forty (40) hours in any one week when the work week is four consecutive Days, Monday through Friday; and
- (c) For all Work performed on Saturday and on any legal holiday specified in ORS 279C.540.

This section C.5 will not apply to Contractor's Work under this Contract to the extent Contractor is currently a party to a collective bargaining agreement with any labor organization.

This Section C.5 shall not excuse Contractor from completion of the Work within the time required under this Contract.

SECTION D CHANGES IN THE WORK

D.1 CHANGES IN WORK

- D.1.1 The terms of this Contract shall not be waived, altered, modified, supplemented or amended in any manner whatsoever, without prior written agreement and then only after any necessary approvals have been obtained. A Supplement or Amendment is required, which shall not be effective until its execution by the parties to this Contract and all approvals required by public contracting laws have been obtained.
- D.1.2 It is mutually agreed that changes in Plans, quantities, or details of construction are inherent in the nature of construction and may be necessary or desirable during the course of construction. Within the general scope of this Contract, the Owner may at any time, without notice to the sureties and without impairing the Contract, require changes consistent with this Section D.1. All changes to the Work shall be documented and Amendments shall be executed under the conditions of the Contract Documents. Such changes may include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Modification of specifications and design.
 - (b) Increases or decreases in quantities.
 - (c) Increases or decreases to the amount of Work.
 - (d) Addition or elimination of any Work item.
 - (e) Change in the duration of the project.
 - (f) Acceleration or delay in performance of Work.
 - (g) Deductive changes,
 - (h) Changed conditions.

Deductive changes are those that reduce the scope of the Work, and shall be made by mutual agreement whenever feasible. In cases of suspension or partial termination under Section J, Owner reserves the right to unilaterally impose a deductive change and to self-perform such Work, for which the provisions of B.13 (Owner's Right to Do Work) shall then apply. Adjustments in compensation shall be made under the provisions of D.1.3, in which costs for deductive changes shall be based upon a Direct Costs adjustment together with the related percentage markup specified for profit, Overhead and other indirect costs, unless otherwise agreed to by Owner.

- D.1.3 The Owner and Contractor agree that adjustments to or deletions from the Work shall be administered and compensated according to the following:
 - (a) Unit pricing may be utilized at the Owner's option when unit prices or solicitation alternates were provided that established the cost for adjustments to Work, and a binding obligation exists under the Contract on the parties covering the terms and conditions of the adjustment to Work.
 - (b) If the Owner elects not to utilize unit pricing, or in the event that unit pricing is not available or appropriate, fixed pricing may be used for adjustments to or deletions from the Work. In fixed pricing, the basis of payments or total price shall be agreed upon in writing between the parties to the Contract, and shall be established before the Work is done whenever feasible. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the mark-ups set forth in D.1.3(c) shall be utilized in establishing fixed pricing, and such mark-ups shall not be exceeded. Cost and price data relating to adjustments to or deletions from the Work shall be supplied by Contractor to Owner upon request, but Owner shall be under no obligation to make such requests.
 - (c) In the event that unit pricing and fixed pricing are not utilized, then adjustments to or deletions from the Work shall be performed on a cost reimbursement basis for

Direct Costs. Such Work shall be compensated on the basis of the actual, reasonable and allowable cost of labor, equipment, and material furnished on the Work performed. In addition, the following markups shall be added to the Contractor's or Subcontractor's Direct Costs as full compensation for profit, Overhead and other indirect costs for Work directly performed with the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces:

(d) When adjustments to or deletions from the Work under D.1.3(c) are invoiced by an authorized Subcontractor at any level, each ascending tier Subcontractor or Contractor will be allowed a supplemental mark-up on each piece of subcontract Work covered by a an Amendment as follows:

\$0.00 - \$5,000.00 10%, and then Over \$5,000.00 5%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the maximum aggregate markup to be billed shall not exceed 10% regardless of the number of subcontract tiers

Payments made to the Contractor shall be complete compensation for Overhead, profit, and all costs that were incurred by the Contractor or by other forces furnished by the Contractor, including Subcontractors, for adjustments to or deletions from the Work pursuant to a Supplement Amendment. Owner may establish a maximum cost for additional Work under this Section D.1.3, which shall not be exceeded for reimbursement without additional written authorization from Owner in the form of a Supplement Amendment. Contractor shall not be required to complete such additional Work without additional authorization.

Any necessary adjustment of Contract Time that may be required as a result of adjustments to or deletions from the Work must be agreed upon by the parties before the start of the revised Work unless Owner authorizes Contractor to start the revised Work before agreement on Contract Time adjustment. Contractor shall submit any request for additional compensation (and additional Contract Time if Contractor was authorized to start Work before an adjustment of Contract Time was approved) as soon as possible but no later than thirty (30) Davs after receipt of Owner's request for additional Work. Contractor agrees that this thirty (30) Day notice period is adequate time for it to request and document the amount of additional compensation or adjustment of Contract Time. If Contractor's request for additional compensation or adjustment of Contract Time is not made within the thirty (30) Day time limit, Contractor agrees its requests pertaining to that additional Work shall be barred. The thirty (30) Day time limit for making requests shall not be extended for any reason, including without limitation Contractor's claimed inability to determine the amount of additional compensation or adjustment of Contract Time, unless an extension is granted in writing by Owner. If the Owner denies Contractor's timely request for additional compensation or adjustment of Contract Time, Contractor may proceed to file a Claim under Section D.3, Claims Review Process. No other reimbursement, compensation, or payment will be made, except as provided in Section D.1.5 for impact

D.1.4 If any adjustment to Work under Section D.1.3 causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the Contract Time required for the performance of any other part of the Work under this Contract, Contractor shall submit a written request to the Owner, setting forth the nature and specific extent of the

request, including all time and cost impacts against the Contract as soon as possible, but no later than thirty (30) Days after receipt of Owner's request for adjustments to or deletions from the Work by Contractor.

The thirty (30) Day time limit applies to claims of Subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers who may be affected by Owner's request for adjustments to or deletions from the Work and who request additional compensation or an extension of Contract Time to perform; Contractor has responsibility for contacting its Subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers within the thirty (30) Day time limit, and including their requests with Contractor's requests. If the request involves Work to be completed by Subcontractors, or materials to be furnished by suppliers or manufacturers, such requests shall be submitted to the Contractor in writing with full analysis and justification for the adjustments to compensation and Contract Time requested. The Contractor shall analyze and evaluate the merits of the requests submitted by Subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers to Contractor prior to including those requests and Contractor's analysis and evaluation of those requests with Contractor's requests for adjustments to compensation or Contract Time that Contractor submits to the Owner. Failure of Subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers or others to submit their requests to Contractor for inclusion with Contractor's requests submitted to Owner within the time period and by the means described in this section shall constitute a waiver of these Subcontractor claims. The Owner will not consider direct requests or claims from Subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers or others not a party to this Contract. The consideration of such requests and claims under this section does not give any Person, not a party to the Contract the right to bring a claim against Owner, whether in this claims process, in litigation, or in any dispute resolution process.

If the Owner denies the Contractor's request for adjustment to compensation or Contract Time, and the request is timely as set forth herein, the Contractor may proceed to file a Claim under Section D.3, Claims Review Process.

- D.1.5 Contractor agrees that no request or Claim for additional costs or an adjustment of Contract Time shall be allowed if made after receipt of Final Payment application under this Contract. Final Payment application must be made by Contractor within the time required under Section E.6.4.
- D.1.6 It is understood that changes in the Work are inherent in construction of this type. The number of changes, the scope of those changes, and the effect they have on the progress of the original Work cannot be defined at this time. The Contractor is notified that numerous changes may be required and that there will be no compensation made, unless and only to the extent otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, to the Contractor directly related to the number of changes. Each change will be evaluated for extension of Contract Time and increase or decrease in compensation based on its own merit.

D.2 DELAYS

- D.2.1 Delays in construction include "Avoidable Delays", which are defined in Section D.2.1.1, and "Unavoidable Delays", which are defined in Section D.2.1.2. The effect of Avoidable Delays is described in Section D.2.2 and the effect of Unavoidable Delays is described in Section D.2.3.
- D.2.1.1 Avoidable Delays include any delays other than Unavoidable Delays, and include delays that otherwise would be considered Unavoidable Delays but that:
 - (a) Could have been avoided by the exercise of care, prudence, foresight, and diligence on the part of the Contractor or its Subcontractors.

- (b) Affect only a portion of the Work and do not necessarily prevent or delay the prosecution of other parts of the Work or the completion of the whole Work within the Contract Time
- (c) Do not impact activities on the accepted CPM Construction Schedule.
- (d) Are associated with the reasonable interference of other contractors employed by the Owner that do not necessarily prevent the completion of the whole Work within the Contract Time.
- D.2.1.2 Unavoidable Delays include delays other than Avoidable Delays that are:
 - (a) To the extent caused by any actions of the Owner, or any other employee or agent of the Owner, or by separate contractor employed by the Owner.
 - (b) To the extent caused by any site conditions that differ materially from what was represented in the Contract Documents or from conditions that would normally be expected to exist and be inherent to the construction activities defined in the Contract Documents. The Contractor agrees to notify the Owner immediately of differing site conditions before the area has been disturbed. The Owner will investigate the area and make a determination as to whether the conditions differ materially from either the conditions stated in the Contract Documents or those that could reasonably be expected in execution of this particular Contract. If Contractor and Owner agree that a differing site condition exists, any adjustment to compensation or Contract Time will be determined based on the process set forth in Section D.1.5 for adjustments to or deletions from Work. If the Owner disagrees that a differing site condition exists and denies Contractor's request for additional compensation or Contract Time, Contractor may proceed to file a Claim under Section D.3, Claims Review Process.
 - (c) To the extent caused by Force Majeure acts, events or occurrences that could not have been avoided by the exercise of care, prudence, foresight, and diligence on the part of the Contractor or its Subcontractors.
 - (d) To the extent caused by adverse weather conditions. Any adverse weather conditions must be substantiated by documentary evidence that weather conditions were abnormal for the specific time period claimed, could not have been anticipated by the Contractor, and adversely impacted the Project in a manner that could not be avoided by rescheduling the Work or by implementing measures to protect against the weather so that the Work could proceed. A rain, windstorm, high water, or other natural phenomenon for the specific locality of the Work, which might reasonably have been anticipated from the previous 10-year historical records of the general locality of the Work, shall not be construed as abnormal. The parties agree that rainfall greater than the following levels cannot be reasonably anticipated:
 - (i) Daily rainfall equal to, or greater than, 0.50 inch during a month when the monthly rainfall exceeds the normal monthly average by twentyfive percent (25 %) or more.
 - (ii) daily rainfall equal to, or greater than, 0.75 inch at any time.

The Office of the Environmental Data Service of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce nearest the Project site shall be considered the official agency of record for weather information.

- D.2.2 Contractor agrees it is not be entitled to additional compensation or additional Contract Time for Avoidable Delays.
- D.2.3 In the event of Unavoidable Delays, based on principles of equitable adjustment, Contractor may be entitled to the following:
 - (a) Contractor may be entitled to additional compensation or additional Contract Time, or both, for Unavoidable Delays described in Section D.2.1.2 (a) and (b).
 - (b) Contractor may be entitled to additional Contract Time for Unavoidable Delays described in Section D.2.1.2(c) and (d).

In the event of any requests for additional compensation or additional Contract Time, or both, as applicable, arising under this Section D.2.3 for Unavoidable Delays, other than requests for additional compensation or additional Contract Time for differing site conditions for which a review process is established under Section D.2.1.2 (b), Contractor must submit a written notification of the delay to the Owner within two (2) Days of the occurrence of the cause of the delay. This written notification shall state the cause of the potential delay, the project components impacted by the delay, and the anticipated additional Contract Time extension or the additional compensation, or both, as applicable, resulting from the delay. Within seven (7) Days after the cause of the delay has been mitigated, or in no case more than thirty (30) Days after the initial written notification, the Contractor agrees to submit to the Owner, a complete and detailed request for additional compensation or additional Contract Time, or both, as applicable, resulting from the delay. If the Owner denies Contractor's request for additional compensation or adjustment of Contract Time, the Contractor may proceed to file a Claim under Section D.3, Claims Review Process, provided Contractor has complied with the requirement in this Section D.2.3. Contractor agrees any Claim it may have is barred if Contractor does not comply with the requirements herein.

If Contractor does not timely submit the notices required under this Section D.2, then unless otherwise prohibited by law, Contractor's Claim shall be barred.

D.3 CLAIMS REVIEW PROCESS

- D.3.1 All Contractor Claims shall be referred to the Owner for review. Contractor's Claims, including Claims for adjustments to compensation or Contract Time, shall be submitted in writing by Contractor to the Owner within five (5) Days after a denial of Contractor's initial request for an adjustment of Contract terms, payment of money, extension of Contract Time or other relief, provided that such initial request has been submitted in accordance with the requirements and within the time limits established in these General Conditions. Within thirty (30) Days after the initial Claim, Contractor shall submit to the Owner a complete and detailed description of the Claim (the "Detailed Notice") that includes all information required by Section D.3.2. Contractor agrees that, unless the Claim is made in accordance with these time requirements, Contractor voluntarily waived all rights to prosecute its Claim.
- D.3.2 The Detailed Notice of the Claim shall be submitted in writing by Contractor and shall include a detailed, factual statement of the basis of the Claim, pertinent dates, Contract provisions which support or allow the Claim, reference to or copies of any documents which support the Claim, the dollar value of the

- Claim, and the Contract Time adjustment requested for the Claim. If the Claim involves Work to be completed by Subcontractors, the Contractor will analyze and evaluate the merits of the Subcontractor claim prior to forwarding it and that analysis and evaluation to the Owner. The Owner will not consider direct claims from Subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, or others not a party to this Contract. Contractor agrees that it will make no agreement, covenant, or assignment, nor will it commit any other act that will permit or assist any Subcontractor, supplier, manufacturer, or other to directly or indirectly make a claim against Owner.
- D.3.3 The Owner will review all Claims and take one or more of the following preliminary actions within ten (10) Days of receipt of the Detailed Notice of a Claim: (1) request additional supporting information from the Contractor; (2) inform the Contractor and Owner in writing of the time required for adequate review and response; (3) reject the Claim in whole or in part and identify the reasons for rejection; (4) based on principles of equitable adjustment, recommend approval of all or part of the Claim; or (5) propose an alternate resolution.
- D.3.4 The Owner's decision shall be final and binding on the Contractor unless appealed by written notice to the Owner within fifteen (15) Days of receipt of the decision. The Contractor must present written documentation supporting the Claim within fifteen (15) Days of the notice of appeal. After receiving the appeal documentation, the Owner shall review the materials and render a decision within thirty (30) Days after receiving the appeal documents.
- D.3.5 The decision of the Owner shall be final and binding unless the Contractor delivers to the Owner its request for mediation, which shall be a non-binding process, within fifteen (15) Days of the date of the Owner's decision. The mediation process will be considered to have commenced as of the date the Contractor delivers the request. Both parties acknowledge and agree that participation in mediation is a prerequisite to commencement of litigation of any disputes relating to the Contract. Both parties further agree to exercise their best efforts in good faith to resolve all disputes within sixty (60) Days of the commencement of the mediation through the mediation process set forth herein.

In the event that a lawsuit must be filed within this sixty (60) Day period in order to preserve a cause of action, the parties agree that, notwithstanding the filing, they shall proceed diligently with the mediation to its conclusion prior to actively prosecuting the lawsuit, and shall seek from the Court in which the lawsuit is pending such stays or extensions, including the filing of an answer, as may be necessary to facilitate the mediation process. Further, in the event settlements are reached on any issues through mediation, the plaintiff shall promptly cause to be entered by the Court a stipulated general judgment of dismissal with prejudice, or other appropriate order limiting the cope of litigation as provided in the settlement.

D.3.6 Should the parties arrive at an impasse regarding any Claims or disputed Claims, it is agreed that the parties shall participate in mediation as specified in Section D.3.5. The mediation process will be considered to have been commenced as of the date one party delivers to the other its request in writing to mediate. The mediator shall be an individual mutually acceptable to both parties, but in the absence of agreement each party shall select a temporary mediator and the temporary mediators shall jointly select the permanent mediator. Each party shall pay its own costs for the time and effort involved in mediation. The cost of the mediator shall be split equally between the two parties. Both parties agree to exercise their best effort in good faith to resolve all disputes in mediation. Participation in mediation is a mandatory requirement of both the Owner and the Contractor. The schedule, time and place for mediation will be mutually

acceptable, or, failing mutual agreement, shall be as established by the mediator. The parties agree to comply with Owner's administrative rules governing the confidentiality of mediation, if any, and shall execute all necessary documents to give effect to such confidentiality rules. In any event, the parties shall not subpoena the mediator or otherwise require the mediator to produce records, notes or work product, or to testify in any future proceedings as to information disclosed or representations made in the course of mediation, except to the extent disclosure is required by law.

D.3.7 Unless otherwise directed by Owner, Contractor shall proceed with the Work while any Claim, or mediation or litigation arising from a Claim, is pending. Regardless of the review period or the final decision of the Owner, the Contractor shall continue to diligently pursue the Work as identified in the Contract Documents. In no case is the Contractor justified or allowed to cease or Delay Work, in whole or in part, without a written stop work order from the Owner.

SECTION E PAYMENTS

E.1 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

The Contractor shall submit, at least ten (10) Days prior to submission of its first application for progress payment, a schedule of values ("Schedule of Values") for the contracted Work. This schedule shall provide a breakdown of values for the contracted Work and will be the basis for progress payments. The breakdown shall demonstrate reasonable, identifiable, and measurable components of the Work. Unless objected to by the Owner, this schedule shall be used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's applications for payment. If objected to by Owner, Contractor shall revise the schedule of values and resubmit the same for approval of Owner.

E.2 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- E.2.1 Owner shall make progress payments on the Contract monthly as Work progresses, in accordance with the requirements of this Section E.2. Applications for payment shall be based upon estimates of Work completed and the Schedule of Values. As a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to pay, all applications for payment shall be approved by the Owner. A progress payment shall not be considered acceptance or approval of any Work or waiver of any defects therein. Owner shall pay to Contractor interest for overdue invoices at the rate of two-thirds of one percent per month on the progress payment, not including retainage, due the Contractor. Overdue invoices will be those that have not been paid within forty five (45) days from the latest of:
 - (a) The date of the receipt of the accurate invoice;
 - (b) The date Owner receives the correct application for payment if no invoice is received;
 - (c) The date all goods and services have been received; or
 - (d) The date a Claim is made certain by agreement of the parties or by operation of law.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in instances when an application for payment is filled out incorrectly, or when there is any defect or impropriety in any submitted application or when there is a good faith dispute, Owner shall so notify the Contractor within fifteen (15) Days stating the reason or reasons the application for payment is defective or improper or the reasons for the dispute. A defective or improper application for payment, if corrected by the Contractor within seven (7) Days of being notified by the Owner, shall not cause a payment to be made later than specified in this section unless interest is also paid. Payment of interest

will be postponed when payment on the principal is delayed because of disagreement between the Owner and the Contractor. Owner reserves the right, instead of requiring the Contractor to correct or resubmit a defective or improper application for payment, to reject the defective or improper portion of the application for payment and pay the remainder of the application for such amounts which are correct and proper.

Owner, upon written notice to the Contractor, may elect to make payments to the Contractor only by means of Electronic Funds Transfers (EFT) through Automated Clearing House (ACH) payments. If Owner makes this election, the Contractor shall arrange for receipt of the EFT/ACH payments.

E.2.2 Contractor shall submit to the Owner an application for each payment and, if required, receipts or other vouchers showing payments for materials and labor including payments to Subcontractors. Contractor shall include in its application for payment a schedule of the percentages of the various parts of the Work completed, based on the Schedule of Values which shall aggregate to the payment application total, and shall include, on the face of each copy thereof, a certificate in substantially the following form:

"I, the undersigned, hereby certify that the above bill is true and correct, and the payment therefore, has not been received.

Signed:	 _
Dated:	,

- E.2.3 Generally, applications for payment will be accepted only for materials that have been installed. Under special conditions, applications for payment for stored materials will be accepted at Owner's sole discretion. Such a payment, if made, will be subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The request for stored material shall be submitted at least thirty (30) Days in advance of the application for payment on which it appears. Applications for payment shall be entertained for major equipment, components or expenditures only.
 - (b) The Contractor shall submit applications for payment showing the quantity and cost of the material stored.
 - (c) The material shall be stored in a bonded warehouse and Owner shall be granted the right to access the material for the purpose of removal or inspection at any time during the Contract Period.
 - (d) The Contractor shall name the Owner as co-insured on the insurance policy covering the full value of the property while in the care and custody of the Contractor until it is installed. A certificate noting this coverage shall be issued to the Owner.
 - (e) Payments shall be made for materials and equipment only. The submitted amount in the application for payment shall be reduced by the cost of transportation from the storage site to the project site and for the cost of an inspector to verify delivery and condition of the goods at the storage site. The cost of storage and inspection shall be borne solely by the Contractor.
 - (f) Within sixty (60) Days of the application for payment, the Contractor shall submit evidence of payment covering the material and/or equipment stored and of payment for the storage site.
 - (g) Payment for stored materials and/or equipment shall in no way indicate acceptance of the materials and/or equipment or waive any rights under this Contract for the rejection of the Work or materials and/or equipment not in conformance with the Contract Documents.

- (h) All required documentation shall be submitted with the respective application for payment.
- E.2.4 The Owner reserves the right to withhold all or part of a payment, or may nullify in whole or part any payment previously made, to such extent as may be necessary in the Owner's opinion to protect the Owner from loss because of:
 - (a) Work that is defective and not remedied, or that has been demonstrated or identified as failing to conform with Applicable Laws or the Contract Documents,
 - (b) Third party claims filed or evidence reasonably indicating that such claims will likely be filed unless security acceptable to the Owner is provided by the Contractor;
 - (c) Failure of the Contractor to make payments properly to Subcontractors or for labor, materials or equipment (in which case Owner may issue checks made payable jointly to Contractor and such unpaid persons under this provision, or directly to Subcontractors and suppliers at any level under Section C.3.2.);
 - (d) Reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Price;
 - (e) Damage to the Work, Owner or another contractor;
 - (f) Reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time required by the Contract, and that the unpaid balance would not be adequate to cover actual or liquidated damages for the anticipated delay;
 - (g) Failure to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents; or
 - (h) Assessment of liquidated damages, when withholding is made for offset purposes.
- E.2.5 Subject to the provisions of the Contract Documents, the amount of each progress payment shall be computed as follows:
 - (a) Take that portion of the Contract Price properly allocable to completed Work as determined by multiplying the percentage completion of each portion of the Work by the share of the total Contract Price allocated to that portion of the Work in the Schedule of Values, less retainage as provided in Section E.5. Pending final determination of cost to the Owner of changes in the Work, no amounts for changes in the Work can be included in applications for payment until the Contract Price has been adjusted by a Supplement Amendment;
 - (b) Add that portion of the Contract Price properly allocable to materials and equipment delivered and suitably stored at the site for subsequent incorporation in the completed construction (or, if approved in advance by the Owner pursuant to Section E.2.3, suitably stored off the site at a location agreed upon in writing), less retainage as provided in Section E.5;
 - (c) Subtract the aggregate of previous payments made by the Owner; and
 - (d) Subtract any amounts for which the Owner has withheld or nullified payment as provided in the Contract Documents.
- E.2.6 Contractor's applications for payment shall not include requests for payment for portions of the Work for which the Contractor does not intend to pay to a Subcontractor or material supplier.

- E.2.7 The Contractor warrants to Owner that title to all Work covered by an application for payment will pass to the Owner no later than the time of payment. The Contractor further warrants that upon submittal of an application for payment all Work for which payments are received from the Owner shall be free and clear of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances in favor of the Contractor, Subcontractors, material suppliers, or other persons or entities making a claim by reason of having provided financing, labor, materials and equipment relating to the Work.
- E.2.8 If Contractor disputes any determination by Owner with regard to any application for payment, Contractor nevertheless shall continue to expeditiously perform the Work. No payment made hereunder shall be or be construed to be final acceptance or approval of that portion of the Work to which such partial payment relates or shall relieve Contractor of any of its obligations hereunder.
- E.2.9 Contractor shall submit its initial MWESB Report within ten (10) Days of Contractor's execution of the Contract, or if there will be a Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP) Amendment, then within ten (10) Days of Contractor's execution of the GMP Amendment. Contractor shall submit annual MWESB Reports on June 30 of each year the Contract is active. Contracts (or GMP Amendments) first executed by Contractor within ninety (90) Days before June 30 of the year of execution by Contractor may at the discretion of Owner be exempt from submitting the annual MWESB Report otherwise due on that June 30. The final MWESB Report shall be filed with the application for final payment. Timely receipt of MWESB Reports by Owner shall be a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to pay any progress payments or final payment otherwise due.

E.3 PAYROLL CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

Owner's receipt of payroll certification pursuant to Section C.2 of this Contract shall be a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to pay any progress payments or final payment otherwise due.

E.4 DUAL PAYMENT SOURCES

Contractor shall not be compensated for Work performed under this Contract from any state agency other than the agency that is a party to this Contract.

E.5 RETAINAGE

- E.5.1 Retainage shall be withheld and released in accordance with the requirements set forth in OSU standards and policies.
- E.5.1.1 Owner may reserve as retainage from any progress payment an amount not to exceed five percent of the payment. As Work progresses, Owner may reduce the amount of retainage on or may eliminate retainage on any remaining monthly Contract payments after 50 percent of the Work under the Contract is completed if, in the Owner's discretion, such Work is progressing satisfactorily. Elimination or reduction of retainage shall be allowed only at Owner's sole discretion and only upon written application by the Contractor, which application shall include written approval of Contractor's surety; except that when the Work is 97-1/2 percent completed the Owner may, at its discretion and without application by the Contractor, reduce the retained amount to 100 percent of the value of the Work remaining to be done. Upon receipt of written application by the Contractor, Owner shall respond in writing within a reasonable time.
- E.5.1.2 Contractor may request in writing:
 - (a) To be paid amounts which would otherwise have been retained from progress payments where Contractor has deposited acceptable bonds and securities of equal value with Owner or in

- a custodial account or other mutually-agreed account satisfactory to Owner, with an approved bank or trust company to be held in lieu of the cash retainage for the benefit of Owner;
- (b) For construction projects over \$1,000,000, that retainage be deposited in an interest bearing account, established through the State Treasurer for state agencies, in a bank, savings bank, trust company or savings association for the benefit of Owner, with earnings from such account accruing to the Contractor; or
- (c) That the Owner allow Contractor to deposit a surety bond for the benefit of Owner, in a form acceptable to Owner, in lieu of all or a portion of funds retained, or to be retained. Such bond and any proceeds therefrom shall be made subject to all claims in the manner and priority as set forth for retainage.

When the Owner has accepted the Contractor's election of option (a) or (b), Owner may recover from Contractor any additional costs incurred through such election by reducing Contractor's final payment. Where the Owner has agreed to Contractor's request for option (c), Contractor shall accept like bonds from Subcontractors and suppliers on the project from which Contractor has required retainages.

- E. 5.1.3 The retainage held by Owner shall be included in and paid to the Contractor as part of the Final Payment of the Contract Price. The Owner shall pay to Contractor interest at the rate of twothirds of one percent per month on the final payment due Contractor, interest to commence forty five (45) Days after the date which Owner receives Contractor's final approved application for payment and Work under the Contract has been completed and accepted and to run until the date when final payment is tendered to Contractor. The Contractor shall notify Owner in writing when the Contractor considers the Work complete and deliver to Owner its final application for payment and Owner shall, within fifteen (15) Days after receiving the written notice and the application for payment, either accept the Work or notify the Contractor of Work yet to be performed on the Contract. If Owner does not within the time allowed notify the Contractor of Work yet to be performed to fulfill contractual obligations, the interest provided by this subsection shall commence to run forty five (45) Days after the end of the 15-Day period.
- E.5.1.4 Owner will reduce the amount of the retainage if the Contractor notifies the controller of the Owner that the Contractor has deposited in an escrow account with a bank or trust company, in a manner authorized by the Owner, bonds and securities of equal value of a kind approved by the Owner and such bonds and securities have in fact been deposited.
- E.5.1.5 Contractor agrees that if Contractor elects to reserve a retainage from any progress payment due to any Subcontractor or supplier, such retainage shall not exceed five percent of the payment, and such retainage withheld from Subcontractors and suppliers shall be subject to the same terms and conditions stated in Subsection E.5 as apply to Owner's retainage from any progress payment due to Contractor.

E.6 FINAL PAYMENT

E.6.1 Upon completion of all the Work under this Contract, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, in writing, that Contractor has completed Contractor's obligations under the Contract and shall prepare its application requesting final payment. Upon receipt of such notice and application for payment, the Owner will inspect the Work, and, if acceptable, submit to the Owner a recommendation as to acceptance of the completed Work and the final estimate of the amount due the Contractor. If the Work is not acceptable, Owner will notify Contractor within fifteen (15) Days of Contractor's request for Final Payment. Upon approval of this final application for payment by the Owner and

- compliance by the Contractor with provisions in Section K, and Contractor's satisfaction of other provisions of the Contract Documents as may be applicable, the Owner shall pay to the Contractor all monies due under the provisions of these Contract Documents.
- E.6.2 Neither Final Payment nor any remaining retained percentage shall become due until the Contractor submits to the Owner (1) a certificate evidencing that insurance required by the Contract Documents to remain in force after Final Payment is currently in effect and will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least thirty (30) Days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner, (2) a written statement that the Contractor knows of no substantial reason that the insurance will not be renewable to cover the period required by the Contract Documents, (3) consent of surety, if any, to Final Payment and (4), if required by the Owner, other data establishing payment or satisfaction of obligations, such as receipts, releases and waivers of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract, to the extent and in such form as may be designated by the Owner. If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- E.6.3 Acceptance of Final Payment by the Contractor, a Subcontractor or material supplier shall constitute a waiver of claims by that payee except those previously made in writing and identified by that payee as unsettled at the time of final application for payment.
- E.6.4 Contractor agrees to submit its final payment application within ninety (90) Days after Substantial Completion, unless written extension is granted by Owner. Contractor shall not delay Final Payment application for any reason, including without limitation nonpayment of Subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers or others not a party to this Contract, or lack of resolution of a dispute with Owner or any other person of matters arising out of or relating to the Contract. If Contractor fails to submit its Final Payment application within ninety (90) Days after Substantial Completion, and Contractor has not obtained written extension by Owner, all requests or Claims for additional costs or an extension of Contract Time shall be waived.

SECTION F JOB SITE CONDITIONS

F.1 USE OF PREMISES

Contractor shall confine equipment, storage of materials and operation of Work to the limits indicated by Contract Documents, Applicable Laws, permits or directions of the Owner. Contractor shall follow the Owner's instructions regarding use of premises, if any.

F.2 PROTECTION OF WORKERS, PROPERTY AND THE PUBLIC

- F.2.1 Contractor shall maintain continuous and adequate protection of all of the Work from damage and shall protect the Owner, workers and property from injury or loss arising in connection with this Contract. Contractor shall remedy acceptably to the Owner any damage, injury, or loss, except such as may be directly due to errors in the Contract Documents or caused by authorized representatives or personnel of the Owner. Contractor shall adequately protect adjacent property as provided by law and the Contract Documents.
- F.2.2 Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of all personnel on the job site or otherwise engaged in the

undertaking of the Work and shall comply with the Contract Documents, best practices and all applicable provisions of federal, state and municipal safety laws and building codes to prevent accidents or injury to persons on, about or adjacent to the premises where the Work is being performed. Contractor shall erect and properly maintain at all times, as required by the conditions and progress of the Work, all necessary safeguards for protection of workers and the public against any hazards created by construction. Contractor shall designate a responsible employee or associate on the Work site, whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. The name and position of the person designated shall be reported to the Owner. The Owner has no responsibility for Work site safety. Work site safety shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

- F.2.3 Contractor shall not enter upon private property without first obtaining permission from the property owner or its duly authorized representative. Contractor shall be responsible for the preservation of all public and private property along and adjacent to the Work contemplated under the Contract and shall use every precaution necessary to prevent damage thereto. In the event the Contractor damages any property, the Contractor shall at once notify the property owner and make, or arrange to make, full restitution. Contractor shall, immediately and in writing, report to the Owner, all pertinent facts relating to such property damage and the ultimate disposition of the claim for damage.
- F.2.4 Contractor shall be responsible for protection of adjacent work areas including impacts brought about by activities, equipment, labor, utilities, vehicles and materials on the site.

Contractor shall verify that all mechanical or electrical equipment in the construction areas that may be affected by the Work is in working order and shall notify the Owner, in writing, of any equipment not in working order prior to the start of the Work. Start of Work will be considered as acknowledgement that all equipment is in good working order. Contractor shall be required to restore equipment to its original, or better, condition upon completion of the project.

- F.2.5 Contractor shall at all times direct its activities in such a manner as to minimize adverse effects on the environment. Handling of all materials shall be conducted so no release will occur that may pollute or become hazardous.
- F.2.6 In an emergency affecting the safety of life or limb or of the Work or of adjoining property, the Contractor, without special instruction or authorization from the Owner, shall act reasonably to prevent threatened loss or injury, and shall so act, without appeal, if instructed by the Owner. Any compensation claimed by the Contractor on account of emergency work shall be determined in accordance with section D.

F.3 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- F.3.1 Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating all cutting, fitting, or patching of the Work to make its several parts come together properly and fit to receive or be received by work of other contractors or Subcontractors shown upon, or reasonably implied by, the Contract Documents.
- F.3.2 Contractor shall be responsible for restoring all cut, fitted, or patched surfaces to an original condition; provided, however, that if a different condition is specified in the Contract Documents, then Contractor shall be responsible for restoring such surfaces to the condition specified in the Contract Documents.

F.4 CLEANING UP

From time to time as may be prudent or ordered by the Owner and, in any event, immediately after completion of the Work, the Contractor shall, at its own expense, clean up and remove all refuse and unused materials of any kind resulting from the Work. If Contractor fails to do so within twenty-four hours after notification by the Owner the work may be done by others and the cost charged to the Contractor and deducted from payment due the Contractor.

F.5 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION

- F.5.1. Contractor shall be held responsible for and shall indemnify, defend (with counsel of Owner's choice), and hold harmless Owner from and against any costs, expenses, damages, claims, and causes of action, (including attorney fees), or any of them, resulting from all spills, releases, discharges, leaks and disposal of environmental pollution, including storage, transportation, and handling during the performance of the Work or Contractor's obligations under the Contract which occur as a result of, or are contributed by, the negligence or actions of Contractor or its personnel, agents, or Subcontractors or any failure to perform in accordance with the Contract Documents (except to the extent otherwise void under ORS 30.140). Nothing in this section F.5.1 shall limit Contractor's responsibility for obtaining insurance coverages required under Section G.3 of this Contract, and Contractor shall take no action that would void or impair such coverages.
- F.5.1.1 Contractor agrees to promptly dispose of such spills, releases, discharge or leaks to the satisfaction of Owner and regulatory agencies having jurisdiction in a manner that complies with Applicable Laws. Cleanup shall be at no cost to the Owner and shall be performed by properly qualified and, if applicable, licensed personnel.
- F.5.1.2 Contractor shall obtain the Owner's written consent prior to bringing onto the Work site any (i) environmental pollutants or (ii) hazardous substances or materials, as the same or reasonably similar terms are used in any Applicable Laws. Notwithstanding such written consent from the Owner, the Contractor, at all times, shall:
 - (a) Properly handle, use and dispose of all environmental pollutants and hazardous substances or materials brought onto the Work site, in accordance with all Applicable Laws:
 - (b) Be responsible for any and all spills, releases, discharges, or leaks of (or from) environmental pollutants or hazardous substances or materials which Contractor has brought onto the Work site; and
 - (c) Promptly clean up and remediate, without cost to the Owner, such spills, releases, discharges, or leaks to the Owner's satisfaction and in compliance with all Applicable Laws
- F.5.2 Contractor shall report all reportable quantity releases, as such releases are defined in Applicable Laws, including but not limited to 40 CFR Part 302, Table 302.4 and in OAR 340-142-0050, to applicable federal, state, and local regulatory and emergency response agencies. Upon discovery, regardless of quantity, Contractor must telephonically report all releases to the Owner. A written follow-up report shall be submitted to Owner within 48 hours of the telephonic report. Such written report shall contain, as a minimum:
 - (a) Description of items released (identity, quantity, manifest numbers, and any and all other documentation required by law.)

- (b) Whether amount of items released is EPA/DEQ reportable, and, if so, when reported.
- (c) Exact time and location of release, including a description of the area involved.
- (d) Containment procedures initiated.
- (e) Summary of communications about the release between Contractor and members of the press or State, local or federal officials other than Owner.
- (f) Description of cleanup procedures employed or to be employed at the site, including disposal location of spill residue.
- (g) Personal injuries, if any, resulting from, or aggravated by, the release.

F.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CLEAN-UP

- F.6.1 Unless disposition of environmental pollution is specifically a part of this Contract, or was caused by the Contractor (reference F.5 Environmental Contamination), Contractor shall immediately notify Owner of any hazardous substance(s) which Contractor discovers or encounters during performance of the Work required by this Contract. "Hazardous substance(s)" means any hazardous, toxic and radioactive materials and those substances defined as "hazardous substances," "hazardous materials," "hazardous wastes," "toxic substances," or other similar designations in any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance, including without limitation asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or petroleum, and any substances, materials or wastes regulated by 40 CFR, Part 261 and defined as hazardous in 40 CFR S 261.3. In addition to notifying Owner of any hazardous substance(s) discovered or encountered, Contractor shall immediately cease working in any particular area of the project where a hazardous substance(s) has been discovered or encountered if continued work in such area would present a risk or danger to the health or well-being of Contractor's or any Subcontractor's work force, property or the environment.
- F.6.2 Upon being notified by Contractor of the presence of hazardous substance(s) on the project site, Owner shall arrange for the proper disposition of such hazardous substance(s).

F.7 FORCE MAJEURE

A party to this Contract shall not be held responsible for delay or default due to Force Majeure acts, events or occurrences unless they could have been avoided by the exercise of reasonable care, prudence, foresight, and diligence by that party. The Owner may terminate this Contract upon written notice after determining that delay or default caused by Force Majeure acts, events or occurrences will reasonably prevent successful performance of the Contract.

SECTION G INDEMNITY, BONDING, AND INSURANCE

$\textbf{G.1} \; \underline{\textbf{RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGES} / \textbf{INDEMNITY}}$

- G.1.1 Contractor shall be responsible for all damage to property, injury to persons, and loss, expense, inconvenience, and delay that may be caused by, or result from, the carrying out of the Work to be done under this Contract, or from any act, omission or neglect of the Contractor, its Subcontractors, sub-subcontractors of any tier, suppliers, employees, guests, visitors, invitees and agents.
- G.1.2 To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall indemnify, defend (with counsel approved by Owner) and hold harmless the Owner, Architect/Engineer, Architect/Engineer's

- consultants, and their respective officers, directors, agents, employees, partners, members, stockholders and affiliated companies (collectively "Indemnitees") from and against all liabilities, damages, losses, claims, expenses (including reasonable attorney fees), demands and actions of any nature whatsoever which arise out of, result from or are related to, (a) any damage, injury, loss, expense, inconvenience or delay described in this Section G.1., (b) any accident or occurrence which happens or is alleged to have happened in or about the project site or any place where the Work is being performed, or in the vicinity of either, at any time prior to the time the Work is fully completed in all respects, (c) any failure of the Contractor or its Subcontractors, sub-subcontractors of any tier, suppliers, employees or consultants to observe or perform any duty or obligation under the Contract Documents which is to be observed or performed by the Contractor, or any breach of any agreement, representation or warranty of the Contractor contained in the Contract Documents or in any subcontract, (d) the negligent acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, sub-subcontractor of any tier suppliers, a consultant or anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or any one of them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of whether or not such claim, damage, loss or expense is caused in part by a party indemnified hereunder (except to the extent otherwise void under ORS 30.140), and (e) any lien filed upon the project or bond claim in connection with the Work. Such obligation shall not be construed to negate, abridge, or reduce other rights or obligations of indemnity which would otherwise exist as to a party or person described in this Section G.1.2.
- G.1.3 In claims against any person or entity indemnified under Section G.1.2 by an employee of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, the indemnification obligation under Section G.1.2 shall not be limited by a limitation on amount or type of damages, compensation or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or a Subcontractor under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts or other employee benefit acts.

G.2 PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT SECURITY; PUBLIC WORKS BOND

- G.2.1 When the Contract Price is \$100,000 or more (or \$50,000 or more in the case of Contracts for highways, bridges and other transportation projects), the Contractor shall furnish and maintain in effect at all times during the Contract Period a performance bond in a sum equal to the Contract Price and a separate payment bond also in a sum equal to the Contract Price. Contractor shall furnish such bonds even if the Contract Price is less than the above thresholds if otherwise required by the Contract Documents.
- G.2.2 Bond forms furnished by the Owner and notarized by awarded Contractor's surety company authorized to do business in Oregon are the only acceptable forms of performance and payment security, unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents.
- G.2.3 Before execution of the Contract the Contractor shall file with the Construction Contractors Board, and maintain in full force and effect, the separate public works bond required by Oregon Laws 2015, Chapter 279C, and OAR 839-025-0015, unless otherwise exempt under those provisions. The Contractor shall also include in every subcontract a provision requiring the Subcontractor to have a public works bond filed with the Construction Contractors Board before starting Work, unless otherwise exempt, and shall verify that the Subcontractor has filed a public works bond before permitting any Subcontractor to start Work.

G.3 INSURANCE

- G.3.1 General Requirements. The required insurance amounts set forth below do not in any way limit the amount or scope of liability of Contractor under this Contract. The amounts listed indicate only the minimum amounts of insurance coverage Owner is willing to accept to help insure full performance of all terms and conditions of this Contract.
- G.3.1.1 Primary Coverage and Non-Contributory Coverage. Insurance carried by Contractor under this Contract shall be primary and non-contributory coverage. The coverages indicated are minimums unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents.
- G.3.1.2 Company Ratings. All policies of insurance must be written by companies having an A.M. Best rating of no less than "A-VII", or equivalent. Owner may, upon thirty (30) days written notice to Contractor, require Contractor to change any carrier whose rating drops below an "A-VII" rating. Eligible insurers include admitted insurers that have been issued a certificate of authority from the Oregon Department of Consumer and Business Services authorizing them to conduct an insurance business and issue policies of insurance in the state of Oregon, and certain non-admitted surplus lines insurers that satisfy the requirements of applicable Oregon law and which are subject to approval the Owner.
- G.3.1.3 Additional Insured. Each liability policy, except Workers'
 Compensation and Professional Liability, shall be endorsed to
 include Owner, its officers, trustees, employees and agents as
 additional insured but only with respect to the Contractor's
 activities to be performed under this Contract
 - If Contractor cannot obtain an insurer to name the Owner as additional insured, Contractor shall obtain at Contractor's expense, and keep in effect during the term of this Contract, Owners and Contractors Protective Liability Insurance, naming the Owner as additional insured with minimum limits of \$2,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate. This policy must be kept in effect for 36 months following Final Completion. As evidence of coverage, Contractor shall furnish the actual policy to Owner prior to execution of the Contract.
- G.3.1.4 Notice of Cancellation or Change. If the Contractor receives a non-renewal or cancellation notice from an insurance carrier affording coverage required herein, or receives notice that coverage no longer complies with the insurance requirements herein, Contractor agrees to notify Owner by fax within five (5) business days with a copy of the non-renewal or cancellation notice, or written specifics as to which coverage is no longer in compliance. When notified by Owner, the Contractor agrees to stop Work pursuant to this Contract, unless all required insurance remain in effect. Any failure to comply with the reporting provisions of this insurance, except for the potential exhaustion of aggregate limits, shall not affect the coverages provided to the Owner.

Owner shall have the right, but not the obligation, of prohibiting Contractor from entering the Work site until a new certificate(s) of insurance is provided to Owner evidencing the replacement coverage. The Contractor agrees Owner reserves the right to withhold payment to Contractor until evidence of reinstated or replacement coverage is provided to Owner.

- G.3.1.5 Deductibles and Self-insured Retentions. Any deductible, self-insured retention and/or self-insurance in excess of \$50,000 may be subject to approval by the Owner in writing.
- G.3.2 Workers' Compensation. All employees, including Contractor, that employs subject workers who work under this Contract in the State of Oregon shall comply with ORS

- 656.017 and provide the required Worker's Compensation coverage, unless such employers are exempt under ORS 656.126. This shall include Employer's Liability Insurance with minimum limits of \$1,000,000 each accident; \$1,000,000 disease-each employee; and \$1,000,000 disease-policy limit. Contractors who perform the Work without the assistance or labor of any employee need not obtain such coverage if the Contractor certifies so in writing. Contractor shall ensure that each of its Subcontractors complies with these requirements. The Contractor shall require proof of such Workers' Compensation coverage by receiving and keeping on file a certificate of insurance from each Subcontractor or anyone else directly employed by either the Contractor or its Subcontractors.
- G.3.3 Commercial General Liability. Contractor shall obtain, and keep in effect at Contractor's expense for the term of the Contract, Commercial General Liability Insurance covering bodily injury and property damage in the amount of \$2,000,000 per occurrence and \$4,000,000 aggregate. This insurance shall include personal injury liability, products and completed operations, and contractual liability coverage for the indemnities provided under this Contract (to the extent contractual liability coverage for the indemnity is available in the marketplace).
- G.3.4 Automobile Liability. Contractor shall obtain, at Contractor's expense, and keep in effect during the term of this Contract, Automobile Liability Insurance with "symbol 1" coverage (owned, hired and non-owned vehicles). The coverage may be written in combination with the Commercial General Liability Insurance. Contractor shall provide proof of insurance showing minimum limits of \$2,000,000 combined single limit. Contractor and its Subcontractors shall be responsible for ensuring that all non-owned vehicles maintain adequate Automobile Liability insurance while on site.
- G.3.5 Umbrella Liability. Contractor shall obtain, at Contractor's expense, and keep in effect during the term of this Contract, Umbrella liability Insurance over and above the Commercial General Liability, Automobile Liability and Employers' Liability insurance coverage with minimum limits of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 aggregate.
- G.3.6 Owner may adjust the insurance amounts required in Section G.3.4, G.3.4, and G.3.5 through the issuance of Supplemental General Conditions and a Contract.
- G.3.7 Professional Liability. (if required by issuance of Supplemental General Conditions) Contractor shall obtain, at Contractor's expense, Professional Liability/Errors & Omissions insurance covering damages caused by any negligent error, omission, or professional misconduct of the Contractor. The policy may be either a practice based policy or a policy pertaining to the specific Project. Professional Liability insurance shall have minimum limits of \$3,000,000 each claim and \$3,000,000 aggregate. Contractor shall require that each of its Major Consultants and subcontractors (including structural, civil, mechanical, plumbing, electrical engineering, survey, geotechnical and materials testing) secures and maintains Professional Liability/Errors & Omissions with limits not less than \$2,000,000 each claim and \$2,000,000 aggregate. All other Consultants and subcontractors not listed above shall have limits not less than \$1,000,000 each claim and \$1,000,000 aggregate.
- G.3.7.1 Tail Coverage. If the Professional Liability is arranged on a "claims made" basis, tail coverage will be required at the completion of this Contract for a duration of 36 months or the maximum time period available in the marketplace if less than 36 months. Contractor shall furnish certificates of insurance showing tail coverage as described or continuous "claims"

- made" liability coverage for 36 months following Final Completion. Continuous "claims made" coverage will be acceptable in lieu of tail coverage, provided its retroactive date is on or before the effective date of this Contract. Owner's receipt of the certificate of insurance and/or endorsement evidencing such coverage shall be a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to make final payment and to Owner's final acceptance of Work or services and related warranty (if any).
- G.3.8 Pollution Liability (if required by Owner through issuance of Supplemental General Conditions) Contractor shall obtain, at Contractor's expense, and keep in effect during the term of this Contract, Pollution liability Insurance in minimum amounts of \$3,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate, naming Owner as additional insured, as noted in the Additional Insured section
- G.3.9 Builders' Risk Insurance Completed Value Basis. Unless otherwise provided, the Contractor shall purchase and maintain, in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located, Builders' Risk Insurance in the amount of the initial Contract Sum, plus value of subsequent modifications, change orders, and cost of material supplied or installed by others, comprising total value of the entire Project at the site on a replacement cost basis without optional deductibles. The earthquake and flood insurance sublimits will be equal to the maximum probable loss.
- G.3.9.1 Policy must provide coverage from the time any covered property becomes the responsibility of the Contractor, and continue without interruption during construction, renovation, or installation, including any time during which the covered property is being transported to the construction installation site, or awaiting installation, whether on or off site.
- G.3.9.2 The Builders' Risk Insurance shall include the Owner, the Contractor, subcontractors and sub-tier contractors in the Project as named insureds on the policy, and shall include a waiver of subrogation provision in favor of all parties.
- G.3.9.3 The Builders' Risk Coverage shall be written on a Special Covered Cause of Loss form and shall include theft, vandalism, malicious mischief, collapse, false-work, temporary buildings, transit, debris removal including demolition, increased cost of construction, architect's fees and expenses, flood (including water damage), earthquake, and if applicable, all below and above ground structures, piping, foundations including underground water and sewer mains, piling including the ground on which the structure rests and excavation, backfilling, filling, and grading.
- G.3.9.4 The Builders' Risk shall include a Beneficial Occupancy Clause. The policy shall specifically permit occupancy of the building during construction. Contractor shall take reasonable steps to obtain consent of the insurance company and delete any provisions with regard to restrictions within any Occupancy Clauses within the Builder's Risk Policy.
- G.3.9.5 Equipment Breakdown Coverage (a.k.a. Boiler & Machinery) shall be included as required by the Contract Documents or by law, which shall specifically covers insured equipment during installation and testing (including cold and hot testing).
- G.3.9.6 The Builders' Risk shall include loss of use due to delays in project completion caused by covered peril losses to the Project, including loss of income and rents and soft costs.
- G.3.9.7 The deductible shall not exceed \$50,000 for physical damage and shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The deductible shall be paid by the Contractor if the Contractor is negligent. The earthquake and flood deductible shall not

- exceed 2 percent of each loss or \$50,000, whichever is greater.
- G.3.9.8 OSU shall be provided with a certificate of insurance, as well as a copy of the policy.
- G.3.9.19 The Contractor shall be responsible for the payment of premium, giving or receiving notice of cancellation; and requesting amendments to this policy and accepting amendments to this policy made by the company.
- G.3.9.10 OSU reserves the right to purchase the Builder's Risk insurance policy.
- G.3.10 Builder's Risk Installation Floater. For Work other than new construction, Contractor shall obtain and keep in effect during the term of this Contract, a Builder's Risk Installation Floater for coverage of the Contractor's labor, materials and equipment to be used for completion of the work performed under this Contract. The minimum amount of coverage to be carried shall be equal to the full amount of the Contract. The policy will include as loss payees Owner, the Contractor and its Subcontractors as their interests may appear. Owner may waive this requirement at their sole and absolute discretion.
- G.3.11 Certificate(s) of Insurance. As evidence of the insurance coverage required by this Contract, the Contractor shall furnish certificate(s) of insurance to the Owner prior to the execution of the Contract. The certificates(s) will specify all of the parties who are additional insured or loss payees for this Contract, and the applicable endorsements will be attached. Additional insured endorsements must include completed operations without restriction to contractual requirements.
- G.3.12 Subcontractors. Subject to and following the written approval of the Owner as outlined in B.11.3 as related to Subcontracts and Assignment, the Contractor shall require Subcontractors to have insurance as outlined in section G.3.1 through G.3.4; however, the policy limits may be reduced, but no case shall the policy limits be less than \$1,000,000.
- G.3.13 Reserve Contracting Program: For the Reserve Contracting Program the term "Contract" as used in this Section G in the phrases "keep in effect during the term of this Contract" and "prior to execution of the Contract" shall mean each Reserve Contract Supplement issued under the Reserve Contract.

SECTION H SCHEDULE OF WORK

H.1 CONTRACT PERIOD

- H.1.1 Time is of the essence. The Contractor shall at all times carry on the Work diligently, without delay and punctually fulfill all requirements herein. If required by the Contract Documents, Contractor shall commence Work on the site within fifteen (15) Days of Notice to Proceed, unless directed otherwise.
- H.1.2 Unless specifically extended by Supplement Amendment, all Work shall be complete by the date contained in the Contract Documents. The Owner shall have the right to accelerate the completion date of the Work, which may require the use of overtime. Such accelerated Work schedule shall be an acceleration in performance of Work under Section D.1.2 (f) and shall be subject to the provisions of Section D.1.
- H.1.3 The Owner shall not waive any rights under the Contract by permitting the Contractor to continue or complete in whole or in part the Work after the date described in Section H.1.2 above.

H.2 SCHEDULE

H.2.1 Contractor shall provide, by or before the pre-construction conference, a detailed Construction Schedule for review and

acceptance by the Owner. The submitted Construction Schedule must illustrate Work by significant project components, significant labor trades, long lead items, broken down by building and/or floor where applicable. Each Construction Schedule item shall account for no greater than 5% of the monetary value of the project or 5% of the available time. Construction Schedules with activities of less than one day or valued at less than 1% of the Contract shall be considered too detailed and shall not be accepted. Construction Schedules lacking adequate detail, or unreasonably detailed, shall be rejected. Included within the Construction Schedule are the following: Notice to Proceed, Substantial Completion, and Final Completion. Contractor shall provide an updated, full Project Construction Schedule with each payment request. In addition, twice monthly, the Contractor shall provide an updated three-week forward-looking schedule. Acceptance of the Construction Schedule by the Owner does not constitute agreement by the Owner as to the Contractor's sequencing, means, methods, or durations. Any positive difference between the Contractor's scheduled completion and the contract completion date is float owned by the Project. Use of the float shall be negotiated. In no case shall the Contractor make a claim for delays if the Work is completed within the Contract time but after Contractor's scheduled completion.

H.3 PARTIAL OCCUPANCY OR USE

H.3.1 The Owner may occupy or use any completed or partially completed portion of the Work at any stage, provided such occupancy or use is consented to by public authorities having jurisdiction over the Work. Such partial occupancy or use may commence whether or not the portion is substantially complete, provided the Owner and Contractor have reasonably accepted in writing the responsibilities assigned to each of them for payments, retainage, if any, security, insurance or self-insurance, maintenance, heat, utilities, and damage to the Work, and have agreed in writing concerning the period for correction of the Work and commencement of warranties required by the Contract Documents with respect to such portion of the Work. Approval by the Contractor to partial occupancy or use shall not be unreasonably withheld. Immediately prior to such partial occupancy or use, the Owner and Contractor shall jointly inspect the area to be occupied or portion of the Work to be used in order to determine and record the condition of the Work. Partial occupancy or use of a portion or portions of the Work shall not constitute acceptance of Work not complying with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

SECTION I CORRECTION OF WORK

I.1 CORRECTION OF WORK BEFORE FINAL PAYMENT

The Contractor warrants to the Owner that materials and equipment furnished under the Contract will be of good quality and new unless otherwise required or permitted by the Contract Documents, that the Work will be free from defects, and that the Work will conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents. Work failing to conform to these requirements shall be deemed defective. Contractor shall promptly remove from the premises and replace all defective materials and equipment as determined by the Owner, whether incorporated in the Work or not. Removal and replacement shall be without loss or expense to the Owner, and Contractor shall bear the cost of repairing all Work destroyed or damaged by such removal or replacement. Contractor shall be allowed a period of no longer than thirty (30) Days after Substantial Completion for completion of defective (Punch List) work. At the end of the thirty-day period, or earlier if requested by the Contractor, Owner shall arrange for inspection of the Work by the Architect/Engineer. Should the work not be complete, and all corrections made, the costs for all subsequent reinspections shall be borne by the Contractor. If Contractor fails to complete the Punch List work within the thirty (30) Day period, Owner

may perform such work and Contractor shall reimburse Owner all costs of the same within ten (10) Days after demand without affecting Contractor's obligations.

I.2 WARRANTY WORK

- I.2.1 Neither the final certificate of payment nor any provision of the Contract Documents shall relieve the Contractor from responsibility for defective Work and, unless a longer period is specified, Contractor shall correct all defects that appear in the Work within a period of one year from the date of issuance of the written notice of Substantial Completion by the Owner except for latent defects which will be remedied by the Contractor at any time they become apparent. The Owner shall give Contractor notice of defects with reasonable promptness. The Contractor shall perform the warranty Work by correcting defects within twenty-four (24) hours of notification by Owner, unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents. Should the Contractor fail to respond within the specified response time, the Owner may, at its option, complete the necessary repairs using another contractor or its own forces. If Owner completes the repairs using Owner's own forces, Contractor shall pay Owner at the rate of one and one-half (11/2) times the standard hourly rate of Owner's forces, plus related overhead and any direct non-salary costs. If Owner completes the repairs using another contractor, Contractor shall pay Owner the amount of Owner's direct costs billed by the other contractor for the work, plus the direct salary costs and related overhead and direct nonsalary expenses of Owner's forces who are required to monitor that contractor's work. Work performed by Owner using Owner's own forces or those of another contractor shall not affect the Contractor's contractual duties under these provisions, including warranty provisions. In the event of warranty work consisting of emergency repairs, Owner may perform such work and Contractor shall reimburse Owner all costs of the same within ten (10) Days after demand, without affecting Contractor's obligations.
- I.2.2 Nothing in this Section I.2 provision shall negate guarantees or warranties for periods longer than one year including without limitation such guarantees or warranties required by other sections of the Contract Documents for specific installations, materials, processes, equipment or fixtures.
- I.2.3 In addition to Contractor's warranty, manufacturer's warranties shall pass to the Owner and shall not take effect until such portion of the Work covered by the applicable warranty has been accepted in writing by the Owner.
- I.2.4 The one-year period for correction of Work shall be extended with respect to portions of Work performed after Substantial Completion by the period of time between Substantial Completion and the actual performance of the Work, and shall be extended by corrective Work performed by the Contractor pursuant to this Section, as to the Work corrected. The Contractor shall remove from the site portions of the Work which are not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and are neither corrected by the Contractor nor accepted by the Owner.
- I.2.5 Nothing contained in this Section I.2 shall be construed to establish a period of limitation with respect to other obligations which the Contractor might have under the Contract Documents. Establishment of the period for correction of Work as described in this Section I.2 relates only to the specific obligation of the Contractor to correct the Work, and has no relationship to the time within which the obligation to comply with the Contract Documents may be sought to be enforced, nor to the time within which proceedings may be commenced to establish the Contractor's liability with respect to the Contractor's obligations other than specifically to correct the Work.

I.2.6 If the Owner prefers to accept Work which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Owner may do so instead of requiring its removal and correction, in which case the Contract Price will be reduced as appropriate and equitable. Such adjustment shall be effected whether or not final payment has been made.

SECTION J SUSPENSION AND/OR TERMINATION OF THE WORK

J.1 OWNER'S RIGHT TO SUSPEND THE WORK

- J.1.1 The Owner has the authority to suspend portions or all of the Work due to the following causes:
 - (a) Failure of the Contractor to correct unsafe conditions;
 - (b) Failure of the Contractor to carry out any provision of the Contract;
 - (c) Failure of the Contractor to carry out orders;
 - (d) Conditions, in the opinion of the Owner, which are unsuitable for performing the Work;
 - (e) Time required to investigate differing site conditions;
 - (f) Any reason considered to be in the public interest.
- J.1.2 The Owner shall notify Contractor and the Contractor's Surety in writing of the effective date and time of the suspension, and Owner shall notify Contractor and Contractor's surety in writing to resume Work.

J.2 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- J.2.1 During the period of the suspension, Contractor is responsible to continue maintenance at the project just as if the Work were in progress. This includes, but is not limited to, protection of completed Work, maintenance of access, protection of stored materials, temporary facilities, and clean-up.
- J.2.2 When the Work is recommenced after the suspension, the Contractor shall replace or renew any Work damaged during the suspension, remove any materials or facilities used as part of temporary maintenance, and complete the project in every respect as though its prosecution had been continuous and without suspension.

J.3 COMPENSATION FOR SUSPENSION

J.3.1 Depending on the reason for suspension of the Work, the Contractor or the Owner may be due compensation by the other party. If the suspension was required due to acts or omissions of Contractor, the Owner may assess the Contractor actual costs of the suspension in terms of administration, remedial work by the Owner's forces or another contractor to correct the problem associated with the suspension, rent of temporary facilities, and other actual costs related to the suspension. If the suspension was caused by acts or omissions of the Owner, the Contractor may be due compensation which shall be defined using Section D, Changes in Work. If the suspension was required through no fault of the Contractor or the Owner, neither party shall owe the other for the impact.

J.4 OWNER'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE CONTRACT

J.4.1 The Owner may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy, and after giving Contractor seven (7) Days' written notice and an opportunity to cure, terminate the Contract in whole or in part under the following conditions:

- (a) If Contractor should, voluntarily or involuntarily, seek protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code and Contractor as debtor-in-possession or the Trustee for the estate fails to assume the Contract within a reasonable time;
- (b) If Contractor should make a general assignment for the benefit of Contractor's creditors;
- (c) If a receiver should be appointed on account of Contractor's insolvency;
- (d) If Contractor should repeatedly refuse or fail to supply an adequate number of skilled workers or proper materials to carry on the Work as required by the Contract Documents, or otherwise fail to perform the Work in a timely manner;
- (e) If Contractor should repeatedly fail to make prompt payment to Subcontractors or for material or labor, or should disregard laws, ordinances or the instructions of the Owner: or
- (f) If Contractor is otherwise in breach of any part of the Contract.
- (g) If Contractor is in violation of Applicable Laws, either in the conduct of its business or in its performance of the Work
- J.4.2 At any time that any of the above occurs, Owner may exercise all rights and remedies available to Owner at law or in equity, and, in addition, Owner may take possession of the premises and of all materials and appliances and finish the Work by whatever method it may deem expedient. In such case, the Contractor shall not be entitled to receive further payment until the Work is completed. If the Owner's cost of finishing the Work exceeds the unpaid balance of the Contract Price, Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner.

J.5 TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE

- J.5.1 Owner may terminate the Contract in whole or in part whenever Owner determines that termination of the Contract is in the best interest of Owner or the public.
- J.5.2 The Owner shall provide the Contractor with seven (7) Days prior written notice of a termination for Owner's or for public convenience. After such notice, the Contractor shall provide the Owner with immediate and peaceful possession of the premises and materials located on and off the premises for which the Contractor received progress payment under Section E. Compensation for Work terminated by the Owner under this provision will be according to Section E. In no circumstance shall Contractor be entitled to lost profits for Work not performed due to termination.

J.6 ACTION UPON TERMINATION

- J.6.1 Upon receiving a notice of termination, and except as directed otherwise by the Owner, Contractor shall immediately cease placing further subcontracts or orders for materials, services, or facilities. In addition, Contractor shall terminate all subcontracts or orders to the extent they relate to the Work terminated and, with the prior written approval of the Owner, settle all outstanding liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts and orders.
- J.6.2 As directed by the Owner, Contractor shall, upon termination, transfer title and deliver to the Owner all Record Documents, information, and other property that, if the Contract had been completed, would have been required to be furnished to the Owner.

J.6.3 Upon Owner's notice of termination pursuant to either Section J.4 or J.5, if Owner shall so elect, Contractor shall assign the Owner such subcontracts and orders as Owner shall specify. In the event Owner elects to take assignment of any such subcontract or order, Contractor shall take such action and shall execute such documents as Owner shall reasonably require for the effectiveness of such assignment and Contractor shall ensure that no contractual arrangement between it and its subcontractors or suppliers of any tier or sub-tier shall prevent such assignment.

SECTION K CONTRACT CLOSE OUT

K.1 RECORD DOCUMENTS

As a condition of final payment (refer also to section E.6), Contractor shall comply with the following: Contractor shall provide Record Documents for the entire project to Owner. Record Documents shall depict the project as constructed and shall reflect each and every change, modification, and deletion made during the construction. Record Documents are part of the Work and shall be provided prior to the Owner's issuance of final payment. Record Documents include all modifications to the Contract Documents unless otherwise directed, and accurate MWESB Reports.

K.2 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

As part of the Work, Contractor shall submit two completed operation and maintenance manuals ("O & M Manuals") for review by the Owner prior to submission of any pay request for more than 75% of the Work. Owner's receipt of the O & M Manuals shall be a condition precedent to any payment thereafter due. The O & M Manuals shall contain a complete set of all Submittals, all product data as required by the specifications, training information, telephone list and contact information for all consultants, manufacturers, installer and suppliers, manufacturer's printed data, record and shop drawings, schematic diagrams of systems, appropriate equipment indices, warranties and bonds. The Owner shall review and return one O & M Manual for any modifications or adjustments required. Prior to submission of its final pay request, Contractor shall deliver two (2) complete and approved sets of O & M Manuals in paper form and one (1) complete and approved set in electronic form to the Owner and Owner's receipt of the O & M Manuals shall be a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to make final payment.

K.3 COMPLETION NOTICES

- K.3.1 Contractor shall provide Owner written notice of both Substantial and Final Completion. The certificate of Substantial Completion shall state the date of Substantial Completion, the responsibilities of the Owner and Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance, and the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the Punch List accompanying the Certificate. Both completion notices must be signed by the Contractor and the Owner to be valid. The Owner shall provide the final signature on the notices. The notices shall take effect on the date they are signed by the Owner.
- K.3.2 Substantial Completion of a facility with operating systems (e.g., mechanical, electrical, HVAC) shall be that degree of completion that has provided a minimum of thirty (30) continuous Days of successful, trouble-free operation, which period shall begin after all performance and acceptance testing has been successfully demonstrated to the Owner. All equipment contained in the Work, plus all other components necessary to enable the Owner to operate the facility in the manner that was intended, shall be complete on the Substantial Completion date. The Contractor may request that a Punch List be prepared by the Owner with submission of the request for the Substantial Completion notice.

K.4 TRAINING

As part of the Work, and prior to submission of the final application for payment, the Contractor shall schedule with the Owner training sessions for all equipment and systems as required by the Contract Documents. Contractor shall schedule training sessions at least two weeks in advance of the date of training to allow Owner to provide its personnel with adequate notice. The O & M Manual shall be used as a basis for training. In addition to any off-site training required by the Contract Documents, training shall include a formal session conducted at the Work site after the equipment and/or system is completely installed and operational in its normal operating environment.

K.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

As part of the Work, Contractor shall provide spare parts, extra maintenance materials, and other materials or products in the quantities specified in the Contract Documents prior to final payment. Delivery point for extra materials shall be designated by the Owner.

K.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CLEAN-UP

As part of the Final Completion notice, or as a separate written notice submitted with or before the notice of Final Completion, the Contractor shall notify the Owner that all environmental and pollution clean-up, remediation and closure have been completed in accordance with all Applicable Laws and pursuant to the authority of all agencies having jurisdiction, and Contractor shall provide Owner with any and all documentation related to the same, including but not limited to directives, orders, letters, certificates and permits related to or arising from such environmental pollution. The notice shall reaffirm the indemnification given under Section F.5.1 above. Contractor's completion of its obligations under this Section K.6 and Owner's receipt of documents evidencing such completion shall be a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to make final payment.

K.7 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

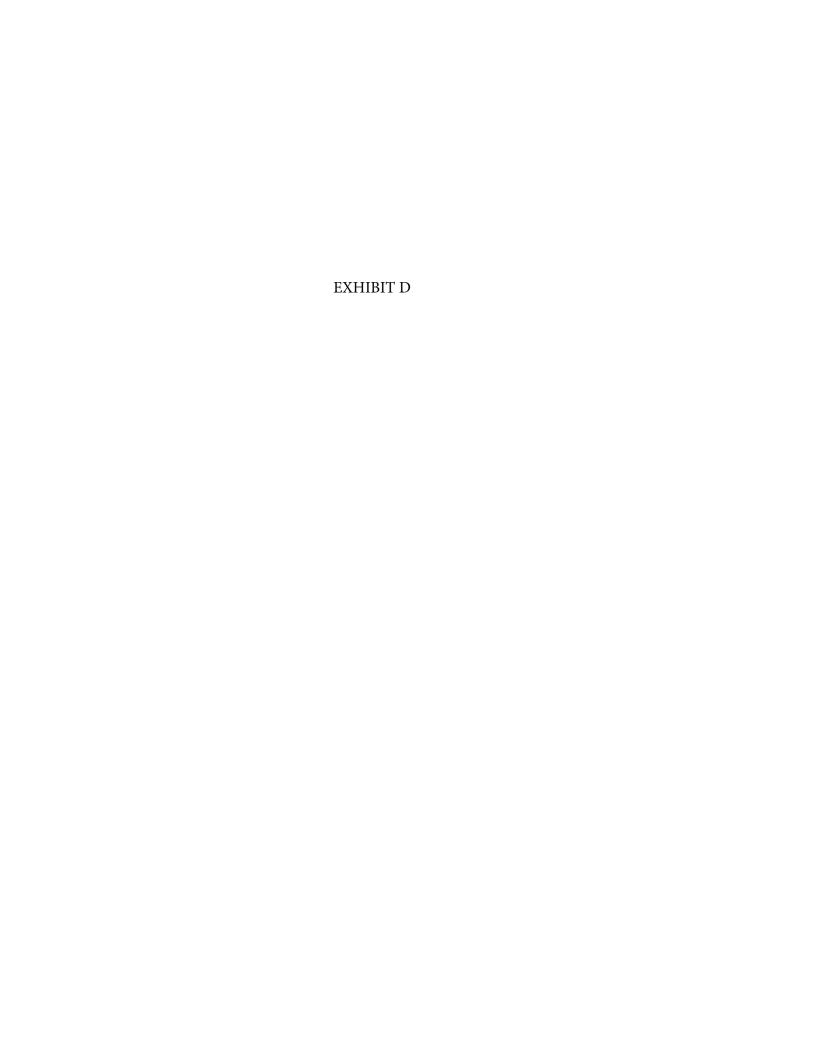
Owner's receipt of an unconditioned certificate of occupancy from the appropriate state and/or local building officials shall be a condition precedent to Owner's obligation to make final payment, except to the extent failure to obtain an unconditional certificate of occupancy is due to the sole fault or neglect of Owner.

K.8 OTHER CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Contractor shall be responsible for returning to the Owner all property of Owner issued to Contractor during construction such as keys, security passes, site admittance badges, and all other pertinent items. Upon notice from Owner, Contractor shall be responsible for notifying the appropriate utility companies to transfer utility charges from the Contractor to the Owner. The utility transfer date shall not be before Substantial Completion and may not be until Final Completion, if the Owner does not take beneficial use of the facility and the Contractor's forces continue with the Work.

K.9 SURVIVAL

All warranty and indemnification provisions of this Contract, and all of Contractor's other obligations under this Contract that are not fully performed by the time of Final Completion or termination, shall survive Final Completion or any termination of the Contract.



OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

PERFORMANCE BOND

Bond No.		
Solicitation		
Project Name		
(Surety #1)	Bond Amount No. 1:	\$
(Surety #2)*		\$ \$ \$
* If using multiple sureties	Total Penal Sum of Bond:	\$
We,	as Principal	and the above identified
ourselves, our respective heirs, execute	ty business in Oregon, as Surety, herebyors, administrators, successors and assign DSU), the sum of (Total Penal Sum of B	y jointly and severally bind ons firmly by these presents
only for the purpose of allowing a join	reselves in such sum "jointly and several t action or actions against any or all of u ly and severally with the Principal, for t of such Surety), and	as, and for all other
WHEREAS, the Principal has entered specifications, terms and conditions of referenced Solicitation;	into contract No with the which are contained within the Contract	ne OSU, the plans, et resulting from the above-
specifications, special provisions, sche	of the Contract, together with applicable dule of performance, and schedule of C rence, whether or not attached to the con	ontract prices, are made a

"Contract"); and
WHEREAS, the Principal has agreed to perform the Contract in accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, plans and specifications, and all authorized modifications of the Contract which increase

the amount of the work, the amount of the Contract, or constitute an authorized extension of the time for

performance, notice of any such modifications hereby being waived by the Surety:

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS BOND IS SUCH that if the Principal herein shall (1) faithfully and truly observe and comply with the terms, conditions and provisions of the Contract, in all respects, (2) shall well and truly and fully do and perform all matters and things undertaken by Contractor to be performed under the Contract, upon the terms set forth therein, and within the time prescribed therein, or as extended as provided in the Contract, with or without notice to the Sureties, (3) shall save, defend, indemnify and hold harmless OSU and its officers, board members, employees, agents and other representatives, against any direct or indirect damages or claim of every kind and description that shall be suffered or claimed to be suffered in connection with or arising out of the performance of the Contract by

the Principal or its subcontractors, and (4) shall in all respects perform said contract according to law, then this obligation is to be void; otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

Nonpayment of the bond premium will not invalidate this bond, nor shall OSU be obligated for the payment of any premiums.

This bond is given and received under authority of ORS Chapters 279C and 352, the provisions of which hereby are incorporated into this bond and made a part hereof.

ated this	day of		, 20	
		PRINCIPAL:		
		By	Signature	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			Signature	
		A 44 4-	Official Capa	
		Attest:	Corporation S	Secretary
		BY ATTORNE	s for each surety if usin Y-IN-FACT: rney must accompany	
				•
			Name	
			Name Signature	

Phone

Fax

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

PAYMENT BOND

Bond No.		
Solicitation		
Project Name		
(Surety #1)	Bond Amount No. 1:	\$
(Surety #2)*	Bond Amount No. 2:*	\$
* If using multiple sureties	Total Penal Sum of Bond:	\$
We,	, as Principal,	and the above identified
Surety(ies), authorized to transact surety bourselves, our respective heirs, executors, to pay unto Oregon State University (OSU	ousiness in Oregon, as Surety, hereby administrators, successors and assig J) the sum of (Total Penal Sum of B	y jointly and severally bind ns firmly by these presents
bind ourselves in such sum "jointly and se a joint action or actions against any or all and severally with the Principal, for the pa such Surety), and	everally" as well as "severally" only of us, and for all other purposes each	for the purpose of allowing a Surety binds itself, jointly
WHEREAS, the Principal has entered into specifications, terms and conditions of whereferenced Solicitation;		
WHEREAS, the terms and conditions of t specifications, special provisions, schedul part of this Payment Bond by reference, w "Contract"): and	e of performance, and schedule of co	ontract prices, are made a

WHEREAS, the Principal has agreed to perform the Contract in accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, plans and specifications, and schedule of contract prices which are set forth in the Contract and any attachments, and all authorized modifications of the Contract which increase the amount of the work, or the cost of the Contract, or constitute authorized extensions of time for performance of the Contract, notice of any such modifications hereby being waived by the Surety:

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS BOND IS SUCH that if the Principal shall (1) faithfully and truly observe and comply with the terms, conditions and provisions of the Contract, in all respects, (2) shall well and truly and fully do and perform all matters and things by it undertaken to be performed under said Contract and any duly authorized modifications that are made, upon the terms set forth therein, and within the time prescribed therein, or as extended therein as provided in the Contract, with or without notice to the Sureties, (3) shall save, defend, indemnify and hold harmless OSU, and its officers, board members, employees, agents and other representatives, against any claim for direct or indirect damages of every kind and description that shall be suffered or claimed to be suffered in connection with or arising out of the performance of the Contract by the Contractor or its subcontractors, (4) shall promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials or both to the Principal or its subcontractors for prosecution of the work provided in the Contract; (5) shall promptly pay all contributions due the State Industrial Accident Fund and the State Unemployment Compensation Fund from the Principal or its

subcontractors in connection with the performance of the Contract; (6) shall pay over to the Oregon Department of Revenue all sums required to be deducted and retained from the wages of employees of the Principal and its subcontractors pursuant to ORS 316.167;(7) shall permit no lien nor claim to be filed or prosecuted against the State or OSU on account of any labor or materials furnished; and (8) shall do all things required of the Principal by the laws of this State, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

Nonpayment of the bond premium will not invalidate this bond, nor shall OSU be obligated for the payment of any premiums.

This bond is given and received under authority of ORS Chapters 279C and 352, the provisions of which hereby are incorporated into this bond and made a part hereof.

Dated this	day of		, 20
		PRINCIPAL	:
		Ву	
			Signature
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Official Capacity
		Attest:	Corporation Secretary
		BY ATTORN	es for each if using multiple bonds EY-IN-FACT: orney must accompany each bondj
			Name
			Signature
			Address
		City	State Zip
		Phone	Fax



As indicated in the General Conditions of your contract(s) Section E.2.9, OSU requires that we gather MWESB (Minority, Women's Emerging Small Business) Contractor/Subcontractor information. This is an Oregon State University requirement and the information will be gathered annually and at time of final payment.

- You must do this step first or the report will not let you add any information: In Row 1 Column B there is a drop down menu. You must select yearend (if the job has not been completed) or final (if the job is completed and you have submitted for retention). Once you choose yearend or final in the drop down menu there will be areas highlighted in light green and red. Those are the areas that you are required to fill out. If you did not use or planning to use any MWESB then the left side of the report (Light Green area) still needs to be filled out and the red area needs to remain blank.
- If your agency is an MWESB or if you are using/used an MWESB subcontractor then you need
 to fill out the information in the report that is highlighted in light green and red (see
 instructions in the next bullet). If you are not an MWESB or used a Subcontractor that is an
 MWESB then you need to fill out the left side of the form (Light Green areas) and leave the red
 area blank.
- In row 2 Column B there is another drop down menu, click the drop down menu and choose Fiscal Year 2015.
- In Row 4 Column B there is another drop down menu, click there and choose OSU.



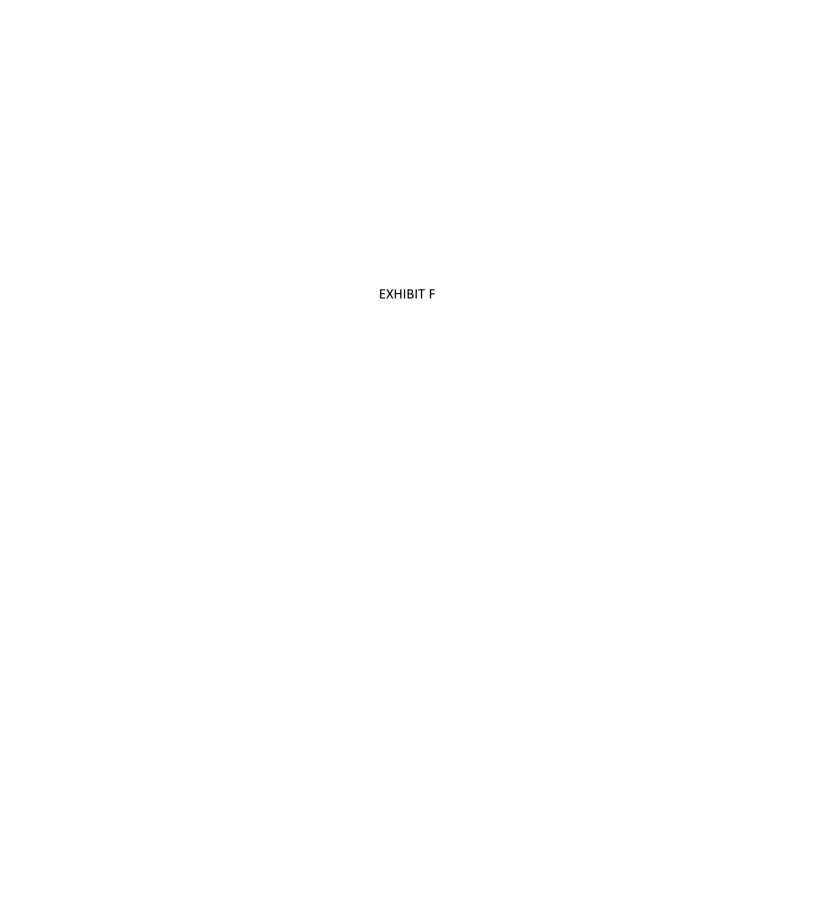
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY:
Date Received by the Campus

Initials of Campus staff who checked the document

CapCon MWESB Subcontractor Report

REPORT BEING SUBMITTED		Individual Contractor/Sub-Contractor/Supplier Data Entry Matrix								
		Name of MWESB General/ Subcontractor/ Supplier	State of Oregon MWESB Certification Number	Self- Identified or Other Certified	Initial Sub- Contract Value	Sub-Contract value billed within the fiscal year (July 1-June 30)	Final Sub- Contract Value	Minority- Owned	Women- Owned	Emerging Small Business
OVERALL PROJECT DATA		_								
Reporting Period	2011									
Campus										
General Contractor's Name										
Contract Number										
Project Name										
Contract Execution Date (Date Contract was Signed by the Owner)										
Date of Final Payment Application										
Initial Total Contract Value										
Total Contract Value billed within the fiscal year (July 1 - June 30)										
Final Total Contract Value										
Total Number of Subcontractors/Suppliers Used on Project										
Total Number of First-Tier Subcontractors/Suppliers Used on Project										
Number of First-Tier MWESB Subcontractors/Suppliers										
CALCULATED REPORTING DATA (Self Calculating - No D	ata Entry)	1								
Number of MWESB Subcontractors/Suppliers	0									
% MWESB Subcontractors/Suppliers										
% First-Tier MWESB Subcontractors/Suppliers										
,										
CERTIFIED MWESB TOTALS										
Value Awarded to MWESB Contractors/Suppliers	\$0.00									
% Value Awarded to MWESB Contractors/Suppliers										
Value - minority-owned MWESB subcontractors/suppliers	\$0.00									
% - minority-owned MWESB subcontractors/suppliers										
Value - women-owned MWESB subcontractors/suppliers	\$0.00									
% - women-owned MWESB subcontractors/suppliers										
Value - emerging small business MWESB subcontractors/suppliers	\$0.00									
% - emerging small business MWESB subcontractors/suppliers										
SELF-IDENTIFIED or OTHER CERTIFIED MWESB TOTALS										
Value - self-identified or other certified subcontractors/suppliers	\$0.00									
% - self-identified or other certified subcontractors/suppliers										
OVERALL PROJECT CONTRACT HISTORY										
% Value Awarded to MWESB Contractors/suppliers at Initial Contract	#DIV/0!									
% Value Awarded to MWESB Contractors/suppliers at Final Contract	#DIV/0!									
I										

1 of 1 10/7/2011



SECTION 01 11 00

SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY OF WORK

- A. The Oak Creek Building HVAC project primarily addresses the heating system. The current steam boilers are outside of their serviceable life and will be replaced with (3) high efficiency hot water boilers. The heating water piping, (60) fan coils for hydronic heating, (22) unit heaters, (2) heating coils, and (3) convectors will all be new, as well as (3) new primary pumps and (2) secondary pumps. Cooling will be added to (2) conference rooms 103 & 201, these will be VRF units. Project abatement will be addressed prior to construction.
- B. Work shall be started within Ten (10) days from the Notice To Proceed date. The Contract may not be signed prior to approval of the Contractor's Certificate of Insurance by Construction Contract Administration (CCA), Oregon State University. Work shall be completed no later than October 12, 2020.

1.02 CONTRACTORS USE OF PREMISES

- A. Contractor shall limit use of the Premises for work and storage to allow for:
 - 1. Owner occupancy, day and night.
 - 2. Public use, day and night.
 - 3. Security.
 - 4. Safe entry and exit for vehicles and pedestrians.
 - 5. Fire egress.
- B. Coordinate all operations with the Owner's Authorized Representative during the construction period. A 96 hour notification is required prior to scheduled utility shutdowns or street closures, but more lead time is often required to schedule around other critical activities.
- C. Limit Contractor's employee parking to locations designated at the Pre-construction Conference.

1.03 OWNER OCCUPANCY

- A. The Owner will occupy the Premises during the entire period of construction for the conduct of normal operations. Cooperate with Owner's Authorized Representative in construction operations to minimize conflict and to facilitate the Owner's usage especially in the following areas:
 - 1. Restricted access and parking.
 - 2. Use of stairs.
 - 3. Storage space availability.
- B. Conduct operations in such a way to ensure the least inconvenience to the general

public, including:

- 1. Limitations and easements.
- 2. Emergency vehicle access.
- 3. Building access to the public, day and night.

1.04 ASBESTOS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

- A. The Owner has made a reasonable attempt to locate and identify asbestos or other hazardous material that may be encountered during the course of the Work.
- B. If the Contractor observes or suspects the existence of asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) or other hazardous materials in the structure or components of the building, the Contractor shall immediately stop work and notify the Owner's Authorized Representative.
- C. The Owner will arrange for the removal of asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) or other hazardous materials as required by Facilities Services personnel or by separate contract.
- D. Schedule ten (10) days of slack or "down" time for the removal of hazardous materials without penalty to Owner for the delay of the Contract.

1.05 LEAD BASED PAINT

- A. The Owner may have tested existing paint in the project area and if levels are found the following conditions apply.
- B. Contractor shall remove paint as specified for surface preparation and capture removed material for disposal.
- C. Contractor shall follow OSHA guidelines involving exposure to workers.
- D. Owner will provide containers for Contractor's use at project site.
- E. Contractor shall comply with the requirements of DEQ and EPA and shall submit a lead abatement plan.
- F. Contractor shall separate lead contaminated material from effluent and water.
- G. Owner will dispose of lead paint and effluent resulting from stripping operation.
- H. Soil contaminated by stripping operations shall be replaced with topsoil.

SECTION 01 24 76

APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Work of this Section includes forms and procedures for progress payments.
- B. Related work specified elsewhere.
 - 1. For the primary discussion of payments, refer to OSU General Conditions, Section E, as supplemented.
 - 2. In compliance with OSU General Conditions, Section K, no payments beyond 75% will be made by the Owner before draft Operation and Maintenance Manuals have been received for review by the Owner.

1.02 APPLICATION FORMS

- A. For applications for payment, use sample Contract Payment Request (see below), contract payment request on company letterhead, or AIA Document G702, supported by AIA Document G703, Continuation Sheet, or similar document.
- B. Prepare the Schedule of Values in such a manner that each major item of Work and each subcontracted item of Work is shown as a line item broken down in terms of material and labor costs on AIA Document G703, Application Certification of Payment, Continuation Sheet or similar format. The sample continuation sheet shall be the minimum Schedule of Values breakdown.
- C. The Schedule of Values shall be submitted for review by the Owner prior to the first application for payment; and may be used when, and only when, accepted in writing by the Owner.
- D. Payment request is to include the Contractor's Federal Tax Identification number and return address.

1.03 PAYMENTS

- A. The Owner will make progress payments on account of the Contract once monthly for the scheduled duration of the project (i.e. three (3) payments on a three-month project), based on the value of work accomplished or materials on the job site, as stated in the Schedule of Values on the Application and Certificate Payment.
- B. Notwithstanding the foregoing, as this project is scheduled to take four (4) months to complete, Owner will only make four (4) payments, plus a final retainage payment, as applicable.
- C. Complete and forward Application to the Owner on or about the 15th day of each month for work performed the previous month and include certified payroll statements as specified in the OSU General Conditions.

- D. Submit one (1) copy of forms requesting payment to the Owner.
- E. Payments will be made on protected materials on hand at the job site properly stored, protected, and insured.
- F. Estimated quantities shall be subject to the Owner's review and judgment.

1.04 EARLY PURCHASE AND PAYMENT OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Order materials and equipment requiring a long lead or waiting time early so as not to delay progress of the Work.
- B. The Contractor will be reimbursed for early order materials or equipment upon receipt and verification of quality and quantity against submittals and shipping documents by the Owner's Authorized Representative.
- C. Receipt shall be to the job site or stored at Owner's other premises in an orderly and safe manner, secured from normal weather damage.
- D. Security remains the responsibility of the Contractor.

CONTRACT PAYMENT REQUEST

DATE:			
TO:	University Financial Services Oregon State University 850 SW 35 th Ave Corvallis, OR 97333		
Payme	ent Request NoContract No Period	d from to	
Projec	t:		
Origin	al Contract Amount	\$_	
Chang	e Orders (Net Amount)	\$_	
Contra	act Total to Date	\$_	
=====		======	
Total (Completed and Stored to Date	\$_	
Less R	etainage (5%), if applicable	\$_	
Total E	Earned, Less Retainage (if applicable)	\$_	-
Less P	revious Payments	\$_	-
Net Aı	mount Due this Request	\$_	
covere been p	ndersigned Contractor certifies that, to the best of hed by this request has been completed in accordance baid for Work for which previous applications for Payr, and that the amount shown herein is now due.	e with the Contract Documents, that	all amounts have
Contra	actor:		_
Ву:		Date:	-
Federa	al Tax ID Number:	_	
Addre	ss:	_	

CONTINUATION SHEET

				Project Name:					
NOTES:				Application No.:					
Amounts are sta	ated to the nearest penny.			Date: Period To:					
Use Column I or retainage is req	n Contracts where variable retain: uired.	age for line items n							
Change Orders	are usually listed as the last items	of the basic sched	lule.			WRN No.:			
А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	
			_				_		

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G		Н	1
Item	Description of work	Scheduled	Work Co	mpleted	Materials	TOTAL	%	Balance	Retainage
No.		Value	From	This Period	Presently	Completed	Completed	to Finish	
			Previous		Stored	& Stored			
			Applications		(Not in D or E)	(D+E+F)	(G/C)	(C-G)	
TOTALS									

SECTION 01 25 00

PRODUCT SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General requirements for the Work in relation to substitutions and product options.
- B. Submit to the Owner's property insurance carrier shop drawings, samples, and product data (such as manufacturer's standard schematic drawings and other literature) when required by individual Specifications sections.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere
 - 1. Instructions to Bidders.
 - 2. OSU General Conditions.

1.02 REQUESTS FOR SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Requests for substitution of products in place of those specified shall be in accordance with Instructions to Bidders, and as specified herein.

1.03 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Investigate proposed products and determine that they are equal or superior in all respects to products specified.
- B. Provide same guarantee for accepted substitutions as for products specified.
- C. Coordinate installation of accepted substitutions into the Work, making such changes as may be required for the Work to be complete in all respects.

1.04 SUBSTITUTIONS DURING BIDDING

- A. Submit two (2) copies of the following information with each request to the Owner:
 - 1. CSI substitution request form.
 - 2. Comparison of proposed substitution with product, material or system specified.
 - 3. Complete data, substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with the Contract Documents.
 - 4. Test numbers and supporting reports, indicating compliance with referenced standards.
 - 5. Evidence that warranty requirements are acceptable.
 - 6. Details indicating specific deviations proposed for the substitution.
 - 7. Reference and applicable Specification sections.
 - 8. Applicable product samples.
- B. All substitution requests shall be received in the Owner's office no less than ten (10) calendar days before bid opening. Requests received after this date will not be considered.

1.05 SUBSTITUTIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. Substitutions will normally not be considered after date of Contract except when required due to unforeseen circumstances.
- B. Within a period of thirty (30) days after date of Contract, the Owner may, at its option, consider formal written requests for substitution of products in place of those specified, when submitted in accordance with the requirements stipulated herein.
- C. One or more of the following conditions must be documented in any such request:
 - 1. Required for compliance with final interpretation of code or insurance requirements.
 - 2. Required due to unavailability of a specified product.
 - 3. Required because of the inability of the specified product to perform properly or to fit in the designated space.
 - 4. Substitution would be substantially in the best interest of the Owner in terms of cost, time, or other considerations.

1.06 SUBSTITUTIONS NOT PERMITTED

- A. If implied on submittals without first requesting approval thereof.
- B. If acceptance will require substantial revision of the Contract Documents.

SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

TO:				
PROJEC	т:			
SPECIFI	ED ITEM:			
 Section	Page	Paragraph	Description	
The und	dersigned requests	consideration of the	e following:	
PROPO	SED SUBSTITUTION	:		_
		•	•	ngs, photographs, performance and ons of the data are clearly identified.
		includes descriptio proper installation.	n of changes to Contract Do	cuments which proposed substitution
The und	dersigned states tha	at the following para	agraphs, unless modified on	attachments, are correct:
1. The բ	proposed substituti	on does not affect o	limensions shown on Drawi	ngs.
	•	y for changes to the by the requested su		ngineering design, detailing and
-	proposed substituti ty requirements.	on will have no adve	erse effect on other trades,	the construction schedule, or specified
4. Main	tenance and servic	e parts will be locall	y available for the proposed	substitution.
	dersigned further st ent or superior to t		on, appearance and quality	of the Proposed Substitution are
Submit	ted by:			
Signatu	re		For use by Design	Consultant:
Firm				☐ Accepted as noted
Address	s			☐ Received too late
			Ву	
Date			Date	
Telepho	one		Remarks	
Attachr	nents:			

SECTION 01 31 19

PROJECT MEETINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. Architect/Engineer/Designer, Contractor and Owner will meet prior to start of the Work (within seven (7) days after notice to proceed) to discuss at least the following topics and any others of mutual interest.
 - 1. Schedule of Values
 - 2. Permit Status/tree protection/erosion control
 - 3. List of sub-contractors
 - 4. Job inspections.
 - 5. Early purchase of, and/or lead time requirements for material and equipment/prepurchase of equipment
 - 6. Monthly payment date/SOP for pay requests
 - 7. Portion of site to be occupied by construction.
 - 8. Parking/Staging areas
 - 9. Non-smoking campus requirements
 - 10. Maintenance of access and safety.
 - 11. Processing of field decisions and change orders
 - 12. Labor provisions/labor rates for subs
 - 13. Material submittals/deferred submittals
 - 14. Owner access during construction.
 - 15. Review of Contract Documents/review ADA requirements/cross-slopes
 - 16. Coordination procedures and separate contracts.
 - 17. Progress schedules.
 - 18. Critical Work sequencing.
 - 19. Safety and emergency procedures/24 hour contact numbers
 - 20. Security procedures.
 - 21. Hazardous materials.
 - 22. Progress meetings.
 - 23. Contract close-out.
- B. Location of Meeting: Project site

1.02 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. The Contractor will schedule and administer progress meetings and will:
 - 1. Prepare agendas.
 - 2. Schedule progress meetings, frequency, time and day to be determined during pre-construction meeting.
 - 3. Make physical arrangements for and preside at meetings.
 - 4. Record minutes and include decisions.

- 5. Distribute copies of minutes to participants within four (4) days after meetings.
- B. Location of Meetings: Project site.
- C. Attendance:
 - 1. The Owner or Owner's Authorized Representative.
 - 2. Contractor.
 - 3. Subcontractors affected by agenda.
 - 4. Project Architect/Engineer/as necessary.
 - 5. Owner will attend meeting to ascertain Work is expedited consistent with progress schedule and with Contract Documents.
- D. Minimum Agenda:
 - 1. Review and approve minutes from previous meeting.
 - 2. Review Work progress since previous meeting.
 - 3. Discuss field observations, and problems.
 - 4. Review delivery schedules, construction schedule, and identify problems which impede planned progress.
 - 5. Review proposed changes.
 - 6. Material submittals.
 - 7. Note all new subcontractors performing Work at the job site.

SECTION 01 33 23

SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, SAMPLES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Submit to the Owner shop drawings, samples, and product data (such as manufacturer's standard schematic drawings and other literature) when required by individual Specifications sections.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere
 - 1. Instructions to Bidders.
 - 2. OSU General Conditions.

1.02 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULING

- A. For items requiring review by the Owner only, submittals shall be sent to the Owner at least 15 calendar days before the date each is required for fabrication or installation.
- B. Submittals to be reviewed by Owner's consultants shall be sent to the Owner at least 20 calendar days before the date each is required for fabrication or installation.
- C. Submittals to be reviewed by Owner's property insurance carrier shall be sent to Owner as directed in individual specification sections.
- D. Submittals involving Substitution requests or other modifications requiring review by the Owner and/or the Owner's consultants shall be sent to the Owner at least 20 calendar days before the date each is required for fabrication or installation.

1.03 SUBMITTAL CONTENT AND FORMAT

- A. General Requirements:
 - Shop Drawings: Submit in electronic format and, if requested by Owner's Authorized Representative, submit one reproducible transparency and 1 print of each drawing.
 - 2. Product Data: Submit electronically, and if requested by Owner's Authorized Representative, up to 6 hard copies.
 - Samples: Submit the number and type stated in each Specification Section.
 Submit a minimum of three sets of color samples where color selection is required.
 - 4. Submittals shall include:
 - a. Date and revision dates return date requested.
 - b. Project title and number.
 - c. The names of the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and manufacturer.
 - d. Identification of product or material, with Specification Section number.
 - e. Relation to adjacent critical features of work or materials.
 - f. Field dimensions, clearly identified as such.

- g. Applicable standards, such as ASTM number or Federal Specification.
- h. Identification of deviations from Contract Documents, and for products accompanied by Substitution request as required by Section 01 25 00.
- i. Contractor's stamp legibly signed, essentially as follows:
 - The undersigned, acting on behalf of the Contractor, certifies that this submittal has been reviewed and is approved; products have been verified as being as specified, field measurements and field construction criteria have been or will be coordinated, and the submittal is in compliance with Contract Documents.
- 5. Re-submission Requirements:
 - a. Revise initial drawings as required and resubmit as specified for initial submittal.
 - b. Indicate on drawings any changes which have been made other than those requested by the Owner or the owner's consultants.
- 6. The Owner may return without review any submittal not meeting the requirements listed above.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Present data in a clear and thorough manner.
- 2. Details shall be identified by reference to sheet and detail, schedule or room numbers shown on Contract Documents.
- 3. Structural items shall be identified by location in the completed structure. Identify details by reference to contract sheet and detail numbers.
- 4. Minimum sheet Size: 8 ½ x 11".

C. Product Data:

- 1. Manufacturer's catalog sheets, brochures, diagrams, schedules, performance charts, illustrations and other standard descriptive data:
 - a. Clearly mark each copy to identify pertinent product or models.
 - b. Show dimensions, weights, and clearances required.
 - c. Show performance data consisting of capabilities, ROM, KW, pressure drops, design characteristics and consumption; conforming as closely as possible to the test methods referenced in the Plans and Specifications.
 - d. Show wiring or piping diagrams and controls.
- 2. Manufacturer's standard schematic drawings and diagrams:
 - a. Modify to delete information which is not applicable.
 - b. Supplement standard information to provide information specifically applicable to the Work.

D. Samples:

- 1. Insure that samples are of sufficient size to indicate the general visual effect or color.
- 2. Where samples must show a range of color, texture, finish, graining, or other property, submit sets of pairs illustrating the full scope of this range.

3. One (1) sample or one (1) set of approved samples will be retained by the Owner; final work will be measured against approved samples.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Process submittals in ample time for review, as applicable, so as to not delay the Work. All submittals shall be received by the Owner within ten (10) days after preconstruction.

1.05 DEFINITIONS

- A. The Owner will mark reviewed materials as follows:
 - 1. "No Exception Taken," which means fabrication, manufacture and/or installation may proceed.
 - 2. "Make Revisions Noted," which means fabrication, manufacture and/or installation may proceed with revisions as noted.
 - 3. "Revise and Resubmit," which means that fabrication, manufacture and/or installation may not proceed.
 - 4. "Rejected," which means do not proceed; make arrangements for the review of the proposed Work with the Owner as soon as possible.

1.06 PROCESSING

- A. Review submittals, make necessary corrections, and become familiar with the content of the submittals.
- B. Mark each item with Contractor's stamp.
- C. Accompany submittals with a transmittal letter bearing the project name, Contractor's name, number of items, and other pertinent data.
- D. Keep one copy of each reviewed submittal on the job site at all times.
- E. Be responsible for obtaining and distributing prints of shop drawings to the various suppliers, and the Owner once review process has been completed. Make prints of reviewed shop drawings only from transparencies which carry the appropriate stamp and endorsement.

SECTION 01 42 13

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Words which may be found elsewhere in the Project Manual and Drawings are abbreviated in accordance with the standards set forth in the following table:

		СВ	catch basin
A/C	air conditioning	CEM	cement
, AB	anchor bolt	CF	cubic foot
AC	asphaltic concrete	CFOI	contractor furnished owner
ACT	acoustical tile		installed
AD	area drain	CG	corner guard
ADD	addendum	CH	ceiling height
ADD'L	additional	CI	cast iron
ADH	adhesive	CJ	control joint
AFF	above finish floor	CKBD	chalkboard
AGG	aggregate	CL	centerline
AL	aluminum	CLG	ceiling
ALLOW	allowable	CLR	clear(ance)
ALT	alternate	CM	construction manager
ANOD	anodized	CMT	ceramic mosaic (tile)
AP	access panel	CMU	concrete masonry unit
APPRX	approximate	COL	column
ARCH	architect(ural)	COM	communications
ASPH	asphalt	CONC	concrete
AUTO	automatic	CONN	connect(ion)
AVE	avenue	CONST	construction
		CONT	continuous or continue
BD	board	CONTR	contract(or)
BIT	bituminous	CPT	carpet
BLDG	building	CRS	course(s)
BLKG	blocking	CS	countersink
BM	bench mark, beam(s)	CSMT	casement
BOT	bottom	CT	ceramic tile
BRZ	bronze	CTR	center
BS	both side	CVG	clear vertical grain
		CW	cold water

OAK CREEK BUILDING HVAC IMPROVEMENTS March 2020

CWT	ceramic wall tile	EXH	exhaust
CY	cubic yard	EXP	exposed
		EXT	exterior
D	depth		
DEMO	demolish, demolition	FA	fire alarm
DEP	depressed	FAF	fluid applied flooring
DF	drinking fountain	FARF	fluid applied resilient floor
DIA	diameter	FAS	fasten, fastener
DIAG	diagonal	FBD	fiberboard
DIM	dimension	FBT	finished blowing temperature
DISP	dispenser	FD	floor drain, fire damper
DIV	division	FE	fire extinguisher
DL	dead load	FEC	fire extinguisher cabinet
DMT	demountable	FF	factory finish
DN	down	FGL	fiberglass
DP	dampproofing	FHMS	flathead machine screw
DR	door	FHWS	flathead wood screw
DS	downspout	FIN	finish(ed)
DT	drain tile	FLCO	floor cleanout
DTL	detail	FLR	floor(ing)
DW	dumbwaiter	FLUR	fluorescent
DWG	drawing(s)	FND	foundation
DWR	drawer	FOC	face of concrete
		FOIC	furnished by owner/installed by
EA	each		contractor
EB	expansion bolt	FOIO	furnished by owner/installed by
EF	each face		owner
EJ	expansion joint	FOM	face of masonry
EL	elevation	FP	fireproofing, flash point
ELEC	electric(al)	FPHB	freeze-proof hose bib
EMBED	embedment	FR	fire resistive, fire rated
EMER	emergency	FRM	frame(d), (ing)
ENCL	enclose(ure)	FS	full size
EP	electrical panel board	FSS	finished structural slab
EQ	equal	FT	foot
EQUIP	equipment	FTG	footing
EST	estimate	FTS	finished topping slab
EVT	equiviscious temperature		
EW	each way	GA	gage, gauge
EWC	electric water cooler	GALV	galvanized
EX.EXIT	existing	GB	grab bar or gypsum board

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GC	general contractor	LAM	laminate(d)
GI	galvanized iron	LAV	lavatory
GL	glass, glazing	LBS	pounds
GLS	glass resin wall surfacing		
GP	gypsum	LH	left hand
		LL	live load
НВ	hose bib	LONGIT	longitudinal
HBD	hardboard	LP	low point
HC	hollow core	LW	lightweight
HD	heavy duty		
HDR	header	MAX	maximum
HDW	hardware	MB	machine bolt
НМ	hollow metal	M. MECH	mechanic(al)
HOR	horizontal	MFR	manufacture(r)
HP	high point	MH	manhole
HR	hour	Min	minimum, minute
HT	height	MISC	miscellaneous
HTG	heating	MO	masonry opening
HVAC	heating, ventilating, air	MO#	model number
	conditioning	MOD	modular
HWD	hardwood	MPH	miles per hour
HWH	hot water heater	MS	machine screw
		MTL	metal
ID	inside diameter, identification	MULL	mullion
IN	inch	MWP	membrane waterproofing
INCIN	incinerator		
INCL	include(d), ion)	NAT	natural, natural finish
INT	interior	NIC	not in contract
INV	invert	NO	number
		NOM	nominal
JB	junction box	NTS	not to scale
JC	janitor's closet		
JT	joint	OA	overall
		OBS	obscure
KD	kiln dried	OC	on center(s)
KCP	Keene's cement plaster	OD	outside diameter
KO	knockout	OF	overflow
KP	kick plate	OFCI	owner furnished contractor
			installed
LAB	laboratory	OFOI	owner furnished owner installed
		OHMS	ovalhead machine screw

OHWS	ovalhead wood screw		
OPG	opening	SC	solid core
OPP	opposite	SCHED	schedule
OZ	ounce(s)	SEC	section
		SF	square feet (foot)
Р	paint(ed)	SHT	sheet
PB	push button	SHTHG	sheathing
PCF	pounds per cubic foot	SIM	similar
PCP	putting coat plaster	SL	sleeve
PERF	perforate(d)	SOG	slab on grade
PL	plate, property line	SPEC	specification(s)
PLAM	plastic laminate	SQ	square
PLAS	plaster	SS	storm sewer
PNL	panel	S4S	finished 4 sides
PP	push plate	SD	storm drain
PR	pair	ST	steel, street
PREP	prepare	ST ST	stainless steel
PSF	pounds per square foot	STD	standard
PSI	pounds per square inch	STR	structural
PT	point, pressure treated	SUPP	supplement
PTN	partition	SUPT	support
PVC	polyvinyl chloride	SUSP	suspended
PWD	plywood	SV	sheet vinyl
QT	quarry tile	Т	tread
		TBM	top bench mark
R	rise	T&G	tongue and groove
RA	return air	TB	towel bar
RAD	radius	TC	top of curb
RCP	reflected ceiling plan	TEL	telephone
RD	roof drain	TEMP	tempered
REF	reference	THK	thickness
REFR	refrigerator	TKBD	tackboard
REINF	reinforce(ing)	TO	top of
REQ	required	TP	top of paving
RET'G	retaining	TRANS	transverse
REV	revision(s), revised	TS	top of slab
RH	right had	TV	television
RM	room	TW	top of wall
RO	rough opening	TYP	typical
RSF	resilient sheet flooring		

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UNO	unless noted otherwise	W/	with
		W/O	without
VAT	vinyl asbestos tile	WC	water closet
VB	vapor barrier	WD	wood, wood finish
VCT	Vinyl Composition Tile	WP	waterproof(ing)
VERT	vertical	WNS	wainscot
VG	vertical grain	WR	water resistant
VIF	verify in field	WS	waterstop
VWC	vinyl wall covering	WW	window wall
		WWC	wood wall covering
W	width, wide, water	WWF	woven wire fabric

- B. Words which may be found elsewhere in the Project Manual and Drawings are abbreviated in accordance with the standards set forth in the following table:
- & and
- $\lambda \quad \text{angle} \quad$
- @ at
- ι diameter, round
- " inches
- : is, shall b
- ' feet
- ζ perpendicular
- / per
- % percent
- # pound, number
- X by (as in 2 by 4)

SECTION 01 42 16

DEFINITIONS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Words which may be found elsewhere in the Contract Documents are defined in accordance with the standards set forth in the following table:

Approve:

Where used in conjunction with Architect's response to submittals, requests, applications, inquiries, reports and claims by Contractor, the meaning of term "approved" will be limited to the Architect's responsibilities and duties as specified in General and Supplementary Conditions. In no case will "approval" by Architect be interpreted as a release of Contract requirements.

As Detailed, As Shown:

Where "as detailed", "as shown" or words of similar importance are used, it shall be understood that reference to the Drawings accompanying the Specifications is made unless otherwise stated.

As Directed, As Required, As Authorized, As Reviewed, As Accepted:

Where "as directed", "as required", "as authorized", "as reviewed", "as accepted" or words of similar importance are used, it shall be understood that the direction, requirement, permission, authorization, review, or acceptance of the Architect is intended, unless otherwise stated.

As Indicated:

Where "as indicated" is used it shall be understood that reference to Drawings and/or Specifications is made unless otherwise stated.

Directed, Requested, etc.:

Terms such as "directed," "requested," "authorized," "selected," will be understood as "directed by Architect," "requested by Architect," and similar phrases shall not be interpreted to extend Architect's responsibility into Contractor's responsibility for construction supervision.

Furnish:

Except as otherwise defined in greater detail the term "furnish" is used to mean supply and deliver to project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, etc., as applicable in each instance.

Indicated:

The term "indicated" is a cross-reference to graphic representations, notes or schedules on drawings, to other paragraphs or schedules in the specifications and to similar means of recording requirements in Contract Documents. Where terms such as "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" are used in lieu of "indicated," it is for purpose of helping reader locate cross-reference and no limitation of location is intended except as specifically noted.

Install:

Except as otherwise defined in greater detail, the term "install" is used to describe operations at project site including unloading, unpacking, assembly, erection, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning and similar operations, as applicable in each instance.

Installer:

The term "installer" is defined as the entity (person or firm) engaged by Contractor, or its subcontractor or sub-subcontractor for performance of a particular unit of Work at project site, including installation, erection, application and similar required operations. It is a general requirement that such entities (Installers) be expert in operations they are engaged to perform.

Provide:

Except as otherwise defined in greater detail, term "provide" means furnish and install, complete and ready for intended use, as applicable in each instance.

SECTION 01 42 19

REFERENCE STANDARDS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Quality Assurance.
- B. Location of References.
- C. Schedule of References.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. For products or quality of work specified by association, trade, or federal standards, comply with requirements of the standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- B. Conform to reference standard by date of issue current on date of Contract Documents.
- C. General Applicability of Standards: Except where Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable standards of the construction industry have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into Contract Documents.
- D. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- E. Individual sections indicate which codes and standards the Contractor must keep at the project site, available for reference.
- F. Referenced industry standards take precedence over standards which are not referenced but recognized in industry as applicable.
- G. Non-referenced standards are not directly applicable to the Work, except as a general requirement of whether the Work complies with standards recognized in the construction industry.

1.03 LOCATION OF REFERENCES

A. Valley Library, Oregon State University.

1.04 SCHEDULE OF REFERENCED ASSOCIATIONS

AIA American Institute of Architects

WWW.AIA.ORG

AISC American Institute of Steel Construction

WWW.AISC.ORG

AISI American Iron and Steel Institute

WWW.STEEL.ORG

ANSI American National Standards Institute

WWW.ANSI.ORG

APA American Plywood Association

WWW.APAWOOD.ORG

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and

Air Conditioning Engineers

WWW.ASHRAE.ORG

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

WWW.ASTM.ORG

AWPA American Wood Protection Association

WWW.AWPA.COM

AWS American Welding Society

WWW.AWS.ORG

BIA Masonry Institute of America

WWW.MASONRYINSTITUTE.ORG

BOLI Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries

WWW.BOLI.STATE.OR.US

CCB Construction Contractors Board

WWW.OREGON.GOV.CCB/

CDA Copper Development Association

WWW.COPPER.ORG

CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute

WWW.CISPI.ORG

CSI Construction Specification Institute

WWW.CSINET.ORG

DEQ Department of Environmental Quality (Oregon)

WWW.OREGON.GOV/DEQ/

DHI Door and Hardware Institute

WWW.DHI.ORG

DOT Department of Transportation

WWW.DOT.GOV

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

WWW.EPA.GOV

FM Factory Mutual System

WWW.FMGLOBAL.COM

FS Federal Specification General Services Administration

Specifications and Consumer Information Distribution Section (WFSIS)

WWW.GSA.GOV/PORTAL/CONTENT/103856

IBC International Building Code

WWW.ICCSAFE.ORG

ICBO International Conference of Building Officials

PUBLICECODES.CITATION.COM/ICOD/IBG/INDEX.HTM

IRS Internal Revenue Service

WWW.IRS.GOV

ISA Instrumentation Systems and Automation Society

WWW.ISA.ORG

NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers

WWW.NAAMM.ORG

NBFU National Board of Fire Underwriters

WWW.NFPA.ORG

NEC National Electric Code

WWW.NECPLUS.ORG

NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers' Association

WWW.NEMA.ORG

NESC National Electrical Safety Code

WWW.IEEE.ORG

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

WWW.NFPA.ORG

NRCA National Roofing Contractors' Association

WWW.NRCA.NET

OAR Oregon Administrative Rules

ARCWEB.SOS.STATE.OR.US/404.HTML

OESP State of Oregon Electrical Specialty Code

http://www.bcd.oregon.gov/programs/online_codes.html

ORS Oregon Revised Statutes

LANDRU.LEG.STATE.OR.US/ORS/

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

WWW.OSHA.GOV

OSSC Oregon Structural Specialty Code

http://www.bcd.oregon.gov/programs/online codes.html

PS Product Standard

STANDARDS.GOV/STANDARDS.CFM

SDI Steel Door Institute

WWW.STEELDOOR.ORG

SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association

WWW.SMACNA.ORG

SPRI Single Ply Roofing Institute

WWW.SPRI.ORG

SSPC Steel Structures Painting Council

WWW.SSPC.ORG

SWRI Sealing, Waterproofing and Restoration Institute

WWW.SWIRONLINE.ORG

UBC Uniform Building Code (See ICBO)

UFC Uniform Fire Code

WWW.NFPA.ORG

UL Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

WWW.UL.COM

UMC Uniform Mechanical Code

WWW.UBC.COM

UPC Uniform Plumbing Code

WWW.UBC.COM

WHL Warnock Hersey Laboratories

WWW.INTEK.COM/MARKS/WH/

WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

WWW.WCLIB.ORG

WWPA Western Wood Products Association

WWW.WWPA.ORG

SECTION 01 45 00

QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Codes, regulations and permits.
- B. Procedures for quality control.

1.02 OWNER RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Owner will employ and pay for services of an independent testing laboratory to perform inspection, sampling and testing as required by local building authority.
- B. Owner's Authorized Representative will provide on-site observation during construction.

1.03 CODES, REGULATIONS AND PERMITS

- A. All Work shall conform with the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC) based on the International Building Code (IBC), as amended by the State of Oregon Building Codes Division and the edition designated by the governing authority.
- B. Contractor shall comply with all applicable state and local construction codes.
- C. References to codes, Specifications and standards referred to in the Contract Documents shall mean, and are intended to be, the latest edition, amendment or revision of such reference standard in effect as of the date of these Contract Documents.
- D. The Owner shall be responsible for all permits and City of Corvallis plan review fees; the Contractor shall be responsible for all licenses and associated fees required for the Project.
- E. Contractor shall arrange and attend all required permit inspections and furnish evidence of approved City inspection reports per Section 01 77 00.

1.04 QUALITY OF WORK

- A. It is the true and specific intent of these Specifications that quality of Work on all phases of the construction and embracing all the trade sections shall be of high quality performed by workers skilled in their trade and performing their Work only according to the standard of best practice of the trade.
- B. All manufactured articles, materials, and equipment shall be applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned and conditioned in accordance with manufacturer's directions unless otherwise specified.
- C. If Work is required in a manner to make it impossible to produce first quality Work, or

- should discrepancies appear among Contract Documents, request interpretation from Architect before proceeding with Work.
- D. Failure to secure interpretation may cause rejection by Architect or owner of installation.

1.05 LAYOUT

- A. Be responsible for properly laying out the Work and for lines and measurements for the Work.
- B. Verify the figures shown on the drawings before laying out the Work and report errors or inaccuracies to the Architect before commencing Work.
- C. Strict compliance with maximum slopes is required. Accessible parking spaces and adjacent access aisles with slope exceeding 2% in any direction, <u>as determined by OSU</u>, shall be removed and replaced by the contractor at their expense.
- D. Strict compliance with maximum slopes is required. New sidewalks exceeding 1:20 slope or with cross slope exceeding 2%, <u>as determined by OSU</u>, shall be removed and replaced by the contractor at their expense. Ramps exceeding 1:16 slope or with cross slope exceeding 2%, <u>as determined by OSU</u>, shall be removed and replaced by the contractor at their expense.

1.06 SUPERVISION

- A. The Contractor shall maintain effective supervision on the project at all times Work is being performed.
- B. The superintendent shall be the same person throughout the project and shall attend the preconstruction conference.

1.07 INSPECTIONS AND TESTING

- A. Contractor shall notify the Owner at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of any required progress inspection or final inspection including final punch list inspection.
- B. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, provide access to Work and furnish incidental equipment material and labor required for field testing and sample taking.

1.08 EVALUATION OF TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

- A. Results of laboratory and/or field control tests and inspections shall be the principal basis upon which satisfactory completion of Work shall be judged.
- B. If results of tests and inspections indicate Work is below requirements of Contract Documents, that portion of Work is subject to rejection.

1.09 ADJUSTMENTS

A. Remove and replace Work so rejected at Contractor's expense including costs of subsequent tests and inspections until Work meets requirements of Contract

Documents.

- B. The Owner reserves the right to perform any testing as may be required to determine compliance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Costs for such testing will be the Owner's responsibility unless testing indicates noncompliance. Cost for such testing indicating noncompliance shall be borne by the Contractor.
- D. Noncomplying Work shall be corrected and testing will be repeated until the Work complies with the Contract Documents.
- E. Contractor will pay costs for retesting noncomplying Work.

SECTION 01 51 00

CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AND TEMPORARY CONTROLS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. This Section specifies requirements for temporary services and facilities, including utilities, construction and support facilities, security and protection.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATORY AGENCIES

- A. Regulations: Comply with industry standards and applicable laws and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with NFPA Code 241, "Building Construction and Demolition Operations", ANSI-A10 Series standards for "Safety Requirements for Construction and Demolition".
- C. Electrical Service: Comply with NEMA, NEC and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service; install service in compliance with National Electric Code (NFPA 70).
- D. Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to inspect and test each temporary utility before use; obtain required certifications and permits if required.

1.03 PROTECTION

- A. Protect sidewalks, asphalt paving, concrete, trees, shrubs, and lawn areas at all times from damage resulting from construction activities.
- B. Prevent materials from clogging catch basins and yard drains; leave drains clean and in proper working condition.
- C. Protect Existing Irrigation Systems:
 - 1. In the event damage occurs to an underground irrigation system as a direct result of a Contractor's activities, the Contractor shall repair/replace or be assessed a charge at the discretion of the Owner.
 - 2. If repairs are to be made by the Contractor, the repairs will be inspected by the Owner's Authorized Representative prior to backfilling.
 - 3. Any galvanized pipe that requires repair shall be repaired at a threaded coupling, not by use of a compression coupling.

D. Protect Existing Air Handling Systems:

- Contractor shall be responsible for protection of the cleanliness of the existing air handling system at all times. This protection shall include:
 - a. During site work or building demolition, prefilters shall be provided and maintained on all building outside air intakes at all times throughout the construction duration.

- b. During any interior work that may create dust in the interior space and adjacent corridor/hallways, air filters shall be provided and maintained on all affected air return and exhaust grilles. Where air flow in or out of the space is not required, all air duct openings shall be temporarily blanked off with
- c. Prior to starting any work, the Contractor shall record and submit to the Owner's Authorized Representative, pressure readings across all existing air handler air filter banks before installation of new prefilters.
- d. Upon completion of all Work affecting existing air handling systems, the Contractor shall remove all temporary filters, covers and associated parts and restore the system to its original operating condition unless otherwise stated elsewhere in the Contract Documents
- E. Clean, repair, resurface, or restore existing surfaces to their original, or better, condition, or completely replace such surfaces to match existing, where damaged by construction operations.
- F. Security is the responsibility of the Contractor.

plywood or sheet metal.

- G. Construction Debris:
 - 1. Debris shall not be allowed to remain around the buildings during performance of Work, but shall be disposed of as rapidly as it accumulates.
 - 2. On completion of Work, the buildings and grounds shall be left in a condition that is equal to or better than original condition.
 - 3. In case of failure to do so, the Owner may remove rubbish and charge the cost to the Contractor.
- H. The Contractor shall manage a safe job environment for both the safety of all the people around the Work site as well as the safety of the Owner's and general public's property.
- I. The Contractor shall provide and maintain suitable barricades, shelters, lights, and danger signals during the progress of the Work; they shall meet the requirements of the local building code and OSHA.

1.04 DRAINAGE

- A. Verify that all rain drains in the construction areas are in working order and notify the Owner's Authorized Representative in writing of any rain drains that are plugged, prior to the start of the Work.
- B. Start of Work will be considered as acknowledgment that all drains are clear and in good working order.
- C. All drains shall be left in a clean and proper working condition.

1.05 CONSTRUCTION PROJECT SAFETY FORM

A. Contractor shall submit to the Owner, prior to signing the Contract, the completed

"Construction Project Safety Form", which is provided with instructions at the end of this Section.

1.06 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

A. Temporary Utilities:

- 1. Prepare a schedule indicating dates for implementation and termination of each temporary utility.
- 2. At the earliest feasible time, when acceptable to the Owner, change over from use of temporary service to use of the permanent service.

B. Conditions of Use:

- 1. Keep temporary services and facilities clean and neat in appearance.
- 2. Operate in a safe and efficient manner.
- 3. Take necessary fire prevention measures.
- 4. Do not overload facilities or permit them to interfere with progress.
- 5. Do not allow hazardous, dangerous or unsanitary conditions, or public nuisances to develop or persist on the site.

C. Electrical Service:

- 1. Service limited to 20 amp 120V circuits will be paid for by the Owner.
- 2. Connection to the service shall be the responsibility of the Contractor, with the Owner's approval.
- 3. Coordinate with the Owner's Authorized Representative.

D. Water Service:

- 1. Service in reasonable quantities for the Project will be paid for by the Owner.
- 2. Connection to the service shall be the responsibility of the Contractor, with the Owner's approval.
- 3. Coordinate with the Owner's Authorized Representative.

1.07 TEMPORARY SUPPORT FACILITIES

A. Temporary Sanitary Facilities:

- 1. Provide and maintain an adequate number of facilities for the use of all persons employed on the Work during construction.
- 2. Provide enclosed, weatherproof facilities with heat as required.
- 3. Use of new or existing Owner's facilities will not be permitted.

B. Temporary Heat and Ventilation:

 As necessary, provide temporary heat and ventilation required by construction activities, for curing or drying of completed installations or protection of installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select safe equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed. Coordinate ventilation requirements to produce the ambient condition required and minimize consumption of energy.

- C. Telephone Equipment: Provide telephone communications at project site.
- D. Existing Services:
 - 1. Do not interrupt any existing service.
 - 2. Prior request and approval of the Owner's Representative will enable the Owner to shut down any utility required by the Work.
 - 3. Contractor shall not shut down utilities.

1.08 TEMPORARY BARRIERS AND ENCLOSURES

- A. Provide barriers and fencing to prevent unauthorized entry to construction areas and to protect existing facilities and adjacent properties from damage.
- B. Provide Commercial grade chain link fence construction.
- C. Provide 6 foot high fence around construction site as directed by Owner's Authorized Representative; equip with vehicular and pedestrian gates with lock.
- D. Exterior Closures: Provide temporary secured, weather-tight closures at exterior openings, to permit acceptable working conditions and protection of the Work.
- E. Interior Closures:
 - 1. Provide temporary floor to ceiling partitions (not plastic sheeting) and ceilings as required to separate work areas from Owner occupied areas, to prevent penetration of dust and moisture into Owner occupied areas, to reduce construction noise, and to prevent damage to existing materials and equipment.
 - 2. Paint surfaces exposed to view from Owner occupied areas.

1.09 **ODORS**

- A. Work that causes excessive odors shall be performed only after coordination with the Owner's Authorized Representative. Filtering of air intakes to units may be required to prevent odors and vapors from entering the buildings.
- B. Contractor shall provide 7 days advance notice to the Owner's Authorized Representative in order for advance notice to be forwarded to building occupants. Work stoppage may occur if advance notification has not been coordinated or odors and vapors from the work are found to generate complaints from building occupants.

1.10 FIRE SAFETY

- A. Ensure that required exit routes remain unobstructed while building is occupied.
- B. Abide by all fire safety requirements for buildings under construction, alteration or demolition as required by Article 87, of the Uniform Fire Code as adopted by the State of Oregon.
- C. An emergency telephone shall be provided on site. Cellular telephone equipment is acceptable.
- D. Fire Suppression Equipment:

- Install and maintain temporary fire protection facilities of the types needed to
 protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with
 NFPA 10 "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers", and NFPA 241 "Standard for
 Safeguarding Construction, Alterations and Demolition Operations".
- 2. Maintain equipment in working condition with current inspection certificate attached to each.
- 3. Locate fire extinguishers where convenient and effective for their intended purpose, but not less than one extinguisher on each floor at or near each usable stairwell.
- 4. Store combustible materials in containers in fire-safe locations.
- 5. Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, temporary fire protection facilities, stairways, and other access routes for fighting fires.

6.

- 6. Provide continual supervision of welding operations, combustion type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition.
- 7. When possible, relocate hot work to a designated hot work area.
- 8. If the materials or equipment cannot be relocated to a designated hot work area, use the least hazardous form of hot work that will get the job done and prepare the area properly.
- 9. Manage mobile hot work using the formal hot work permit system. (mentioned in the next bullet point and also a directive in the OSU Hot Work Safety Program)
- 10. Make sure both fire protection and hot work equipment work properly.
- 11. Train all personnel involved in hot work operations and activities so that they have the understanding, knowledge, and skills necessary to safely perform their jobs.

1.11 CONSTRUCTION AIDS

- A. Scaffolding: comply with applicable OSHA requirements.
- B. Material Handling Equipment:
 - 1. Provide necessary cranes, hoists, towers, or other lifting devices.
 - 2. Use only experienced operators.
 - 3. Remove equipment as soon as possible after task is ended.
 - 4. Coordinate placement of such equipment with Owner's Authorized Representative.
 - 5. Obtain required permits and meet requirement of governing authorities regarding applicable regulations.
- C. Materials or debris shall not be allowed to free fall from building.
- D. The use of chutes or conveyors must be approved by Owner.

1.12 TEMPORARY CONTROLS

- A. Water Control:
 - 1. Maintain excavations free of water.
 - 2. Provide, operate, and maintain necessary pumping equipment.

B. Protection:

- 1. Protect installed Work and provide special protection where specified in individual specification sections.
- 2. Prohibit traffic or storage upon waterproofed or roofed surfaces.

C. Security:

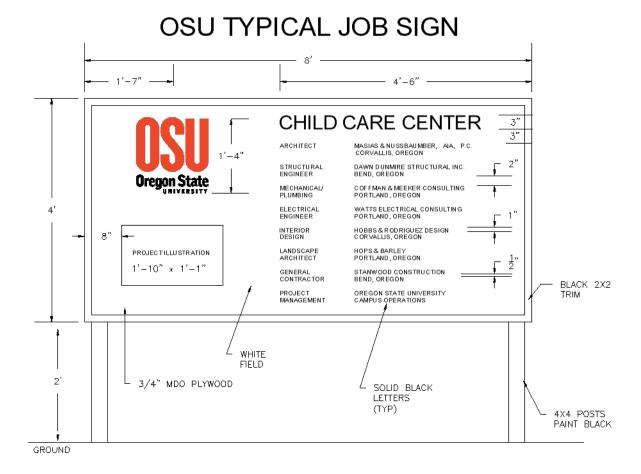
- 1. Provide security and facilities to protect Work and existing facilities and Owner's operations from unauthorized entry, vandalism, or theft.
- 2. Coordinate operations with Owner's Authorized Representative.

D. Temporary Traffic Control / Pedestrian Accessibility

- 1. A continuous route for all pedestrians, including persons with disabilities and bicyclists, shall be maintained at all times. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a construction zone, temporary pedestrian facilities shall be provided.
- 2. Temporary pedestrian facilities should be safe and accessible. There should be no curbs or abrupt changes in grade that could cause tripping or be a barrier to wheelchair use.
- 3. Signage shall be provided directing people to the temporary accessible route. The signage shall include the International Symbol of Accessibility.
- 4. Contractors shall not block temporary walkways with vehicles, equipment, construction materials, signs, trash, or other objects that might prohibit pedestrian passage.
- 5. Construction equipment and equipment operation must be separated from any open walkways. At construction zones, pedestrian fences or other protective barriers shall be provided to prevent access into the construction zone.

1.13 PROJECT SIGNAGE

A. Contractor is permitted to post only one project identification sign based on the following example:



1.14 PREPARATION

A. Consult with Owner to review jobsite areas required for field offices, material storage and stockpiles, equipment storage, access to different locations, etc.

1.15 PERFORMANCE

- A. Confine equipment, apparatus, and storage of material to work limits. The Owner will not be responsible for protection of materials and equipment from damage, pilfering, etc.
- B. Install temporary facilities in such a manner that the installed work will not be damaged.
- C. Do not use facilities of existing building unless authorized in writing by the Owner.
- D. Effective September 1, 2012, OSU became a non-smoking campus and smoking is prohibited on all Campus property.
- E. Keep facilities well maintained.
- F. Relocate temporary facilities as required during job progress.

- G. At Substantial Completion, clean and renovate permanent facilities that have been used during the construction period, including but not limited to:
 - 1. Replace air filters and clean inside of ductwork and housings.
 - 2. Replace significantly worn parts and parts that have been subject to unusual operating conditions.
 - 3. Replace lamps that are burned out or noticeably dimmed by substantial hours of use.

Oregon State University Construction and Maintenance Safety Requirements

EH&S, 130 Oak Creek Building, Corvallis, OR 97331-7405, (541) 737-2505, FAX (541) 737-9090

Complete OSU Construction and Maintenance Safety Form - Send completed documents (including Site Safety Plan and all separate answer pages) to Construction Contract Administration along with the signed contract and bonds.

Project Isolation - All construction and remodeling activities regardless of size and/or scope must be fenced, barricaded, or otherwise protected to restrict entrance and to ensure the safety of those in the general area. See isolation requirements.

Site Safety Plan - A site safety plan will be required and will address:

- General Information
- Emergency Information
- Key Organization Personnel
- Hazard Evaluation/Facility Impact

- Emergency Procedures
- Work Zones
- Security Measures
- o Fire Protection

A model plan is attached. This form can be used if another plan has not already been prepared. Contact OSU Environmental Health & Safety for more information 737-2505.

Isolation Requirements

General: All construction, maintenance, and remodeling activities, regardless of size or scope, must be fenced, barricaded, or otherwise isolated to restrict entrance and to ensure the safety of those in the general area.

Outdoor Activities: Outdoor projects require the following perimeter isolation:

- A six foot chain-link fence, with controlled access points, extending in all directions around the excavation or building site such that no area of the construction is accessible to pedestrians or unauthorized personnel or vehicles.
- Isolation area will include vehicle loading and unloading areas.
- At the University's option, other barricading plans may be accepted. These may apply to projects such as road resurfacing, parking lot striping, exterior building water proofing, deliveries, etc. Contact EH&S regarding other barricading plans.

Overnight: Any excavation across or adjacent to sidewalks or pathways which must be left open overnight, must be identified with working, blinking construction lights in addition to solid barricades

Indoor Activities: Indoor construction or maintenance projects which will create dust, potentially hazardous fumes or vapors, or offensive odors are subject to the following isolation:

• Areas where existing doors can provide isolation will be labeled "Construction Area--Authorized Personnel Only".

- All other areas will be isolated by a solid barrier. The minimum barrier allowed is 4 mil poly sheeting sealed to prevent migration of dust.
- Mechanical ventilation may be required.
- A solid wall is required if building envelope is opened to the outside.

Contractor Responsibilities

- The contractor will provide all barricading, isolation, and fencing material. OSU will not provide any materials.
- The contractor will also provide all appropriate warning and detour signs when sidewalks, exits, or roads are closed.
- Contractor will provide all other construction area signs.

OSU Construction and Maintenance Safety Form

Send completed safety documents to Construction Contract Administration with contract and bonds.

Date:P	roject:
Start Date:	Completion date:
Contractor:	Contact:
Work #	24 hr #:
OSU Project Mgr:	Work / 24hr #'s:
Dept Contact:	OSU EH&S Contact:
Preconstruction meeting? Y N Date	e/Time/Location:
	e answers on a separate sheet for all items marked "Yes". Precede each answer with the

Υ	N	For This Project	If YES, then:		
		1 Will any confined spaces be accessed?	Describe location of entry Specify location of permit Notify EH&S prior to entry See SAF 209		
		Will hot work be performed (welding, cutting, brazing, etc.)?	Provide min. 5# 2A10BC extinguisher within 10 ft If indoors - provide and describe ventilation See SAF 214		
		3 Any products brought to campus?	Provide MSDS on site prior to first use; Make available to OSU on request		
		4 Will lead paint be impacted?	Describe plan to limit contamination		
		5 Will asbestos-containing-material be impacted?	Coordinate with OSU asbestos manager		
		Will <u>any</u> materials (construction debris, soil, water, etc) be removed from campus?	Describe in detail identity and disposition of material (how, where)		
		7 Any open trenches or holes?	Describe isolation procedures (see Page 1)		
		8 Will a crane be used?	Describe crane safety plan (include plan to prevent loads above occupied areas)		
		9 Is this project building a new facility, a major remodel?	Provide Site Safety plan Describe isolation procedures (see Page 1)		
10		10 Is this a minor remodeling project?	Provide, or fill out model Site Safety Plan form (see Page 3) Describe isolation procedures (see Page 1)		
		Will air contamination be produced (e.g. dust, CO, solvent vapors, VOCs, odors)?	Describe project ventilation and isolation Indicate position of building air intake(s)		
		12 Will there be noise > 85 dB?	Describe noise minimization plan		
		13 Will this project use a scaffold or an external chute?	Describe isolation, dust control, installation		
		Will this project involve a working surface >6' above a lower level	Describe fall protection		
		Will any "blind" saw-cuts or penetrations be made in existing foundations, floors, ceilings and/or walls?	Describe plan for detecting and protecting power lines or other building utility lines.		

EH&S Review:	Date:

IV	riodei Site Safe	ety Pian		
	Project Dates			
	911		OSU EH&S and OSU Facilities Services must be notified in the event of an	
			emergency	
(541) 737	7-2505			
(541) 737-	541) 737-2969			
т				
Name	Phoi	ne	Emergency Contact	
4. Hazard Evaluation/ Facility Impact				
Yes / No	Services			
	Evacuation Rou	ıte		
	First Aid Location			
Radiation Materials Excavations		Hazardous Materials Spill Procedure		
		•		
	(541) 737 (541) 737 Name	911 (541) 737-2505 (541) 737-2969 Name	911 (541) 737-2505 (541) 737-2969 Name	

SECTION 01 56 39

TREE AND PLANTING PROTECTION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Section includes temporary fencing, barricades, and guards to protect trees, plants and groundcovers not indicated to be removed, as necessary and required to prevent damage above and below grade.

1.02 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Dripline: Outer perimeter of branches of any tree or plant.
- B. Groundcover: Includes but not limited to plants and grass.

1.03 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall exercise utmost care to protect existing trees and plants designated to remain and shall comply with all protection requirements provided by Owner and City of Corvallis as conveyed through the Owner's Authorized Representative.
- B. The Contractor shall install tree protection fencing as detailed and shall prevent damage to shrubs, groundcover, trees, root systems, soil, bark, foliage, branches and limbs due to construction activities, including but not limited to:
 - 1. Soil contamination, erosion, and compaction.
 - 2. Excessive wetting, and ponding due to storm water, and construction run-off.
 - 3. Alteration of grade, stockpiling of soil, debris, and materials.
 - 4. Damage to soil, roots, bark, trunk, limbs, branches, and foliage.
 - 5. Prevent unauthorized cutting, breaking, skinning and bruising of roots, branches, and bark.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedural proposal for tree and plant protection, describe methods of protection, and stabilization, provide drawings and supporting documentation as directed.
- B. Contractor's Condition Inspection; include written report and color photographs.

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Install protection during initial mobilization at the Work site, and maintain until substantial completion.
- B. If, in the opinion of the Owner's arborist, additional protection is required, the Contractor shall install additional fencing as directed and without cost to the Owner.
- C. The location and requirements for additional fencing shall be determined by the

Owner's arborist prior to, and at any time during the course of the Work.

D. Fencing:

- 1. Fencing shall be installed at the tree and plant protection areas as detailed on Plans, or as directed by the Owner's Authorized Representative.
- Tree and plant protection fences shall remain in place until all Work is completed and shall not be removed or relocated without the approval of the Owner's Authorized Representative.

E. Driving and Parking:

- 1. Not permitted off paved surfaces without the approval of the Owner's Authorized Representative.
- 2. When approved, the Contractor shall place plywood of sufficient thickness and width to support vehicles and prevent rutting on the area to be driven on.
- 3. Care shall also be taken with respect to existing lawn sprinkler systems.
- F. Storage of materials and Debris: Not permitted off paved surfaces.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURED COMPONENTS

A. Chain Link Fencing: 11 gage galvanized chain link, six feet. tall, and 1.5 inch inside diameter galvanized steel line posts and 2.5 inch inside diameter corner posts, provide lockable gates as necessary.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verification of Conditions: Inspect trees, plants, and groundcovers, document existing conditions prior to installation of protection.

3.02 EXECUTION

- A. Pruning and Cutting of Roots, Branches and Foliage:
 - 1. Review conditions with Architect or Owner prior to need for work, and proceed as directed.
 - 2. All pruning to be done by Owner's landscape maintenance personnel or ISA Certified arborist under the direction of Owner's Landscape Management Department.
 - 3. Perform pruning and cutting with sharp instruments intended for the purpose; do not break or chop.

B. Root Cuttings:

1. Carefully and cleanly cut roots and branches of trees indicated to be left standing

- where such roots and branches obstruct new construction.
- 2. Protect exposed roots with wet burlap until they can be covered with soil.
- C. Excavation and Trenching Within Drip Lines:
 - 1. Permitted where indicated, and at other specifically approved locations.
 - 2. Tunnel under or around roots by hand digging or boring.
 - 3. Do not cut main lateral roots and tap roots over one inch diameter; cut smaller roots which interfere with installation of new Work.
 - 4. Do not allow exposed roots to dry out before permanent backfill is placed; provide temporary earth cover, or pack with peat moss and wrap with burlap.
 - 5. Water and maintain roots in moist condition and temporarily support and protect from damage until permanently relocated and covered with backfill.
- D. Existing Grading: Maintain within drip line of trees and plants unless otherwise indicated on the drawing and approved by the Owner's Authorized Representative.
- E. Tree Protection:
 - 1. Provide temporary fence complying with Section 01 51 00 for protection of trees to remain.
 - 2. Extend fencing ten feet beyond dripline, except where greater distance is required for protection of Elm trees.
 - 3. Prevent entry into protected areas except as authorized in writing by the Owner's Authorized Representative.

3.03 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT OF TREES AND PLANTS

- A. Repair trees or shrubs damaged by construction operations as directed by the Owner.
- B. Make repairs promptly after damage occurs to prevent progressive deterioration of damaged trees.
- C. Damaged Trees, Shrubs and Groundcover:
 - 1. Replace where Owner's Authorized Representative determines restoration to normal growth pattern is not possible; plant and maintain as directed.
 - Replacement trees up to 13 inches caliper and shrubs up to 4 feet tall: Same size
 as damaged tree or shrub, species selected by the Owner's Authorized
 Representative.
 - 3. Trees over 13 inch caliper and shrubs greater than 4 feet tall: Compensate Owner as determined by an acceptable consulting arborist registered with the American Society of Consulting Arborists.
 - 4. Replacement groundcovers: Same size and quality as damaged species selected by Owner's Authorized Representative.

SECTION 01 60 00

PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Summary:
 - 1. Product options.
 - 2. Owner-furnished products.
 - 3. Product delivery, storage and handling.

1.02 PRODUCTS

A. Products:

- 1. New material, machinery, components, equipment, fixtures, and systems forming the Work, but does not include machinery and equipment used for preparation, fabrication, conveying and erection of the Work.
- 2. Products may also include existing materials or components specifically identified for reuse.
- B. Use interchangeable components of the same manufacture for similar components.
- C. Unless otherwise specified, all material and equipment shall be new; free from defects impairing strength, durability, and appearance; of current manufacture.
- D. Items specified shall be considered minimum as to quality, function, capacity, and suitability for application intended.
- E. Items incorporated into the Work shall conform to applicable specifications and standards designated, and shall be of size, make, type, and quality specified.
- F. Design, fabricate, and assemble in accordance with current best engineering, industry, and shop practices.
- G. Manufacture like parts of duplicate units to standard size and gauge to make them interchangeable.
- H. Two or more items of the same kind shall be identical and made by the same manufacturer.

1.03 PRODUCT OPTIONS

- A. Products Specified by Reference Standards or by Description Only: Any product meeting those standards or description.
- B. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers with a Provision for Substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer not named.
- C. Products Specified by Naming One [or More] Manufacturer[s]: Products of manufacturer[s] named and meeting specifications, no options or substitutions

allowed.

D. Substitution Procedure: Under Section 01 25 00.

1.04 REUSE OF EXISTING PRODUCTS

- A. Except as specifically indicated or specified, materials and equipment removed from existing construction shall not be used in the completed Work.
- B. For material and equipment specifically indicated or specified to be reused in the Work:
 - 1. Use care in removal, handling, storage, and reinstallation to assure proper function in the completed Work.
 - 2. Arrange for transportation, storage, and handling of products which require off-site storage, restoration, or renovation.
 - 3. Remove and reinstall mechanical units, vents, guys, antennae, and electrical and grounding wires or conduits.

1.05 OWNER FURNISHED PRODUCTS

- A. Designate delivery dates of Owner-furnished items in the construction schedule.
- B. Receive, unload, store and handle Owner-furnished items at the site; protect from damage.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Transport, handle, store and protect products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Arrange deliveries in accordance with construction schedules; coordinate to avoid conflict with Work and site conditions.
- C. Deliver and store products in undamaged condition in manufacturer's original containers or packaging with identifying labels intact and legible.
- D. Inspect shipments to assure compliance with Contract Documents and reviewed submittals, and that products are undamaged.
- E. Prevent soiling or damage to products or packaging.
- F. Interior Storage: Maintain required temperature and humidity ranges. Verify that Owner furnished storage meets product manufacturer's requirements.
- G. Exterior Storage:
 - 1. Store materials above ground to prevent soiling and/or moisture infiltration.
 - 2. Cover materials with waterproof breathable sheet coverings; provide adequate ventilation.
 - 3. All storage locations to be approved in advance by the Owner.
- H. Arrange storage to provide access for inspection.

- I. Coordinate with Owner's Authorized Representative all on-site storage activities.
- J. Provide for security of stored products.

SECTION 01 73 29

CUTTING AND PATCHING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Requirements and limitations for cutting and patching of Work.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01 25 00, Product Substitution Procedures.
- B. Section 01 33 23, Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit written request in advance of cutting or alteration which affects:
 - 1. Structural integrity of any element of the Work.
 - 2. Efficiency, maintenance, or safety of any operational element.
 - 3. Visual qualities of sight exposed elements.
 - 4. Work of Owner or separate contractor.
- B. Include in request:
 - 1. Identification of project.
 - 2. Location and description of affected work.
 - 3. Necessity for cutting or alteration.
 - 4. Description of proposed work, and products to be used.
 - 5. Alternatives to cutting and patching.
 - 6. Effect on work of Owner or separate contractor.
 - 7. Written permission of affected separate contractor.
 - 8. Date and time work will be executed.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Primary Products: Those required for original installation.
- B. Product Substitution: For any proposed change in materials, submit request for substitution under provisions of Section 01 25 00.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Inspect existing conditions prior to commencing Work, including elements subject to

damage or movement during cutting and patching.

- B. After uncovering existing work, inspect conditions affecting performance of Work.
- C. Beginning of cutting or patching means acceptance of existing conditions.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Provide temporary supports to ensure structural integrity of the Work.
- B. Provide devices and methods to protect other portions of the Work from damage.
- C. Provide protection from elements for areas which may be exposed by uncovering work.

3.03 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Execute cutting, fitting and patching to complete work.
- B. Fit products together, to integrate with other work.
- C. Remove and replace defective or non-conforming work.
- D. Provide openings in the work for penetration of mechanical and electrical work.

3.04 PERFORMANCE

- A. Execute work by methods to avoid damage to other Work, and which will provide appropriate surfaces to receive patching and finishing.
- B. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools are not allowed without prior approval from Owner's Authorized Representative.
- C. Restore work with new products in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- D. At penetrations of fire rated walls, partitions, ceiling or floor construction, completely seal voids with approved fire rated material, to full thickness of the penetrated element.

E. Refinishing:

- 1. Refinish surfaces to match adjacent finish.
- 2. For continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection or natural break.
- 3. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.

SECTION 01 74 00

CLEANING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Related requirements specified elsewhere, cleaning for specific products or work: Specification section for that work.
- B. Maintain premises and public properties free from accumulations of waste, debris, and rubbish, caused by operations.
- C. At completion of Work remove waste materials, rubbish, tools, equipment, machinery and surplus materials, and clean all sight-exposed surfaces; leave project clean and ready for occupancy.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Standards: Maintain project in accord with applicable safety and insurance standards.
- B. Hazard Control:
 - 1. Store volatile wastes in covered metal containers.
 - 2. Provide adequate ventilation during use of volatile or noxious substances.

1.03 MATERIALS

- A. Use only cleaning materials recommended by manufacturer of surface to be cleaned.
- B. Use cleaning materials only on surfaces recommended by cleaning material manufacturer.

1.04 DURING CONSTRUCTION:

- A. Wet down dry materials and rubbish to lay dust and prevent blowing dust.
- B. At reasonable intervals during progress of Work clean site and public properties, and dispose of waste materials, debris and rubbish.
- C. Provide on-site containers for collection of waste materials, debris and rubbish.
- D. Remove waste materials, debris and rubbish from site and legally dispose of at public or private dumping areas off Owner's property.
- E. Vacuum clean interior building areas when ready to receive finish painting, and continue vacuum cleaning on an as-needed basis until project is ready for Substantial Completion or occupancy.
- F. Handle materials in a controlled manner with as few handlings as possible; do not drop or throw materials from heights.

1.05 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Employ experienced workers, or professional cleaners, for final cleaning.
- B. In preparation for Substantial Completion or occupancy, conduct final inspection of sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces, and of concealed spaces.
- C. Remove grease, dust, dirt, stains, labels, and other foreign materials from exposed interior and exterior finished surfaces.
- D. Remove putty, paint, labels, lubricants, etc., from windows, mirrors, and sash, and then polish, taking care not to scratch glass.
- E. Vacuum carpeting (shampoo where required), removing debris and excess nap.
- F. Repair, patch and touch up marred surfaces to specified finish, to match adjacent surfaces.
- G. Replace air filters where units were operated during construction.
- H. Maintain cleaning until project, or portion thereof, is occupied by Owner.

SECTION 01 77 00

CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. The requirements specified in this section relate to all Contractors individually performing under these Contract Documents:
 - 1. Project Record Documents.
 - 2. Final review and payment.
- B. Related work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. OSU General Conditions.
 - 2. Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples, Section 01 33 23.

1.02 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. The Project Record Documents shall be organized to include the following information:
 - 1. Table of Contents
 - 2. Project Team List
 - 3. Specifications (Including Addenda and Change Orders)
 - 4. Injection Well Testing Reports
 - 5. Drilling Contractor Logs
 - 6. Groundwater step-injection rate test report
 - 7. Signed Warranty(ies)
 - 8. Maintenance Instructions, if applicable
- B. Draft Project Record Documents shall be submitted for review upon 75% completion of the Work.
- C. Project Record Documents shall be submitted electronically to the Owner. Hard copies will not be accepted.
- D. The project team list shall include the name, address, and phone number of the Owner, Contractor, Inspector, Subcontractors, and the materials manufacturers.
- E. Legibly mark each Specification section to indicate actual as-built condition indicating changes in the Work made by addenda or change order or actual materials used and actual manufacturer(s) used.
- F. Maintain current and accurate as-built mark-ups during construction and make available to Owner's Authorized Representative upon request.
- G. Include, in a single section, all copies of the Project's labor and material warranties clearly marked to identify the Owner's responsibilities under the terms of each warranty and the section of Work that each warranty covers. One set must be clearly marked as containing original documents.

H. Include maintenance instructions, if applicable, complete with technical information and name, address, and phone number of the Contractor(s) and manufacturer(s) of each material and product.

1.03 FINAL REVIEW AND PAYMENT

- A. Prior to completion, the Contractor shall inspect the Work and make a Punch-list noting all items that are incomplete and/or incorrect.
- B. The Contractor shall notify all Subcontractors in writing of incomplete and/or incorrect items. Notify far enough in advance of the completion date that the Work can be completed on schedule. Said Work shall be immediately corrected.
- C. Should conditions prevail which prohibit some elements of the Work from being accomplished, but the work-in-place will perform the primary function (i.e., painting cannot be completed due to high moisture content of masonry walls.) the Contractor shall record the reason with this Punch-list item requesting temporary delay in completion from the Owner in writing.
- D. Notify the Owner in writing that all items are completed and ready for final review or else that the Work product is fully usable, but some listed deficiencies remain to be completed. Submit all record documents at this time.
- E. The Owner will review all documents. When the documents include a Contractor's request for delay in completion, the Owner will review all Work which is certified as complete to the best knowledge of the Contractor. The Owner will also review the listed incomplete Work and assign a value to such uncompleted work.
- F. The Contractor shall make the required corrections to the Work expeditiously. A letter will be addressed to the Contractor informing the Contractor of the project status.
- G. When Contract closeout procedures are completed and all Punch-list deficiencies have been corrected, provide Owner with final corrected Project Record Documents based on Owner's preliminary review. Correct Project Record Documents shall be in electronic format.
- H. Final Completion by the Owner will be documented and the Contractor will receive written notice of acceptance of the Work and notification that final payment may be billed and released.
- All warranties shall commence and become effective beginning on the date of Substantial Completion.

SECTION 230516 - EXPANSION FITTINGS AND LOOPS FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Metal, compensator packless expansion joints.
 - 2. Alignment guides and anchors.
 - 3. Pipe loops and swing connections.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Compatibility: Products shall be suitable for piping service fluids, materials, working pressures, and temperatures.
- B. Capability: Products to absorb 200 percent of maximum axial movement between anchors.

2.2 PACKLESS EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. Metal, Compensator Packless Expansion Joints MCEJ-01:
 - 1. Minimum Pressure Rating: 150 psig, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Description: Totally enclosed, externally pressurized, multi-ply bellows isolated from fluid flow by an internal pipe sleeve and external housing.
 - 3. Joint Axial Movement: 2 inches of compression and 1/2 inch of extension.
 - 4. Configuration for Copper Tubing: Multi-ply, phosphor-bronze bellows with copper pipe ends.
 - a. End Connections for Copper Tubing NPS 2 and Smaller: Solder joint.

2.3 ALIGNMENT GUIDES AND ANCHORS

- A. Anchor Materials:
 - 1. Steel Shapes and Plates: ASTM A36/A36M.
 - 2. Mechanical Fasteners: Insert-wedge-type stud with expansion plug anchor for use in hardened portland cement concrete, with tension and shear capacities appropriate for application.
 - a. Stud: Threaded, zinc-coated carbon steel.
 - b. Expansion Plug: Zinc-coated steel.
 - c. Washer and Nut: Zinc-coated steel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXPANSION JOINT INSTALLATION

A. Install expansion joints of sizes matching sizes of piping in which they are installed.

3.2 PIPE LOOP AND SWING CONNECTION INSTALLATION

- A. Install pipe loops cold-sprung in tension or compression as required to partly absorb tension or compression produced during anticipated change in temperature.
- B. Connect risers and branch connections to mains with at least five pipe fittings, including tee in main.
- Connect risers and branch connections to terminal units with at least four pipe fittings, including tee in riser.
- Connect mains and branch connections to terminal units with at least four pipe fittings, including tee in main.

3.3 ALIGNMENT-GUIDE AND ANCHOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install alignment guides to guide expansion and to avoid end-loading and torsional stress.
- B. Install one guide(s) on each side of pipe expansion fittings and loops. Install guides nearest to expansion joint not more than four pipe diameters from expansion joint.
- C. Install anchors at locations to prevent stresses from exceeding those permitted by ASME B31.9 and to prevent transfer of loading and stresses to connected equipment.
- D. Anchor Attachments:
 - Anchor Attachment to Steel Pipe: Attach by welding. Comply with ASME B31.9 and ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."
 - Anchor Attachment to Copper Tubing: Attach with pipe hangers. Use MSS SP-69, Type 24; U bolts bolted to anchor.

- E. Fabricate and install steel anchors by welding steel shapes, plates, and bars. Comply with ASME B31.9 and AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
 - 1. Anchor Attachment to Steel Structural Members: Attach by welding.
 - 2. Anchor Attachment to Concrete Structural Members: Attach by fasteners. Follow fastener manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Use grout to form flat bearing surfaces for guides and anchors attached to concrete.

SECTION 230517 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Sleeves.
 - 2. Sleeve-seal systems.
 - 3. Sleeve-seal fittings.
 - 4. Grout.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SLEEVES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
- B. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, with plain ends and integral welded waterstop collar.

2.2 GROUT

- A. Description: Nonshrink, recommended for interior and exterior sealing openings in nonfire-rated walls or floors.
- B. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SLEEVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeves for piping passing through penetrations in floors, partitions, roofs, and walls.
- B. For sleeves that will have sleeve-seal system installed, select sleeves of size large enough to provide 1-inch annular clear space between piping and concrete slabs and walls.
 - 1. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes.
- Install sleeves in concrete floors, concrete roof slabs, and concrete walls as new slabs and walls are constructed.
 - 1. Permanent sleeves are not required for holes in slabs formed by molded-PE or -PP sleeves.
 - 2. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
 - a. Exception: Extend sleeves installed in floors of mechanical equipment areas or other wet areas [2 inches] <Insert dimension> above finished floor level.
 - 3. Using [grout] [or] [silicone sealant], seal space outside of sleeves in slabs and walls without sleeve-seal system.
- D. Install sleeves for pipes passing through interior partitions.
 - 1. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
 - 2. Install sleeves that are large enough to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation.
 - 3. Seal annular space between sleeve and piping or piping insulation; use sealants appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint.
- E. Fire-Resistance-Rated Penetrations, Horizontal Assembly Penetrations, and Smoke-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire or smoke rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with fire- and smoke-stop materials. Comply with requirements for firestopping and fill materials specified in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.2 SLEEVE-SEAL-FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal fittings as new walls and slabs are constructed.
- B. Assemble fitting components of length to be flush with both surfaces of concrete slabs and walls. Position waterstop flange to be centered in concrete slab or wall.
- C. Secure nailing flanges to concrete forms.
- D. Using grout or silicone sealant, seal space around outside of sleeve-seal fittings.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Leak Test: After allowing for a full cure, test sleeves and sleeve seals for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- B. Sleeves and sleeve seals will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

SECTION 230518 - ESCUTCHEONS FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Escutcheons.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Existing Piping to Remain: Existing piping that is not to be removed and that is not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ESCUTCHEONS

A. One-Piece, Steel Type: With polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and finished floors.
- B. Install escutcheons with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. Escutcheons for New Piping and Relocated Existing Piping:
 - a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep pattern.
 - b. Chrome-Plated Piping: One-piece steel with polished, chrome-plated finish.
 - c. Insulated Piping: One-piece steel with polished, chrome-plated finish.

- d. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece steel with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- e. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece steel with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- f. Bare Piping in Unfinished Service Spaces: One-piece steel with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- g. Bare Piping in Equipment Rooms: One-piece steel with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- 2. Escutcheons for Existing Piping to Remain:
 - a. Chrome-Plated Piping: Split-plate, stamped steel with concealed hinge with polished, chrome-plated finish.
 - b. Insulated Piping: Split-plate, stamped steel with concealed hinge with polished, chrome-plated finish.
 - c. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: Split-plate, stamped steel with concealed or hinge with polished, chrome-plated finish.
 - d. Bare Piping in Equipment Rooms: Split-plate, stamped steel with concealed hinge with polished, chrome-plated finish.
- C. Install floor plates for piping penetrations of equipment-room floors.
- D. Install floor plates with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. New Piping and Relocated Existing Piping: Split floor plate.
 - 2. Existing Piping to Remain: Split floor plate.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Using new materials, replace broken and damaged escutcheons and floor plates.

END OF SECTION 230518

SECTION 230519 - METERS AND GAGES FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Liquid-in-glass thermometers.
 - 2. Thermowells.
 - 3. Dial-type pressure gages.
 - 4. Gage attachments.
 - 5. Test plugs.
 - 6. Sight flow indicators.
 - 7. Flowmeters.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 LIQUID-IN-GLASS THERMOMETERS

- A. Metal-Case, Compact-Style, Liquid-in-Glass Thermometers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - Standard: ASME B40.200.
 - 3. Case: Cast aluminum; 6-inch nominal size.
 - 4. Case Form: Straight unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Tube: Glass with magnifying lens and blue[or red] organic liquid.
 - 6. Tube Background: Nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings graduated in deg F.
 - 7. Window: Glass or plastic.
 - 8. Stem: Aluminum or brass and of length to suit installation.
 - a. Design for Thermowell Installation: Bare stem.
 - 9. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of scale range or one scale division, to a maximum of 1.5 percent of scale range.

2.2 THERMOWELLS

- A. Thermowells:
 - 1. Standard: ASME B40.200.
 - 2. Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type fitting made for insertion in piping tee fitting.
 - 3. Material for Use with Copper Tubing: CNR CUNI.
 - 4. Material for Use with Steel Piping: CRES CSA.
 - 5. Type: Stepped shank unless straight or tapered shank is indicated.
 - 6. External Threads: NPS 1/2, NPS 3/4, or NPS 1, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.
 - 7. Internal Threads: 1/2, 3/4, and 1 inch, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
 - 8. Bore: Diameter required to match thermometer bulb or stem.
 - 9. Insertion Length: Length required to match thermometer bulb or stem.
 - 10. Lagging Extension: Include on thermowells for insulated piping and tubing.

2.3 DIAL-TYPE PRESSURE GAGES

- A. Direct-Mounted, Metal-Case, Dial-Type Pressure Gages:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Ametek U.S. Gauge.
 - b. Ashcroft Inc.
 - c. Ernst Flow Industries.
 - d. Flo Fab inc.
 - e. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - f. Watts; a Watts Water Technologies company.
 - 2. Standard: ASME B40.100.
 - 3. Case: Sealed Insert type type(s); cast aluminum or drawn steel Insert material; 4-1/2-inch nominal diameter.
 - 4. Movement: Mechanical, with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.

2.4 GAGE ATTACHMENTS

A. Valves: Brass ball Brass or stainless-steel needle, with , ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.

2.5 TEST PLUGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Flow Design, Inc.
 - 2. Miljoco Corporation.
 - 3. Nexus Valve, Inc.
 - 4. Peterson Equipment Co., Inc.
 - 5. Sisco Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - 6. Trerice, H. O. Co.
 - 7. Watts; a Watts Water Technologies company.

- 8. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
- 9. Weksler Glass Thermometer Corp.
- B. Description: Test-station fitting made for insertion in piping tee fitting.
- C. Body: Brass or stainless steel with core inserts and gasketed and threaded cap. Include extended stem on units to be installed in insulated piping.

2.6 SIGHT FLOW INDICATORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. ARCHON Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Dwyer Instruments, Inc.
 - 3. Emerson Process Management; Rosemount Division.
 - 4. Ernst Flow Industries.
 - 5. John C. Ernst Co., Inc.
- B. Description: Piping inline-installation device for visual verification of flow.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install thermowells with socket extending one-third of pipe diameter and in vertical position in piping tees.
- B. Install thermowells of sizes required to match thermometer connectors. Include bushings if required to match sizes.
- C. Install thermowells with extension on insulated piping.
- D. Fill thermowells with heat-transfer medium.
- E. Install direct-mounted thermometers in thermowells and adjust vertical and tilted positions.
- F. Install remote-mounted thermometer bulbs in thermowells and install cases on panels; connect cases with tubing and support tubing to prevent kinks. Use minimum tubing length.
- G. Install duct-thermometer mounting brackets in walls of ducts. Attach to duct with screws.
- H. Install direct-mounted pressure gages in piping tees with pressure gage located on pipe at the most readable position.
- Install remote-mounted pressure gages on panel.
- J. Install valve and snubber in piping for each pressure gage for fluids (except steam).
- K. Install valve and syphon fitting in piping for each pressure gage for steam.
- L. Install test plugs in piping tees.
- M. Install flow indicators in piping systems in accessible positions for easy viewing.

- N. Assemble and install connections, tubing, and accessories between flow-measuring elements and flowmeters according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- O. Install permanent indicators on walls or brackets in accessible and readable positions.
- P. Install connection fittings in accessible locations for attachment to portable indicators.
- Q. Install thermometers in the following locations:
 - 1. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic zone.
 - 2. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic boiler.
 - 3. Two inlets and two outlets of each chiller.
 - 4. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air-handling units.
 - 5. Two inlets and two outlets of each hydronic heat exchanger.
 - 6. Inlet and outlet of each thermal-storage tank.
 - 7. Outside-, return-, supply-, and mixed-air ducts.
- R. Install pressure gages in the following locations:
 - 1. Discharge of each pressure-reducing valve.
 - 2. Suction and discharge of each pump.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Install meters and gages adjacent to machines and equipment to allow space for service and maintenance of meters, gages, machines, and equipment.

3.3 THERMOMETER SCHEDULE

- A. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each hydronic boiler shall be one of the following:
 - 1. , bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Remote-mounted, -case, vapor-actuated type.
 - 3. Industrial-style, liquid-in-glass type.
 - 4. Direct -mounted, light-activated type.
 - 5. Test plug with self-sealing rubber inserts.
- B. Thermometers at inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air-handling units and built-up central systems shall be one of the following:
 - 1. , bimetallic-actuated type.
 - 2. Direct -mounted, -case, vapor-actuated type.
 - 3. Compact -style, liquid-in-glass type.
 - 4. Direct -mounted, light-activated type.
 - 5. Test plug with self-sealing rubber inserts.
- C. Thermometer stems shall be of length to match thermowell insertion length.

3.4 THERMOMETER SCALE-RANGE SCHEDULE

A. Scale Range for Heating, Hot-Water Piping: 30 to 240 deg F.

3.5 PRESSURE-GAGE SCALE-RANGE SCHEDULE

A. Scale Range for Heating, Hot-Water Piping: 0 to 100 psi.

END OF SECTION 230519

SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
 - 2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
 - 3. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
 - 4. Fastener systems.
 - 5. Equipment supports.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 233113 "Metal Ducts" for duct hangers and supports.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for HVAC piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
 - 2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.
 - 3. Design seismic-restraint hangers and supports for piping and equipment and obtain approval from authorities having jurisdiction.

2.2 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
 - 2. Galvanized Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized, hot-dip galvanized, or electro-galvanized.
 - 3. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coated, or epoxy powder-coated.
 - 4. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion to support bearing surface of piping.
 - 5. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.
- B. Copper Pipe and Tube Hangers:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-plated steel, factory-fabricated components.
 - 2. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of copper-plated steel.

2.3 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-58, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural carbon-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

2.4 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELD INSERTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Pipe Shields Inc.
- B. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.
- C. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.
- D. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

2.5 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Hilti, Inc.
 - b. ITW Ramset/Red Head; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - c. MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - d. Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.

- B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type anchors for use in hardened portland cement concrete; with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. B-line, an Eaton business.
 - b. Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - c. Hilti, Inc.
 - d. ITW Ramset/Red Head; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - e. MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - 2. Indoor Applications: Zinc-coatedsteel.

2.6 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural carbon-steel shapes.

2.7 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: ASTM B 221.
- B. Carbon Steel: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
- C. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; galvanized.
- D. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 240/A 240M.
- E. Threaded Rods: Continuously threaded. Zinc-plated or galvanized steel for indoor applications and stainless steel for outdoor applications. Mating nuts and washers of similar materials as rods.
- F. Grout: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping materials and installation for penetrations through fire-rated walls, ceilings, and assemblies.
- B. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.

3.2 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- B. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
 - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
 - 2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- C. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.
- D. Fastener System Installation:
 - Install powder-actuated fasteners for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4
 inches thick in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are
 licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool
 manufacturer's operating manual.
 - 2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- F. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.
- G. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- H. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- J. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- K. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- L. Insulated Piping:
 - Attach clamps and spacers to piping.

- a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
- b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
- Do not exceed pipe stress limits allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
 - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
- 3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
 - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
- 4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
 - b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
- 5. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

3.3 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make bearing surface smooth.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.4 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers equipment supports.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.6 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

3.7 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-58 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports metal trapeze pipe hangers and attachments for general service applications.
- F. Use and corrosion-resistant attachments for hostile environment applications.
- G. Use copper-plated pipe hangers and copper attachments for copper piping and tubing.
- H. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- I. Use thermal-hanger shield inserts for insulated piping and tubing.
- J. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
 - 2. Steel Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 4): For suspension of cold and hot pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 24 if little or no insulation is required.

- Adjustable, Swivel Split- or Solid-Ring Hangers (MSS Type 6): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 3/4 to NPS 8.
- Adjustable, Steel Band Hangers (MSS Type 7): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
- 5. Adjustable Band Hangers (MSS Type 9): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
- 6. Adjustable, Swivel-Ring Band Hangers (MSS Type 10): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
- 7. U-Bolts (MSS Type 24): For support of heavy pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
- 8. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 24 if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is unnecessary.
- K. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24.
- L. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
- M. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
 - 2. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
- N. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Steel-Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
 - 2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
 - 3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.
- O. Comply with MSS SP-58 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- P. Use powder-actuated fasteners instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.

END OF SECTION 230529

SECTION 230548 - VIBRATION AND SEISMIC CONTROLS FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. IBC: International Building Code.
- B. ICC-ES: ICC-Evaluation Service.
- C. OSHPD: Office of Statewide Health Planning & Development (for the State of California).

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include rated load, rated deflection, and overload capacity for each vibration isolation device.
 - 2. Illustrate and indicate style, material, strength, fastening provision, and finish for each type and size of vibration isolation device and seismic-restraint component required.
 - a. Tabulate types and sizes of seismic restraints, complete with report numbers and rated strength in tension and shear as evaluated by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - b. Annotate to indicate application of each product submitted and compliance with requirements.
 - 3. Interlocking Snubbers: Include ratings for horizontal, vertical, and combined loads.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with seismic-restraint requirements in the IBC unless requirements in this Section are more stringent.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ELASTOMERIC ISOLATION MOUNTS

- A. Double-Deflection, Elastomeric Isolation Mounts: .
 - 1. Mounting Plates:
 - a. Top Plate: Encapsulated steel load transfer top plates, factory drilled and threaded with threaded studs or bolts.
 - Baseplate: Encapsulated steel bottom plates with holes provided for anchoring to support structure.
 - 2. Elastomeric Material: Molded, oil-resistant rubber, neoprene, or other elastomeric material.

2.2 SPRING HANGERS

- A. Combination Coil-Spring and Elastomeric-Insert Hanger with Spring and Insert in Compression: <Insert drawing designation>.
 - 1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded hanger rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
 - 2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
 - 6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene. Steel-washer-reinforced cup to support spring and bushing projecting through bottom of frame.
 - 7. Self-centering hanger-rod cap to ensure concentricity between hanger rod and support spring coil.

2.3 MECHANICAL ANCHOR BOLTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. B-line, an Eaton business.
 - 2. Hilti, Inc.
 - 3. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 4. Mason Industries, Inc.
- B. Mechanical Anchor Bolts: Drilled-in and stud-wedge or female-wedge type in zinc-coated steel for interior applications and stainless steel for exterior applications. Select anchor bolts with strength required for anchor and as tested according to ASTM E 488.

2.4 ADHESIVE ANCHOR BOLTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Hilti, Inc.
 - 2. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 3. Mason Industries, Inc.
- B. Adhesive Anchor Bolts: Drilled-in and capsule anchor system containing PVC or urethane methacrylate-based resin and accelerator, or injected polymer or hybrid mortar adhesive. Provide anchor bolts and hardware with zinc-coated steel for interior applications and stainless steel for exterior applications. Select anchor bolts with strength required for anchor and as tested according to ASTM E 488.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and equipment to receive vibration isolation and seismic- and wind-control devices for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in of reinforcement and cast-in-place anchors to verify actual locations before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLICATIONS

- A. Multiple Pipe Supports: Secure pipes to trapeze member with clamps approved for application by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Hanger-Rod Stiffeners: Install hanger-rod stiffeners where indicated or scheduled on Drawings to receive them and where required to prevent buckling of hanger rods due to seismic forces.
- C. Strength of Support and Seismic-Restraint Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength is adequate to carry present and future static and seismic loads within specified loading limits.

3.3 VIBRATION CONTROL AND SEISMIC-RESTRAINT DEVICE INSTALLATION

- A. Installation of vibration isolators must not cause any change of position of equipment, piping, or ductwork resulting in stresses or misalignment.
- B. Equipment Restraints:
 - 1. Install seismic snubbers on HVAC equipment mounted on vibration isolators. Locate snubbers as close as possible to vibration isolators and bolt to equipment base and supporting structure.

- 2. Install resilient bolt isolation washers on equipment anchor bolts where clearance between anchor and adjacent surface exceeds 0.125 inch.
- 3. Install seismic-restraint devices using methods approved by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that provides required submittals for component.

C. Piping Restraints:

- 1. Comply with requirements in MSS SP-127.
- 2. Space lateral supports a maximum of 40 feet o.c., and longitudinal supports a maximum of 80 feet o.c.
- 3. Brace a change of direction longer than 12 feet.
- D. Install cables so they do not bend across edges of adjacent equipment or building structure.
- E. Install seismic-restraint devices using methods approved by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdictionthat provides required submittals for component.
- F. Install bushing assemblies for anchor bolts for floor-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media between anchor bolt and mounting hole in concrete base.
- G. Install bushing assemblies for mounting bolts for wall-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media where equipment or equipment-mounting channels are attached to wall.
- H. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to structure at flanges of beams, at upper truss chords of bar joists, or at concrete members.

I. Drilled-in Anchors:

- Identify position of reinforcing steel and other embedded items prior to drilling holes for anchors.
 Do not damage existing reinforcing or embedded items during coring or drilling. Notify the structural engineer if reinforcing steel or other embedded items are encountered during drilling.
 Locate and avoid prestressed tendons, electrical and telecommunications conduit, and gas lines.
- Do not drill holes in concrete or masonry until concrete, mortar, or grout has achieved full design strength.
- 3. Wedge Anchors: Protect threads from damage during anchor installation. Heavy-duty sleeve anchors shall be installed with sleeve fully engaged in the structural element to which anchor is to be fastened.
- 4. Adhesive Anchors: Clean holes to remove loose material and drilling dust prior to installation of adhesive. Place adhesive in holes proceeding from the bottom of the hole and progressing toward the surface in such a manner as to avoid introduction of air pockets in the adhesive.
- 5. Set anchors to manufacturer's recommended torque, using a torque wrench.
- 6. Install zinc-coated steel anchors for interior and stainless-steel anchors for exterior applications.

3.4 ACCOMMODATION OF DIFFERENTIAL SEISMIC MOTION

A. Install flexible connections in piping where they cross seismic joints, where adjacent sections or branches are supported by different structural elements, and where the connections terminate with connection to equipment that is anchored to a different structural element from the one supporting the connections as they approach equipment. Comply with requirements in Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping" for piping flexible connections.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.

3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust isolators after piping system is at operating weight.
- B. Adjust limit stops on restrained-spring isolators to mount equipment at normal operating height. After equipment installation is complete, adjust limit stops so they are out of contact during normal operation.

END OF SECTION 230548

SECTION 230553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Labeling and Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment per this section and section 230500 Common Work Results HVAC of the Oregon State Desgin Standards available at: https://fa.oregonstate.edu/cpd-standards

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Equipment labels.
 - 2. Warning signs and labels.
 - 3. Pipe labels.
 - 4. Duct labels.
 - 5. Valve tags.
 - 6. Warning tags.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

- A. Plastic Labels for Equipment:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 2. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/16 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
 - 3. Letter Color: White.
 - 4. Background Color: Black.
 - 5. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
 - 6. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
 - 7. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.

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- 8. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- 9. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.

- B. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number, and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules) and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

2.2 PIPE LABELS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Actioncraft Products, Inc.
 - 2. Brady Corporation.
 - 3. Brimar Industries, Inc.
 - 4. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - 5. Champion America.
 - 6. Craftmark Identification Systems.
 - 7. emedco.
 - 8. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.
 - 9. LEM Products Inc.
 - 10. Marking Services Inc.
 - 11. Seton Identification Products.
- B. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction according to ASME A13.1.
- C. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to partially covercircumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- D. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- E. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings; also include pipe size and an arrow indicating flow direction.
 - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
 - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances.

2.3 DUCT LABELS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Brady Corporation.
 - 2. Brimar Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - 4. Champion America.
 - 5. Craftmark Identification Systems.

- emedco.
- 7. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.
- 8. LEM Products Inc.
- 9. Marking Services Inc.
- 10. Seton Identification Products.
- B. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/16 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- C. Letter Color: White.
- D. Background Color: Black.
- E. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- F. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- G. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-guarters the size of principal lettering.
- H. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- I. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- J. Duct Label Contents: Include identification of duct service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings; also include duct size and an arrow indicating flow direction.
 - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with duct system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each duct label to indicate flow direction.

2.4 VALVE TAGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Actioncraft Products, Inc.
 - 2. Brady Corporation.
 - 3. Brimar Industries, Inc.
 - 4. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - 5. Champion America.
 - 6. Craftmark Identification Systems.
 - 7. emedco.
 - 8. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.
 - 9. LEM Products Inc.
 - 10. Marking Services Inc.
 - 11. Seton Identification Products.
- B. Description: Stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers.

- 1. Tag Material: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Fasteners: Brass wire-link chain or beaded chain.
- C. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.
 - 1. Valve-tag schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

2.5 WARNING TAGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Brady Corporation.
 - 2. Brimar Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - 4. Champion America.
 - Craftmark Identification Systems.
 - 6. emedco.
 - 7. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.
 - 8. LEM Products Inc.
 - 9. Marking Services Inc.
 - 10. Seton Identification Products.
 - 11. < Insert manufacturer's name>.
- B. Description: Preprinted or partially preprinted accident-prevention tags of plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.
 - 1. Size: Approximately 4 by 7 inches.
 - 2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
 - Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as "DANGER," "CAUTION," or "DO NOT OPERATE."
 - 4. Color: Safety-yellow background with black lettering.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.

C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

3.3 EQUIPMENT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Install or permanently fasten labels on each major item of mechanical equipment.
- B. Locate equipment labels where accessible and visible.

3.4 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Pipe Label Locations: Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
 - 1. Near each valve and control device.
 - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
 - 3. Near penetrations and on both sides of through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
 - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
 - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
 - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
 - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.
- B. Directional Flow Arrows: Arrows shall be used to indicate direction of flow in pipes, including pipes where flow is allowed in both directions.
- C. Pipe Label Color Schedule:
 - 1. Heating Water Piping: White letters on a safety-green background.
 - 2. Refrigerant Piping: White letters on a safety-purple background .

3.5 DUCT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Install self-adhesive duct labels with permanent adhesive on air ducts in the color codes per the Oregon State University Design Standards.
 - 1.
- B. Locate labels near points where ducts enter into and exit from concealed spaces and at maximum intervals of 50 feet in each space where ducts are exposed or concealed by removable ceiling system.

3.6 VALVE-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves, valves within factory-fabricated equipment units, shutoff valves, faucets, convenience and lawn-watering hose connections, and HVAC terminal devices and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.

- B. Valve-Tag Application Schedule: Tag valves according to size, shape, and color scheme and with captions similar to those indicated in the following subparagraphs:
 - 1. Valve-Tag Size and Shape:
 - a. Refrigerant: 1-1/2 inches, round.
 - b. Hot Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.
 - c. Gas: 1-1/2 inches, round.
 - 2. Valve-Tag Colors:
 - a. Potable and Other Water: White letters on a safety-green background.

3.7 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

END OF SECTION 230553

SECTION 230593 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Balancing Air Systems:
 - a. Constant-volume air systems.
 - 2. Balancing Hydronic Piping Systems:
 - a. Variable-flow hydronic systems.
 - b. Primary-secondary hydronic systems.
 - 3. Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Equipment:
 - a. Boilers.
 - b. Heat-transfer coils.
 - 4. Testing, adjusting, and balancing existing systems and equipment.
 - 5. Duct leakage tests.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. AABC: Associated Air Balance Council.
- B. BAS: Building automation systems.
- C. NEBB: National Environmental Balancing Bureau.
- D. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- E. TABB: Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau.
- F. TAB Specialist: An independent entity meeting qualifications to perform TAB work.
- G. TDH: Total dynamic head.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: Within 30 60 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit documentation that the TAB specialist and this Project's TAB team members meet the qualifications specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- B. Certified TAB reports.
- C. Instrument calibration reports, to include the following:
 - 1. Instrument type and make.
 - Serial number.
 - 3. Application.
 - 4. Dates of use.
 - 5. Dates of calibration.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Specialists Qualifications: Certified by NEBB or TABB.
 - 1. TAB Field Supervisor: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by NEBBor TABB.
 - 2. TAB Technician: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by NEBB or TABB as a TAB technician.
- B. Instrumentation Type, Quantity, Accuracy, and Calibration: Comply with requirements in ASHRAE 111, Section 4, "Instrumentation."
- C. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6.7.2.3 "System Balancing."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.
- B. Examine installed systems for balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers. Verify that locations of these balancing devices are applicable for intended purpose and are accessible.
- C. Examine the approved submittals for HVAC systems and equipment.
- D. Examine design data including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.

- E. Examine ceiling plenums and underfloor air plenums used for supply, return, or relief air to verify that they are properly separated from adjacent areas. Verify that penetrations in plenum walls are sealed and fire-stopped if required.
- F. Examine equipment performance data including fan and pump curves.
 - 1. Relate performance data to Project conditions and requirements, including system effects that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.
 - 2. Calculate system-effect factors to reduce performance ratings of HVAC equipment when installed under conditions different from the conditions used to rate equipment performance. To calculate system effects for air systems, use tables and charts found in AMCA 201, "Fans and Systems," or in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems Duct Design." Compare results with the design data and installed conditions.
- G. Examine system and equipment installations and verify that field quality-control testing, cleaning, and adjusting specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- H. Examine test reports specified in individual system and equipment Sections.
- I. Examine HVAC equipment and verify that bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, filters are clean, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- J. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, and verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.
- K. Examine strainers. Verify that startup screens have been replaced by permanent screens with indicated perforations.
- Examine control valves for proper installation for their intended function of throttling, diverting, or mixing fluid flows.
- M. Examine heat-transfer coils for correct piping connections and for clean and straight fins.
- N. Examine system pumps to ensure absence of entrained air in the suction piping.
- O. Examine operating safety interlocks and controls on HVAC equipment.
- P. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes the following:
 - 1. Equipment and systems to be tested.
 - 2. Strategies and step-by-step procedures for balancing the systems.
 - 3. Instrumentation to be used.
 - 4. Sample forms with specific identification for all equipment.
- B. Perform system-readiness checks of HVAC systems and equipment to verify system readiness for TAB work. Include, at a minimum, the following:

Airside:

- Verify that leakage and pressure tests on air distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.
- b. Duct systems are complete with terminals installed.
- c. Volume, smoke, and fire dampers are open and functional.
- d. Clean filters are installed.
- e. Fans are operating, free of vibration, and rotating in correct direction.
- f. Variable-frequency controllers' startup is complete and safeties are verified.
- g. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
- h. Ceilings are installed.
- i. Windows and doors are installed.
- j. Suitable access to balancing devices and equipment is provided.

2. Hydronics:

- a. Verify leakage and pressure tests on water distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.
- b. Piping is complete with terminals installed.
- c. Water treatment is complete.
- d. Systems are flushed, filled, and air purged.
- e. Strainers are pulled and cleaned.
- f. Control valves are functioning per the sequence of operation.
- g. Shutoff and balance valves have been verified to be 100 percent open.
- h. Pumps are started and proper rotation is verified.
- i. Pump gage connections are installed directly at pump inlet and outlet flanges or in discharge and suction pipe prior to valves or strainers.
- j. Variable-frequency controllers' startup is complete and safeties are verified.
- k. Suitable access to balancing devices and equipment is provided.

3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Total System Balance" NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems" SMACNA's "HVAC Systems Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" and in this Section.
- B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary for TAB procedures.
 - 1. After testing and balancing, patch probe holes in ducts with same material and thickness as used to construct ducts.
 - Install and join new insulation that matches removed materials. Restore insulation, coverings, vapor barrier, and finish according to Section 230713 "Duct Insulation," Section 230716 "HVAC Equipment Insulation," and Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
- C. Mark equipment and balancing devices, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material to show final settings.
- D. Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

3.4 **GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS**

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Cross-check the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.
- C. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct-airflow measurements.
- D. Check airflow patterns from the outdoor-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.
- E. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.
- F. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- G. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- Н. Check for airflow blockages.
- I. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.
- Check for proper sealing of air-handling-unit components. J.
- K. Verify that air duct system is sealed as specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."

3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
 - 1. Measure total airflow.
 - Set outside-air, return-air, and relief-air dampers for proper position that simulates minimum a. outdoor-air conditions.
 - Where duct conditions allow, measure airflow by main Pitot-tube traverse. If necessary, b. perform multiple Pitot-tube traverses, close to the fan and prior to any outlets, to obtain total airflow.
 - Where duct conditions are not suitable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, a coil traverse C. may be acceptable.
 - 2. Measure fan static pressures as follows:
 - a. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
 - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan inlet or through the flexible connection.
 - C. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up the air-handling system.
 - d. Report artificial loading of filters at the time static pressures are measured.
 - Review Record Documents to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static 3. pressures. Calculate actual system-effect factors. Recommend adjustments to accommodate actual conditions.

- 4. Obtain approval from Owner for adjustment of fan speed higher or lower than indicated speed. Comply with requirements in HVAC Sections for air-handling units for adjustment of fans, belts, and pulley sizes to achieve indicated air-handling-unit performance.
- 5. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload occurs. Measure amperage in full-cooling, full-heating, economizer, and any other operating mode to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.
- B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows.
 - 1. Measure airflow of submain and branch ducts.
 - 2. Adjust submain and branch duct volume dampers for specified airflow.
 - 3. Re-measure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted.
- C. Adjust air inlets and outlets for each space to indicated airflows.
 - 1. Set airflow patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.
 - 2. Measure inlets and outlets airflow.
 - 3. Adjust each inlet and outlet for specified airflow.
 - 4. Re-measure each inlet and outlet after they have been adjusted.
- D. Verify final system conditions.
 - Re-measure and confirm that minimum outdoor, return, and relief airflows are within design. Readiust to design if necessary.
 - 2. Re-measure and confirm that total airflow is within design.
 - 3. Re-measure all final fan operating data, rpms, volts, amps, and static profile.
 - 4. Mark all final settings.
 - 5. Test system in economizer mode. Verify proper operation and adjust if necessary.
 - 6. Measure and record all operating data.
 - 7. Record final fan-performance data.

3.6 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for pumps, coils, and heat exchangers. Obtain approved submittals and manufacturer-recommended testing procedures. Crosscheck the summation of required coil and heat exchanger flow rates with pump design flow rate.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" piping layouts.
- C. In addition to requirements in "Preparation" Article, prepare hydronic systems for testing and balancing as follows:
 - 1. Check liquid level in expansion tank.
 - 2. Check highest vent for adequate pressure.
 - 3. Check flow-control valves for proper position.
 - 4. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.
 - 5. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
 - 6. Check that air has been purged from the system.

3.7 PROCEDURES FOR VARIABLE-FLOW HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- A. Balance systems with automatic two- and three-way control valves by setting systems at maximum flow through heat-exchange terminals, and proceed as specified above for hydronic systems.
- B. Adjust the variable-flow hydronic system as follows:
 - 1. Verify that the differential-pressure sensor is located as indicated.
 - 2. Determine whether there is diversity in the system.
- C. For systems with no diversity:
 - 1. Adjust pumps to deliver total design gpm.
 - a. Measure total water flow.
 - 1) Position valves for full flow through coils.
 - 2) Measure flow by main flow meter, if installed.
 - 3) If main flow meter is not installed, determine flow by pump TDH or exchanger pressure drop.
 - b. Measure pump TDH as follows:
 - Measure discharge pressure directly at the pump outlet flange or in discharge pipe prior to any valves.
 - 2) Measure inlet pressure directly at the pump inlet flange or in suction pipe prior to any valves or strainers.
 - 3) Convert pressure to head and correct for differences in gage heights.
 - 4) Verify pump impeller size by measuring the TDH with the discharge valve closed. Note the point on manufacturer's pump curve at zero flow and verify that the pump has the intended impeller size.
 - 5) With valves open, read pump TDH. Adjust pump discharge valve until design water flow is achieved.
 - Monitor motor performance during procedures and do not operate motor in an overloaded condition.
 - 2. Adjust flow-measuring devices installed in mains and branches to design water flows.
 - a. Measure flow in main and branch pipes.
 - b. Adjust main and branch balance valves for design flow.
 - c. Re-measure each main and branch after all have been adjusted.
 - 3. Adjust flow-measuring devices installed at terminals for each space to design water flows.
 - a. Measure flow at terminals.
 - b. Adjust each terminal to design flow.
 - c. Re-measure each terminal after it is adjusted.
 - Position control valves to bypass the coil and adjust the bypass valve to maintain design flow
 - e. Perform temperature tests after flows have been balanced.

- 4. For systems with pressure-independent valves at terminals:
 - a. Measure differential pressure and verify that it is within manufacturer's specified range.
 - b. Perform temperature tests after flows have been verified.
- 5. For systems without pressure-independent valves or flow-measuring devices at terminals:
 - a. Measure and balance coils by either coil pressure drop or temperature method.
 - b. If balanced by coil pressure drop, perform temperature tests after flows have been verified.
- 6. Prior to verifying final system conditions, determine the system differential-pressure set point.
- 7. If the pump discharge valve was used to set total system flow with variable-frequency controller at 60 Hz, at completion open discharge valve 100 percent and allow variable-frequency controller to control system differential-pressure set point. Record pump data under both conditions.
- 8. Mark final settings and verify that all memory stops have been set.
- 9. Verify final system conditions as follows:
 - a. Re-measure and confirm that total water flow is within design.
 - b. Re-measure final pumps' operating data, TDH, volts, amps, and static profile.
 - c. Mark final settings.
- 10. Verify that memory stops have been set.
- D. For systems with diversity:
 - 1. Determine diversity factor.
 - Simulate system diversity by closing required number of control valves, as approved by the design engineer.
 - 3. Adjust pumps to deliver total design gpm.
 - a. Measure total water flow.
 - 1) Position valves for full flow through coils.
 - 2) Measure flow by main flow meter, if installed.
 - 3) If main flow meter is not installed, determine flow by pump TDH or exchanger pressure drop.
 - b. Measure pump TDH as follows:
 - 1) Measure discharge pressure directly at the pump outlet flange or in discharge pipe prior to any valves.
 - 2) Measure inlet pressure directly at the pump inlet flange or in suction pipe prior to any valves or strainers.
 - 3) Convert pressure to head and correct for differences in gage heights.
 - 4) Verify pump impeller size by measuring the TDH with the discharge valve closed. Note the point on manufacturer's pump curve at zero flow and verify that the pump has the intended impeller size.
 - 5) With valves open, read pump TDH. Adjust pump discharge valve until design water flow is achieved.
 - Monitor motor performance during procedures and do not operate motor in an overloaded condition.

- 4. Adjust flow-measuring devices installed in mains and branches to design water flows.
 - a. Measure flow in main and branch pipes.
 - b. Adjust main and branch balance valves for design flow.
 - c. Re-measure each main and branch after all have been adjusted.
- 5. Adjust flow-measuring devices installed at terminals for each space to design water flows.
 - a. Measure flow at terminals.
 - b. Adjust each terminal to design flow.
 - c. Re-measure each terminal after it is adjusted.
 - Position control valves to bypass the coil, and adjust the bypass valve to maintain design flow.
 - e. Perform temperature tests after flows have been balanced.
- 6. For systems with pressure-independent valves at terminals:
 - a. Measure differential pressure, and verify that it is within manufacturer's specified range.
 - b. Perform temperature tests after flows have been verified.
- 7. For systems without pressure-independent valves or flow-measuring devices at terminals:
 - a. Measure and balance coils by either coil pressure drop or temperature method.
 - b. If balanced by coil pressure drop, perform temperature tests after flows have been verified.
- 8. Open control valves that were shut. Close a sufficient number of control valves that were previously open to maintain diversity, and balance terminals that were just opened.
- 9. Prior to verifying final system conditions, determine system differential-pressure set point.
- 10. If the pump discharge valve was used to set total system flow with variable-frequency controller at 60 Hz, at completion open discharge valve 100 percent and allow variable-frequency controller to control system differential-pressure set point. Record pump data under both conditions.
- 11. Mark final settings and verify that memory stops have been set.
- 12. Verify final system conditions as follows:
 - a. Re-measure and confirm that total water flow is within design.
 - b. Re-measure final pumps' operating data, TDH, volts, amps, and static profile.
 - c. Mark final settings.
- 13. Verify that memory stops have been set.

3.8 PROCEDURES FOR PRIMARY-SECONDARY HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- A. Balance the primary circuit flow first.
- B. Balance the secondary circuits after the primary circuits are complete.
- C. Adjust pumps to deliver total design gpm.
 - Measure total water flow.
 - a. Position valves for full flow through coils.
 - b. Measure flow by main flow meter, if installed.

- If main flow meter is not installed, determine flow by pump TDH or exchanger pressure drop.
- 2. Measure pump TDH as follows:
 - a. Measure discharge pressure directly at the pump outlet flange or in discharge pipe prior to any valves.
 - Measure inlet pressure directly at the pump inlet flange or in suction pipe prior to any valves or strainers.
 - c. Convert pressure to head and correct for differences in gage heights.
 - d. Verify pump impeller size by measuring the TDH with the discharge valve closed. Note the point on manufacturer's pump curve at zero flow and verify that the pump has the intended impeller size.
 - e. With valves open, read pump TDH. Adjust pump discharge valve until design water flow is achieved.
- Monitor motor performance during procedures and do not operate motor in an overloaded condition.
- D. Adjust flow-measuring devices installed in mains and branches to design water flows.
 - 1. Measure flow in main and branch pipes.
 - 2. Adjust main and branch balance valves for design flow.
 - 3. Re-measure each main and branch after all have been adjusted.
- E. Adjust flow-measuring devices installed at terminals for each space to design water flows.
 - 1. Measure flow at terminals.
 - 2. Adjust each terminal to design flow.
 - 3. Re-measure each terminal after it is adjusted.
 - 4. Position control valves to bypass the coil and adjust the bypass valve to maintain design flow.
 - 5. Perform temperature tests after flows have been balanced.
- F. For systems with pressure-independent valves at terminals:
 - 1. Measure differential pressure and verify that it is within manufacturer's specified range.
 - 2. Perform temperature tests after flows have been verified.
- G. For systems without pressure-independent valves or flow-measuring devices at terminals:
 - 1. Measure and balance coils by either coil pressure drop or temperature method.
 - 2. If balanced by coil pressure drop, perform temperature tests after flows have been verified.
- H. Verify final system conditions as follows:
 - 1. Re-measure and confirm that total water flow is within design.
 - 2. Re-measure final pumps' operating data, TDH, volts, amps, and static profile.
 - 3. Mark final settings.
- I. Verify that memory stops have been set.

3.9 PROCEDURES FOR BOILERS

- A. Hydronic Boilers:
 - 1. Measure and record entering- and leaving-water temperatures.
 - 2. Measure and record water flow.
 - 3. Record relief valve pressure setting.

3.10 PROCEDURES FOR HEAT-TRANSFER COILS

- A. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each water coil:
 - 1. Entering- and leaving-water temperature.
 - 2. Water flow rate.
 - 3. Water pressure drop for major (more than 20 gpm) equipment coils, excluding unitary equipment such as reheat coils, unit heaters, and fan-coil units.
 - 4. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 5. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air for cooling coils.
 - Airflow.
- B. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each electric heating coil:
 - 1. Nameplate data.
 - 2. Airflow.
 - 3. Entering- and leaving-air temperature at full load.
 - 4. Voltage and amperage input of each phase at full load.
 - 5. Calculated kilowatt at full load.
 - 6. Fuse or circuit-breaker rating for overload protection.
- C. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each steam coil:
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Airflow.
 - 3. Inlet steam pressure.
- D. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each refrigerant coil:
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - Airflow.

3.11 PROCEDURES FOR TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING EXISTING SYSTEMS

- A. Perform a preconstruction inspection of existing equipment that is to remain and be reused.
 - 1. Measure and record the operating speed, airflow, and static pressure of each fan.
 - 2. Measure motor voltage and amperage. Compare the values to motor nameplate information.
 - 3. Check the refrigerant charge.
 - Check the condition of filters.

- 5. Check the condition of coils.
- 6. Check the operation of the drain pan and condensate-drain trap.
- 7. Check bearings and other lubricated parts for proper lubrication.
- 8. Report on the operating condition of the equipment and the results of the measurements taken. Report deficiencies.
- B. Before performing testing and balancing of existing systems, inspect existing equipment that is to remain and be reused to verify that existing equipment has been cleaned and refurbished. Verify the following:
 - 1. New filters are installed.
 - 2. Coils are clean and fins combed.
 - 3. Drain pans are clean.
 - 4. Fans are clean.
 - 5. Bearings and other parts are properly lubricated.
 - 6. Deficiencies noted in the preconstruction report are corrected.
- C. Perform testing and balancing of existing systems to the extent that existing systems are affected by the renovation work.
 - 1. Compare the indicated airflow of the renovated work to the measured fan airflows, and determine the new fan speed and the face velocity of filters and coils.
 - 2. Verify that the indicated airflows of the renovated work result in filter and coil face velocities and fan speeds that are within the acceptable limits defined by equipment manufacturer.
 - 3. If calculations increase or decrease the airflow rates and water flow rates by more than 5 percent, make equipment adjustments to achieve the calculated rates. If increase or decrease is 5 percent or less, equipment adjustments are not required.
 - 4. Balance each air outlet.

3.12 TOLERANCES

- A. Set HVAC system's airflow rates and water flow rates within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 2. Air Outlets and Inlets: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 3. Heating-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.
- B. Maintaining pressure relationships as designed shall have priority over the tolerances specified above.

3.13 PROGRESS REPORTING

A. Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.

3.14 FINAL REPORT

 General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.

- Include a certification sheet at the front of the report's binder, signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
- 2. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.
- 3. Certify validity and accuracy of field data.
- B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field-report data, include the following:
 - 1. Pump curves.
 - 2. Fan curves.
 - 3. Manufacturers' test data.
 - 4. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
 - Other information relative to equipment performance; do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data.
- C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Name and address of the TAB specialist.
 - 3. Project name.
 - 4. Project location.
 - 5. Architect's name and address.
 - 6. Engineer's name and address.
 - Contractor's name and address.
 - Report date.
 - 9. Signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
 - 10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
 - 11. Summary of contents including the following:
 - a. Indicated versus final performance.
 - b. Notable characteristics of systems.
 - c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
 - 12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
 - 13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer's name, type, size, and fittings.
 - 14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports vary from indicated values.
 - 15. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:
 - a. Settings for outdoor-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
 - b. Conditions of filters.
 - c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
 - d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
 - e. Fan drive settings including settings and percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
 - f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
 - g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.
 - h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.
- D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
 - 1. Quantities of outdoor, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
 - 2. Water and steam flow rates.
 - 3. Duct, outlet, and inlet sizes.

- 4. Pipe and valve sizes and locations.
- 5. Terminal units.
- 6. Balancing stations.
- 7. Position of balancing devices.
- E. Air-Handling-Unit Test Reports: For air-handling units with coils, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and unit size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Unit arrangement and class.
 - g. Discharge arrangement.
 - h. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - i. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - j. Number, make, and size of belts.
 - k. Number, type, and size of filters.
 - 2. Motor Data:
 - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Filter static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - f. Preheat-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - g. Heating-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - h. Outdoor airflow in cfm.
 - i. Return airflow in cfm.
 - j. Outdoor-air damper position.
 - k. Return-air damper position.
- F. Apparatus-Coil Test Reports:
 - 1. Coil Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Coil type.
 - d. Number of rows.
 - e. Fin spacing in fins per inch o.c.

- f. Make and model number.
- g. Face area in sq. ft..
- h. Tube size in NPS.
- i. Tube and fin materials.
- j. Circuiting arrangement.
- 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Average face velocity in fpm.
 - c. Air pressure drop in inches wg.
 - d. Outdoor-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - e. Return-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - f. Entering-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - g. Leaving-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - h. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - i. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psig.
 - j. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - k. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
- G. Gas- and Oil-Fired Heat Apparatus Test Reports: In addition to manufacturer's factory startup equipment reports, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and unit size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Fuel type in input data.
 - g. Output capacity in Btu/h.
 - h. Ignition type.
 - i. Burner-control types.
 - i. Motor horsepower and rpm.
 - k. Motor volts, phase, and hertz.
 - I. Motor full-load amperage and service factor.
 - m. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - n. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - c. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
 - d. Air temperature differential in deg F.
 - e. Entering-air static pressure in inches wg.
 - f. Leaving-air static pressure in inches wg.
 - g. Air static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - h. Low-fire fuel input in Btu/h.
 - i. High-fire fuel input in Btu/h.
 - j. Manifold pressure in psig.

- k. High-temperature-limit setting in deg F.
- I. Operating set point in Btu/h.
- m. Motor voltage at each connection.
- n. Motor amperage for each phase.
- o. Heating value of fuel in Btu/h.
- H. Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:
 - 1. Fan Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Arrangement and class.
 - g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - h. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 2. Motor Data:
 - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - g. Number, make, and size of belts.
 - 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.
- I. Round, Flat-Oval, and Rectangular Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct cross-section and record the following:
 - 1. Report Data:
 - a. System and air-handling-unit number.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
 - d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Duct size in inches.
 - f. Duct area in sq. ft..
 - g. Indicated airflow rate in cfm.
 - h. Indicated velocity in fpm.
 - i. Actual airflow rate in cfm.
 - j. Actual average velocity in fpm.

- Barometric pressure in psig.
- J. System-Coil Reports: For reheat coils and water coils of terminal units, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System and air-handling-unit identification.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Room or riser served.
 - d. Coil make and size.
 - e. Flowmeter type.
 - 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - c. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - d. Water pressure drop in feet of head or psig.
 - e. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - f. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
- K. Pump Test Reports: Calculate impeller size by plotting the shutoff head on pump curves and include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Service.
 - d. Make and size.
 - e. Model number and serial number.
 - f. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - g. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psig.
 - h. Required net positive suction head in feet of head or psig.
 - i. Pump rpm.
 - j. Impeller diameter in inches.
 - k. Motor make and frame size.
 - I. Motor horsepower and rpm.
 - m. Voltage at each connection.
 - n. Amperage for each phase.
 - o. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - p. Seal type.
 - 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Static head in feet of head or psig.
 - b. Pump shutoff pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - c. Actual impeller size in inches.
 - d. Full-open flow rate in gpm.
 - e. Full-open pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - f. Final discharge pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - g. Final suction pressure in feet of head or psig.

- Final total pressure in feet of head or psig.
- i. Final water flow rate in gpm.
- j. Voltage at each connection.
- k. Amperage for each phase.
- L. Instrument Calibration Reports:
 - 1. Report Data:
 - a. Instrument type and make.
 - b. Serial number.
 - c. Application.
 - d. Dates of use.
 - e. Dates of calibration.

3.15 VERIFICATION OF TAB REPORT

- A. The TAB specialist's test and balance engineer shall conduct the inspection in the presence of Owner.
- B. Owner shall randomly select measurements, documented in the final report, to be rechecked. Rechecking shall be limited to either 10 percent of the total measurements recorded or the extent of measurements that can be accomplished in a normal 8-hour business day.
- C. If rechecks yield measurements that differ from the measurements documented in the final report by more than the tolerances allowed, the measurements shall be noted as "FAILED."
- D. If the number of "FAILED" measurements is greater than 10 percent of the total measurements checked during the final inspection, the testing and balancing shall be considered incomplete and shall be rejected.
- E. If TAB work fails, proceed as follows:
 - 1. TAB specialists shall recheck all measurements and make adjustments. Revise the final report and balancing device settings to include all changes; resubmit the final report and request a second final inspection.
 - If the second final inspection also fails, Owner may contract the services of another TAB specialist
 to complete TAB work according to the Contract Documents and deduct the cost of the services
 from the original TAB specialist's final payment.
 - 3. If the second verification also fails, Owner may contact AABC Headquarters regarding the AABC National Performance Guaranty.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.16 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional TAB to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional TAB during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 230593

SECTION 230719 - HVAC PIPING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes insulation for HVAC piping systems.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include thermal conductivity, water-vapor permeance thickness, and jackets (both factory and field applied if any).

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application. Before preparing piping Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.

1.7 SCHEDULING

A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.

 Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- B. Products that come into contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested in accordance with ASTM C871.
- Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable in accordance with ASTM C795.
- D. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- E. Flexible Elastomeric: Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials. Comply with ASTM C534/C534M, Type I for tubular materials, Type II for sheet materials.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Aeroflex USA, Inc.
 - b. Armacell LLC.
 - c. K-Flex USA.
- F. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C547.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - b. Knauf Insulation.
 - c. Manson Insulation Inc.
 - d. Owens Corning.
 - 2. Preformed Pipe Insulation: Type I, Grade A, without factory-applied jacket with factory-applied ASJ.
 - 3. Factory fabricate shapes in accordance with ASTM C450 and ASTM C585.
 - 4. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

2.2 MASTICS AND COATINGS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - Mastics shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers." Formaldehyde emissions shall not exceed 9 mcg/cu. m or 7 ppb, whichever is less.
- B. Vapor-Retarder Mastic, Water Based: Suitable for indoor use on below-ambient services.

- 1. Manufacturers; Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - c. Knauf Insulation.
 - d. Vimasco Corporation.
- 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: Comply with ASTM E96/E96M or ASTM F1249.
- 3. Service Temperature Range: 0 to plus 180 deg F.

2.3 SEALANTS

- A. Materials shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
- B. Joint Sealants:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Foster Brand: H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - c. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - d. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation.
 - e. Insert manufacturer's name.
 - 2. Permanently flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - Color: White or gray.
- C. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Childers Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - b. Foster Brand; H. B. Fuller Construction Products.
 - c. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 4. Color: Aluminum.

2.4 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C1136, Type II, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. PVC Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as scheduled; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming. Thickness is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:

- a. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.
- 2. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
- 3. Factory-fabricated fitting covers to match jacket if available; otherwise, field fabricate.
 - a. Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, mechanical joints, and P-trap and supply covers for lavatories.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
 - 1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
 - 2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.
- B. Clean and prepare surfaces to be insulated. Before insulating, apply a corrosion coating to insulated surfaces as follows:
 - Carbon Steel: Coat carbon steel operating at a service temperature of between 32 and 300
 deg Fwith an epoxy coating. Consult coating manufacturer for appropriate coating materials and
 application methods for operating temperature range.
- C. Coordinate insulation installation with the tradesman installing heat tracing. Comply with requirements for heat tracing that apply to insulation.
- D. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainless steel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of piping, including fittings, valves, and specialties.
- B. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and of thicknesses required for each item of pipe system, as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.

- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- F. Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.
- G. Keep insulation materials dry during storage, application, and finishing. Replace insulation materials that get wet.
- H. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- I. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- J. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends attached to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 3. Install insert materials and insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
 - 4. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.
- K. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- L. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
 - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch- wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward-clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
 - 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward-clinching staples along edge at 2 inches o.c.
 - a. For below-ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
 - 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, in accordance with insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
 - 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to pipe flanges and fittings.
- M. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 25 percent of its nominal thickness.
- N. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- O. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches in similar fashion to butt joints.

- P. For above-ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:
 - 1. Vibration-control devices.
 - Testing agency labels and stamps.
 - 3. Nameplates and data plates.

3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
 - 4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- C. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
 - Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.
- D. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
 - 1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
 - Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.5 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials, except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, Mechanical Couplings, and Unions:
 - 1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, mechanical couplings, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation made from same material and density as that of adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
 - Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation of same material and thickness as that used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.

- 4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation of same material, density, and thickness as that used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than 2 times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
- Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation of same material, density, and thickness as that used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than 2 times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers, so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below-ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
- Insulate flanges, mechanical couplings, and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation to fit. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than 2 times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "union" matching size and color of pipe labels.
- Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install
 vapor-barrier mastic for below-ambient services and a breather mastic for above-ambient services.
 Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped
 contour.
- For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket, except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions.
 Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing, using PVC tape.
- C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC INSULATION

- A. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:
 - 1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
 - 2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
 - 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of sheet insulation of same thickness as that of pipe insulation.
 - 4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
 - 1. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
 - 2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

- Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as that of pipe insulation when available.
- 2. When preformed valve covers are not available, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- 3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
- Secure insulation to valves and specialties, and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.7 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

- A. Where PVC jackets are indicated and for horizontal applications, install with 1-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - 1. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.

3.8 FINISHES

A. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation: After adhesive has fully cured, apply two coats of insulation manufacturer's recommended protective coating.

3.9 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Insulation conductivity and thickness per pipe size shall comply with schedules in this Section or with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, whichever is more stringent.
- B. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.

3.10 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Condensate and Equipment Drain Water below 60 Deg F:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
 - c. Polyisocyanurate: [1 inch] < Insert dimension > thick.
- B. Heating-Hot-Water Supply and Return, 200 Deg F and Below:
 - 1. NPS 12 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I: 1 inch thick.

- C. Steam and Steam Condensate, Boiler Blowdown, Vents, Drains, and Safety Relief Vents 350 Deg F and Below:
 - 1. NPS 3/4 and Smaller: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1-1/2 inches thick.
- D. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Piping:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
 - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- E. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Flexible Tubing:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 2 inches thick.
- F. Refrigerant Liquid Piping:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch] < Insert dimension > thick.
 - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [1 inch] < Insert dimension> thick.

3.11 OUTDOOR, ABOVEGROUND PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Heating-Hot-Water Supply and Return, 200 Deg F and Below:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 2 inches thick.
- B. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Piping:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
 - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: [2 inches] < Insert dimension > thick.
- C. Refrigerant Suction and Hot-Gas Flexible Tubing:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:
 - a. Flexible Elastomeric: [2 inches] <Insert dimension> thick.
- D. Refrigerant Liquid Piping:
 - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be[one of] the following:

a. Flexible Elastomeric: [1 inch] [2 inches] < Insert dimension > thick.

3.12 INDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

- A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.
- B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- C. Piping, Concealed:
 - 1. None.
 - 2. : [20 mils] [30 mils] thick.
 - 3. < Insert jacket type>.
- D. Piping, Exposed:
 - 1. None.
 - 2. : [20 mils] [30 mils] thick.
 - <Insert jacket type>.

3.13 OUTDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

- A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.
- B. Piping, Concealed:
 - 1. : [20 mils] [30 mils] thick.
- C. Piping, Exposed:
 - 1. PVC: [20 mils] [30 mils] [40 mils] thick.

END OF SECTION 230719

SECTION 230923 - DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL (DDC) SYSTEM FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. DDC system for monitoring and controlling of HVAC systems.
 - Delivery of selected control devices to equipment and systems manufacturers for factory installation and to HVAC systems installers for field installation.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Algorithm: A logical procedure for solving a recurrent mathematical problem. A prescribed set of well-defined rules or processes for solving a problem in a finite number of steps.
- B. Analog: A continuously varying signal value, such as current, flow, pressure, or temperature.
- C. BACnet Specific Definitions:
 - 1. BACnet: Building Automation Control Network Protocol, ASHRAE 135. A communications protocol allowing devices to communicate data over and services over a network.
 - 2. BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks (BIBBs): BIBB defines a small portion of BACnet functionality that is needed to perform a particular task. BIBBs are combined to build the BACnet functional requirements for a device.
 - 3. BACnet/IP: Defines and allows using a reserved UDP socket to transmit BACnet messages over IP networks. A BACnet/IP network is a collection of one or more IP subnetworks that share the same BACnet network number.
 - 4. BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL): Organization responsible for testing products for compliance with ASHRAE 135, operated under direction of BACnet International.
 - 5. PICS (Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement): Written document that identifies the particular options specified by BACnet that are implemented in a device.
- D. Binary: Two-state signal where a high signal level represents ON" or "OPEN" condition and a low signal level represents "OFF" or "CLOSED" condition. "Digital" is sometimes used interchangeably with "Binary" to indicate a two-state signal.

- E. Controller: Generic term for any standalone, microprocessor-based, digital controller residing on a network, used for local or global control. Three types of controllers are indicated: Network Controller, Programmable Application Controller, and Application-Specific Controller.
- F. Control System Integrator: An entity that assists in expansion of existing enterprise system and support of additional operator interfaces to I/O being added to existing enterprise system.
- G. COV: Changes of value.
- H. DDC System Provider: Authorized representative of, and trained by, DDC system manufacturer and responsible for execution of DDC system Work indicated.
- I. Distributed Control: Processing of system data is decentralized and control decisions are made at subsystem level. System operational programs and information are provided to remote subsystems and status is reported back. On loss of communication, subsystems shall be capable of operating in a standalone mode using the last best available data.
- J. DOCSIS: Data-Over Cable Service Interface Specifications.
- K. E/P: Voltage to pneumatic.
- L. Gateway: Bidirectional protocol translator that connects control systems that use different communication protocols.
- M. HLC: Heavy load conditions.
- N. I/O: System through which information is received and transmitted. I/O refers to analog input (AI), binary input (BI), analog output (AO) and binary output (BO). Analog signals are continuous and represent control influences such as flow, level, moisture, pressure, and temperature. Binary signals convert electronic signals to digital pulses (values) and generally represent two-position operating and alarm status. "Digital," (DI and (DO), is sometimes used interchangeably with "Binary," (BI) and (BO), respectively.
- O. I/P: Current to pneumatic.
- P. LAN: Local area network.
- Q. LNS: LonWorks Network Services.
- R. LON Specific Definitions:
 - 1. FTT-10: Echelon Transmitter-Free Topology Transceiver.
 - 2. LonMark: Association comprising suppliers and installers of LonTalk products. Association provides guidelines for implementing LonTalk protocol to ensure interoperability through a standard or consistent implementation.
 - 3. LonTalk: An open standard protocol developed by the Echelon Corporation that uses a "Neuron Chip" for communication. LonTalk is a register trademark of Echelon.
 - 4. LonWorks: Network technology developed by Echelon.
 - 5. Node: Device that communicates using CEA-709.1-C protocol and that is connected to a CEA-709.1-C network.

- 6. Node Address: The logical address of a node on the network, consisting of a Domain number, Subnet number, and Node number. "Node number" portion of an address is a number assigned to device during installation, is unique within a subnet, and is not a factory-set unique Node ID.
- 7. Node ID: A unique 48-bit identifier assigned at factory to each CEA-709.1-C device. Sometimes called a "Neuron ID."
- 8. Program ID: An identifier (number) stored in a device (usually EEPROM) that identifies node manufacturer, functionality of device (application and sequence), transceiver used, and intended device usage.
- 9. Standard Configuration Property Type (SCPT): Pronounced "skip-it." A standard format type maintained by LonMark International for configuration properties.
- 10. Standard Network Variable Type (SNVT): Pronounced "snivet." A standard format type maintained by LonMark used to define data information transmitted and received by individual nodes. "SNVT" is used in two ways. It is an acronym for "Standard Network Variable Type" and is often used to indicate a network variable itself (i.e., it can mean "a network variable of a standard network variable type").
- 11. Subnet: Consists of a logical grouping of up to 127 nodes, where logical grouping is defined by node addressing. Each subnet is assigned a number, which is unique within a Domain. See "Node Address."
- 12. TP/FT-10: Free Topology Twisted Pair network defined by CEA-709.3 and is most common media type for a CEA-709.1-C control network.
- 13. TP/XF-1250: High-speed, 1.25-Mbps, twisted-pair, doubly terminated bus network defined by "LonMark Interoperability Guidelines" typically used only to connect multiple TP/FT-10 networks.
- 14. User-Defined Configuration Property Type (UCPT): Pronounced "U-Keep-It." A Configuration Property format type that is defined by device manufacturer.
- 15. User-Defined Network Variable Type (UNVT): Network variable format defined by device manufacturer. UNVTs create non-standard communications that other vendors' devices may not correctly interpret and may negatively impact system operation. UNVTs are not allowed.
- S. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control, signaling power-limited circuits.
- T. Mobile Device: A data-enabled phone or tablet computer capable of connecting to a cellular data network and running a native control application or accessing a web interface.
- U. Modbus TCP/IP: An open protocol for exchange of process data.
- V. MS/TP: Master-slave/token-passing, IEE 8802-3. Datalink protocol LAN option that uses twisted-pair wire for low-speed communication.
- W. MTBF: Mean time between failures.
- X. Network Controller: Digital controller, which supports a family of programmable application controllers and application-specific controllers, that communicates on peer-to-peer network for transmission of global data.
- Y. Network Repeater: Device that receives data packet from one network and rebroadcasts it to another network. No routing information is added to protocol.
- Z. Peer to Peer: Networking architecture that treats all network stations as equal partners.

- AA. POT: Portable operator's terminal.
- BB. PUE: Performance usage effectiveness.
- CC. RAM: Random access memory.
- DD. RF: Radio frequency.
- EE. Router: Device connecting two or more networks at network layer.
- FF. Server: Computer used to maintain system configuration, historical and programming database.
- GG. TCP/IP: Transport control protocol/Internet protocol.
- HH. UPS: Uninterruptible power supply.
- II. USB: Universal Serial Bus.
- JJ. User Datagram Protocol (UDP): This protocol assumes that the IP is used as the underlying protocol.
- KK. VAV: Variable air volume.
- LL. WLED: White light emitting diode.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product include the following:
 - 1. Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
 - Operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories indicating process operating range, accuracy over range, control signal over range, default control signal with loss of power, calibration data specific to each unique application, electrical power requirements, and limitations of ambient operating environment, including temperature and humidity.
 - 3. Product description with complete technical data, performance curves, and product specification sheets.
 - 4. Installation, operation and maintenance instructions including factors effecting performance.
 - 5. Bill of materials of indicating quantity, manufacturer, and extended model number for each unique product.
 - a. Workstations.
 - b. Protocol analyzers.
 - c. DDC controllers.
 - d. Electrical power devices.
 - e. Instruments.
 - f. Control dampers and actuators.
 - g. Control valves and actuators.

- 6. When manufacturer's product datasheets apply to a product series rather than a specific product model, clearly indicate and highlight only applicable information.
- 7. Each submitted piece of product literature shall clearly cross reference specification and drawings that submittal is to cover.

B. System Description:

- 1. Full description of DDC system architecture, network configuration, operator interfaces and peripherals, servers, controller types and applications, gateways, routers and other network devices, and power supplies.
- 2. Complete listing and description of each report, log and trend for format and timing and events which initiate generation.
- 3. System and product operation under each potential failure condition including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Loss of power.
 - b. Loss of network communication signal.
 - c. Loss of controller signals to inputs and outpoints.
 - d. Operator workstation failure.
 - e. Server failure.
 - f. Gateway failure.
 - g. Network failure
 - h. Controller failure.
 - i. Instrument failure.
 - j. Control damper and valve actuator failure.
- 4. Complete bibliography of documentation and media to be delivered to Owner.
- 5. Description of testing plans and procedures.
- 6. Description of Owner training.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For DDC system to include in emergency, operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - a. Project Record Drawings of as-built versions of submittal Shop Drawings provided in electronic PDF format.
 - b. Testing and commissioning reports and checklists of completed final versions of reports, checklists, and trend logs.
 - c. As-built versions of submittal Product Data.
 - d. Names, addresses, e-mail addresses and 24-hour telephone numbers of Installer and service representatives for DDC system and products.
 - e. Operator's manual with procedures for operating control systems including logging on and off, handling alarms, producing point reports, trending data, overriding computer control and changing set points and variables.
 - f. Programming manuals with description of programming language and syntax, of statements for algorithms and calculations used, of point database creation and modification, of program creation and modification, and of editor use.
 - g. Engineering, installation, and maintenance manuals that explain how to:

- 1) Design and install new points, panels, and other hardware.
- 2) Perform preventive maintenance and calibration.
- 3) Debug hardware problems.
- 4) Repair or replace hardware.
- h. Documentation of all programs created using custom programming language including set points, tuning parameters, and object database.

 Backup copy of graphic files, programs, and database on electronic media
- Backup copy of graphic files, programs, and database on electronic media such as DVDs.
- j. List of recommended spare parts with part numbers and suppliers.
- k. Complete original-issue documentation, installation, and maintenance information for furnished third-party hardware including computer equipment and sensors.
- I. Complete original-issue copies of furnished software, including operating systems, custom programming language, operator workstation software, and graphics software.
- m. Licenses, guarantees, and warranty documents.
- n. Recommended preventive maintenance procedures for system components, including schedule of tasks such as inspection, cleaning, and calibration; time between tasks; and task descriptions.
- o. Owner training materials.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. DDC System Manufacturer Qualifications:
 - 1. Nationally recognized manufacturer of DDC systems and products.
 - 2. DDC systems with similar requirements to those indicated for a continuous period of five years within time of bid.
 - 3. DDC systems and products that have been successfully tested and in use on at least five past projects.
 - 4. Having complete published catalog literature, installation, operation and maintenance manuals for all products intended for use.
 - 5. Having full-time in-house employees for the following:
 - a. Product research and development.
 - b. Product and application engineering.
 - c. Product manufacturing, testing and quality control.
 - d. Technical support for DDC system installation training, commissioning and troubleshooting of installations.
 - e. Owner operator training.
- B. DDC System Provider Qualifications:
 - 1. Authorized representative of, and trained by, DDC system manufacturer.
 - 2. Demonstrated past experience with installation of DDC system products being installed for period within five consecutive years before time of bid.
 - 3. Demonstrated past experience on five projects of similar complexity, scope and value.
 - 4. Each person assigned to Project shall have demonstrated past experience.
 - 5. Staffing resources of competent and experienced full-time employees that are assigned to execute work according to schedule.

- Service and maintenance staff assigned to support Project during warranty period.
- 7. Product parts inventory to support on-going DDC system operation for a period of not less than 5 years after Substantial Completion.
- 8. DDC system manufacturer's backing to take over execution of Work if necessary to comply with requirements indicated. Include Project-specific written letter, signed by manufacturer's corporate officer, if requested.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace products that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures shall be adjusted, repaired, or replaced at no additional cost or reduction in service to Owner.
 - Include updates or upgrades to software and firmware if necessary to resolve deficiencies.
 - a. Install updates only after receiving Owner's written authorization.
 - 3. Warranty service shall occur during normal business hours and commence within 16 hours of Owner's warranty service request.
 - 4. Warranty Period: [Two] <Insert number> year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - a. For Gateway: [Two] [Three] <Insert number>-year parts and labor warranty for each.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DDC SYSTEM MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
 - 1. Alerton Inc.
 - 2. Automated Logic Corporation.
 - 3. Invensys Building Systems.
 - 4. Johnson Controls, Inc.
 - 5. Siemens Building Technologies, Inc.

2.2 DDC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Microprocessor-based monitoring and control including analog/digital conversion and program logic. A control loop or subsystem in which digital and analog information is received and processed by a microprocessor, and digital control signals are generated based on control algorithms and transmitted to field devices to achieve a set of predefined conditions.

- 1. DDC system shall consist of a peer-to-peer network of distributed DDC controllers, operator interfaces, and software.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.3 WEB ACCESS

- A. DDC system shall be Web compatible.
 - 1. Web-Compatible Access to DDC System:
 - a. Workstation and or server shall perform overall system supervision and configuration, graphical user interface, management report generation, and alarm annunciation.
 - b. DDC system shall support Web browser access to building data. Operator using a standard Web browser shall be able to access control graphics and change adjustable set points.
 - c. Web access shall be password protected.

2.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional to design DDC system to satisfy requirements indicated.
 - 1. System Performance Objectives:
 - a. DDC system shall manage HVAC systems.
 - b. DDC system control shall operate HVAC systems to achieve optimum operating costs while using least possible energy and maintaining specified performance.
 - c. DDC system shall respond to power failures, HVAC equipment failures, and adverse and emergency conditions encountered through connected I/O points.
 - d. DDC system shall operate while unattended by an operator and through operator interaction.
 - e. DDC system shall record trends and transaction of events and produce report information such as performance, energy, occupancies, and equipment operation.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Products installed in ducts, equipment, and return-air paths shall comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- C. DDC System Speed:
 - 1. Response Time of Connected I/O:

- a. Al point values connected to DDC system shall be updated at least every five seconds for use by DDC controllers. Points used globally shall also comply with this requirement.
- b. BI point values connected to DDC system shall be updated at least every five seconds for use by DDC controllers. Points used globally shall also comply with this requirement.
- c. AO points connected to DDC system shall begin to respond to controller output commands within two second(s). Global commands shall also comply with this requirement.
- d. BO point values connected to DDC system shall respond to controller output commands within two second(s). Global commands shall also comply with this requirement.

2. Display of Connected I/O:

- a. Analog point COV connected to DDC system shall be updated and displayed at least every five seconds for use by operator.
- b. Binary point COV connected to DDC system shall be updated and displayed at least every five seconds for use by operator.
- c. Alarms of analog and digital points connected to DDC system shall be displayed within 30 seconds of activation or change of state.
- d. Graphic display refresh shall update within four seconds.
- e. Point change of values and alarms displayed from workstation to workstation when multiple operators are viewing from multiple workstations shall not exceed graphic refresh rate indicated.
- D. Network Bandwidth: Design each network of DDC system to include at least 30 percent available spare bandwidth with DDC system operating under normal and heavy load conditions indicated. Calculate bandwidth usage, and apply a safety factor to ensure that requirement is satisfied when subjected to testing under worst case conditions.
- E. DDC System Data Storage:
 - 1. Include capability to archive not less than 12 consecutive months of historical data for all I/O points connected to system, including alarms, event histories, transaction logs, trends and other information indicated.
 - 2. Local Storage:
 - Provide workstation with data storage indicated. Server(s) shall use IT industry standard database platforms and be capable of functions described in "DDC Data Access" Paragraph.

3. Cloud Storage:

- a. Provide application-based and web browser interfaces to configure, upload, download, and manage data, and service plan with storage adequate to store all data for term indicated. Cloud storage shall use IT industry standard database platforms and be capable of functions described in "DDC Data Access" Paragraph.
- F. DDC Data Access:

- When logged into the system, operator shall be able to also interact with any DDC controller connected to DDC system as required for functional operation of DDC system.
- 2. System(s) shall be used for application configuration; for archiving, reporting and trending of data; for operator transaction archiving and reporting; for network information management; for alarm annunciation; and for operator interface tasks and controls application management.
- G. Future Expandability:
 - 1. DDC system size shall be expandable to an ultimate capacity of at least two times total I/O points indicated.
 - 2. Additional DDC controllers, I/O and associated wiring shall be all that is needed to achieve ultimate capacity. Initial network infrastructure shall be designed and installed to support ultimate capacity.
 - 3. Operator interfaces installed initially shall not require hardware and software additions and revisions for ultimate capacity.
- H. Input Point Displayed Accuracy: Input point displayed values shall meet following endto-end overall system accuracy, including errors associated with meter, sensor, transmitter, lead wire or cable, and analog to digital conversion.
 - 1. Energy:
 - a. Thermal: Within 3 percent of reading.
 - b. Electric Power: Within 1 percent of reading.
 - c. Requirements indicated on Drawings for meters not supplied by utility.
 - 2. Flow:
 - a. Air: Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
 - b. Air (Terminal Units): Within 10 percent of design flow rate.
 - c. Water: Within 2 percent of design flow rate.
 - d. Steam: Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
 - 3. Pressure:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: 1 percent of instrument range.
 - b. Space: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - c. Water: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - d. Steam: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - 4. Speed: Within 5 percent of reading.
 - 5. Temperature, Dew Point:
 - a. Air: Within 1 deg F.
 - b. Space: Within 1 deg F.
 - c. Outdoor: Within 2 deg F.
 - 6. Temperature, Dry Bulb:
 - a. Air: Within 1 deg F.
 - b. Space: Within 1 deg F.
 - c. Outdoor: Within 1 deg F.

- d. Heating Hot Water: Within 0.5 deg F.
- e. Temperature Difference: Within 0.25 deg F.
- f. Other Temperatures Not Indicated: Within 1 deg F.
- 7. Temperature, Wet Bulb:
 - a. Air: Within 1 deg F.
 - b. Space: Within 1 deg F.
 - c. Outdoor: Within 2 deg F.
- 8. Vibration: Within 5 percent of reading.
- I. Precision of I/O Reported Values: Values reported in database and displayed shall have following precision:
 - 1. Current:
 - a. Milliamperes: Nearest 1/100th of a milliampere.
 - b. Amperes: Nearest 1/10th of an ampere up to 100 A; nearest ampere for 100 A and more.
 - 2. Energy:
 - a. Electric Power:
 - 1) Rate (Watts): Nearest 1/10th of a watt through 1000 W.
 - 2) Rate (Kilowatts): Nearest 1/10th of a kilowatt through 1000 kW; nearest kilowatt above 1000 kW.
 - 3) Usage (Kilowatt-Hours): Nearest kilowatt through 10,000 kW; nearest 10 kW between 10,000 and 100,000 kW; nearest 100 kW for above 100,000 kW.
 - b. Thermal, Rate:
 - 1) Heating: For Btu/h, nearest Btu/h up to 1000 Btu/h; nearest 10 Btu/h between 1000 and 10,000 Btu/h; nearest 100 Btu/h for above 10,000 Btu/h. For Mbh, round to nearest Mbh up to 1000 Mbh; nearest 10 Mbh between 1000 and 10,000 Mbh; nearest 100 Mbh above 10,000 Mbh.
 - 2) Cooling: For tons, nearest ton up to 1000 tons; nearest 10 tons between 1000 and 10,000 tons; nearest 100 tons above 10,000 tons.
 - c. Thermal, Usage:
 - 1) Heating: For Btu, nearest Btu up to 1000 Btu; nearest 10 Btu between 1000 and 10,000 Btu; nearest 100 Btu for above 10,000 Btu. For Mbtu, round to nearest Mbtu up to 1000 Mbtu; nearest 10 Mbtu between 1000 and 10,000 Mbtu; nearest 100 Mbtu above 10,000 Mbtu.
 - 2) Cooling: For ton-hours, nearest ton-hours up to 1000 ton-hours; nearest 10 ton-hours between 1000 and 10,000 ton-hours; nearest 100 tons above 10,000 tons.

3. Flow:

- a. Air: Nearest 1/10th of a cfm through 100 cfm; nearest cfm between 100 and 1000 cfm; nearest 10 cfm between 1000 and 10,000 cfm; nearest 100 cfm above 10,000 cfm.
- b. Water: Nearest 1/10th gpm through 100 gpm; nearest gpm between 100 and 1000 gpm; nearest 10 gpm between 1000 and 10,000 gpm; nearest 100 gpm above 10,000 gpm.
- c. Steam: Nearest 1/10th lb/hr through 100 lbs/hr; nearest lbs/hr between 100 and 1000 lbs/hr; nearest 10 lbs/hr above 1000 lbs/hr.

Gas:

- a. Carbon Dioxide (ppm): Nearest ppm.
- b. Carbon Monoxide (ppm): Nearest ppm.
- c. Oxygen (Percentage): Nearest 1/10th of 1 percent.
- d. Refrigerant (ppm): Nearest ppm.
- 5. Moisture (Relative Humidity):
 - a. Relative Humidity (Percentage): Nearest 1 percent.
- 6. Level: Nearest 1/100th of an inch through 10 inches; nearest 1/10 of an inch between 10 and 100 inches; nearest inch above 100 inches.
- 7. Speed:
 - a. Rotation (rpm): Nearest 1 rpm.
 - b. Velocity: Nearest 1/10th fpm through 100 fpm; nearest fpm between 100 and 1000 fpm; nearest 10 fpm above 1000 fpm.
- 8. Position, Dampers and Valves (Percentage Open): Nearest 1 percent.
- 9. Pressure:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: Nearest 1/10th in. w.c..
 - b. Space: Nearest 1/100th in. w.c..
 - c. Steam: Nearest 1/10th psig through 100 psig; nearest psig above 100 psig.
 - d. Water: Nearest 1/10 psig through 100 psig; nearest psig above 100 psig.

10. Temperature:

- a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
- b. Outdoor: Nearest degree.
- c. Space: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
- d. Chilled Water: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
- e. Condenser Water: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
- f. Heating Hot Water: Nearest degree.
- g. Heat Recovery Runaround: Nearest 1/10th of a degree.
- h. Steam: Nearest degree.
- 11. Vibration: Nearest 1/10th in/s.
- 12. Voltage: Nearest 1/10 volt up to 100 V; nearest volt above 100 V.
- J. Control Stability: Control variables indicated within the following limits:

- 1. Flow:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment, except Terminal Units: Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
 - b. Air, Terminal Units: Within 10 percent of design flow rate.
 - c. Water: Within 2 percent of design flow rate.
 - d. Steam: Within 5 percent of design flow rate.
- 2. Moisture (Relative Humidity):
 - a. Air: Within 5 percent RH.
 - b. Space: Within 5 percent RH.
 - c. Outdoor: Within 5 percent RH.
- Pressure:
 - a. Air, Ducts and Equipment: 1 percent of instrument range.
 - b. Space: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - c. Water: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
 - d. Steam: Within 1 percent of instrument range.
- 4. Temperature, Dew Point:
 - a. Air: Within 1 deg F.
 - b. Space: Within 1 deg F.
- 5. Temperature, Dry Bulb:
 - a. Air: Within 1 deg F.
 - b. Space: Within 1 deg F.
 - c. Heating Hot Water: Within 1 deg F.
- 6. Temperature, Wet Bulb:
 - a. Air: Within 1 deg F.
 - b. Space: Within 1 deg F.
- K. Environmental Conditions for Controllers, Gateways, and Routers:
 - Products shall operate without performance degradation under ambient environmental temperature, pressure and humidity conditions encountered for installed location.
 - a. If product alone cannot comply with requirement, install product in a
 protective enclosure that is isolated and protected from conditions
 impacting performance. Enclosure shall be internally insulated, electrically
 heated, cooled and ventilated as required by product and application.
 - 2. Products shall be protected with enclosures satisfying the following minimum requirements unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Products not available with integral enclosures complying with requirements indicated shall be housed in protective secondary enclosures. Installed location shall dictate the following NEMA 250 enclosure requirements:

- a. Indoors, Heated with Filtered Ventilation: Type 1.
- b. Indoors, Heated with Non-Filtered Ventilation: Type 2.
- c. Indoors, Heated and Air Conditioned: Type 1.
- d. Mechanical Equipment Rooms:
 - 1) Chiller and Boiler Rooms: Type 4.
 - 2) Air-Moving Equipment Rooms: Type 2.
- e. Localized Areas Exposed to Washdown: Type 4.
- f. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Not Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 2.
- g. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 4.
- L. Environmental Conditions for Instruments and Actuators:
 - Instruments and actuators shall operate without performance degradation under the ambient environmental temperature, pressure, humidity, and vibration conditions specified and encountered for installed location.
 - a. If instruments and actuators alone cannot comply with requirement, install instruments and actuators in protective enclosures that are isolated and protected from conditions impacting performance. Enclosure shall be internally insulated, electrically heated[, cooled] and ventilated as required by instrument and application.
 - 2. Instruments, actuators and accessories shall be protected with enclosures satisfying the following minimum requirements unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Instruments and actuators not available with integral enclosures complying with requirements indicated shall be housed in protective secondary enclosures. Installed location shall dictate the following NEMA 250 enclosure requirements:
 - a. Indoors, Heated with Filtered Ventilation: Type 1.
 - b. Indoors, Heated with Non-Filtered Ventilation: Type 2.
 - c. Indoors, Heated and Air-conditioned: Type 1.
 - d. Mechanical Equipment Rooms:
 - 1) Chiller and Boiler Rooms: Type 4.
 - 2) Air-Moving Equipment Rooms: Type 2.
 - e. Localized Areas Exposed to Washdown: Type 4.
 - f. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Not Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 2.
 - g. Within Duct Systems and Air-Moving Equipment Exposed to Possible Condensation: Type 4.
- M. DDC System Reliability:
 - Design, install and configure DDC controllers, gateways, and routers, to yield a MTBF of at least 40,000 hours, based on a confidence level of at least 90 percent. MTBF value shall include any failure for any reason to any part of products indicated.

SYSTEM FOR HVA

- 2. If required to comply with MTBF indicated, include DDC system and product redundancy to maintain DCC system, and associated systems and equipment that are being controlled, operational and under automatic control.
- 3. Critical systems and equipment that require a higher degree of DDC system redundancy than MTBF indicated shall be indicated on Drawings.

N. Electric Power Quality:

- 1. Power-Line Surges:
 - a. Protect susceptible DDC system products connected to ac power circuits from power-line surges to comply with requirements of IEEE C62.41.
 - b. Do not use fuses for surge protection.
 - c. Test protection in the normal mode and in the common mode, using the following two waveforms:
 - 1) 10-by-1000-mic.sec. waveform with a peak voltage of 1500 V and a peak current of 60 A.
 - 2) 8-by-20-mic.sec. waveform with a peak voltage of 1000 V and a peak current of 500 A.

2. Power Conditioning:

- a. Protect susceptible DDC system products connected to ac power circuits from irregularities and noise rejection. Characteristics of power-line conditioner shall be as follows:
 - 1) At 85 percent load, output voltage shall not deviate by more than plus or minus 1 percent of nominal when input voltage fluctuates between minus 20 percent to plus 10 percent of nominal.
 - 2) During load changes from zero to full load, output voltage shall not deviate by more than plus or minus 3 percent of nominal.
 - 3) Accomplish full correction of load switching disturbances within five cycles, and 95 percent correction within two cycles of onset of disturbance.
 - 4) Total harmonic distortion shall not exceed 3-1/2 percent at full load.
- 3. Ground Fault: Protect products from ground fault by providing suitable grounding. Products shall not fail due to ground fault condition.

O. Backup Power Source:

- 1. HVAC systems and equipment served by a backup power source shall have associated DDC system products that control such systems and equipment also served from a backup power source.
- P. Continuity of Operation after Electric Power Interruption:

1. Equipment and associated factory-installed controls, field-installed controls, electrical equipment, and power supply connected to building normal and backup power systems shall automatically return equipment and associated controls to operating state occurring immediately before loss of normal power, without need for manual intervention by operator when power is restored either through backup power source or through normal power if restored before backup power is brought online.

2.5 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

- A. System architecture shall consist of no more than two or three levels of LANs.
 - Level one LAN shall connect network controllers and operator workstations.
 - 2. Level one or Level two LAN shall connect programmable application controllers to other programmable application controllers, and to network controllers.
 - 3. Level two or Level three LAN shall connect application-specific controllers to programmable application controllers and network controllers.
 - 4. Level two or Level three LAN shall connect application-specific controllers to application-specific controllers.
- B. DDC system shall consist of dedicated LANs that are not shared with other building systems and tenant data and communication networks.
- C. System architecture shall be modular and have inherent ability to expand to not less than two times system size indicated with no impact to performance indicated.
- D. System architecture shall perform modifications without having to remove and replace existing network equipment.
- E. Number of LANs and associated communication shall be transparent to operator. All I/O points residing on any LAN shall be capable of global sharing between all system LANs.
- F. System design shall eliminate dependence on any single device for system alarm reporting and control execution. Each controller shall operate independently by performing its' own control, alarm management and historical data collection.

2.6 DDC SYSTEM OPERATOR INTERFACES

- A. Operator Means of System Access: Operator shall be able to access entire DDC system through any of multiple means, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Desktop and portable workstation with hardwired connection through LAN port.
 - 2. Portable operator terminal with hardwired connection through LAN port.
 - 3. Portable operator workstation with wireless connection through LAN router.
 - 4. Mobile device and application with secured wireless connection through LAN router or cellular data service.
 - 5. Remote connection through web access.
- B. Access to system, regardless of operator means used, shall be transparent to operator.

- C. Network Ports: For hardwired connection of desktop or portable workstation. Network port shall be easily accessible, properly protected, clearly labeled, and installed at the following locations:
 - 1. Each mechanical equipment room.
 - 2. Each boiler room.

D. Portable Workstations:

- 1. Connect to DDC system Level one LAN through a communications port directly on LAN or through a communications port on a DDC controller.
- 2. Able to communicate with any device located on any DDC system LAN.
- 3. Connect to DDC system Level two or Level three LAN through a communications port on an application-specific controller, or a room temperature sensor connected to an application-specific controller.
- 4. Connect to system through a wireless router connected to Level one LAN.
- 5. Connect to system through a cellular data service.
- 6. Portable workstation shall be able to communicate with any device connected to any system LAN regardless of point of physical connection to system.
- 7. Monitor, program, schedule, adjust set points, and report capabilities of I/O connected anywhere in system.
- 8. Have dynamic graphic displays that are identical to desktop workstations.

E. Mobile Device:

- 1. Connect to system through a wireless router connected to LAN.
- 2. Able to communicate with any DDC controller connected to DDC system using a dedicated application and secure web access.

F. Critical Alarm Reporting:

- 1. Operator-selected critical alarms shall be sent by DDC system to notify operator of critical alarms that require immediate attention.
- 2. DDC system shall send alarm notification to multiple recipients that are assigned for each alarm.
- 3. DDC system shall notify recipients by any or all means, including e-mail, text message and prerecorded phone message to mobile and landline phone numbers.

2.7 NETWORKS

- A. Acceptable networks for connecting workstations, mobile devices, and network controllers include the following:
 - 1. ATA 878.1. ARCNET.
 - 2. CEA-709.1-C.
 - 3. IF
 - 4. IEEE 8802-3, Ethernet.
- B. Acceptable networks for connecting programmable application controllers include the following:
 - 1. ATA 878.1, ARCNET.

- 2. CEA-709.1-C.
- 3. IP.
- 4. IEEE 8802-3, Ethernet.
- C. Acceptable networks for connecting application-specific controllers include the following:
 - 1. ATA 878.1, ARCNET.
 - 2. CEA-709.1-C.
 - 3. EIA-485A.
 - 4. IP.
 - 5. IEEE 8802-3, Ethernet.

2.8 NETWORK COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

- A. Network communication protocol(s) used throughout entire DDC system shall be open to Owner and available to other companies for use in making future modifications to DDC system.
- B. ASHRAE 135 Protocol:
 - ASHRAE 135 communication protocol shall be sole and native protocol used throughout entire DDC system.
 - 2. DDC system shall not require use of gateways except to integrate HVAC equipment and other building systems and equipment, not required to use ASHRAE 135 communication protocol.
 - 3. If used, gateways shall connect to DDC system using ASHRAE 135 communication protocol and Project object properties and read/write services indicated by interoperability schedule.
 - 4. Operator workstations, controllers and other network devices shall be tested and listed by BACnet Testing Laboratories.

2.9 DDC CONTROLLERS

- A. DDC system shall consist of a combination of network controllers, programmable application controllers and application-specific controllers to satisfy performance requirements indicated.
- B. DDC controllers shall perform monitoring, control, energy optimization and other requirements indicated.
- C. DDC controllers shall use a multitasking, multiuser, real-time digital control microprocessor with a distributed network database and intelligence.
- D. Each DDC controller shall be capable of full and complete operation as a completely independent unit and as a part of a DDC system wide distributed network.
- E. Environment Requirements:
 - 1. Controller hardware shall be suitable for the anticipated ambient conditions.
 - 2. Controllers located in conditioned space shall be rated for operation at 32 to 120 deg F.

- 3. Controllers located outdoors shall be rated for operation at 40 to 150 deg F.
- F. Power and Noise Immunity:
 - 1. Controller shall operate at 90 to 110 percent of nominal voltage rating and shall perform an orderly shutdown below 80 percent of nominal voltage.
 - 2. Operation shall be protected against electrical noise of 5 to 120 Hz and from keyed radios with up to 5 W of power located within 36 inches of enclosure.
- G. DDC Controller Spare I/O Point Capacity: Include spare I/O point capacity for each controller as follows:
 - 1. Network Controllers:
 - a. 20 percent of each Al, AO, Bl, and BO point connected to controller.
 - 2. Programmable Application Controllers:
 - a. 20 percent of each Al, AO, Bl, and BO point connected to controller.
 - 3. Application-Specific Controllers:
 - a. 10 percent of each Al, AO, Bl, and BO point connected to controller.
- H. Maintenance and Support: Include the following features to facilitate maintenance and support:
 - 1. Mount microprocessor components on circuit cards for ease of removal and replacement.
 - 2. Means to quickly and easily disconnect controller from network.
 - 3. Means to quickly and easily access connect to field test equipment.
 - 4. Visual indication that controller electric power is on, of communication fault or trouble, and that controller is receiving and sending signals to network.

2.10 NETWORK CONTROLLERS

- A. General Network Controller Requirements:
 - 1. Include adequate number of controllers to achieve performance indicated.
 - 2. System shall consist of one or more independent, standalone, microprocessor-based network controllers to manage global strategies indicated.
 - 3. Controller shall have enough memory to support its operating system, database, and programming requirements.
 - 4. Data shall be shared between networked controllers and other network devices.
 - 5. Operating system of controller shall manage input and output communication signals to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual object information and allow for central monitoring and alarms.
 - 6. Controllers [that perform scheduling]shall have a real-time clock.
 - 7. Controller shall continually check status of its processor and memory circuits. If an abnormal operation is detected, controller shall assume a predetermined failure mode and generate an alarm notification.
 - 8. Controllers shall be fully programmable.

B. Communication:

- Network controllers shall communicate with other devices on DDC system Level one network.
- Network controller also shall perform routing if connected to a network of programmable application and application-specific controllers.

C. Operator Interface:

1. Controller shall be equipped with a service communications port for connection to a portable operator's workstation[or mobile device].

D. Serviceability:

- 1. Controller shall be equipped with diagnostic LEDs or other form of local visual indication of power, communication, and processor.
- 2. Wiring and cable connections shall be made to field-removable, modular terminal strips or to a termination card connected by a ribbon cable.
- 3. Controller shall maintain BIOS and programming information in event of a power loss for at least 72 hours.

2.11 ELECTRICAL POWER DEVICES

A. Transformers:

- 1. Transformer shall be sized for the total connected load, plus an additional 25 percent of connected load.
- 2. Transformer shall be at least 40 VA.
- 3. Transformer shall have both primary and secondary fuses.

B. DC Power Supply:

- 1. Plug-in style suitable for mating with a standard eight-pin octal socket. Include the power supply with a mating mounting socket.
- 2. Enclose circuitry in a housing.
- 3. Include both line and load regulation to ensure a stable output. To protect both the power supply and the load, power supply shall have an automatic current limiting circuit.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates.
- B. Examine roughing-in for products to verify actual locations of connections before installation.

- Examine roughing-in for instruments installed in piping to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- 2. Examine roughing-in for instruments installed in duct systems to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- Examine walls, floors, roofs, and ceilings for suitable conditions where product will be installed.
- D. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 DDC SYSTEM INTERFACE WITH OTHER SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Communication Interface to Equipment with Integral Controls:
 - 1. DDC system shall have communication interface with equipment having integral controls and having a communication interface for remote monitoring or control.

3.3 CONTROL DEVICES FOR INSTALLATION BY INSTALLERS

- A. Deliver selected control devices, specified in indicated HVAC instrumentation and control device Sections, to identified equipment and systems manufacturers for factory installation and to identified installers for field installation.
- B. Deliver the following to duct fabricator and Installer for installation in ductwork. Include installation instructions to Installer and supervise installation for compliance with requirements.
 - DDC control dampers, which are specified in Section 230923.12 "DDC Control Dampers."
 - Airflow sensors and switches, which are specified in Section 230923.14 "Flow Instruments."
 - 3. Pressure sensors, which are specified in Section 230923.23 "Pressure Instruments."

3.4 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install products to satisfy more stringent of all requirements indicated.
- B. Install products level, plumb, parallel, and perpendicular with building construction.
- C. Support products, tubing, piping wiring and raceways. Brace products to prevent lateral movement and sway or a break in attachment when subjected to a force.
- D. If codes and referenced standards are more stringent than requirements indicated, comply with requirements in codes and referenced standards.

- E. Fabricate openings and install sleeves in ceilings, floors, roof, and walls required by installation of products. Before proceeding with drilling, punching, and cutting, check for concealed work to avoid damage. Patch, flash, grout, seal, and refinish openings to match adjacent condition.
- F. Firestop Penetrations Made in Fire-Rated Assemblies: Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."
- G. Seal penetrations made in acoustically rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

H. Welding Requirements:

- 1. Restrict welding and burning to supports and bracing.
- 2. No equipment shall be cut or welded without approval. Welding or cutting will not be approved if there is risk of damage to adjacent Work.
- 3. Welding, where approved, shall be by inert-gas electric arc process and shall be performed by qualified welders according to applicable welding codes.
- 4. If requested on-site, show satisfactory evidence of welder certificates indicating ability to perform welding work intended.

I. Fastening Hardware:

- 1. Stillson wrenches, pliers, and other tools that damage surfaces of rods, nuts, and other parts are prohibited for work of assembling and tightening fasteners.
- 2. Tighten bolts and nuts firmly and uniformly. Do not overstress threads by excessive force or by oversized wrenches.
- 3. Lubricate threads of bolts, nuts and screws with graphite and oil before assembly.
- J. If product locations are not indicated, install products in locations that are accessible and that will permit service and maintenance from floor, equipment platforms, or catwalks without removal of permanently installed furniture and equipment.

K. Corrosive Environments:

- 1. Avoid or limit use of materials in corrosive airstreams and environments, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - Process exhaust-air streams.
- When conduit is in contact with a corrosive airstream and environment, use Type 316 stainless-steel conduit and fittings or conduit and fittings that are coated with a corrosive-resistant coating that is suitable for environment. Comply with requirements for installation of raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- 3. Where instruments are located in a corrosive airstream and are not corrosive resistant from manufacturer, field install products in NEMA 250, Type 4X enclosure constructed of Type 316L stainless steel.

3.5 WORKSTATION INSTALLATION

A. Portable Workstations Installation:

- 1. Turn over portable workstations to Owner at Substantial Completion.
- 2. Install software on workstation(s) and verify software functions properly.

B. Color Graphics Application:

- 1. Use system schematics indicated as starting point to create graphics.
- 2. Develop Project-specific library of symbols for representing system equipment and products.
- 3. Incorporate digital images of Project-completed installation into graphics where beneficial to enhance effect.
- 4. Submit sketch of graphic layout with description of all text for each graphic for Owner's review before creating graphic using graphics software.
- 5. Seek Owner input in graphics development once using graphics software.
- 6. Final editing shall be done on-site with Owner's review and feedback.
- 7. Refine graphics as necessary for Owner acceptance.
- 8. On receiving Owner acceptance, print a hard copy for inclusion in operation and maintenance manual. Prepare a scanned copy PDF file of each graphic and include with softcopy of DDC system operation and maintenance manual.

C. Wall-Mounted Portable Operator's Workstation Cabinet Installation:

- 1. Install wall-mounted portable operator's workstation cabinet(s) at location(s) indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Install wall-mounted portable operator's workstation cabinet(s) at following location(s) and at locations directed by Owner:
 - a. Each mechanical room.
 - b. Boiler room.
- 3. Connect each cabinet to 120-V, single-phase, 60Hz field power source, and install single gang electrical box with NEMA WD 6, Type 20R duplex receptacle and metal cover plate in cabinet. Comply with requirements in Section 262726 "Wiring Devices."
- Connect each cabinet to Ethernet network and install an Ethernet network port for connection to portable operator workstation Ethernet cable. Comply with requirements in Section 271513 "Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling."

3.6 CONTROLLER INSTALLATION

- A. Install controllers in enclosures to comply with indicated requirements.
- B. Connect controllers to field power supply.
- C. Install controller with latest version of applicable software and configure to execute requirements indicated.
- D. Test and adjust controllers to verify operation of connected I/O to achieve performance indicated requirements while executing sequences of operation.
- E. Installation of Network Controllers:
 - 1. Quantity and location of network controllers shall be determined by DDC system manufacturer to satisfy requirements indicated.

- 2. Install controllers in a protected location that is easily accessible by operators.
- 3. Top of controller shall be within 72 inches of finished floor.

3.7 ELECTRIC POWER CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect electrical power to DDC system products requiring electrical power connections.
- B. Design of electrical power to products not indicated with electric power is delegated to DDC system provider and installing trade. Work shall comply with NFPA 70 and other requirements indicated.
- C. Comply with requirements in Section 262816 "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers" for electrical power circuit breakers.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for electrical power conductors and cables.
- E. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for electrical power raceways and boxes.

3.8 NETWORK INSTALLATION

- A. Install balanced twisted pair or optical fiber cable when connecting between the following network devices located in same building:
 - 1. Network controllers.
 - 2. .
- B. Install balanced twisted pair or copper cable (as required by equipment) when connecting between the following:
 - 1. Network controllers and programmable application controllers.
 - 2.
- C. Install cable in continuous raceway.
 - 1. Where indicated on Drawings, cable trays may be used for copper cable in lieu of conduit.

3.9 NETWORK NAMING AND NUMBERING

- A. Coordinate with Owner and provide unique naming and addressing for networks and devices.
- B. ASHRAE 135 Networks:
 - 1. MAC Address:
 - Every network device shall have an assigned and documented MAC address unique to its network.

- b. Ethernet Networks: Document MAC address assigned at its creation.
- ARCNET or MS/TP networks: Assign from 00 to 64.

2. Network Numbering:

- a. Assign unique numbers to each new network.
- Provide ability for changing network number through device switches or operator interface.
- c. DDC system, with all possible connected LANs, can contain up to 65,534 unique networks.
- 3. Device Object Identifier Property Number:
 - Assign unique device object identifier property numbers or device instances for each device network.
 - b. Provide for future modification of device instance number by device switches or operator interface.
 - c. LAN shall support up to 4,194,302 unique devices.
- 4. Device Object Name Property Text:
 - a. Device object name property field shall support 32 minimum printable characters.
 - b. Assign unique device "Object Name" property names with plain-English descriptive names for each device.
 - 1) Example 1: Device object name for device controlling boiler plant at Building 1000 would be "HW System B1000."
 - Example 2: Device object name for a VAV terminal unit controller could be "VAV unit 102".
- 5. Object Name Property Text for Other Than Device Objects:
 - a. Object name property field shall support 32 minimum printable characters.
 - b. Assign object name properties with plain-English names descriptive of application.
 - 1) Example 1: "Zone 1 Temperature."
 - 2) Example 2 "Fan Start and Stop."
- 6. Object Identifier Property Number for Other Than Device Objects:
 - a. Assign object identifier property numbers according to Drawings or tables indicated.
 - b. If not indicated, object identifier property numbers may be assigned at Installer's discretion but must be approved by Owner in advance, be documented and be unique for like object types within device.

3.10 CONTROL WIRE, CABLE AND RACEWAYS INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Conduit Installation:

- 1. Comply with Section "260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for control-voltage conductors.
- 2. Comply with Section 270528 "Pathways for Communications Systems" for balanced twisted pair cabling and optical fiber installation.

3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and installations, including connections.
- C. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - 3. Testing of Pneumatic and Air-Signal Tubing:
 - a. Test for leaks and obstructions.
 - b. Disconnect each pipe and tubing line before a test is performed, and blowout dust, dirt, trash, condensate and other foreign materials with compressed air. Use commercially pure compressed air or nitrogen as distributed in gas cylinders. Air from an oil-free compressor with an air dryer is an acceptable alternative for the test.
 - c. After foreign matter is expelled and line is free from obstructions, plug far end of tubing run.
 - d. Connect a pressure source to near end of run with a needle valve between air supply and tubing run.
 - e. Connect a pressure gage accurate to within 0.5 percent of test between the shutoff needle valve and tubing run under test.
 - f. For system pressures above $30~\mathrm{psig}$, apply a pressure of 1.5 times operating pressure. Record pressure in tubing run every 10 minutes for one hour. Allowable drop in pressure in one-hour period shall not exceed 1 psig.
 - g. For system pressures 30 psig and below, apply a pressure of 2.0 times operating pressure to piping and tubing run. Record pressure in tubing run every 5 minutes for one hour. Allowable drop in pressure in one-hour period shall not exceed 0.5 psig.

D. Testing:

- 1. Perform preinstallation, in-progress, and final tests, supplemented by additional tests, as necessary.
- 2. Preinstallation Cable Verification: Verify integrity and serviceability for new cable lengths before installation. This assurance may be provided by using vendor verification documents, testing, or other methods. As a minimum, furnish evidence of verification for cable attenuation and bandwidth parameters.

- 3. In-Progress Testing: Perform standard tests for correct pair identification and termination during installation to ensure proper installation and cable placement. Perform tests in addition to those specified if there is any reason to question condition of material furnished and installed. Testing accomplished is to be documented by agency conducting tests. Submit test results for Project record.
- 4. Final Testing: Perform final test of installed system to demonstrate acceptability as installed. Testing shall be performed according to a test plan supplied by DDC system manufacturer. Defective Work or material shall be corrected and retested. As a minimum, final testing for cable system, including spare cable, shall verify conformance of attenuation, length, and bandwidth parameters with performance indicated.
- 5. Test Equipment: Use an optical fiber time domain reflectometer for testing of length and optical connectivity.
- Test Results: Record test results and submit copy of test results for Project record.

3.12 DDC SYSTEM I/O CHECKOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Check installed products before continuity tests, leak tests and calibration.
- B. Check instruments for proper location and accessibility.
- C. Check instruments for proper installation on direction of flow, elevation, orientation, insertion depth, or other applicable considerations that will impact performance.
- D. Check instrument tubing for proper isolation, fittings, slope, dirt legs, drains, material and support.
- E. For pneumatic products, verify that air supply for each product is properly installed.
- F. Control Damper Checkout:
 - 1. For pneumatic dampers, verify that pressure gages are provided in each air line to damper actuator and positioner.
 - 2. Verify that control dampers are installed correctly for flow direction.
 - 3. Verify that proper blade alignment, either parallel or opposed, has been provided.
 - 4. Verify that damper frame attachment is properly secured and sealed.
 - 5. Verify that damper actuator and linkage attachment is secure.
 - Verify that actuator wiring is complete, enclosed and connected to correct power source.
 - 7. Verify that damper blade travel is unobstructed.

G. Control Valve Checkout:

- 1. For pneumatic valves, verify that pressure gages are provided in each air line to valve actuator and positioner.
- 2. Verify that control valves are installed correctly for flow direction.
- 3. Verify that valve body attachment is properly secured and sealed.
- 4. Verify that valve actuator and linkage attachment is secure.
- 5. Verify that actuator wiring is complete, enclosed and connected to correct power
- 6. Verify that valve ball, disc or plug travel is unobstructed.

7. After piping systems have been tested and put into service, but before insulating and balancing, inspect each valve for leaks. Adjust or replace packing to stop leaks. Replace the valve if leaks persist.

H. Instrument Checkout:

- 1. Verify that instrument is correctly installed for location, orientation, direction and operating clearances.
- 2. Verify that attachment is properly secured and sealed.
- 3. Verify that conduit connections are properly secured and sealed.
- 4. Verify that wiring is properly labeled with unique identification, correct type and size and is securely attached to proper terminals.
- 5. Inspect instrument tag against approved submittal.
- 6. For instruments with tubing connections, verify that tubing attachment is secure and isolation valves have been provided.
- 7. For flow instruments, verify that recommended upstream and downstream distances have been maintained.
- 8. For temperature instruments:
 - a. Verify sensing element type and proper material.
 - b. Verify length and insertion.

3.13 DDC SYSTEM I/O ADJUSTMENT, CALIBRATION AND TESTING:

- A. Calibrate each instrument installed that is not factory calibrated and provided with calibration documentation.
- B. Provide a written description of proposed field procedures and equipment for calibrating each type of instrument. Submit procedures before calibration and adjustment.
- C. For each analog instrument, make a three-point test of calibration for both linearity and accuracy.
- D. Provide diagnostic and test equipment for calibration and adjustment.
- E. Field instruments and equipment used to test and calibrate installed instruments shall have accuracy at least twice the instrument accuracy being calibrated. An installed instrument with an accuracy of 1 percent shall be checked by an instrument with an accuracy of 0.5 percent.
- Calibrate each instrument according to instrument instruction manual supplied by manufacturer.
- G. If after calibration indicated performance cannot be achieved, replace out-of-tolerance instruments.
- H. Comply with field testing requirements and procedures indicated by ASHRAE's Guideline 11, "Field Testing of HVAC Control Components," in the absence of specific requirements, and to supplement requirements indicated.
- I. Analog Signals:

- Check analog voltage signals using a precision voltage meter at zero, 50, and 100 percent.
- 2. Check analog current signals using a precision current meter at zero, 50, and 100 percent.
- 3. Check resistance signals for temperature sensors at zero, 50, and 100 percent of operating span using a precision-resistant source.

J. Digital Signals:

- 1. Check digital signals using a jumper wire.
- 2. Check digital signals using an ohmmeter to test for contact making or breaking.

K. Control Dampers:

- 1. Stroke and adjust control dampers following manufacturer's recommended procedure, from 100 percent open to 100 percent closed and back to 100 percent open.
- 2. Stroke control dampers with pilot positioners. Adjust damper and positioner following manufacturer's recommended procedure, so damper is 100 percent closed, 50 percent closed and 100 percent open at proper air pressure.
- 3. Check and document open and close cycle times for applications with a cycle time less than 30 seconds.
- 4. For control dampers equipped with positive position indication, check feedback signal at multiple positions to confirm proper position indication.

L. Control Valves:

- 1. Stroke and adjust control valves following manufacturer's recommended procedure, from 100 percent open to 100 percent closed and back to 100 percent open.
- 2. Stroke control valves with pilot positioners. Adjust valve and positioner following manufacturer's recommended procedure, so valve is 100 percent closed, 50 percent closed and 100 percent open at proper air pressures.
- 3. Check and document open and close cycle times for applications with a cycle time less than 30 seconds.
- 4. For control valves equipped with positive position indication, check feedback signal at multiple positions to confirm proper position indication.
- M. Meters: Check sensors at zero, 50, and 100 percent of Project design values.
- N. Sensors: Check sensors at zero, 50, and 100 percent of Project design values.
- Switches: Calibrate switches to make or break contact at set points indicated.

P. Transmitters:

- 1. Check and calibrate transmitters at zero, 50, and 100 percent of Project design values.
- 2. Calibrate resistance temperature transmitters at zero, 50, and 100 percent of span using a precision-resistant source.

3.14 DDC SYSTEM CONTROLLER CHECKOUT

- A. Verify power supply.
 - 1. Verify voltage, phase and hertz.
 - 2. Verify that protection from power surges is installed and functioning.
 - 3. Verify that ground fault protection is installed.
 - 4. If applicable, verify if connected to UPS unit.
 - 5. If applicable, verify if connected to a backup power source.
 - 6. If applicable, verify that power conditioning units, transient voltage suppression and high-frequency noise filter units are installed.
- Verify that wire and cabling is properly secured to terminals and labeled with unique identification.
- C. Verify that spare I/O capacity is provided.

3.15 DDC CONTROLLER I/O CONTROL LOOP TESTS

A. Testing:

- 1. Test every I/O point connected to DDC controller to verify that safety and operating control set points are as indicated and as required to operate controlled system safely and at optimum performance.
- 2. Test every I/O point throughout its full operating range.
- 3. Test every control loop to verify operation is stable and accurate.
- 4. Adjust control loop proportional, integral and derivative settings to achieve optimum performance while complying with performance requirements indicated. Document testing of each control loop's precision and stability via trend logs.
- 5. Test and adjust every control loop for proper operation according to sequence of operation.
- 6. Test software and hardware interlocks for proper operation. Correct deficiencies.
- 7. Operate each analog point at the following:
 - a. Upper quarter of range.
 - b. Lower quarter of range.
 - c. At midpoint of range.
- 8. Exercise each binary point.
- 9. For every I/O point in DDC system, read and record each value at operator workstation, at DDC controller and at field instrument simultaneously. Value displayed at operator workstation, at DDC controller and at field instrument shall match.
- 10. Prepare and submit a report documenting results for each I/O point in DDC system and include in each I/O point a description of corrective measures and adjustments made to achieve desire results.

3.16 DDC SYSTEM VALIDATION TESTS

A. Perform validation tests before requesting final review of system. Before beginning testing, first submit Pretest Checklist and Test Plan.

- B. After approval of Test Plan, execute all tests and procedures indicated in plan.
- C. After testing is complete, submit completed test checklist.
- D. Pretest Checklist: Submit the following list with items checked off once verified:
 - 1. Detailed explanation for any items that are not completed or verified.
 - 2. Required mechanical installation work is successfully completed and HVAC equipment is working correctly.
 - 3. HVAC equipment motors operate below full-load amperage ratings.
 - 4. Required DDC system components, wiring, and accessories are installed.
 - 5. Installed DDC system architecture matches approved Drawings.
 - 6. Control electric power circuits operate at proper voltage and are free from faults.
 - 7. Required surge protection is installed.
 - 8. DDC system network communications function properly, including uploading and downloading programming changes.
 - 9. Using BACnet protocol analyzer, verify that communications are error free.
 - 10. Each controller's programming is backed up.
 - 11. Testing, adjusting and balancing work affecting controls is complete.
 - 12. Dampers and actuators zero and span adjustments are set properly.
 - 13. Each control damper and actuator goes to failed position on loss of power.
 - 14. Valves and actuators zero and span adjustments are set properly.
 - 15. Each control valve and actuator goes to failed position on loss of power.
 - 16. Meter, sensor and transmitter readings are accurate and calibrated.
 - 17. View trend data where applicable.
 - 18. Each controller works properly in standalone mode.
 - 19. Safety controls and devices function properly.
 - 20. Interfaces with fire-alarm system function properly.
 - 21. Electrical interlocks function properly.
 - 22. Record Drawings are completed.

E. Test Plan:

- 1. Prepare and submit a validation test plan including test procedures for performance validation tests.
- 2. Test plan shall address all specified functions of DDC system and sequences of operation.
- 3. Explain detailed actions and expected results to demonstrate compliance with requirements indicated.
- 4. Explain method for simulating necessary conditions of operation used to demonstrate performance.
- 5. Include a test checklist to be used to check and initial that each test has been successfully completed.
- 6. Submit test plan documentation 10 business days before start of tests.

F. Validation Test:

- 1. Verify operating performance of each I/O point in DDC system.
 - a. Verify analog I/O points at operating value.
 - b. Make adjustments to out-of-tolerance I/O points.
 - 1) Identify I/O points for future reference.

- Simulate abnormal conditions to demonstrate proper function of safety devices.
- 3) Replace instruments and controllers that cannot maintain performance indicated after adjustments.
- 2. Simulate conditions to demonstrate proper sequence of control.
- 3. Readjust settings to design values and observe ability of DDC system to establish desired conditions.
- 4. After 24 Hours following Initial Validation Test:
 - a. Re-check I/O points that required corrections during initial test.
 - b. Identify I/O points that still require additional correction and make corrections necessary to achieve desired results.
- 5. After 24 Hours of Second Validation Test:
 - a. Re-check I/O points that required corrections during second test.
 - b. Continue validation testing until I/O point is normal on two consecutive tests.
- 6. Completely check out, calibrate, and test all connected hardware and software to ensure that DDC system performs according to requirements indicated.
- After validation testing is complete, prepare and submit a report indicating all I/O
 points that required correction and how many validation re-tests it took to pass.
 Identify adjustments made for each test and indicate instruments that were
 replaced.
- G. DDC System Response Time Test:
 - 1. Simulate HLC.
 - a. Heavy load shall be an occurrence of 50 percent of total connected binary COV, one-half of which represent an "alarm" condition, and 50 percent of total connected analog COV, one-half of which represent an "alarm" condition, that are initiated simultaneously on a one-time basis.
 - 2. Initiate 10 successive occurrences of HLC and measure response time to typical alarms and status changes.
 - 3. Measure with a timer having at least 0.1-second resolution and 0.01 percent accuracy.
 - 4. Purpose of test is to demonstrate DDC system, as follows:
 - a. Reaction to COV and alarm conditions during HLC.
 - b. Ability to update DDC system database during HLC.
 - 5. Passing test is contingent on the following:
 - a. All alarms, both binary and analog, are reported and printed; none are lost.
 - b. Compliance with response times specified.
 - 6. Prepare and submit a report documenting HLC tested and results of test including time stamp and print out of all alarms.
- H. DDC System Network Bandwidth Test:

- Test network bandwidth usage on all DDC system networks to demonstrate bandwidth usage under DDC system normal operating conditions and under simulated HLC.
- 2. To pass, none of DDC system networks shall use more than 70 percent of available bandwidth under normal and HLC operation.

3.17 DDC SYSTEM WIRELESS NETWORK VERIFICATION

- A. DDC system Installer shall design wireless DDC system networks to comply with performance requirements indicated.
- B. Installer shall verify wireless network performance through field testing and shall document results in a field test report.
- C. Testing and verification of all wireless devices shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Online status.
 - 2. Signal strength.

3.18 FINAL REVIEW

- A. Submit written request to Architect and Construction Manager when DDC system is ready for final review. Written request shall state the following:
 - 1. DDC system has been thoroughly inspected for compliance with contract documents and found to be in full compliance.
 - 2. DDC system has been calibrated, adjusted and tested and found to comply with requirements of operational stability, accuracy, speed and other performance requirements indicated.
 - 3. DDC system monitoring and control of HVAC systems results in operation according to sequences of operation indicated.
 - 4. DDC system is complete and ready for final review.
- B. Review by Architect and Construction Manager shall be made after receipt of written request. A field report shall be issued to document observations and deficiencies.
- C. Take prompt action to remedy deficiencies indicated in field report and submit a second written request when all deficiencies have been corrected. Repeat process until no deficiencies are reported.
- D. Should more than two reviews be required, DDC system manufacturer and Installer shall compensate entity performing review for total costs, labor and expenses, associated with third and subsequent reviews. Estimated cost of each review shall be submitted and approved by DDC system manufacturer and Installer before making the review.
- E. Prepare and submit closeout submittals when no deficiencies are reported.
- F. A part of DDC system final review shall include a demonstration to parties participating in final review.

- Provide staff familiar with DDC system installed to demonstrate operation of DDC system during final review.
- 2. Provide testing equipment to demonstrate accuracy and other performance requirements of DDC system that is requested by reviewers during final review.
- 3. Demonstration shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. HVAC equipment and system hardwired and software safeties and lifesafety functions are operating according to sequence of operation. Up to 10 I/O points shall be randomly selected by reviewers. Additional I/O points may be selected by reviewers to discover problems with operation.
 - b. Correct sequence of operation after electrical power interruption and resumption after electrical power is restored for randomly selected HVAC systems.
 - c. Operation of randomly selected dampers and valves in normal-on, normal-off and failed positions.
 - d. Trends, summaries, logs and reports set-up for Project.
 - e. For up to three HVAC systems randomly selected by reviewers, use graph trends to show that sequence of operation is executed in correct manner and that HVAC systems operate properly through complete sequence of operation including different modes of operations indicated. Show that control loops are stable and operating at set points and respond to changes in set point of 20 percent or more.
 - f. Software's ability to communicate with controllers, operator workstations, uploading and downloading of control programs.
 - g. Software's ability to edit control programs off-line.
 - h. Data entry to show Project-specific customizing capability including parameter changes.
 - i. Step through penetration tree, display all graphics, demonstrate dynamic update, and direct access to graphics.
 - j. Execution of digital and analog commands in graphic mode.
 - k. Spreadsheet and curve plot software and its integration with database.
 - I. Online user guide and help functions.
 - m. Multitasking by showing different operations occurring simultaneously on four quadrants of split screen.
 - n. System speed of response compared to requirements indicated.
 - For Each Network Controller:
 - 1) Memory: Programmed data, parameters, trend and alarm history collected during normal operation is not lost during power failure.
 - 2) Operator Interface: Ability to connect directly to each type of digital controller with a portable workstation and mobile device. Show that maintenance personnel interface tools perform as indicated in manufacturer's technical literature.
 - 3) Standalone Ability: Demonstrate that controllers provide stable and reliable standalone operation using default values or other method for values normally read over network.
 - 4) Electric Power: Ability to disconnect any controller safely from its power source.
 - 5) Wiring Labels: Match control drawings.
 - 6) Network Communication: Ability to locate a controller's location on network and communication architecture matches Shop Drawings.
 - 7) Nameplates and Tags: Accurate and permanently attached to control panel doors, instrument, actuators and devices.
 - p. For Each Operator Workstation:

- 1) I/O points lists agree with naming conventions.
- 2) Graphics are complete.
- 3) UPS unit, if applicable, operates.
- q. Communications and Interoperability: Demonstrate proper interoperability of data sharing, alarm and event management, trending, scheduling, and device and network management. Requirements must be met even if only one manufacturer's equipment is installed.
 - 1) Data Presentation: On each operator workstation, demonstrate graphic display capabilities.
 - 2) Set Point and Parameter Modifications: Show ability to modify set points and tuning parameters indicated.
 - 3) Peer-to-Peer Data Exchange: Network devices are installed and configured to perform without need for operator intervention to implement Project sequence of operation and to share global data.
 - 4) Schedule Lists: Schedules are configured for start and stop, mode change, occupant overrides, and night setback as defined in sequence of operations.
 - 5) Schedule Display and Modification: Ability to display any schedule with start and stop times for calendar year. Show that all calendar entries and schedules are modifiable from any connected operator workstation by an operator with sufficient privilege.
 - 6) Archival Storage of Data: Data archiving is handled by operator workstation and server and local trend archiving and display is accomplished.
 - 7) Modification of Trend Log Object Parameters: Operator with sufficient privilege can change logged data points, sampling rate, and trend duration.
 - 8) Device and Network Management:
 - a) Silencing devices transmitting erroneous data.
 - b) Time synchronization.
 - c) Remote device re-initialization.
 - d) Configuration management of routers.

3.19 EXTENDED OPERATION TEST

- A. Extended operation test is intended to simulate normal operation of DDC system by Owner.
- B. Operate DDC system for an operating period of 28 consecutive calendar days following Substantial Completion. Coordinate exact start date of testing with Owner.
- C. Provide an operator familiar with DDC system installed to man an operator workstation while on-site during eight hours of each normal business day occurring during operating period.
- D. During operating period, DDC system shall demonstrate correct operation and accuracy of monitored and controlled points as well as operation capabilities of sequences, logs, trends, reports, specialized control algorithms, diagnostics, and other software indicated.

- 1. Correct defects of hardware and software when it occurs.
- E. Definition of Failures and Downtime during Operating Period:
 - 1. Failed I/O point constituting downtime is an I/O point failing to perform its intended function consistently and a point physically failed due to hardware and software.
 - Downtime is when any I/O point in DDC system is unable to fulfill its' required function.
 - 3. Downtime shall be calculated as elapsed time between a detected point failure as confirmed by an operator and time point is restored to service.
 - 4. Maximum time interval allowed between DDC system detection of failure occurrence and operator confirmation shall be 0.5 hours.
 - 5. Downtime shall be logged in hours to nearest 0.1 hour.
 - 6. Hardware or software failures caused by power outages shall count as downtime.
- F. During operating period, log downtime and operational problems are encountered.
 - 1. Identify source of problem.
 - 2. Provide written description of corrective action taken.
 - 3. Record duration of downtime.
 - 4. Maintain log showing the following:
 - a. Time of occurrence.
 - b. Downtime for each failed I/O point.
 - c. Running total of downtime and total time of I/O point after each problem has been restored.
 - 5. Log shall be available to Owner for review at any time.
- G. For DDC system to pass extended operation test, total downtime shall not exceed 2 percent of total point-hours during operating period.
 - 1. Failure to comply with minimum requirements of passing at end of operating period indicated shall require that operating period be extended one consecutive day at a time until DDC system passes requirement.
- H. Evaluation of DDC system passing test shall be based on the following calculation:
 - 1. Downtime shall be counted on a point-hour basis where total number of DDC system point-hours is equal to total number of I/O points in DDC system multiplied by total number of hours during operating period.
 - 2. Example Calculation: Maximum allowable downtime for 30-day test when DDC system has 1000 total I/O points (combined analog and binary) and has passing score of 1 percent downtime is computed by 30 days x 24 h/day x 1000 points x 1 percent equals 7200 point-hours of maximum allowable downtime.
- I. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.20 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.21 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

- A. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for one year(s).
- B. Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install and program software upgrades that become available within one year(s) from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.
 - 1. Upgrade Notice: At least 30 days to allow Owner to schedule and access system and to upgrade computer equipment if necessary.

3.22 DEMONSTRATION

A. Extent of Training:

- Base extent of training on scope and complexity of DDC system indicated and training requirements indicated. Provide extent of training required to satisfy requirements indicated even if more than minimum training requirements are indicated.
- 2. Inform Owner of anticipated training requirements if more than minimum training requirements are indicated.
- 3. Minimum Training Requirements:
 - a. Provide not less than five days of training total.
 - b. Stagger training over multiple training classes to accommodate Owner's requirements. All training shall occur before end of warranty period.
 - c. Total days of training shall be broken into not more than two separate training classes.
 - d. Each training class shall be not less than one consecutive day(s).

B. Training Schedule:

- 1. Schedule training with Owner 20 business days before expected Substantial Completion.
- 2. Schedule training to provide Owner with at least 10 business days of notice in advance of training.
- 3. Training shall occur within normal business hours at a mutually agreed on time. Unless otherwise agreed to, training shall occur Monday through Friday, except on U.S. Federal holidays, with two morning sessions and two afternoon sessions. Each morning session and afternoon session shall be split in half with 15 minute break between sessions. Morning and afternoon sessions shall be separated by 30 -minute lunch period. Training, including breaks and excluding lunch period, shall not exceed eight hours per day.

4. Provide staggered training schedule as requested by Owner.

C. Training Attendee List and Sign-in Sheet:

- 1. Request from Owner in advance of training a proposed attendee list with name, phone number and e-mail address.
- 2. Provide a preprinted sign-in sheet for each training session with proposed attendees listed and no fewer than six blank spaces to add additional attendees.
- Preprinted sign-in sheet shall include training session number, date and time, instructor name, phone number and e-mail address, and brief description of content to be covered during session. List attendees with columns for name, phone number, e-mail address and a column for attendee signature or initials.
- 4. Circulate sign-in sheet at beginning of each session and solicit attendees to sign or initial in applicable location.
- 5. At end of each training day, send Owner an e-mail with an attachment of scanned copy (PDF) of circulated sign-in sheet for each session.

D. Training Attendee Headcount:

- 1. Plan in advance of training for two attendees.
- 2. Make allowance for Owner to add up to one attendee(s) at time of training.
- Headcount may vary depending on training content covered in session. Attendee access may be restricted to some training content for purposes of maintaining system security.
- E. Training Attendee Prior Knowledge: For guidance in planning required training and instruction, assume attendees have the following:
 - 1. Advanced knowledge of HVAC systems.
 - 2. Advanced knowledge of DDC systems.
 - 3. Advanced knowledge of DDC system and products installed.

F. Attendee Training Manuals:

- 1. Provide each attendee with a color hard copy of all training materials and visual presentations.
- Hard-copy materials shall be organized in a three-ring binder with table of contents and individual divider tabs marked for each logical grouping of subject matter. Organize material to provide space for attendees to take handwritten notes within training manuals.
- 3. In addition to hard-copy materials included in training manual, provide each binder with a sleeve or pocket that includes a DVD or flash drive with PDF copy of all hard-copy materials.

G. Instructor Requirements:

 Instructors shall have not less than five years of providing instructional training on not less than five past projects with similar DDC system scope and complexity to DDC system installed.

H. Training Outline:

1. Submit training outline for Owner review at least 10 business day before scheduling training.

2. Outline shall include a detailed agenda for each training day that is broken down into each of four training sessions that day, training objectives for each training session and synopses for each lesson planned.

I. On-Site Training:

- 1. Owner will provide conditioned classroom or workspace with ample desks or tables, chairs, power and data connectivity for instructor and each attendee.
- 2. Instructor shall provide training materials, projector and other audiovisual equipment used in training.
- 3. Provide as much of training located on-site as deemed feasible and practical by Owner
- 4. On-site training shall include regular walk-through tours, as required, to observe each unique product type installed with hands-on review of operation, calibration and service requirements.
- 5. Operator workstation provided with DDC system shall be used in training. If operator workstation is not indicated, provide a temporary workstation to convey training content.

J. Off-Site Training:

- 1. Provide conditioned training rooms and workspace with ample tables desks or tables, chairs, power and data connectivity for each attendee.
- 2. Provide capability to remotely access to Project DDC system for use in training.
- 3. Provide a workstation for use by each attendee.

K. Training Content for Daily Operators:

- 1. Basic operation of system.
- 2. Understanding DDC system architecture and configuration.
- 3. Understanding each unique product type installed including performance and service requirements for each.
- 4. Understanding operation of each system and equipment controlled by DDC system including sequences of operation, each unique control algorithm and each unique optimization routine.
- 5. Operating operator workstations, printers and other peripherals.
- 6. Logging on and off system.
- 7. Accessing graphics, reports and alarms.
- 8. Adjusting and changing set points and time schedules.
- 9. Recognizing DDC system malfunctions.
- 10. Understanding content of operation and maintenance manuals including control drawings.
- Understanding physical location and placement of DDC controllers and I/O hardware.
- 12. Accessing data from DDC controllers.
- 13. Operating portable operator workstations.
- Review of DDC testing results to establish basic understanding of DDC system operating performance and HVAC system limitations as of Substantial Completion.
- 15. Running each specified report and log.
- 16. Stepping through graphics penetration tree, displaying all graphics, demonstrating dynamic updating, and direct access to graphics.
- 17. Executing digital and analog commands in graphic mode.
- 18. Demonstrating control loop precision and stability via trend logs of I/O for not less than 10 percent of I/O installed.

- Demonstrating DDC system performance through trend logs and command tracing.
- 20. Demonstrating scan, update, and alarm responsiveness.
- Demonstrating spreadsheet and curve plot software, and its integration with database.
- 22. Demonstrating on-line user guide, and help function and mail facility.
- 23. Demonstrating multitasking by showing dynamic curve plot, and graphic construction operating simultaneously via split screen.
- 24. Demonstrating the following for HVAC systems and equipment controlled by DDC system:
 - a. Operation of HVAC equipment in normal-off, -on and failed conditions while observing individual equipment, dampers and valves for correct position under each condition.
 - b. For HVAC equipment with factory-installed software, show that integration into DDC system is able to communicate with DDC controllers or gateways, as applicable.
 - c. Using graphed trends, show that sequence of operation is executed in correct manner, and HVAC systems operate properly through complete sequence of operation including seasonal change, occupied and unoccupied modes, warm-up and cool-down cycles and other modes of operation indicated.
 - d. Hardware interlocks and safeties function properly and DDC system performs correct sequence of operation after electrical power interruption and resumption after power is restored.
 - e. Each control loop responds to set point adjustment and stabilizes within time period indicated.
 - f. Sharing of previously graphed trends of all control loops to demonstrate that each control loop is stable and set points are being maintained.

L. Training Content for Advanced Operators:

- 1. Making and changing workstation graphics.
- 2. Creating, deleting and modifying alarms including annunciation and routing.
- 3. Creating, deleting and modifying point trend logs including graphing and printing on an ad-hoc basis and operator-defined time intervals.
- 4. Creating, deleting and modifying reports.
- 5. Creating, deleting and modifying points.
- 6. Creating, deleting and modifying programming including ability to edit control programs off-line.
- 7. Creating, deleting and modifying system graphics and other types of displays.
- 8. Adding DDC controllers and other network communication devices such as gateways and routers.
- 9. Adding operator workstations.
- 10. Performing DDC system checkout and diagnostic procedures.
- 11. Performing DDC controllers operation and maintenance procedures.
- 12. Performing operator workstation operation and maintenance procedures.
- 13. Configuring DDC system hardware including controllers, workstations, communication devices and I/O points.
- 14. Maintaining, calibrating, troubleshooting, diagnosing and repairing hardware.
- 15. Adjusting, calibrating and replacing DDC system components.
- 16. <Insert requirement>.
- M. Training Content for System Managers and Administrators:

- 1. DDC system software maintenance and backups.
- Uploading, downloading and off-line archiving of all DDC system software and databases.
- 3. Interface with Project-specific, third-party operator software.
- 4. Understanding password and security procedures.
- 5. Adding new operators and making modifications to existing operators.
- 6. Operator password assignments and modification.
- 7. Operator authority assignment and modification.
- 8. Workstation data segregation and modification.

N. Video of Training Sessions:

- 1. Provide a digital video and audio recording of each training session. Create a separate recording file for each session.
- 2. Stamp each recording file with training session number, session name and date.
- 3. Provide Owner with [two] < Insert number > copies of digital files on DVDs or flash drives for later reference and for use in future training.
- 4. Owner retains right to make additional copies for intended training purposes without having to pay royalties.

END OF SECTION 230923

SECTION 231123 - FACILITY NATURAL-GAS PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Pipes, tubes, and fittings.
 - 2. Piping and tubing joining materials.
 - 3. Manual gas shutoff valves.
 - 4. Pressure regulators.
 - 5. Dielectric fittings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Exposed, Exterior Installations: Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions. Examples include rooftop locations.
- B. Exposed, Interior Installations: Exposed to view indoors. Examples include finished occupied spaces and mechanical equipment rooms.
- C. Finished Spaces: Spaces other than mechanical and electrical equipment rooms, furred spaces, pipe and duct shafts, unheated spaces immediately below roof, spaces above ceilings, unexcavated spaces, crawlspaces, and tunnels.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Piping specialties.
 - 2. Corrugated, stainless-steel tubing with associated components.
 - Valves. Include pressure rating, capacity, settings, and electrical connection data of selected models.
 - 4. Pressure regulators. Indicate pressure ratings and capacities.
 - 5. Dielectric fittings.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

 Operation and Maintenance Data: For pressure regulators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Handling Flammable Liquids: Remove and dispose of liquids from existing natural-gas piping according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- C. Store and handle pipes and tubes having factory-applied protective coatings to avoid damaging coating, and protect from direct sunlight.
- D. Protect stored PE pipes and valves from direct sunlight.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Perform site survey, research public utility records, and verify existing utility locations. Contact utility-locating service for area where Project is located.
- B. Interruption of Existing Natural-Gas Service: Do not interrupt natural-gas service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide purging and startup of natural-gas supply according to requirements indicated:
 - Notify Construction Manager no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of natural-gas service.
 - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of natural-gas service without Owner's written permission.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.
- B. Coordinate requirements for access panels and doors for valves installed concealed behind finished surfaces. Comply with requirements in Section 083113 "Access Doors and Frames."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Minimum Operating-Pressure Ratings:
 - 1. Piping and Valves: 100 psig minimum unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Service Regulators: 65 psig minimum unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Minimum Operating Pressure of Service Meter: 5 psig.
- B. Natural-Gas System Pressure within Buildings: More than 0.5 psig but not more than 2 psig.

2.2 PIPES, TUBES, AND FITTINGS

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, black steel, Schedule 40, Type E or S, Grade B.
 - 1. Malleable-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.3, Class 150, standard pattern.
- B. Corrugated, Stainless-Steel Tubing: Comply with ANSI/IAS LC 1.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. FlashShield Products: Gastite, a division of Titeflex Corp.
 - b. TracPipe CounterStrike; Omega Flex, Inc.
 - 2. Tubing: ASTM A240/A240M, corrugated, Series 300 stainless steel.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Joint Compound and Tape: Suitable for natural gas.
- B. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12/D10.12M for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.
- C. Brazing Filler Metals: Alloy with melting point greater than 1000 deg F complying with AWS A5.8/A5.8M. Brazing alloys containing more than 0.05 percent phosphorus are prohibited.

2.4 MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVES

- A. General Requirements for Metallic Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Comply with ASME B16.33.
 - 1. CWP Rating: 125 psig.
 - 2. Threaded Ends: Comply with ASME B1.20.1.
 - 3. Dryseal Threads on Flare Ends: Comply with ASME B1.20.3.
 - Tamperproof Feature: Locking feature for valves indicated in "Underground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" and "Aboveground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" Articles.
 - Listing: Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for valves 1 inch and smaller.
 - 6. Service Mark: Valves 1-1/4 inches to NPS 2 shall have initials "WOG" permanently marked on valve body.
- B. General Requirements for Metallic Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Comply with ASME B16.38.
 - 1. CWP Rating: 125 psig.
 - 2. Flanged Ends: Comply with ASME B16.5 for steel flanges.
 - Tamperproof Feature: Locking feature for valves indicated in "Underground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" and "Aboveground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" Articles.
 - 4. Service Mark: Initials "WOG" shall be permanently marked on valve body.
- C. One-Piece, Bronze Ball Valve with Bronze Trim: MSS SP-110.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

- a. A.Y. McDonald Mfg. Co.
- b. Apollo Flow Controls; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
- 2. Body: Bronze, complying with ASTM B 584.
- 3. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
- 4. Stem: Bronze; blowout proof.
- 5. Seats: Reinforced TFE; blowout proof.
- 6. Packing: Separate packnut with adjustable-stem packing threaded ends.
- 7. Ends: Threaded, flared, or socket as indicated in "Underground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" and "Aboveground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" Articles.
- 8. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
- 9. Listing: Valves NPS 1 and smaller shall be listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- 10. Service: Suitable for natural-gas service with "WOG" indicated on valve body.
- D. Two-Piece, Full-Port, Bronze Ball Valves with Bronze Trim: MSS SP-110.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. A.Y. McDonald Mfg. Co.
 - b. Apollo Flow Controls; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Body: Bronze, complying with ASTM B584.
 - 3. Ball: Chrome-plated bronze.
 - 4. Stem: Bronze; blowout proof.
 - 5. Seats: Reinforced TFE; blowout proof.
 - 6. Packing: Threaded-body packnut design with adjustable-stem packing.
 - 7. Ends: Threaded, flared, or socket as indicated in "Underground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" and "Aboveground Manual Gas Shutoff Valve Schedule" Articles.
 - 8. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
 - 9. Listing: Valves NPS 1 and smaller shall be listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 10. Service: Suitable for natural-gas service with "WOG" indicated on valve body.

2.5 PRESSURE REGULATORS

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Single stage and suitable for natural gas.
 - 2. Steel jacket and corrosion-resistant components.
 - 3. Elevation compensator.
 - 4. End Connections: Threaded for regulators NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for regulators NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- B. Line Pressure Regulators: Comply with ANSI Z21.80.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Actaris.
 - b. American Meter Company.
 - c. Eclipse Innovative Thermal Technologies.
 - d. Fisher Control Valves & Instruments; a brand of Emerson Process Management.
 - e. Invensys.

- f. Itron Gas.
- g. Maxitrol Company.
- Richards Industries.
- 2. Body and Diaphragm Case: Cast iron or die-cast aluminum.
- 3. Springs: Zinc-plated steel; interchangeable.
- 4. Diaphragm Plate: Zinc-plated steel.
- 5. Seat Disc: Nitrile rubber resistant to gas impurities, abrasion, and deformation at the valve port.
- 6. Orifice: Aluminum; interchangeable.
- 7. Seal Plug: Ultraviolet-stabilized, mineral-filled nylon.
- 8. Single-port, self-contained regulator with orifice no larger than required at maximum pressure inlet, and no pressure sensing piping external to the regulator.
- Pressure regulator shall maintain discharge pressure setting downstream, and not exceed 150 percent of design discharge pressure at shutoff.
- Atmospheric Vent: Factory- or field-installed, stainless-steel screen in opening if not connected to vent piping.
- 11. Maximum Inlet Pressure: 5 psig.
- C. Appliance Pressure Regulators: Comply with ANSI Z21.18.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
 - a. Canadian Meter Company Inc.
 - 2. Body and Diaphragm Case: Die-cast aluminum.
 - 3. Springs: Zinc-plated steel; interchangeable.
 - 4. Diaphragm Plate: Zinc-plated steel.
 - 5. Seat Disc: Nitrile rubber.
 - 6. Seal Plug: Ultraviolet-stabilized, mineral-filled nylon.
 - 7. Factory-Applied Finish: Minimum three-layer polyester and polyurethane paint finish.
 - 8. Regulator may include vent limiting device, instead of vent connection, if approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 9. Maximum Inlet Pressure: 5 psig.

2.6 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials with separating nonconductive insulating material. Include end connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
- B. Dielectric Unions:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. A.Y. McDonald Mfg. Co.
 - b. Capitol Manufacturing Company.
 - c. Central Plastics Company.
 - d. Jomar Valve.
 - e. Matco-Norca.
 - f. WATTS.
 - g. Wilkins.

- h. Zurn Industries, LLC.
- 2. Description:
 - a. Standard: ASSE 1079.
 - b. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum at 180 deg F.
 - c. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.
- C. Dielectric Flanges:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Capitol Manufacturing Company.
 - b. Central Plastics Company.
 - c. Matco-Norca.
 - d. WATTS.
 - e. Wilkins.
 - Description:
 - a. Standard: ASSE 1079.
 - b. Factory-fabricated, bolted, companion-flange assembly.
 - c. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum at 180 deg F.
 - d. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous; threaded solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.
- D. Dielectric-Flange Insulating Kits:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
 - b. Calpico, Inc.
 - c. Central Plastics Company.
 - d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
 - 2. Description:
 - Nonconducting materials for field assembly of companion flanges.
 - b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
 - c. Gasket: Neoprene or phenolic.
 - d. Bolt Sleeves: Phenolic or polyethylene.
 - e. Washers: Phenolic with steel backing washers.

2.7 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

A. Detectable Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant, PE film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, a minimum of 6 inches wide and 4 mils thick, continuously inscribed with a description of utility, with metallic core encased in a protective jacket for corrosion protection, detectable by metal detector when tape is buried up to 30 inches deep; colored yellow.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in for natural-gas piping system to verify actual locations of piping connections before equipment installation.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Close equipment shutoff valves before turning off natural gas to premises or piping section.
- B. Inspect natural-gas piping according to NFPA 54 to determine that natural-gas utilization devices are turned off in piping section affected.
- C. Comply with NFPA 54 requirements for prevention of accidental ignition.

3.3 INDOOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NFPA 54 for installation and purging of natural-gas piping.
- B. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements are used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- C. Arrange for pipe spaces, chases, slots, sleeves, and openings in building structure during progress of construction, to allow for mechanical installations.
- Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- E. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- F. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- G. Locate valves for easy access.
- H. Install natural-gas piping at uniform grade of 2 percent down toward drip and sediment traps.
- I. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- J. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- K. Verify final equipment locations for roughing-in.
- L. Comply with requirements in Sections specifying gas-fired appliances and equipment for roughing-in requirements.

- M. Drips and Sediment Traps: Install drips at points where condensate may collect, including service-meter outlets. Locate where accessible to permit cleaning and emptying. Do not install where condensate is subject to freezing.
 - 1. Construct drips and sediment traps using tee fitting with bottom outlet plugged or capped. Use nipple a minimum length of 3 pipe diameters, but not less than 3 inches long and same size as connected pipe. Install with space below bottom of drip to remove plug or cap.
- N. Extend relief vent connections for service regulators, line regulators, and overpressure protection devices to outdoors and terminate with weatherproof vent cap.
- O. Conceal pipe installations in walls, pipe spaces, utility spaces, above ceilings, below grade or floors, and in floor channels unless indicated to be exposed to view.
- P. Concealed Location Installations: Except as specified below, install concealed natural-gas piping and piping installed under the building in containment conduit constructed of steel pipe with welded joints as described in Part 2. Install a vent pipe from containment conduit to outdoors and terminate with weatherproof vent cap.
 - Above Accessible Ceilings: Natural-gas piping, fittings, valves, and regulators may be installed in accessible spaces without containment conduit.
 - 2. In Floors: Install natural-gas piping with welded or brazed joints and protective coating in cast-in-place concrete floors. Cover piping to be cast in concrete slabs with minimum of 1-1/2 inches of concrete. Piping may not be in physical contact with other metallic structures such as reinforcing rods or electrically neutral conductors. Do not embed piping in concrete slabs containing quick-set additives or cinder aggregate.
 - 3. In Floor Channels: Install natural-gas piping in floor channels. Channels must have cover and be open to space above cover for ventilation.
 - 4. In Walls or Partitions: Protect tubing installed inside partitions or hollow walls from physical damage using steel striker barriers at rigid supports.
 - a. Exception: Tubing passing through partitions or walls does not require striker barriers.
 - 5. Prohibited Locations:
 - a. Do not install natural-gas piping in or through circulating air ducts, clothes or trash chutes, chimneys or gas vents (flues), ventilating ducts, or dumbwaiter or elevator shafts.
 - b. Do not install natural-gas piping in solid walls or partitions.
- Q. Use eccentric reducer fittings to make reductions in pipe sizes. Install fittings with level side down.
- R. Connect branch piping from top or side of horizontal piping.
- S. Install unions in pipes NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to each valve, at final connection to each piece of equipment. Unions are not required at flanged connections.
- T. Do not use natural-gas piping as grounding electrode.
- U. Install strainer on inlet of each line-pressure regulator and automatic or electrically operated valve.
- V. Install pressure gage downstream from each line regulator. Pressure gages are specified in Section 230519 "Meters and Gages for HVAC Piping."

- W. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- X. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- Y. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 230518 "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."

3.4 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install manual gas shutoff valve for each gas appliance ahead of corrugated stainless-steel tubing, aluminum, or copper connector.
- B. Install underground valves with valve boxes.
- C. Install regulators and overpressure protection devices with maintenance access space adequate for servicing and testing.
- D. Install earthquake valves aboveground outside buildings according to listing.
- E. Install anode for metallic valves in underground PE piping.

3.5 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints:
 - 1. Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.
 - 2. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies.
 - 3. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full inside diameter of pipe.
 - Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dryseal threading is specified.
 - 5. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.

D. Welded Joints:

- Construct joints according to AWS D10.12/D10.12M, using qualified processes and welding operators.
- 2. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- 3. Patch factory-applied protective coating as recommended by manufacturer at field welds and where damage to coating occurs during construction.
- E. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.
- F. Flanged Joints: Install gasket material, size, type, and thickness appropriate for natural-gas service. Install gasket concentrically positioned.

- G. Flared Joints: Cut tubing with roll cutting tool. Flare tube end with tool to result in flare dimensions complying with SAE J513. Tighten finger tight, then use wrench. Do not overtighten.
- H. PE Piping Heat-Fusion Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces by wiping with clean cloth or paper towels. Join according to ASTM D2657.
 - 1. Plain-End Pipe and Fittings: Use butt fusion.
 - 2. Plain-End Pipe and Socket Fittings: Use socket fusion.

3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
- B. Comply with requirements for pipe hangers and supports specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- C. Install hangers for steel piping, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- D. Install hangers for corrugated stainless-steel tubing, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- E. Support horizontal piping within 12 inches of each fitting.
- F. Support vertical runs of steel piping to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- G. Support vertical runs of corrugated stainless-steel tubing to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.

3.7 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect to utility's gas main according to utility's procedures and requirements.
- B. Install natural-gas piping electrically continuous, and bonded to gas appliance equipment grounding conductor of the circuit powering the appliance according to NFPA 70.
- Install piping adjacent to appliances to allow service and maintenance of appliances.
- D. Connect piping to appliances using manual gas shutoff valves and unions. Install valve within 72 inches of each gas-fired appliance and equipment. Install union between valve and appliances or equipment.
- E. Sediment Traps: Install tee fitting with capped nipple in bottom to form drip, as close as practical to inlet of each appliance.

3.8 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

- Comply with requirements in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for piping and valve identification.
- B. Install detectable warning tape directly above gas piping, 12 inches below finished grade, except 6 inches below subgrade under pavements and slabs.

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Test, inspect, and purge natural gas according to NFPA 54 and authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Natural-gas piping will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.10 OUTDOOR PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Aboveground natural-gas piping shall be[one of] the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
 - 2. Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints.

3.11 INDOOR PIPING SCHEDULE FOR SYSTEM PRESSURES LESS THAN 0.5 PSIG

- A. Aboveground, branch piping NPS 1 and smaller shall be the following:
 - 1. Corrugated stainless-steel tubing with mechanical fittings having socket or threaded ends to match adjacent piping.
 - 2. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
- B. Aboveground, distribution piping shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
 - 2. Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints.
- C. Underground, below building, piping shall be[one of] the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
 - 2. Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints.

3.12 INDOOR PIPING SCHEDULE FOR SYSTEM PRESSURES MORE THAN 0.5 PSIG

AND LESS THAN 5 PSIG

- A. Aboveground, branch piping NPS 1 and smaller shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Corrugated stainless-steel tubing with mechanical fittings having socket or threaded ends to match adjacent piping.
 - 2. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
- B. Aboveground, distribution piping shall be the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
 - 2. Steel pipe with steel welding fittings and welded joints.
- C. Underground, below building, piping shall be[one of] the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
 - 2. Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints.

3.13 INDOOR PIPING SCHEDULE FOR SYSTEM PRESSURES MORE THAN 5 PSIG

- A. Aboveground, distribution piping shall be[one of] the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with steel welding fittings and welded joints.
- B. Underground, below building, piping shall be[one of] the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
 - 2. Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints.
- C. Containment Conduit: Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints. Coat pipe and fittings with protective coating for steel piping.

3.14 ABOVEGROUND MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE SCHEDULE

- A. Valves for pipe sizes NPS 2 and smaller at service meter shall be one of the following:
 - 1. One-piece, bronze ball valve with bronze trim.
 - 2. Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim.
- B. Valves for pipe sizes NPS 2-1/2 and larger at service meter shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim.
- C. Distribution piping valves for pipe sizes NPS 2 and smaller shall be one of the following:
 - 1. One-piece, bronze ball valve with bronze trim.
 - 2. Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim.
- D. Distribution piping valves for pipe sizes NPS 2-1/2 and larger shall be one of the following:

- $\label{thm:control_port} \mbox{Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim.}$ 1.
- 2. Cast-iron, plug valve.
- E. Valves in branch piping for single appliance shall be one of the following:
 - 1.
 - One-piece, bronze ball valve with bronze trim. Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim. 2.

END OF SECTION 231123

SECTION 232113 - HYDRONIC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes pipe and fitting materials and joining methods for the following:
 - 1. Copper tube and fittings.
 - 2. Steel pipe and fittings.
 - 3. Joining materials.
 - 4. Dielectric fittings.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Pipe.
 - 2. Fittings.
 - 3. Joining materials.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Hydronic piping components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure and temperature unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Hot-Water Heating Piping: 100 psig at 200 deg F.

2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

A. Drawn-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type L ASTM B 88, Type M.

2.3 STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel with plain ends; welded and seamless, Grade B, and wall thickness as indicated in "Piping Applications" Article.
- B. Cast-Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.1, Classes 25, 125, and 250; raised ground face, and bolt holes spot faced as indicated in "Piping Applications" Article.

2.4 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.
 - ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos free, 1/8-inch maximum thickness unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, cast-iron and cast-bronze flanges.
 - b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron and steel flanges.
- B. Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- Plastic, Pipe-Flange Gasket, Bolts, and Nuts: Type and material recommended by piping system manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.
- E. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8/A5.8M, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for joining copper with copper; or BAq-1, silver alloy for joining copper with bronze or steel.
- F. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12M/D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.

2.5 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials with separating nonconductive insulating material. Include end connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
- B. Dielectric Flanges:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Standard: ASSE 1079.
 - b. Factory-fabricated, bolted, companion-flange assembly.
 - c. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum at 180 deg F.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Hot-water heating piping, aboveground, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Type L, drawn-temper copper tubing, wrought-copper fittings, and soldered joints.
 - 2. Schedule 40, Grade B steel pipe; Class 125, cast-iron fittings; cast-iron flanges and flange fittings; and threaded joints.
- B. Hot-water heating piping, aboveground, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be any of the following:

1. Schedule 40 steel pipe, wrought-steel fittings and wrought-cast or forged-steel flanges and flange fittings, and welded and flanged joints.

3.2 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- J. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- K. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation and servicing of valves.
- L. Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS 3/4 ball valve, and short NPS 3/4 threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.
- M. Install piping at a uniform grade of 0.2 percent upward in direction of flow.
- N. Reduce pipe sizes using eccentric reducer fitting installed with level side up.
- O. Install branch connections to mains using mechanically formed tee fittings in main pipe, with the branch connected to the bottom of the main pipe. For up-feed risers, connect the branch to the top of the main pipe.
- P. Install unions in piping, [NPS 2] <Insert pipe size> and smaller, adjacent to valves, at final connections of equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
- Install flanges in piping, [NPS 2-1/2] <Insert pipe size> and larger, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.
- R. Install shutoff valve immediately upstream of each dielectric fitting.
- S. Comply with requirements in Section 230516 "Expansion Fittings and Loops for HVAC Piping" for installation of expansion loops, expansion joints, anchors, and pipe alignment guides.

- T. Comply with requirements in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for identifying piping.
- U. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- V. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- W. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 230518 "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."

3.3 DIELECTRIC FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install dielectric fittings in piping at connections of dissimilar metal piping and tubing.
- B. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Use dielectric.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
- B. Comply with requirements in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for hangers, supports, and anchor devices.
- C. Install the following pipe attachments:
 - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal piping less than 20 feet long.
 - 2. Adjustable roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal piping 20 feet or longer.
 - 3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
 - 4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
 - 5. Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
 - 6. On plastic pipe, install pads or cushions on bearing surfaces to prevent hanger from scratching pipe.
- D. Install hangers for copper tubing and steel piping, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- E. Install hangers for plastic piping, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- F. Install hangers for fiberglass piping, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- G. Support horizontal piping within 12 inches of each fitting and coupling.

- H. Support vertical runs of copper tubing and steel piping to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- Support vertical runs of fiberglass piping to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.

3.5 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy complying with ASTM B 32.
- D. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter, using copper-phosphorus brazing filler metal complying with AWS A5.8/A5.8M.
- E. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
 - Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- F. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12M/D10.12, using qualified processes and welding operators according to "Quality Assurance" Article.
- G. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.
- H. Plastic Piping Solvent-Cemented Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
 - 1. Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
 - 2. CPVC Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2846/D 2846M Appendix.
 - PVC Pressure Piping: Join ASTM D 1785 schedule number, PVC pipe and PVC socket fittings according to ASTM D 2672. Join other-than-schedule number PVC pipe and socket fittings according to ASTM D 2855.
 - 4. PVC Nonpressure Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855.
- I. Fiberglass Bonded Joints: Prepare pipe ends and fittings, apply adhesive, and join according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions.
- J. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with coupling and gasket, lubricant, and bolts. Cut or roll grooves in ends of pipe based on pipe and coupling manufacturer's written instructions for pipe wall thickness. Use grooved-end fittings and rigid, grooved-end-pipe couplings.

- K. Plain-End Mechanical-Coupled Joints: Prepare, assemble, and test joints in accordance with manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- L. Mechanically Formed, Copper-Tube-Outlet Joints: Use manufacturer-recommended tool and procedure, and brazed joints.
- M. Pressure-Sealed Joints: Use manufacturer-recommended tool and procedure. Leave insertion marks on pipe after assembly.

3.6 TERMINAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

- A. Sizes for supply and return piping connections shall be the same as or larger than equipment connections.
- B. Install control valves in accessible locations close to connected equipment.
- C. Install bypass piping with globe valve around control valve. If parallel control valves are installed, only one bypass is required.
- D. Install ports for pressure gages and thermometers at coil inlet and outlet connections. Comply with requirements in Section 230519 "Meters and Gages for HVAC Piping."

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare hydronic piping according to ASME B31.9 and as follows:
 - 1. Leave joints, including welds, uninsulated and exposed for examination during test.
 - 2. Provide temporary restraints for expansion joints that cannot sustain reactions due to test pressure. If temporary restraints are impractical, isolate expansion joints from testing.
 - 3. Flush hydronic piping systems with clean water; then remove and clean or replace strainer screens.
 - 4. Isolate equipment from piping. If a valve is used to isolate equipment, its closure shall be capable of sealing against test pressure without damage to valve. Install blinds in flanged joints to isolate equipment.
 - 5. Install safety valve, set at a pressure no more than one-third higher than test pressure, to protect against damage by expanding liquid or other source of overpressure during test.
- B. Perform the following tests on hydronic piping:
 - 1. Use ambient temperature water as a testing medium unless there is risk of damage due to freezing. Another liquid that is safe for workers and compatible with piping may be used.
 - 2. While filling system, use vents installed at high points of system to release air. Use drains installed at low points for complete draining of test liquid.
 - 3. Isolate expansion tanks and determine that hydronic system is full of water.
 - 4. Subject piping system to hydrostatic test pressure that is not less than 1.5 times the system's working pressure. Test pressure shall not exceed maximum pressure for any vessel, pump, valve, or other component in system under test. Verify that stress due to pressure at bottom of vertical runs does not exceed 90 percent of specified minimum yield strength or 1.7 times the "SE" value in Appendix A in ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping."

- 5. After hydrostatic test pressure has been applied for at least 10 minutes, examine piping, joints, and connections for leakage. Eliminate leaks by tightening, repairing, or replacing components, and repeat hydrostatic test until there are no leaks.
- 6. Prepare written report of testing.
- C. Perform the following before operating the system:
 - 1. Open manual valves fully.
 - 2. Inspect pumps for proper rotation.
 - 3. Set makeup pressure-reducing valves for required system pressure.
 - 4. Inspect air vents at high points of system and determine if all are installed and operating freely (automatic type), or bleed air completely (manual type).
 - 5. Set temperature controls so all coils are calling for full flow.
 - 6. Inspect and set operating temperatures of hydronic equipment, such as boilers, chillers, cooling towers, to specified values.
 - 7. Verify lubrication of motors and bearings.

END OF SECTION 232113

SECTION 232116 - HYDRONIC PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Hydronic specialty valves.
 - 2. Air-control devices.
 - 3. Strainers.
 - Connectors.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 230516 "Expansion Fittings and Loops for HVAC Piping" for expansion fittings and loops.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product:
 - 1. Include construction details and material descriptions for hydronic piping specialties.
 - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
 - 3. Include flow and pressure drop curves based on manufacturer's testing for calibrated-orifice balancing valves and automatic flow-control valves.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HYDRONIC SPECIALTY VALVES

- A. Bronze, Calibrated-Orifice, Balancing Valves:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
 - 2. Body: Bronze, ball or plug type with calibrated orifice or venturi.
 - 3. Ball: Brass or stainless steel.
 - 4. Plug: Resin.
 - Seat: PTFE.
 - 6. End Connections: Threaded or socket.
 - 7. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
 - 8. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
 - 9. CWP Rating: Minimum 125 psig.
 - 10. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

- B. Cast-Iron or Steel, Calibrated-Orifice, Balancing Valves:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
 - 2. Body: Cast-iron or steel body, ball, plug, or globe pattern with calibrated orifice or venturi.
 - Ball: Brass or stainless steel.
 - 4. Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.
 - 5. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
 - 6. Seat: PTFE.
 - 7. End Connections: Flanged or grooved.
 - 8. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
 - 9. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
 - 10. CWP Rating: Minimum 125 psig.
 - 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.
- C. Automatic Flow-Control Valves:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
 - 2. Body: Brass or ferrous metal.
 - 3. Combination Assemblies: Include bronze or brass-alloy ball valve.
 - 4. Identification Tag: Marked with zone identification, valve number, and flow rate.
 - 5. Size: Same as pipe in which installed.
 - 6. Performance: Maintain constant flow within plus or minus 10 percent, regardless of system pressure fluctuations.

2.2 AIR-CONTROL DEVICES

- A. Manual Air Vents:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
 - 2. Body: Bronze.
 - 3. Internal Parts: Nonferrous.
 - 4. Operator: Screwdriver or thumbscrew.
 - 5. Inlet Connection: NPS 1/2.
 - 6. Discharge Connection: NPS 1/8.
 - 7. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 225 deg F.
- B. Automatic Air Vents:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
 - 2. Body: Bronze or cast iron.
 - 3. Internal Parts: Nonferrous.
 - 4. Operator: Noncorrosive metal float.
 - 5. Inlet Connection: NPS 1/2.
 - 6. Discharge Connection: NPS 1/4.
 - 7. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

C. -Type ASME Expansion Tanks:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
 - a. AMTROL, Inc.
 - b. Bell & Gossett; a Xylem brand.
 - c. TACO Comfort Solutions, Inc.
- 2. Tank: Welded steel, rated for 125-psig working pressure and 375 deg F maximum operating temperature. Factory test after taps are fabricated and supports installed and are labeled according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII. Division 1.
- 3. Diaphragm or Bladder: Securely sealed into tank to separate air charge from system water to maintain required expansion capacity.
- 4. Air-Charge Fittings: Schrader valve, stainless steel with EPDM seats.

D. In-Line Air Separators:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, :
- 2. Tank: One-piece cast iron with an integral weir constructed to decelerate system flow to maximize air separation.
- 3. Maximum Working Pressure: Up to 175 psig.
- 4. Maximum Operating Temperature: Up to 300 deg F.

2.3 STRAINERS

- A. Y-Pattern Strainers:
 - 1. Body: ASTM A 126, Class B, cast iron with bolted cover and bottom drain connection.
 - 2. End Connections: Threaded ends for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
 - 3. CWP Rating: 125 psig.

2.4 CONNECTORS

- A. Stainless-Steel Bellow, Flexible Connectors:
 - 1. Body: Stainless-steel bellows with woven, flexible, bronze, wire-reinforcing protective jacket.
 - 2. End Connections: Threaded or flanged to match equipment connected.
 - 3. Performance: Capable of 3/4-inch misalignment.
 - 4. CWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.
- B. Spherical, Rubber, Flexible Connectors:
 - 1. Body: Fiber-reinforced rubber body.
 - 2. End Connections: Steel flanges drilled to align with Classes 150 and 300 steel flanges.
 - 3. Performance: Capable of misalignment.

4. CWP Rating: 150 psig.

5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. Install shutoff-duty valves at each branch connection to supply mains and at supply connection to each piece of equipment.
- B. Install calibrated-orifice, balancing valves in the return pipe of each heating or cooling terminal.
- C. Install check valves at each pump discharge and elsewhere as required to control flow direction.
- D. Install safety valves at hot-water generators and elsewhere as required by ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Install drip-pan elbow on safety-valve outlet and pipe without valves to the outdoors; pipe drain to nearest floor drain or as indicated on Drawings. Comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1, for installation requirements.
- E. Install pressure-reducing valves at makeup-water connection to regulate system fill pressure.

3.2 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES INSTALLATION

- A. Install manual air vents at high points in piping, at heat-transfer coils, and elsewhere as required for system air venting.
- B. Install automatic air vents at high points of system piping in mechanical equipment rooms only. Install manual vents at heat-transfer coils and elsewhere as required for air venting.
- C. Install piping from boiler air outlet, air separator, or air purger to expansion tank with a 2 percent upward slope toward tank.
- D. Install in-line air separators in pump suction. Install drain valve on air separators NPS 2 and larger.
- E. Install tangential air separator in pump suction. Install blowdown piping with gate or full-port ball valve; extend full size to nearest floor drain.
- F. Install expansion tanks above the air separator. Install tank fitting in tank bottom and charge tank. Use manual vent for initial fill to establish proper water level in tank.
 - 1. Install tank fittings that are shipped loose.
 - Support tank from floor or structure above with sufficient strength to carry weight of tank, piping connections, fittings, plus tank full of water. Do not overload building components and structural members.
- G. Install expansion tanks on the floor. Vent and purge air from hydronic system, and ensure that tank is properly charged with air to suit system Project requirements.

END OF SECTION 232116

SECTION 232123 - HYDRONIC PUMPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Separately coupled, base-mounted, end-suction centrifugal pumps.
 - 2. Wet-rotor pumps.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ECM: Electronically commutated motor.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene diene monomer.
- C. EPR: Ethylene propylene rubber.
- D. FKM: Fluoroelastomer polymer.
- E. HI: Hydraulic Institute.
- F. NBR: Nitrile rubber or Buna-N.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of pump.
 - 1. Include certified performance curves and rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, final impeller dimensions, and accessories for each type of product indicated.
 - 2. Indicate pump's operating point on curves.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For pumps to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design vibration isolation.

2.2 SEPARATELY COUPLED, BASE-MOUNTED, END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. PACO Pumps; Grundfos Pumps Corporation, USA.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain pumps from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, separately coupled, end-suction pump with flexible shaft coupling as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for base mounting, with pump and motor shafts horizontal.
- D. Pump Construction:
 - 1. Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with threaded gauge tappings at inlet and outlet, drain plug at bottom and air vent at top of volute, and flanged connections. Provide integral mount on volute to support the casing, and provide attached piping to allow removal and replacement of impeller without disconnecting piping or requiring realignment of pump and motor shaft.
 - 2. Impeller: ASTM B584, cast bronze; statically and dynamically balanced, keyed to shaft, and secured with a locking cap screw. For pumps that are not frequency-drive controlled, trim impeller to match specified performance.
 - 3. Pump Shaft: Type 304 stainless steel.
 - 4. Seal, Mechanical Type: Mechanical seal consisting of carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless steel spring, and NBR, EPDM,or FKM bellows and gasket.
- E. Shaft Coupling: Molded-rubber insert and interlocking spider capable of absorbing vibration. Couplings shall be drop-out type to allow disassembly and removal without removing pump shaft or motor.
- F. Mounting Frame: Welded-steel frame and cross members, factory fabricated from ASTM A36/A36M channels and angles. Fabricate to mount pump casing, coupling guard, and motor.
- G. Motor: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. NEMA Premium Efficient motors as defined in NEMA MG 1.
 - 2. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - 3. Variable-speed motor.

4. Provide integral pump motor variable-speed controller.

2.3 WET-ROTOR PUMPS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Grundfos Pumps Corporation.
 - 2. Bell & Gossett.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain pumps from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, wet-rotor pump. Pump and motor to form an integral unit with bearings lubricated by the pumped liquid.
- D. Pump Construction:
 - 1. Body: 100 percent lead-free bronze Cast iron.
 - 2. Bearings. Double-sintered carbon.
- E. Motor: Synchronous, permanent-magnet (PM) motor and tested with the pump as one unit. Each motor shall have an Integrated Variable Frequency Drive tested as one unit by the manufacturer.
 - 1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and use.
 - 2. Integral pump motor variable-speed control.
 - 3. ECM.

2.4 INTEGRAL PUMP MOTOR VARIABLE-SPEED CONTROLLERS

- A. Where specified or scheduled, provide pumps with an integral pump motor speed controller.
 - Motor: Operates as constant- or variable-speed pump with speed regulated by an integrated variable-speed drive.
 - 2. Integrated Pump Controller: Supports direct communication with the building management system (BMS) with built-in support for the following protocols: BACnet? MS/TP.
 - 3. Provide electronics with "Auto" as factory default but slope of the proportional curve will automatically match the required system curve, constant pressure control (delta-p/c), variable differential pressure control (delta-p/v), constant curve duty (uncontrolled pump), and rpm regulation. RPM (speed) regulation can be accomplished by the following:
 - a. Manual (via user interface or HTML).
 - b. Remote via 0 to 10 V dc.
 - c. Data protocol communications with the BMS.
 - 4. Pump Electronics: Standard with multiple digital inputs and one external digital output to be available for additional mechanical room control and pump status monitoring.
 - Controller: Mounted on or adjacent to the motor. Provide enclosure rated to UL Type 12.
 - Electronically Protected Pumps: Rated for continuous duty and with built-in startup circuit. Provide overcurrent, line surge and current limit protection, thermal monitoring, heat sink status and over temperature protection.

- 7. Pump capable of being monitored continuously via integrated Internet link.
- 8. Integrated pump controller system to have the following features:
 - a. Controller software shall be capable of sensorless control in variable-volume systems without need for pump-mounted (internal/external) or remotely mounted differential pressure sensor.
 - b. Integrated Pump Controller Sensorless Control: Operates under Quadratic Pressure Control (QPC) to ensure that head reduction with reducing flow conforms to quadratic control curve.
 - c. Controller:
 - 1) Minimum head of 40 percent of design duty head.
 - 2) User-adjustable control mode settings and minimum/maximum head set points using built-in programming interface.
 - d. Controller Integrated Control Software:
 - Capable of controlling pump performance for non-overloading power at every point of operation.
 - 2) Capable of maintaining flow rate data.

2.5 ELECTRONICALLY COMMUTATED MOTOR (ECM)

- A. Provide pumps so they are specified or scheduled with ECM.
 - 1. Synchronous, constant torque, ECM with permanent magnet rotor. Rotor magnets to be time-stable, nontoxic ceramic magnets (Sr-Fe).
 - 2. Driven by a frequency converter with an integrated power factor correction filter. Conventional induction motors will not be acceptable.
 - 3. Each motor with an integrated variable-frequency drive, tested as one unit by manufacturer.
 - 4. Motor speed adjustable over full range from 0 rpm to maximum scheduled speed.
 - 5. Variable motor speed to be controlled by a 0- to 10 V-dc or 4- to 20-mA input.
 - 6. Integrated motor protection verified by UL to protect the pump against over-/undervoltage, overtemperature of motor and/or electronics, overcurrent, locked rotor, and dry run (no-load condition).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine equipment foundations and anchor-bolt locations for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before pump installation.
- C. Examine foundations and inertia bases for suitable conditions where pumps will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PUMP INSTALLATION

- Install pumps to provide access for periodic maintenance including removing motors, impellers, couplings, and accessories.
- B. Independently support pumps and piping so weight of piping is not supported by pumps and weight of pumps is not supported by piping.
- C. Equipment Mounting:
 - Install base-mounted pumps on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - 2. Comply with requirements for vibration isolation and seismic-control devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- D. Equipment Mounting: Install in-line pumps with continuous-thread hanger rods of size required to support weight of in-line pumps.
 - Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - 2. Comply with requirements for hangers and supports specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."

3.3 ALIGNMENT

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform alignment service.
- B. Perform alignment service. When required by manufacturer to maintain warranty coverage, engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform it.
- C. Comply with requirements in HI standards for alignment of pump and motor shaft. Add shims to the motor feet and bolt motor to base frame. Do not use grout between motor feet and base frame.
- D. Comply with pump and coupling manufacturers' written instructions.
- E. After alignment is correct, tighten foundation bolts evenly but not too firmly. Completely fill baseplate with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout while metal blocks and shims or wedges are in place. After grout has cured, fully tighten foundation bolts.

3.4 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Section 232213 "Steam and Condensate Heating Piping" and Section 232216 "Steam and Condensate Piping Specialties." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where installing piping adjacent to pump, allow space for service and maintenance.

- C. Connect piping to pumps. Install valves that are same size as piping connected to pumps.
- D. Install suction and discharge pipe sizes equal to or greater than diameter of pump nozzles.
- E. Install check valve and throttling valve with memory stop on discharge side of pumps.
- F. Install Y-type strainer and shutoff valve on suction side of pumps.
 - 1. Use startup strainer for initial system startup. Install permanent strainer element before turnover of system to Owner.
- G. Install flexible connectors on suction and discharge sides of base-mounted pumps between pump casing and valves.
- H. Install pressure gauges on pump suction and discharge or at integral pressure-gauge tapping, or install single gauge with multiple-input selector valve.
- Install check valve on each condensate pump unit discharge unless unit has a factory-installed check valve.

3.5 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring in accordance with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Ground equipment in accordance with Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer, but not factory mounted, in accordance with NFPA 70 and NECA 1.
- D. Install nameplate for each electrical connection, indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with a black background and engraved white letters at least 1/2 inch high.

3.6 CONTROL CONNECTIONS

- A. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.
- B. Connect control wiring in accordance with Section 260523 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."

3.7 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Check piping connections for tightness.

- 3. Clean strainers on suction piping. Use startup strainer for initial startup.
- 4. Perform the following startup checks for each pump before starting:
 - a. Verify bearing lubrication.
 - b. Verify that pump is free to rotate by hand and that pump for handling hot liquid is free to rotate with pump hot and cold. If pump is bound or drags, do not operate until cause of trouble is determined and corrected.
 - c. Verify that pump is rotating in correct direction.
- 5. Prime pump by opening suction valves and closing drains, and prepare pump for operation.
- Start motor.
- 7. Open discharge valve slowly.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- C. Hydronic pumps will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

3.9 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain hydronic pumps.

END OF SECTION 232123

SECTION 232123 - HYDRONIC PUMPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Separately coupled, base-mounted, end-suction centrifugal pumps.
 - 2. Wet-rotor pumps.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ECM: Electronically commutated motor.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene diene monomer.
- C. EPR: Ethylene propylene rubber.
- D. FKM: Fluoroelastomer polymer.
- E. HI: Hydraulic Institute.
- F. NBR: Nitrile rubber or Buna-N.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of pump.
 - 1. Include certified performance curves and rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, final impeller dimensions, and accessories for each type of product indicated.
 - 2. Indicate pump's operating point on curves.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For pumps to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design vibration isolation.

2.2 SEPARATELY COUPLED, BASE-MOUNTED, END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. PACO Pumps; Grundfos Pumps Corporation, USA.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain pumps from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, separately coupled, end-suction pump with flexible shaft coupling as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for base mounting, with pump and motor shafts horizontal.
- D. Pump Construction:
 - 1. Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with threaded gauge tappings at inlet and outlet, drain plug at bottom and air vent at top of volute, and flanged connections. Provide integral mount on volute to support the casing, and provide attached piping to allow removal and replacement of impeller without disconnecting piping or requiring realignment of pump and motor shaft.
 - 2. Impeller: ASTM B584, cast bronze; statically and dynamically balanced, keyed to shaft, and secured with a locking cap screw. For pumps that are not frequency-drive controlled, trim impeller to match specified performance.
 - 3. Pump Shaft: Type 304 stainless steel.
 - 4. Seal, Mechanical Type: Mechanical seal consisting of carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless steel spring, and NBR, EPDM,or FKM bellows and gasket.
- E. Shaft Coupling: Molded-rubber insert and interlocking spider capable of absorbing vibration. Couplings shall be drop-out type to allow disassembly and removal without removing pump shaft or motor.
- F. Mounting Frame: Welded-steel frame and cross members, factory fabricated from ASTM A36/A36M channels and angles. Fabricate to mount pump casing, coupling guard, and motor.
- G. Motor: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. NEMA Premium Efficient motors as defined in NEMA MG 1.
 - 2. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.

- 3. Variable-speed motor.
- 4. Provide integral pump motor variable-speed controller.

2.3 WET-ROTOR PUMPS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Grundfos Pumps Corporation.
 - 2. Bell & Gossett.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain pumps from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, wet-rotor pump. Pump and motor to form an integral unit with bearings lubricated by the pumped liquid.
- D. Pump Construction:
 - 1. Body: 100 percent lead-free bronze Cast iron.
 - 2. Bearings. Double-sintered carbon.
- E. Motor: Synchronous, permanent-magnet (PM) motor and tested with the pump as one unit. Each motor shall have an Integrated Variable Frequency Drive tested as one unit by the manufacturer.
 - 1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and use.
 - 2. Integral pump motor variable-speed control.
 - 3. ECM.

2.4 INTEGRAL PUMP MOTOR VARIABLE-SPEED CONTROLLERS

- A. Where specified or scheduled, provide pumps with an integral pump motor speed controller.
 - 1. Motor: Operates as constant- or variable-speed pump with speed regulated by an integrated variable-speed drive.
 - 2. Integrated Pump Controller: Supports direct communication with the building management system (BMS) with built-in support for the following protocols: BACnet? MS/TP.
 - 3. Provide electronics with "Auto" as factory default but slope of the proportional curve will automatically match the required system curve, constant pressure control (delta-p/c), variable differential pressure control (delta-p/v), constant curve duty (uncontrolled pump), and rpm regulation. RPM (speed) regulation can be accomplished by the following:
 - a. Manual (via user interface or HTML).
 - b. Remote via 0 to 10 V dc.
 - c. Data protocol communications with the BMS.
 - 4. Pump Electronics: Standard with multiple digital inputs and one external digital output to be available for additional mechanical room control and pump status monitoring.
 - 5. Controller: Mounted on or adjacent to the motor. Provide enclosure rated to UL Type 12.

- Electronically Protected Pumps: Rated for continuous duty and with built-in startup circuit. Provide overcurrent, line surge and current limit protection, thermal monitoring, heat sink status and over temperature protection.
- 7. Pump capable of being monitored continuously via integrated Internet link.
- 8. Integrated pump controller system to have the following features:
 - a. Controller software shall be capable of sensorless control in variable-volume systems without need for pump-mounted (internal/external) or remotely mounted differential pressure sensor.
 - b. Integrated Pump Controller Sensorless Control: Operates under Quadratic Pressure Control (QPC) to ensure that head reduction with reducing flow conforms to quadratic control curve.
 - c. Controller:
 - 1) Minimum head of 40 percent of design duty head.
 - 2) User-adjustable control mode settings and minimum/maximum head set points using built-in programming interface.
 - d. Controller Integrated Control Software:
 - Capable of controlling pump performance for non-overloading power at every point of operation.
 - 2) Capable of maintaining flow rate data.

2.5 ELECTRONICALLY COMMUTATED MOTOR (ECM)

- A. Provide pumps so they are specified or scheduled with ECM.
 - 1. Synchronous, constant torque, ECM with permanent magnet rotor. Rotor magnets to be time-stable, nontoxic ceramic magnets (Sr-Fe).
 - 2. Driven by a frequency converter with an integrated power factor correction filter. Conventional induction motors will not be acceptable.
 - 3. Each motor with an integrated variable-frequency drive, tested as one unit by manufacturer.
 - 4. Motor speed adjustable over full range from 0 rpm to maximum scheduled speed.
 - 5. Variable motor speed to be controlled by a 0- to 10 V-dc or 4- to 20-mA input.
 - 6. Integrated motor protection verified by UL to protect the pump against over-/undervoltage, overtemperature of motor and/or electronics, overcurrent, locked rotor, and dry run (no-load condition).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine equipment foundations and anchor-bolt locations for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before pump installation.
- C. Examine foundations and inertia bases for suitable conditions where pumps will be installed.

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PUMP INSTALLATION

- Install pumps to provide access for periodic maintenance including removing motors, impellers, couplings, and accessories.
- B. Independently support pumps and piping so weight of piping is not supported by pumps and weight of pumps is not supported by piping.
- C. Equipment Mounting:
 - Install base-mounted pumps on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - Comply with requirements for vibration isolation and seismic-control devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- D. Equipment Mounting: Install in-line pumps with continuous-thread hanger rods of size required to support weight of in-line pumps.
 - Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - 2. Comply with requirements for hangers and supports specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."

3.3 ALIGNMENT

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform alignment service.
- B. Perform alignment service. When required by manufacturer to maintain warranty coverage, engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform it.
- C. Comply with requirements in HI standards for alignment of pump and motor shaft. Add shims to the motor feet and bolt motor to base frame. Do not use grout between motor feet and base frame.
- D. Comply with pump and coupling manufacturers' written instructions.
- E. After alignment is correct, tighten foundation bolts evenly but not too firmly. Completely fill baseplate with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout while metal blocks and shims or wedges are in place. After grout has cured, fully tighten foundation bolts.

3.4 PIPING CONNECTIONS

A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Section 232213 "Steam and Condensate Heating Piping" and Section 232216 "Steam and Condensate Piping Specialties." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

- B. Where installing piping adjacent to pump, allow space for service and maintenance.
- C. Connect piping to pumps. Install valves that are same size as piping connected to pumps.
- D. Install suction and discharge pipe sizes equal to or greater than diameter of pump nozzles.
- E. Install check valve and throttling valve with memory stop on discharge side of pumps.
- F. Install Y-type strainer and shutoff valve on suction side of pumps.
 - 1. Use startup strainer for initial system startup. Install permanent strainer element before turnover of system to Owner.
- G. Install flexible connectors on suction and discharge sides of base-mounted pumps between pump casing and valves.
- H. Install pressure gauges on pump suction and discharge or at integral pressure-gauge tapping, or install single gauge with multiple-input selector valve.
- Install check valve on each condensate pump unit discharge unless unit has a factory-installed check valve.

3.5 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring in accordance with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Ground equipment in accordance with Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- C. Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer, but not factory mounted, in accordance with NFPA 70 and NECA 1.
- D. Install nameplate for each electrical connection, indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with a black background and engraved white letters at least 1/2 inch high.

3.6 CONTROL CONNECTIONS

- A. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.
- B. Connect control wiring in accordance with Section 260523 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."

3.7 STARTUP SERVICE

A. Perform startup service.

- 1. Complete installation and startup checks in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Check piping connections for tightness.
- 3. Clean strainers on suction piping. Use startup strainer for initial startup.
- 4. Perform the following startup checks for each pump before starting:
 - a. Verify bearing lubrication.
 - b. Verify that pump is free to rotate by hand and that pump for handling hot liquid is free to rotate with pump hot and cold. If pump is bound or drags, do not operate until cause of trouble is determined and corrected.
 - c. Verify that pump is rotating in correct direction.
- 5. Prime pump by opening suction valves and closing drains, and prepare pump for operation.
- 6. Start motor.
- 7. Open discharge valve slowly.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- C. Hydronic pumps will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

3.9 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain hydronic pumps.

END OF SECTION 232123

SECTION 233113 - METAL DUCTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Single-wall rectangular ducts and fittings.
 - 2. Single-wall round[and flat-oval] ducts and fittings.
 - 3. Sheet metal materials.
 - 4. Sealants and gaskets.
 - 5. Hangers and supports.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing requirements for metal ducts.
 - 2. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. OSHPD: Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (State of California).

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following products:
 - 1. Sealants and gaskets.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Duct Design: Duct construction, including sheet metal thicknesses, seam and joint construction, reinforcements, and hangers and supports, shall comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" and with performance requirements and design criteria indicated in "Duct Schedule" Article.

- B. Structural Performance: Duct hangers and supports shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions described in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible".
- C. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- D. ASHRAE Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 5 "Systems and Equipment," and Section 7 "Construction and System Startup."
- E. ASHRAE/IES Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6.4.4 "HVAC System Construction and Insulation."
- F. Duct Dimensions: Unless otherwise indicated, all duct dimensions indicated on Drawings are inside clear dimensions and do not include insulation or duct wall thickness.

2.2 SINGLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Construct ducts of galvanized sheet steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - For ducts exposed to weather, construct of [Type 304] [Type 316] stainless steel indicated by manufacturer to be suitable for outdoor installation.
- B. Transverse Joints: Fabricate joints in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. For ducts with longest side less than 36 inches, select joint types in accordance with Figure 2-1.
 - 2. For ducts with longest side 36 inches or greater, use flange joint connector Type T-22, T-24, T-24A, T-25a, or T-25b. Factory-fabricated flanged duct connection system may be used if submitted and approved by engineer of record.
 - 3. Where specified for specific applications, all joints shall be welded.
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible." [All longitudinal seams shall be Pittsburgh lock seams unless otherwise specified for specific application.]
 - 1. Where specified for specific applications, all joints shall be welded.
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Ch. 4, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

2.3 SINGLE-WALL ROUND DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Ch. 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Construct ducts of galvanized sheet steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - For ducts exposed to weather, construct of [Type 304] [Type 316] stainless steel indicated by manufacturer to be suitable for outdoor installation.
 - 3. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - b. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - c. Sheet Metal Connectors, Inc.
 - d. Spiral Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- B. Flat-Oval Ducts: Indicated dimensions are the duct width (major dimension) and diameter of the round sides connecting the flat portions of the duct (minor dimension).
- C. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-1, "Round Duct Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. Transverse Joints in Ducts Larger Than 60 Inches in Diameter: Flanged.
- D. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-2, "Round Duct Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. Fabricate round ducts larger than 90 inches in diameter with butt-welded longitudinal seams.
 - 2. Fabricate flat-oval ducts larger than 72 inches in width (major dimension) with butt-welded longitudinal seams.
- E. Tees and Laterals: Select types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

2.4 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.

1. Finishes for Surfaces Exposed to View: Mill phosphatized.

2.5 SEALANT AND GASKETS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested in accordance with UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Two-Part Tape Sealing System:
 - 1. Tape: Woven cotton fiber impregnated with mineral gypsum and modified acrylic/silicone activator to react exothermically with tape to form hard, durable, airtight seal.
 - 2. Tape Width: 3 inches.
 - 3. Sealant: Modified styrene acrylic.
 - 4. Water resistant.
 - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 6. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10 inch wg, positive and negative.
 - 7. Service: Indoor and outdoor.
 - 8. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
 - Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum.
- C. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
 - 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
 - 4. Water resistant.
 - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 6. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
 - 7. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10 inch wg, positive and negative.
 - 8. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
- D. Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
 - 1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
 - 2. Type: S.
 - Grade: NS.
 - 4. Class: 25.
 - 5. Use: O.
- E. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.

2.6 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Galvanized-steel rods and nuts.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DUCT INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and coordination drawings.
- B. Install ducts in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install ducts in maximum practical lengths with fewest possible joints.
- Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections.
- E. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- F. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- G. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.
- H. Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- I. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- J. Install fire and smoke dampers where indicated on Drawings and as required by code, and by local authorities having jurisdiction. Comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers and specific installation requirements of the damper UL listing.
- K. Install heating coils, cooling coils, air filters, dampers, and all other duct-mounted accessories in air ducts where indicated on Drawings.
- Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials both before and after installation.
- M. Elbows: Use long-radius elbows wherever they fit.
 - 1. Fabricate 90-degree rectangular mitered elbows to include turning vanes.
 - 2. Fabricate 90-degree round elbows with a minimum of three segments for 12 inches and smaller and a minimum of five segments for 14 inches and larger.
- N. Branch Connections: Use lateral or conical branch connections.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.

3.3 ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR TYPE 1 COMMERCIAL KITCHEN GREASE HOOD EXHAUST DUCT

- A. Install ducts in accordance with NFPA 96, "Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operation"; SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; and SMACNA's "Kitchen Ventilation Systems and Food Service Equipment Fabrication and Installation Guidelines" unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Install all ducts without dips and traps that may hold grease, and sloped a minimum of 2 percent to drain grease back to the hood.
- C. All ducts exposed to view shall be constructed of stainless steel as per "Duct Schedule" Article. All ducts concealed from view shall be [stainless] [carbon] steel as per "Duct Schedule" Article.
- D. All joints shall be welded and shall be telescoping, bell, or flange joint as per NFPA 96.
- E. Install fire-rated access panel assemblies at each change in direction and at maximum intervals of 20 feet in horizontal ducts, and at every floor for vertical ducts, or as indicated on Drawings.
- F. Do not penetrate fire-rated assemblies except as allowed by applicable building codes and authorities having jurisdiction.

3.4 ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR EXHAUST DUCTS SERVING COMMERCIAL DISHWASHERS AND OTHER HIGH-HUMIDITY LOCATIONS

- A. Install dishwasher exhaust ducts and other exhaust ducts from wet, high-humidity locations without dips and traps that may hold water. Slope ducts a minimum of 2 percent back to dishwasher or toward drain.
- B. Provide a drain pocket at each low point and at the base of each riser with a 1-inch trapped copper drain from each drain pocket to open site floor drain.
- C. Minimize number of transverse seams.
- D. Do not locate longitudinal seams on bottom of duct.

3.5 ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR LABORATORY EXHAUST AND FUME HOOD EXHAUST DUCTS

- A. Install ducts in accordance with NFPA 45, "Fire Protection for Laboratories Using Chemicals."
- B. Install exhaust ducts without dips and traps that may hold water. Slope ducts a minimum of 2 percent back to hood or inlet. Where indicated on Drawings, install trapped drain piping.
- C. Connect duct to fan, fume hood, and other equipment indicated on Drawings.

3.6 DUCT SEALING

- A. Seal ducts for duct static-pressure, seal classes, and leakage classes specified in "Duct Schedule" Article in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- B. Seal ducts at a minimum to the following seal classes in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible":
 - 1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 2. Outdoor, Supply-Air Ducts: Seal Class A.
 - 3. Outdoor, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class C.
 - 4. Outdoor, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class C.
 - Unconditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes 2-Inch wg and Lower: Seal Class B.
 - Unconditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes Higher Than 2-Inch wg: Seal Class A.
 - 7. Unconditioned Space, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class C.
 - 8. Unconditioned Space, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class B.
 - 9. Conditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes 2-Inch wg and Lower: Seal Class C.
 - 10. Conditioned Space, Supply-Air Ducts in Pressure Classes Higher Than 2-Inch wg: Seal Class B.
 - 11. Conditioned Space, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class B.
 - 12. Conditioned Space, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class C.

3.7 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 5, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
 - 1. Where practical, install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
 - Install powder-actuated concrete fasteners after concrete is placed and completely cured.
 - 3. Use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for standard-weight aggregate concretes or for slabs more than 4 inches thick.
 - 4. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 5. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for seismic restraints.

- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible,"

 Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for

 Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow
 and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.
- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum intervals of 16 feet.
- F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

3.8 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors complying with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Duct System Cleanliness Tests:
 - 1. Visually inspect duct system to ensure that no visible contaminants are present.
 - Test sections of metal duct system, chosen randomly by Owner, for cleanliness in accordance with "Description of Method 3 - NADCA Vacuum Test" in NADCA ACR, "Assessment, Cleaning and Restoration of HVAC Systems."
 - Acceptable Cleanliness Level: Net weight of debris collected on the filter media shall not exceed 0.75 mg/100 sq. cm.
- C. Duct system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.10 DUCT CLEANING

- A. Clean new duct system(s) before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. For cleaning of existing ductwork, see Section 230130.52 "Existing HVAC Air Distribution System Cleaning."
- C. Use duct cleaning methodology as indicated in NADCA ACR.
- D. Use service openings for entry and inspection.

- Provide openings with access panels appropriate for duct static-pressure and leakage class at dampers, coils, and any other locations where required for inspection and cleaning access. Provide insulated panels for insulated or lined duct. Patch insulation and liner as recommended by duct liner manufacturer. Comply with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for access panels and doors.
- 2. Disconnect and reconnect flexible ducts as needed for cleaning and inspection.
- 3. Remove and reinstall ceiling to gain access during the cleaning process.

E. Particulate Collection and Odor Control:

- 1. When venting vacuuming system inside the building, use HEPA filtration with 99.97 percent collection efficiency for 0.3-micron-size (or larger) particles.
- When venting vacuuming system to outdoors, use filter to collect debris removed from HVAC system, and locate exhaust downwind and away from air intakes and other points of entry into building.
- F. Clean the following components by removing surface contaminants and deposits:
 - 1. Air outlets and inlets (registers, grilles, and diffusers).
 - 2. Supply, return, and exhaust fans including fan housings, plenums (except ceiling supply and return plenums), scrolls, blades or vanes, shafts, baffles, dampers, and drive assemblies.
 - 3. Air-handling unit internal surfaces and components including mixing box, coil section, air wash systems, spray eliminators, condensate drain pans, humidifiers and dehumidifiers, filters and filter sections, and condensate collectors and drains.
 - 4. Coils and related components.
 - 5. Return-air ducts, dampers, actuators, and turning vanes except in ceiling plenums and mechanical equipment rooms.
 - 6. Supply-air ducts, dampers, actuators, and turning vanes.
 - 7. Dedicated exhaust and ventilation components and makeup air systems.

G. Mechanical Cleaning Methodology:

- 1. Clean metal duct systems using mechanical cleaning methods that extract contaminants from within duct systems and remove contaminants from building.
- 2. Use vacuum-collection devices that are operated continuously during cleaning. Connect vacuum device to downstream end of duct sections so areas being cleaned are under negative pressure.
- 3. Use mechanical agitation to dislodge debris adhered to interior duct surfaces without damaging integrity of metal ducts, duct liner, or duct accessories.
- Clean fibrous-glass duct liner with HEPA vacuuming equipment; do not permit duct liner to get wet.
 Replace fibrous-glass duct liner that is damaged, deteriorated, or delaminated or that has friable material, mold, or fungus growth.
- 5. Clean coils and coil drain pans in accordance with NADCA ACR. Keep drain pan operational. Rinse coils with clean water to remove latent residues and cleaning materials; comb and straighten fins.
- 6. Provide drainage and cleanup for wash-down procedures.
- 7. Antimicrobial Agents and Coatings: Apply EPA-registered antimicrobial agents if fungus is present. Apply antimicrobial agents in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions after removal of surface deposits and debris.

3.11 DUCT SCHEDULE

A. Fabricate ducts with galvanized sheet steel except as otherwise indicated and as follows:

 Fabricate all ducts to achieve SMACNA pressure class, seal class, and leakage class as indicated below.

B. Supply Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Comstamt-Volume Air-Handling Units, Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and Terminal Units Insert equipment:
 - a. Pressure Class: Positive 2- inch wg.
 - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.
 - c. SMACNA Leakage Class for Rectangular: 2.
 - d. SMACNA Leakage Class for Round and Flat Oval: 2.

C. Return Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Comstamt-Volume Air-Handling Units, Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and Terminal Units Insert equipment:
 - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2- inch wg.
 - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.
 - c. SMACNA Leakage Class for Rectangular: 2.
 - d. SMACNA Leakage Class for Round and Flat Oval: 2.
 - e.

D. Liner:

- 1. Supply-Air Ducts: Fibrous glass, Type I, 1 inch(es) thick.
- 2. Return-Air Ducts: Fibrous glass, Type I, 1 inch(es) thick.
- 3.

E. Elbow Configuration:

- 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
 - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Mitered Type RE 4 without vanes.
 - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
 - 3) Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
 - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.

- 3) Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- 2. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
 - a. Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - b. Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
 - c. Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- Round Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-4, "Round Duct Elbows."
 - a. Minimum Radius-to-Diameter Ratio and Elbow Segments: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 3-1, "Mitered Elbows." Elbows with less than 90-degree change of direction have proportionately fewer segments.
 - 1) Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and three segments for 90-degree elbow.
 - 2) Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and four segments for 90-degree elbow.
 - 3) Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and five segments for 90-degree elbow.
 - 4) Radius-to Diameter Ratio: 1.5.
 - b. Round Elbows, 12 Inches and Smaller in Diameter: Stamped or pleated.
 - c. Round Elbows, 14 Inches and Larger in Diameter: Standing seam.
- F. Branch Configuration:
 - 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-6, "Branch Connection."
 - a. Rectangular Main to Rectangular Branch: 45-degree entry.
 - b. Rectangular Main to Round Branch: Conical spin in.
 - 2. Round and Flat Oval: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees." Saddle taps are permitted in existing duct.
 - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 90-degree tap.
 - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: Conical tap.
 - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 45-degree lateral.

END OF SECTION 233113

SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Flexible connectors.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. For duct silencers, include pressure drop and dynamic insertion loss data. Include breakout noise calculations for high transmission loss casings.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air duct accessories to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A653/A653M.

2.3 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. CL WARD & Family Inc.
 - 2. Duro Dyne Inc.
 - 3. Hardcast, Inc.
 - 4. JP Lamborn Co.
- B. Materials: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics.
- C. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd...
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards

 Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- Install dampers at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Set dampers to fully open position before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- E. Install test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.
- F. Install flexible connectors to connect ducts to equipment.
- G. For fans developing static pressures of 5-inch wg and more, cover flexible connectors with loaded vinyl sheet held in place with metal straps.
- H. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.
- I. Install thrust limits at centerline of thrust, symmetrical on both sides of equipment. Attach thrust limits at centerline of thrust and adjust to a maximum of 1/4-inch movement during start and stop of fans.

END OF SECTION 233300

SECTION 233346 - FLEXIBLE DUCTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Non-insulated flexible ducts.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 NON-INSULATED FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- A. Non-Insulated, Flexible Duct: UL 181, Class 1, two-ply vinyl film supported by helically wound, spring-steel wire.
 - 1. Pressure Rating: 10-inch wg positive and 1.0-inch wg negative.
 - 2. Maximum Air Velocity: 4000 fpm.
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 10 to plus 160 deg F.

2.2 FLEXIBLE DUCT CONNECTORS

- A. Clamps: Stainless-steel band with cadmium-plated hex screw to tighten band with a worm-gear action in sizes 3 through 18 inches, to suit duct size.
- B. Non-Clamp Connectors: Adhesive plus sheet metal screws.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install flexible ducts according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install in indoor applications only. Flexible ductwork should not be exposed to UV lighting.
- C. Connect terminal units to supply ducts[directly or] with maximum [12-inch] < Insert dimension > lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.

- D. Connect diffusers or light troffer boots to ducts[directly or] with maximum [60-inch] < Insert dimension > lengths of flexible duct clamped or strapped in place.
- E. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with adhesive plus sheet metal screws.
- F. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.
- G. Installation:
 - 1. Install ducts fully extended.
 - 2. Do not bend ducts across sharp corners.
 - 3. Bends of flexible ducting shall not exceed a minimum of one duct diameter.
 - 4. Avoid contact with metal fixtures, water lines, pipes, or conduits.
 - 5. Install flexible ducts in a direct line, without sags, twists, or turns.
- H. Supporting Flexible Ducts:
 - 1. Suspend flexible ducts with bands 1-1/2 inches wide or wider and spaced a maximum of 48 inches apart. Maximum centerline sag between supports shall not exceed 1/2 inch per 12 inches.
 - Install extra supports at bends placed approximately one duct diameter from center line of the hend
 - 3. Ducts may rest on ceiling joists or truss supports. Spacing between supports shall not exceed the maximum spacing per manufacturer's written installation instructions.
 - 4. Vertically installed ducts shall be stabilized by support straps at a maximum of 72 inches o.c.

END OF SECTION 233346

SECTION 235216 - CONDENSING BOILERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes gas-fired, condensing boilers, trim, and accessories for generating hot water.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for boilers.
 - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

 Operation and Maintenance Data: For boilers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of boilers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Where "prorated" is indicated, the boiler manufacturer will cover the indicated percentage of cost of replacement parts. With "prorated" type, covered cost decreases as age of equipment increases.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Pulse-Combustion Boilers:
 - Heat Exchanger Damaged by Thermal Shock: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. Flue-Gas Condensate Corrosion of Heat Exchanger: Prorated Year 0 to 7 100 percent; Year 8 50 percent; Year 9 30 percent; Year 10 20 percent for 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - 2. Warranty Period for Floor-Mounted Fire-Tube Condensing Boilers:
 - a. Heat Exchanger and Tank: Free from defects in material and workmanship.
 - b. Warranty Coverage: Prorated Year 0 to 5 100 percent; Year 6 to 7 50 percent; Year 8 to 9 30 percent; Year 10 10 percent for 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. ASME Compliance: Fabricate and label boilers to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- C. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Boilers shall have minimum efficiency in accordance with Table 6.8.1-6 and other requirements in Ch. 6 of ASHRAE/IES 90.1.
- D. ASHRAE 90.2 Compliance: Boilers shall have minimum efficiency in accordance with Ch. 6 of ASHRAE 90.2.
- E. DOE Compliance: Minimum efficiency shall comply with 10 CFR 431, Subpart E, Appendix N.
- F. Mounting Base: For securing boiler to concrete base.Retain "Seismic Fabrication Requirements"

 Subparagraph below for projects in seismic areas. If retaining, also retain "Seismic Qualification Data"

 Paragraph in "Informational Submittals" Article.
 - Seismic Fabrication Requirements: Fabricate mounting base and attachment to boiler pressure vessel, accessories, and components with reinforcement strong enough to withstand seismic forces defined in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC" when mounting base is anchored to building structure.

2.2 FLOOR-MOUNTED, FORCED-DRAFT, FIRE-TUBE CONDENSING BOILERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - AERCO: A WATTS Brand.
 - 2. Lochinvar, LLC.
 - 3. Weil-McLain.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated, -assembled, and -tested, fire-tube, forced-draft, condensing boiler with heat exchanger sealed pressure tight, built on a steel base, including insulated jacket; flue-gas vent; combustion-air intake connections; water supply, return, and condensate drain connections; and controls. Units are to be for water-heating service only.
- C. Primary Heat Exchanger: Corrosion-resistant Type 316 stainless steel.
- D. Pressure Vessel: Carbon steel with welded heads and tube connections.
- E. Burner: Natural gas, forced draft.
- F. Blower: Centrifugal fan to operate during each burner-firing sequence and to prepurge and postpurge the combustion chamber.

- Motors: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - a. Motor Sizes: Large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
- G. Gas Train: Combination gas valve with manual shutoff and pressure regulator.
- H. Ignition: Direct-spark ignition or silicone carbide hot-surface ignition with 100 percent main-valve shutoff and electronic flame supervision.

2.3 TRIM - FOR HOT-WATER BOILERS

- A. Include devices sized to comply with ASME B31.9.
- B. Safety Relief Valve: ASME rated.
- C. Pressure and Temperature Gauge: Minimum 3-1/2-inch- diameter, combination water-pressure and -temperature gauge. Gauges shall have operating-pressure and -temperature ranges, so normal operating range is about 50 percent of full range.
- D. High and low gas-pressure switches.
- E. Alarm bell with silence switch.
- F. Drain Valve: Minimum NPS 3/4 hose-end gate valve.

2.4 CONTROLS

- A. Boiler operating controls shall include the following devices and features:
 - 1. Control transformer.
 - 2. Set-Point Adjust: All set points shall be adjustable.
 - 3. Electric, factory-fabricated and panel to control burner-firing rate, to reset supply-water temperature inversely with outside-air temperature. At 30 deg F outside-air temperature, set supply-water temperature at 140 deg F; at 60 deg F outside-air temperature, set supply-water temperature at 90 deg F.
 - a. Include automatic, alternating-firing sequence for multiple boilers to ensure maximum system efficiency throughout the load range and to provide equal runtime for boilers.
- B. Burner Operating Controls: To maintain safe operating conditions, burner safety controls limit burner operation.
 - 1. High Cutoff: Manual reset stops burner if operating conditions rise above maximum boiler design temperature.
 - 2. Low-Water Cutoff Switch: Electronic probe shall prevent burner operation on low water. Cutoff switch shall be manual-reset type.
 - Blocked Inlet Safety Switch: Manual-reset pressure switch field mounted on boiler combustion-air inlet.

4. Audible Alarm: Factory mounted on control panel with silence switch; shall sound alarm for above conditions.

2.5 ELECTRICAL POWER

- A. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Electrical devices and connections are shown on Drawings and specified in electrical Sections.
- B. Single-Point Field Power Connection: Factory-installed and -wired switches, motor controllers, transformers, and other electrical devices necessary shall provide a single-point field power connection to boiler.
 - 1. House in NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure.
 - 2. Wiring shall be numbered and color coded to match wiring diagram.
 - 3. Install factory wiring outside of an enclosure in a metal raceway.
 - 4. Field power interface shall be to fused disconnect switch.
 - 5. Provide branch power circuit to each motor and to controls with a disconnect switch or circuit breaker.
 - 6. Provide each motor with overcurrent protection.

2.6 VENTING KITS

 Combustion-Air Intake: Complete system, stainless steel pipe, vent terminal with screen, inlet air coupling, and sealant.

2.7 CONDENSATE-NEUTRALIZATION UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-fabricated and -assembled condensate-neutralizing tank assembly of corrosion-resistant plastic material with threaded or flanged inlet and outlet pipe connections. Device functions to prevent acidic condensate from damaging drain system. It is to be piped to receive acidic condensate discharged from condensing boiler and neutralize it by chemical reaction with replaceable neutralizing agent. Neutralized condensate is then piped to suitable drain.
- B. Tank features:
 - 1. All corrosion-resistant material.
 - 2. Suitable for use on all natural gas and propane boilers.
 - 3. Includes initial charge of neutralizing agent.
 - Neutralizing agent to be easily replaceable when exhausted.
 - 5. Inlet and outlet pipe connections.
- C. Capsule Configuration:
 - 1. Low-profile design for applications where boiler condensate drain is close to the floor.
 - 2. Easily removed and opened for neutralizing agent replacement.
 - 3. Multiple units may be used for larger capacity.
- D. Tank Configuration:
 - 1. Utilized where boiler is elevated or where tank is installed in a pit with tank top flush with floor.
 - 2. Top easily removed for neutralizing agent replacement.

- 3. Internal baffles to channel flow for complete neutralization.
- 4. Integral bypass to prevent condensate backflow into appliance.
- 5. Multiple units may be used for larger capacity.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in for concrete equipment bases, anchor-bolt sizes and locations, and piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations, sizes, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Final boiler locations indicated on Drawings are approximate. Determine exact locations before roughing-in for piping and electrical connections.
- B. Examine mechanical spaces for suitable conditions where boilers will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 BOILER INSTALLATION

- A. Equipment Mounting:
 - 1. Install floor-mounted boilers on cast-in-place concrete equipment base(s).
 - 2. Install wall-hung boilers where indicated on Drawings using suitable hangers. Comply with manufacturer's mounting instructions.
 - Comply with requirements for vibration isolation and seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- B. Install gas-fired boilers according to NFPA 54.
- C. Assemble and install boiler trim.
- D. Install electrical devices furnished with boiler but not specified to be factory mounted.
- E. Install control wiring to field-mounted electrical devices.

3.3 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for hydronic piping specified in Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping."
- B. Connect piping to boilers, except safety relief valve connections, with flexible connectors of materials suitable for service. Flexible connectors and their installation are specified in Section 232116 "Hydronic Piping Specialties."
- C. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- D. When installing piping adjacent to boiler, allow space for service and maintenance of condensing boilers. Arrange piping for easy removal of condensing boilers.

- E. Install condensate drain piping to condensate-neutralization unit and from neutralization unit to nearest floor drain. Piping shall be at least full size of connection. Install piping with a minimum of 2 percent downward slope in direction of flow.
- F. Install condensate piping from equipment drain connection to nearest floor drain. Piping shall be at least full size of connection. Install piping with a minimum of 2 percent downward slope in direction of flow.
- G. Connect gas piping to boiler gas-train inlet with union. Piping shall be at least full size of gas-train connection. Provide a reducer if required.
- H. Connect hot-water piping to supply- and return-boiler tappings with shutoff valve, and union or flange at each connection.
- I. Install piping from safety relief valves to nearest floor drain.

3.4 DUCT CONNECTIONS

- A. Boiler Venting:
 - 1. Install flue-venting kit and combustion-air intake.
 - 2. Comply with all boiler manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - 3. Field fabricate and install boiler vent and combustion-air intake.
 - 4. Utilize vent and intake duct material, size, and configuration as indicated in boiler manufacturer's instructions and to comply with UL 1738.
 - 5. Comply with all boiler manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - 6. Connect boiler vent full size to boiler connections.
 - 7. Comply with requirements in Section 235123 "Gas Vents."
 - 8. Comply with all boiler manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.5 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring in accordance with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer, but not factory mounted, according to NFPA 70 and NECA 1.
- D. Install nameplate for each electrical connection, indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with a black background and engraved white letters at least 1/2 inch <Insert size> high.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform installation and startup checks in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Leak Test: Hydrostatic test. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - Operational Test: Start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation. Adjust air-fuel ratio and combustion.
 - 4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - a. Check and adjust initial operating set points and high- and low-limit safety set points of fuel supply, water level, and water temperature.
 - b. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated.
- C. Boiler will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- E. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within [12 months of date of Substantial Completion] < Insert time period>, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to [two] < Insert number> visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain boilers.
 - 1. Instructor shall be factory trained and certified.
 - 2. Provide not less than two hours of training.
 - 3. Train personnel in operation and maintenance and to obtain maximum efficiency in plant operation.
 - 4. Provide instructional videos showing general operation and maintenance that are coordinated with operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 5. Obtain Owner sign-off that training is complete.
 - 6. Owner training shall be held at Project site.

END OF SECTION 235216

SECTION 238126 - SPLIT-SYSTEM AIR-CONDITIONERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes split-system air-conditioning and heat-pump units consisting of separate evaporator-fan and compressor-condenser components.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories. Include performance data in terms of capacities, outlet velocities, static pressures, sound power characteristics, motor requirements, and electrical characteristics.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For split-system air-conditioning units to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork are specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- B. Coordinate sizes and locations of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations with actual equipment provided.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of split-system air-conditioning units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period:
 - a. For Compressor: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. For Parts: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - c. For Labor: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
 - Trane.
 - 2. YORK; a Johnson Controls company.

2.2 INDOOR UNITS (5 TONS OR LESS)

- A. Concealed Evaporator-Fan Components:
 - 1. Chassis: Galvanized steel with flanged edges, removable panels for servicing, and insulation on back of panel.
 - 2. Insulation: Faced, glass-fiber duct liner.
 - 3. Refrigerant Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins and thermal-expansion valve. Comply with ARI 206/110.
 - 4. Water Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch; leak tested to 300 psig underwater; with a two-position control valve.
 - 5. Fan: Forward-curved, double-width wheel of galvanized steel; directly connected to motor.
 - Fan Motors:
 - Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - b. Multitapped, multispeed with internal thermal protection and permanent lubrication.
 - c. Wiring Terminations: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.
 - 7. Filters: Permanent, cleanable.
 - 8. Condensate Drain Pans:
 - a. Fabricated with one percent slope in at least two planes to collect condensate from cooling coils (including coil piping connections, coil headers, and return bends) and humidifiers, and to direct water toward drain connection.
 - 1) Depth: A minimum of deep.
 - b. Drain Connection: Located at lowest point of pan and sized to prevent overflow. Terminate with threaded nipple on of pan.
 - Units with stacked coils shall have an intermediate drain pan to collect condensate from top coil.

2.3 OUTDOOR UNITS (5 TONS OR LESS)

- A. Air-Cooled, Compressor-Condenser Components:
 - 1. Casing: Steel, finished with baked enamel in color selected by Architect, with removable panels for access to controls, weep holes for water drainage, and mounting holes in base. Provide brass service valves, fittings, and gage ports on exterior of casing.

- Compressor: Hermetically sealed with crankcase heater and mounted on vibration isolation device.
 Compressor motor shall have thermal- and current-sensitive overload devices, start capacitor, relay, and contactor.
 - a. Compressor Type: Scroll.
 - b. Two-speed compressor motor with manual-reset high-pressure switch and automatic-reset low-pressure switch.
 - c. Refrigerant: R-410A.
 - d. Refrigerant Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins and liquid subcooler. Comply with ARI 206/110.
- 3. Fan: Aluminum-propeller type, directly connected to motor.
- 4. Motor: Permanently lubricated, with integral thermal-overload protection.
- 5. Low Ambient Kit: Permits operation down to 45 deg F.
- 6. Mounting Base: Polyethylene.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Control equipment and sequence of operation are specified in Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC" and Section 230993.11 "Sequence of Operations for HVAC DDC."
- B. Thermostat: Low voltage with subbase to control compressor and evaporator fan.
- C. Automatic-reset timer to prevent rapid cycling of compressor.
- D. Refrigerant Line Kits: Soft-annealed copper suction and liquid lines factory cleaned, dried, pressurized, and sealed; factory-insulated suction line with flared fittings at both ends.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install units level and plumb.
- B. Install evaporator-fan components using manufacturer's standard mounting devices securely fastened to building structure.
- C. Install roof-mounted, compressor-condenser components on equipment supports specified in Section 077200 "Roof Accessories." Anchor units to supports with removable, cadmium-plated fasteners.
- D. Equipment Mounting:
 - Install ground-mounted, compressor-condenser components on cast-in-place concrete equipment base(s). Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - 2. Install ground-mounted, compressor-condenser components on polyethylene mounting base.
 - 3. Comply with requirements for vibration isolation and seismic control devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - 4. Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- E. Install and connect precharged refrigerant tubing to component's quick-connect fittings. Install tubing to allow access to unit.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
 - 1. Water Coil Connections: Comply with requirements specified in Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping" and Section 232116 Hydronic Piping Specialties." Connect hydronic piping to supply and return coil connections with shutoff-duty valve and union or flange on the supply connection and with throttling-duty valve and union or flange on the return connection.
 - 2. Remote, Water-Cooled Condenser Connections: Comply with requirements specified in Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping" and Section 232116 Hydronic Piping Specialties." Connect hydronic piping to supply and return connections with shutoff-duty valve and union or flange on the supply connection and with throttling-duty valve and union or flange on the return connection.
- B. Where piping is installed adjacent to unit, allow space for service and maintenance of unit.
- C. Duct Connections: Duct installation requirements are specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts." Drawings indicate the general arrangement of ducts. Connect supply and return ducts to split-system air-conditioning units with flexible duct connectors. Flexible duct connectors are specified in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform tests and inspections.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
- C. Tests and Inspections:
 - Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
 - 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.4 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain units.

END OF SECTION 238126

SECTION 238129 - VARIABLE-REFRIGERANT-FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes complete VRF HVAC system(s) including, but not limited to the following components to make a complete operating system(s) according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Indoor, exposed, floor-mounted units.
 - 2. Outdoor, air-source, heat-pump units.
 - 3. System controls.
 - 4. System refrigerant and oil.
 - 5. System condensate drain piping.
 - 6. System refrigerant piping.
 - 7. Metal hangers and supports.
 - 8. Piping and tubing insulation.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Air-Conditioning System Operation: System capable of operation with all zones in cooling only.
- B. Heat-Pump System Operation: System capable of operation with all zones in either heating or cooling, but not with simultaneous heating and cooling zones that transfer heat between zones.
- C. Heat Recovery System Operation: System capable of operation with simultaneous heating and cooling zones that transfer heat between zones.
- D. HRCU: Heat Recovery Control Unit. HRCUs are used in heat recovery VRF HVAC systems to manage and control refrigerant between indoor units to provide simultaneous heating and cooling zones. "Heat Recovery Control Unit" is the term used by ASHRAE for what different manufacturers term as branch circuit controller, branch selector box, changeover box, flow selector unit, mode change unit, and other such terms.
- E. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control, signaling power-limited circuits.
- F. Plenum: A space forming part of the air distribution system to which one or more air ducts are connected. An air duct is a passageway, other than a plenum, for transporting air to or from heating, ventilating, or air-conditioning equipment.

- G. Three-Pipe System Design: One high pressure refrigerant vapor line, one low pressure refrigerant vapor line, and one refrigerant liquid line connect a single outdoor unit or multiple manifold outdoor units in a single system to associated system HRCUs. One liquid line and refrigerant vapor line connect HRCUs to associated indoor units.
- H. Two-Pipe System Design: One refrigerant vapor line and one refrigerant liquid line connect a single outdoor unit or multiple manifold outdoor units in a single system to associated system HRCUs. One refrigerant liquid line and refrigerant vapor line connect HRCUs to associated indoor units. HRCUs used in two pipe systems act as an intermediate heat exchanger and include diverting valves and gas/liquid separators to move high and low pressure refrigerant between indoor units.
- I. VRF: Variable refrigerant flow.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for indoor and outdoor units[and for HRCUs].
 - Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
 - 3. Include operating performance at design conditions and at extreme maximum and minimum outdoor ambient conditions.
 - 4. Include description of system controllers, dimensions, features, control interfaces and connections, power requirements, and connections.
 - 5. Include system operating sequence of operation in narrative form for each unique indoor- and outdoor-unit [and HRCU]control.
 - 6. Include description of control software features.
 - 7. Include total refrigerant required and a comprehensive breakdown of refrigerant required by each system installed.
 - 8. Include refrigerant type and data sheets showing compliance with requirements indicated.
 - 9. For system design software.
 - 10. Indicate location and type of service access.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Source quality-control reports.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For VRF HVAC systems to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Filters:
 - a. One set(s) for each unit with replaceable filters.
 - b. One set(s) for each unit type and unique size of washable filters.
- 2. Indoor Units: One for each unique size and type installed.
- 3. Controllers for Indoor Units: One for each unique controller type installed.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store products in a clean and dry place.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written rigging and installation instructions for unloading and moving to final installed location.
- C. Handle products carefully to prevent damage, breaking, denting, and scoring. Do not install damaged products.
- D. Protect products from weather, dirt, dust, water, construction debris, and physical damage.
 - 1. Retain factory-applied coverings on equipment to protect finishes during construction and remove just prior to operating unit.
 - Cover unit openings before installation to prevent dirt and dust from entering inside of units. If required to remover coverings during unit installation, reapply coverings over openings after unit installation and remove just prior to operating unit.
- E. Replace installed products damaged during construction.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace equipment and components that fail(s) in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Structural failures.
 - b. Faulty operation.
 - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use
 - 2. Warranty Period:
 - a. For Compressor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. For Parts, Including Controls: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - c. For Labor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
 - 1. Daikin AC (Americas), Inc.
 - 2. Mitsubishi Electric & Electronics USA, Inc.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain products from single source from single manufacturer including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Indoor and outdoor units, including accessories.
 - Controls and software.
 - HRCUs.
 - 4. Refrigerant isolation valves.
 - 5. Specialty refrigerant pipe fittings.

2.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Direct-expansion (DX) VRF HVAC system(s) with variable capacity in response to varying cooling and heating loads. System shall consist of multiple indoor units, outdoor unit(s), piping, controls, and electrical power to make complete operating system(s) complying with requirements indicated.
 - 1. Two-pipe or three-pipe system design.
 - 2. System(s) operation, heat pump as indicated on Drawings.
 - 3. Each system with one refrigerant circuit shared by all indoor units connected to system.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- AHRI Compliance: System and equipment performance certified according to AHRI 1230 and products listed in AHRI directory.
- D. ASHRAE Compliance:
 - 1. ASHRAE 15: For safety code for mechanical refrigeration.
 - 2. ASHRAE 62.1: For indoor air quality.
 - 3. ASHRAE 135: For control network protocol with remote communication.
 - 4. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: For system and component energy efficiency.
- E. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1995.

2.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional specialist, to design complete and operational VRF HVAC system(s) complying with requirements indicated.

- 1. Provide system refrigerant calculations.
 - a. Refrigerant concentration limits shall be within allowable limits of ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
 - Indicate compliance with manufacturer's maximum vertical and horizontal travel distances.
 Prepare a comparison table for each system showing calculated distances compared to manufacturer's maximum allowed distances.
- 2. Include a mechanical ventilation system and gas detection system as required to comply with ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
- 3. System Refrigerant Piping and Tubing:
 - a. Arrangement: Arrange piping to interconnect indoor units and outdoor unit(s) in compliance with manufacturer requirements and requirements indicated.
 - b. Routing: Conceal piping above ceilings and behind walls to maximum extent possible.
 - c. Sizing: Size piping system, using a software program acceptable to manufacturer, to provide performance requirements indicated. Consider requirements to accommodate future change requirements.

4. System Controls:

- a. Network arrangement.
- b. Network interface with other building systems.
- c. Product selection.
- d. Sizing.

B. Service Access:

- 1. Provide and document service access requirements.
- 2. Locate equipment, system isolation valves, and other system components that require service and inspection in easily accessible locations. Avoid locations that are difficult to access if possible.
- 3. Where serviceable components are installed behind walls and above inaccessible ceilings, provide finished assembly with access doors or panels to gain access. Properly size the openings to allow for service, removal, and replacement.
- 4. If less than full and unrestricted access is provided, locate components within an 18-inch reach of the finished assembly.
- 5. Where ladder access is required to service elevated components, provide an installation that provides for sufficient access within ladder manufacturer's written instructions for use.
- 6. Comply with OSHA regulations.

C. System Design and Installation Requirements:

- Design and install systems indicated according to manufacturer's recommendations and written instructions.
- Where manufacturer's requirements differ from requirements indicated, contact Architect for direction. The most stringent requirements should apply unless otherwise directed in writing by Architect.
- D. System Adaptability to Future Changes: Arrange and size system refrigerant piping to accommodate future changes to system without having to resize and replace existing refrigerant piping.
 - 1. Each branch circuit shall accommodate addition of two indoor unit(s) with unit capacity equal to average indoor unit connected to the branch circuit.

- Each branch circuit shall accommodate deletion of two indoor unit(s) with unit capacity equal to average indoor unit connected to the branch circuit.
- E. Isolation of Equipment: Provide isolation valves to isolate each HRCU, indoor unit and outdoor unit for service, removal, and replacement without interrupting system operation.
- F. System Capacity Ratio: The sum of connected capacity of all indoor units shall be within the following range of outdoor-unit rated capacity:
 - Not less than 60 percent.
 - 2. Not more than 130 percent.
 - 3. Range acceptable to manufacturer.
- G. System Turndown: Stable operation down to 20 percent of outdoor-unit capacity.
- H. System Auto Refrigerant Charge: Each system shall have an automatic refrigerant charge function to ensure the proper amount of refrigerant is installed in system.
- I. Outdoor Conditions:
 - 1. Suitable for outdoor ambient conditions encountered.
 - Design equipment and supports to withstand wind loads of governing code and ASCE/SEI 7.
 - Design equipment and supports to withstand snow and ice loads of governing code and ASCE/SEL7.
 - Provide corrosion-resistant coating for components and supports where located in coastal
 or industrial climates that are known to be harmful to materials and finishes.
 - 2. Maximum System Operating Outdoor Temperature: See Drawings.
 - 3. Minimum System Operating Outdoor Temperature: See Drawings.
- J. Sound Performance: Sound levels generated by operating HVAC equipment shall be within requirements indicated.
 - 1. Indoor: Within design guidelines of "2015 ASHRAE HANDBOOK- HVAC Applications."
 - 2. Outdoor: Within ordinance of governing authorities.
- K. Thermal Movements: Allow for controlled thermal movements from ambient, surface, and system temperature changes.
- L. Capacities and Characteristics: As indicated on Drawings.

2.4 INDOOR, EXPOSED, FLOOR-MOUNTED UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
- B. Cabinet:
 - 1. Material: Painted steel, or coated steel frame covered by a plastic cabinet, with an architectural acceptable finish suitable for tenant occupancy on exposed surfaces.

- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation[, complying with ASHRAE 62.1,] to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 4. Internal Access: Removable panels of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 4. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 5. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 7. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 8. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 9. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Gravity.
 - a. If a floor drain is not available at unit, provide unit with field-installed condensate pump accessory.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material[with threaded NPT].

E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

- 1. Fan(s):
 - a. Direct-drive arrangement.
 - b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
 - c. Materials: Non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion-resistant finish.
 - d. Statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Front, to accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
- 2. Washable Media: Manufacturer's standard filter with antimicrobial treatment.
- G. Grille Assembly: Manufacturer's standard discharge grille[with field-adjustable air pattern] mounted in top of unit cabinet.
- H. Unit Accessories:

1. Remote Room Temperature Sensor Kit: Wall-mounted, hardwired room temperature sensor kit for use in rooms that do not have room temperature measurement.

I. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 3. Factory-Installed Sensors:
 - a. Unit inlet air temperature.
 - b. Coil entering refrigerant temperature.
 - c. Coil leaving refrigerant temperature.

4. Features and Functions:

- a. Self-diagnostics.
- b. Time delay.
- c. Auto-restart.
- d. External static pressure control.
- e. Auto operation mode.
- f. Manual operation mode.
- g. Filter service notification
- h. Power consumption display.
- i. Drain assembly high water level safety shutdown and notification.
- j. Run test switch.
- k. <Insert function>.
- 5. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).
- 6. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 7. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in [metal]raceways.

2.5 OUTDOOR, AIR-SOURCE HEAT-PUMP UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Specially designed for use in systems with either all heating or all cooling demands, but not for use in systems with simultaneous heating and cooling.

- 2. Systems shall consist of one unit, or multiple unit modules that are designed by variable refrigerant system manufacturer for field interconnection to make a single refrigeration circuit that connects multiple indoor units.
- 3. All units installed shall be from the same product development generation.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Galvanized steel and coated with a corrosion-resistant finish.
 - a. Coating with documented salt spray test performance of 1000 hours according ASTM B117 surface scratch test (SST) procedure.
- 2. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 3. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- C. Compressor and Motor Assembly:
 - 1. One or more positive-displacement, direct-drive and hermetically sealed scroll compressor(s) with inverter drive and turndown to 15 percent of rated capacity.
 - 2. Protection: Integral protection against the following:
 - a. High refrigerant pressure.
 - b. Low oil level.
 - c. High oil temperature.
 - d. Thermal and overload.
 - e. Voltage fluctuations.
 - f. Phase failure and phase reversal.
 - g. Short cycling.
 - Speed Control: Variable to automatically maintain refrigerant suction and condensing pressures
 while varying refrigerant flow to satisfy system cooling and heating loads.
 - 4. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
 - 5. Oil management system to ensure safe and proper lubrication over entire operating range.
 - 6. Crankcase heaters with integral control to maintain safe operating temperature.
 - 7. Fusible plug.

D. Condenser Coil Assembly:

- 1. Plate Fin Coils:
 - a. Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
 - b. Fins: Aluminum or copper, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
 - c. Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 2. Aluminum Microchannel Coils:
 - a. Series of flat tubes containing a series of multiple, parallel-flow microchannels layered between refrigerant header manifolds.
 - b. Single- or multiple-pass arrangement.
 - c. Construct fins, tubes, and header manifolds of aluminum alloy.
- 3. Coating: Corrosion resistant.

- Hail Protection: Provide condenser coils with louvers, baffles, or hoods to protect against hail damage.
- E. Condenser Fan and Motor Assembly:
 - 1. Fan(s): Propeller type.
 - a. Direct-drive arrangement.
 - b. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
 - c. dynamically balanced.
 - 2. Fan Guards: Removable safety guards complying with OSHA regulations. If using metal materials, coat with corrosion-resistant coating to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
 - Motor(s): Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings and rated for outdoor duty.
 - 4. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
 - 5. Speed Settings and Control: Variable speed with a speed range of least 75 percent.
 - 6. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- F. Drain Pan: If required by manufacturer's design, provide unit with non-ferrous drain pan with bottom sloped to a low point drain connection.
- G. Unit Controls:
 - 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
 - 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
 - 3. Factory-Installed Sensors:
 - a. Refrigerant suction temperature.
 - b. Refrigerant discharge temperature.
 - c. Outdoor air temperature.
 - d. Refrigerant high pressure.
 - e. Refrigerant low pressure.
 - f. Oil level.
 - 4. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, fuse protection, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, night setback control.
 - 5. Communication: Network communication with indoor units and other outdoor unit(s).
 - 6. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
 - 7. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- H. Unit Electrical:
 - 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
 - 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
 - 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
 - 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
 - 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
 - 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

- Unit Hardware: Zinc-plated steel, or stainless steel. Coat exposed surfaces with additional corrosion-resistant coating if required to prevention corrosion when exposed to salt spray test for 1000 hours according ASTM B117.
- J. Unit Piping:
 - 1. Unit Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
 - 2. Unit Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
 - 3. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 4. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
 - 5. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

2.6 SYSTEM CONTROLS

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Operator Interface:
 - a. Operators shall interface with system and unit controls through the following:
 - 1) Operator interfaces integral to controllers.
 - 2) Owner-furnished PC connected to central controller(s).
 - 3) Web interface through web browser software.
 - 4) Integration with Building Automation System.
 - b. Users shall be capable of interface with controllers for indoor units control to extent privileges are enabled. Control features available to users shall include the following:
 - 1) On/off control.
 - 2) Temperature set-point adjustment.
 - 3) < Insert feature>.
- B. VRF HVAC System Operator Software for PC:
 - 1. Software offered by VRF HVAC system manufacturer shall provide system operators with ability to monitor and control VRF HVAC system(s) from a single dedicated Owner-furnished PC.
 - 2. Software shall provide operator with a graphic user interface to allow monitoring and control of multiple central controllers from a single device location through point-and-click mouse exchange.
 - 3. Plan views shall show building plans with location of indoor units and identification superimposed on plans.
 - 4. Controls operation mode of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Operation modes available through central controller shall match those operation modes of controllers for indoor units.
 - 5. Schedules operation of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Schedules daily, weekly, and annual events.
 - 6. Changes operating set points of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
 - 7. Optimized start feature to start indoor units before scheduled time to reach temperature set-point at scheduled time based on operating history.
 - 8. Night setback feature to operate indoor units at energy-conserving heating and cooling temperature set-points during unoccupied periods.
 - 9. Supports Multiple Languages: [English] [or] [French] [Spanish] <Insert language>.

- 10. Supports Imperial and Metric Temperature Units: Fahrenheit and Celsius.
- 11. Displays service notifications and error codes.
- Monitors and displays up to 3000 item error history and 10000 item operation history for regular reporting and further archiving.
- 13. Monitors and displays cumulative operating time of indoor units.
- 14. Able to disable and enable operation of individual controllers for indoor units.
- 15. Information displayed on individual controllers shall also be available for display.
- 16. Information displayed for outdoor units, including refrigerant high and low pressures percent capacity.

C. Wired Controllers for Indoor Units:

- 1. Single controller capable of controlling multiple indoor units as group.
- 2. Auto Timeout Touch Screen LCD: Timeout duration shall be adjustable.
- 3. Multiple Language: English.
- 4. Temperature Units: Fahrenheit.
- 5. On/Off: Turns indoor unit on or off.
- 6. Hold: Hold operation settings until hold is released.
- 7. Operation Mode: Cool, Heat, Auto, Dehumidification, Fan Only, and Setback.
- 8. Temperature Display: 1-degree increments.
- 9. Temperature Set-Point: Separate set points for Cooling, Heating, and Setback. Adjustable in 1-degree increments between .
- 10. Relative Humidity Display: 1 percent increments.
- 11. Relative Humidity Set-Point: Adjustable in 1 percent increments between <Insert relative humidity range>.
- 12. Fan Speed Setting: Select between available options furnished with the unit.
- Airflow Direction Setting: If applicable to unit, select between available options furnished with the unit.
- 14. Seven-day programmable operating schedule with up to five events per day. Operations shall include On/Off, Operation Mode, and Temperature Set-Point.
- 15. Auto Off Timer: Operates unit for an adjustable time duration and then turns unit off.
- 16. Occupancy detection.
- 17. Service Notification Display: "Filter".
- 18. Service Run Tests: Limit use by service personnel to troubleshoot operation.
- 19. Error Code Notification Display: Used by service personnel to troubleshoot abnormal operation and equipment failure
- 20. User and Service Passwords: Capable of preventing adjustments by unauthorized users.
- 21. Setting stored in nonvolatile memory to ensure that settings are not lost if power is lost. Battery backup for date and time only.
- Low-voltage power required for controller shall be powered through non-polar connections to indoor unit.

2.7 SYSTEM REFRIGERANT AND OIL

A. Refrigerant:

- As required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer for system to comply with performance requirements indicated.
- 2. ASHRAE 34, Class A1 refrigerant classification.
- 3. R-410a.

2.8 SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- A. If more than one material is listed, material selection is Contractor's option.
- B. Copper Tubing:
 - Drawn-Temper Tubing: According to ASTM B88, Type L or Type DWV according to ASTM B306.
 - 2. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
 - 3. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.
 - Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B32, lead-free alloys, and water-flushable flux according to ASTM B813.

2.9 SYSTEM REFRIGERANT PIPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 232300 "Refrigerant Piping" for system piping requirements.
- B. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:
 - 1. Furnished by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - 2. Factory-rolled and -bundled, soft-copper tubing with tubing termination fittings at each end.
 - 3. Standard one-piece length for connecting to indoor units.
 - 4. Pre-insulated with flexible elastomeric insulation of thickness to comply with governing energy code and sufficient to eliminate condensation.
 - 5. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- C. Refrigerant Isolation Ball Valves:
 - 1. Description: Uni-body full port design, rated for maximum system temperature and pressure, and factory tested under pressure to ensure tight shutoff. Designed for valve operation without removing seal cap.
 - 2. Seals: Compatible with system refrigerant and oil. Seal service life of at least 20 years.
 - 3. Valve Connections: Flare or sweat depending on size.

2.10 METAL HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Copper Tube Hangers:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-coated-steel, factory-fabricated components.
 - Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of galvanized or copper-coated steel.

2.11 PIPING AND TUBING INSULATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation" for system piping insulation requirements.
- B. Refrigerant Tubing Insulation and Jacket Requirements:

- 1. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation:
 - Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials, complying with ASTM C534, Type I for tubular materials.
 - b. Indoors: 1 inch thick.
 - c. Outdoors: 1 inch thick.
- 2. Field-Applied Jacket:
 - a. Concealed: None required.
 - b. Indoors, Exposed to View: PVC, 20 mils thick.
 - c. Outdoors, Exposed to View: Aluminum, smooth, 0.020 inch thick.
- C. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I.

2.12 MATERIALS

- A. Steel:
 - 1. ASTM A36/A36M for carbon structural steel.
 - 2. ASTM A568/A568M for steel sheet.
- B. Stainless Steel:
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard grade for casing.
 - 2. Manufacturer's standard type, ASTM A240/A240M for bare steel exposed to airstream or moisture.
- C. Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M.
- D. Aluminum: ASTM B209.
- E. Comply with Section 230546 "Coatings for HVAC" for corrosion-resistant coating.
- F. Corrosion-Resistant Coating: Coat with a corrosion-resistant coating capable of withstanding a 3000 -hour salt-spray test according to ASTM B117.
 - 1. Standards:
 - a. ASTM B117 for salt spray.
 - b. ASTM D2794 for minimum impact resistance of 100 in-lb.
 - c. ASTM B3359 for cross-hatch adhesion of 5B.
 - 2. Application: Immersion.
 - 3. Thickness: 1 mil.
 - 4. Gloss: Minimum gloss of 60 on a 60-degree meter.

2.13 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Factory Tests: Test and inspect factory-assembled equipment.

- B. Equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports for historical record. Submit reports only if requested.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine products before installation. Reject products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Examine roughing-in for piping and tubing to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- D. Examine roughing-in for ductwork to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- E. Examine roughing-in for wiring and conduit to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- F. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and outdoor pads for suitable conditions where equipment will be installed.
- G. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- H. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Clearance:
 - 1. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.
 - 2. Maintain clearances required by governing code.
- B. Loose Components: Install components, devices, and accessories furnished by manufacturer, with equipment, that are not factory mounted.
 - 1. Loose components shall be installed by manufacturer's service representativeor system Installer under supervision of manufacturer's service representative.
- C. Equipment Restraint Installation: Install equipment with seismic-restraint device. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."

3.3 INSTALLATION OF INDOOR UNITS

- A. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- B. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, support ceiling-mounted units from structure above using threaded rods; minimum rod size of 3/8 inch.

- C. Adjust supports of exposed and recessed units to draw units tight to adjoining surfaces.
- Protect finished surfaces of ceilings, floors, and walls that come in direct contact with units. Refinish or replaced damaged areas after units are installed.
- E. In rooms with ceilings, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units above ceilings.
- F. In rooms without ceiling, arrange piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units to provide a neat and finished appearance.
- G. Provide lateral bracing if needed to limit movement of suspended units to not more than 0.25 inch.
- H. For floor- and wall-mounted units that are exposed, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units within walls.
- I. Floor-mounted units located in mechanical rooms.
- J. Install floor-mounted units on support structure indicated on Drawings.
- K. Install floor-mounted units on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- L. Attachment: Install hardware for proper attachment to supported equipment.
- M. Grouting: Place grout under equipment supports and make bearing surface smooth.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF OUTDOOR UNITS

- A. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- B. Install outdoor units on support structures indicated on Drawings.
- C. Pad-Mounted Installations: Install outdoor units on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - 1. Attachment: Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 2. Grouting: Place grout under equipment supports and make bearing surface smooth.
- D. Roof-Mounted Installations: Install outdoor units on equipment supports specified in Section 077200 "Roof Accessories." Anchor units to supports with removable, stainless-steel fasteners.

3.5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping and tubing systems. Install piping and tubing as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping and tubing in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.

- C. Install piping and tubing at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping and tubing above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping and tubing to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping and tubing at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping and tubing free of sags.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- Install piping and tubing to allow application of insulation.
- J. Install groups of pipes and tubing parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation with service access between insulated piping and tubing.
- K. Install sleeves for piping and tubing penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- L. Install escutcheons for piping and tubing penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 230518 "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."

3.6 INSTALLATION OF SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- A. General Requirements for Drain Piping and Tubing:
 - 1. Install a union in piping at each threaded unit connection.
 - 2. Install an adjustable stainless-steel hose clamp with adjustable gear operator on unit hose connections. Tighten clamp to provide a leak-free installation.
 - 3. If required for unit installation, provide a trap assembly in drain piping to prevent air circulated through unit from passing through drain piping. Comply with more stringent of the following:
 - a. Details indicated on Drawings.
 - b. Manufacturer's requirements.
 - c. Governing codes.
 - d. In the absence of requirements, comply with requirements of ASHRAE handbooks.
 - 4. Extend drain piping from units with drain connections to drain receptors as indicated on Drawings. If not indicated on Drawings, terminate drain connection at nearest accessible location that is not exposed to view by occupants.
 - 5. Provide each 90-degree change in direction with a Y- or T-fitting. Install a threaded plug connection in the dormant side of fitting or future use as a service cleanout.
- B. Gravity Drains:
 - 1. Slope piping from unit connection toward drain termination at a constant slope of not less than [one] [two] < Insert number > percent.
- C. Pumped Drains:

1. If unit condensate pump or lift mechanism is not included with an integral check valve, install a full-size check valve in each branch pipe near unit connection to prevent backflow into unit.

3.7 INSTALLATION OF REFRIGERANT PIPING

- A. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:
 - Unroll and straighten tubing to suit installation. Deviations in straightness of exposed tubing shall be unnoticeable to observer.
 - 2. Support tubing using hangers and supports indicated at intervals not to exceed 5 feet. Minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Prepare tubing ends and make mating connections to provide a pressure tight and leak-free installation.
- B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
- C. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- D. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints and fittings.
- E. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Section 083113 "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.
- F. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in protective conduit where installed belowground.
- G. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical damage.
- H. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, slope refrigerant piping and tubing as follows:
 - Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping and tubing with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
 - 2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
 - 3. Install traps to entrain oil in vertical runs.
 - 4. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- I. When brazing, remove or protect components that could be damaged by heat.
- J. Before installation, clean piping, tubing, and fittings to cleanliness level required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
- K. Joint Construction:
 - 1. Ream ends of tubes and remove burrs.
 - 2. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of tube and fittings before assembly.
 - 3. Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.
 - a. Use Type BCuP (copper-phosphorus) alloy for joining copper fittings with copper tubing.
 - b. Use Type BAg (cadmium-free silver) alloy for joining copper with bronze.

3.8 INSTALLATION OF METAL HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC" for seismic restraints.
- B. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- C. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- D. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified.
- E. Fastener System Installation:
 - Install powder-actuated fasteners, for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4
 inches thick, in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are
 licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool
 manufacturer's operating manual.
 - Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured.
 Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 3. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.

F. Pipe Stand Installation:

- 1. Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounted Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.
- G. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- H. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- I. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- J. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel.
 - 1. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- K. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- L. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- M. Piping and Tubing Insulation:

- 1. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
- 2. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
- N. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Install the following types:
 - Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
 - 2. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.
 - 3. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
 - 4. Multiple horizontal pipes located indoors may use metal framing systems with split clamp attachment for each pipe in lieu if individual clevis hangers.
 - Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
 - 6. On plastic pipe, install pads or cushions on bearing surfaces to prevent hanger from scratching pipe.
- O. Horizontal Piping Hanger Spacing and Rod Size: Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 1. Sizes through NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 4. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 6. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 7. NPS 3 and Larger: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- P. Plastic Pipe Hanger and Support Spacing:
 - Space hangers and supports according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions for service conditions
 - 2. Maximum spacing, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
- Q. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Install the following types:
 - 1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8).
 - Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): If longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- R. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at midpoint intervals between floors, not to exceed 5 feet.
- S. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified.
- T. Use hangers, supports, and attachments with galvanized coatings unless otherwise indicated.
- U. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- V. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1 inch.

- W. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Install the following types:
 - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
 - 2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
 - Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
 - 4. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- X. Building Attachments: Install the following types:
 - 1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
 - 2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joist construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.
 - 3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
 - 4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
 - 5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
 - 6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
 - Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
 - 8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
 - Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
 - 10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
 - 11. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
 - 12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
 - a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
 - b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
 - 13. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
 - 14. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
 - 15. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.

3.9 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements indicated on Drawings and in applicable Division 26 Sections.
- B. To extent electrical power is required for system equipment, components, and controls, and is not indicated on Drawings and addressed in the Specifications, the design for such electrical power shall be delegated to VRF HVAC system provider.
 - Delegated design of electrical power to equipment, components and controls, and associated installation shall be included at no additional cost to Owner.
- C. Connect field electrical power source to each separate electrical device requiring field electrical power. Coordinate termination point and connection type with Installer.

- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for wiring connections.
- E. Comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems" for grounding connections.
- F. Install nameplate or acrylic label with self-adhesive back for each electrical connection indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated phenolic layers of black with engraved white letters. Letters at least 1/2 inch high.
 - 2. Locate nameplate or label where easily visible.
- G. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for raceway selection and installation requirements for boxes, conduits, and wireways as supplemented or revised in this Section.
 - 1. Outlet boxes shall be no smaller than 2 inches wide, 3 inches high, and 2-1/2 inches deep.
 - 2. Outlet boxes for cables shall be no smaller than 4 inches square by 1-1/2 inches deep with extension ring sized to bring edge of ring to within 1/8 inch of the finished wall surface.
 - 3. Flexible metal conduit shall not be used.
- H. Comply with TIA-569-D for pull-box sizing and length of conduit and number of bends between pull points.
- I. Install manufactured conduit sweeps and long-radius elbows if possible.
- J. Install metal conduits with grounding bushings and connect with grounding conductor to grounding system.

3.10 SOFTWARE

- A. Cybersecurity:
 - 1. Software:
 - a. Coordinate security requirements with IT department.
 - b. Ensure that latest stable software release is installed and properly operating.
 - c. Disable or change default passwords to password using a combination of uppercase and lower letters, numbers, and symbols at least eight characters in length. Record passwords and turn over to party responsible for system operation and administration.
 - Hardware:
 - a. Coordinate location and access requirements with IT department.
 - b. Enable highest level of wireless encryption that is compatible with Owner's ICT network.
 - c. Disable dual network connections.

3.11 FIRESTOPPING

A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

- B. Comply with TIA-569-D, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping" Chapter.

3.12 GROUNDING INSTALLATION

- A. For data communication wiring, comply with TIA-607-B and with BICSI TDMM, "Bonding and Grounding (Earthing)" Chapter.
- B. For low-voltage control cabling, comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."

3.13 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system equipment, piping, tubing, and valves. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- B. Identify system electrical and controls components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Identify each control cable on each end and at each terminal with a number-coded identification tag. Each cable shall have a unique tag.

3.14 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Products will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.15 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's service representative to perform system(s) startup service.
 - Service representative shall be an employee or a factory-trained and -authorized service representative of VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - 2. Complete startup service of each separate system.
 - 3. Complete system startup service according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Startup checks shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Check control communications of equipment and each operating component in system(s).
 - 2. Check each indoor unit's response to demand for cooling and heating.
 - 3. Check each indoor unit's response to changes in airflow settings.
 - 4. Check each indoor unit and outdoor unit for proper condensate removal.
 - 5. Check sound levels of each indoor and outdoor unit.
- C. Installer shall accompany manufacturer's service representative during startup service and provide manufacturer's service representative with requested documentation and technical support during startup service.

1. Installer shall correct deficiencies found during startup service for reverification.

D. System Operation Report:

- After completion of startup service, manufacturer shall issue a report for each separate system.
- Report shall include complete documentation describing each startup check, the result, and any corrective action required.
- 3. Manufacturer shall electronically record not less than [two] <Insert number> hours of continuous operation of each system and submit with report for historical reference.
 - a. All available system operating parameters shall be included in the information submitted.

E. Witness:

1. Invite Owner to witness startup service procedures.

3.16 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust equipment and components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points. Adjust initial airflow settings and discharge airflow patterns.
- C. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges according to VRF HVAC system manufacturer's written instructions, and as indicated.
- D. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.17 PROTECTION

- A. Protect products from moisture and water damage. Remove and replace products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- B. Protect equipment from physical damage. Replace equipment with physical damage that cannot be repaired to new condition. Observable surface imperfections shall be grounds for removal and replacement.
- C. Protect equipment from electrical damage. Replace equipment suffering electrical damage.
- D. Cover and seal openings of equipment to keep inside of equipment clean. Do not remove covers until finish work is complete.

3.18 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of system Installer who are manufacturer's authorized service representative. Include two service visits for preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper equipment and system operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.

3.19 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

- A. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for two years.
- B. Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install and program software upgrades that become available within two years from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.
 - 1. Upgrade Notice: At least 30 days to allow Owner to schedule and access the system and to upgrade computer equipment if necessary.

3.20 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's employed training instructor or factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain entire system.
- B. Instructor:
 - 1. Instructor shall be factory trained and certified by VRF HVAC system manufacturer with current training on the system(s), equipment, and controls that are installed.
 - 2. Instructor's credentials shall be submitted for review by Architect before scheduling training.
 - 3. Instructor(s) primary job responsibility shall be Owner training.
 - 4. Instructor(s) shall have not less than three years of training experience with VRF HVAC system manufacturer and past training experience on at least three projects of comparable size and complexity.
- C. Schedule and Duration:
 - 1. Schedule training with Owner at least 20 business days before first training session.
 - 2. Training shall occur before Owner occupancy.
 - 3. Training shall be held at mutually agreed date and time during normal business hours.
 - 4. Each training day shall not exceed eight hours of training. Daily training schedule shall allow time for one -hour lunch period and 15 -minute break after every two hours of training.
 - 5. Perform not less than eight total hours of training.
- D. Location: Owner shall provide a suitable on-site location to host classroom training.
- E. Training Attendees: Assume three people.
- F. Training Attendance: For record purposes, document training attendees at the start of each new training session. Record attendee's name, signature, phone number, and e-mail address.

- G. Training Format: Individual training modules shall include classroom training followed by hands-on field demonstration and training.
- H. Training Materials: Provide training materials in electronic format to each attendee.
 - 1. Include instructional videos showing general operation and maintenance that are coordinated with operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Video record each classroom training session and submit an electronic copy to Owner before requesting Owner acceptance of training.
- Acceptance: Obtain Owner written acceptance that training is complete and requirements indicated have been satisfied.

END OF SECTION 238129

SECTION 238129 - VARIABLE-REFRIGERANT-FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes complete VRF HVAC system(s) including, but not limited to the following components to make a complete operating system(s) according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Indoor, exposed, floor-mounted units.
 - 2. Outdoor, air-source, heat-pump units.
 - 3. System controls.
 - 4. System refrigerant and oil.
 - 5. System condensate drain piping.
 - 6. System refrigerant piping.
 - 7. Metal hangers and supports.
 - 8. Piping and tubing insulation.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Air-Conditioning System Operation: System capable of operation with all zones in cooling only.
- B. Heat-Pump System Operation: System capable of operation with all zones in either heating or cooling, but not with simultaneous heating and cooling zones that transfer heat between zones.
- C. Heat Recovery System Operation: System capable of operation with simultaneous heating and cooling zones that transfer heat between zones.
- D. HRCU: Heat Recovery Control Unit. HRCUs are used in heat recovery VRF HVAC systems to manage and control refrigerant between indoor units to provide simultaneous heating and cooling zones. "Heat Recovery Control Unit" is the term used by ASHRAE for what different manufacturers term as branch circuit controller, branch selector box, changeover box, flow selector unit, mode change unit, and other such terms.
- E. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control, signaling power-limited circuits.
- F. Plenum: A space forming part of the air distribution system to which one or more air ducts are connected. An air duct is a passageway, other than a plenum, for transporting air to or from heating, ventilating, or air-conditioning equipment.
- G. Three-Pipe System Design: One high pressure refrigerant vapor line, one low pressure refrigerant vapor line, and one refrigerant liquid line connect a single outdoor unit or multiple manifold outdoor units in a single system to associated system HRCUs. One liquid line and refrigerant vapor line connect HRCUs to associated indoor units.

- H. Two-Pipe System Design: One refrigerant vapor line and one refrigerant liquid line connect a single outdoor unit or multiple manifold outdoor units in a single system to associated system HRCUs. One refrigerant liquid line and refrigerant vapor line connect HRCUs to associated indoor units. HRCUs used in two pipe systems act as an intermediate heat exchanger and include diverting valves and gas/liquid separators to move high and low pressure refrigerant between indoor units.
- I. VRF: Variable refrigerant flow.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for indoor and outdoor units[and for HRCUs].
 - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
 - 3. Include operating performance at design conditions and at extreme maximum and minimum outdoor ambient conditions.
 - 4. Include description of system controllers, dimensions, features, control interfaces and connections, power requirements, and connections.
 - 5. Include system operating sequence of operation in narrative form for each unique indoor- and outdoor-unit [and HRCU]control.
 - 6. Include description of control software features.
 - Include total refrigerant required and a comprehensive breakdown of refrigerant required by each system installed.
 - 8. Include refrigerant type and data sheets showing compliance with requirements indicated.
 - 9. For system design software.
 - 10. Indicate location and type of service access.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Source quality-control reports.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For VRF HVAC systems to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Filters:
 - a. One set(s) for each unit with replaceable filters.
 - b. One set(s) for each unit type and unique size of washable filters.

- 2. Indoor Units: One for each unique size and type installed.
- 3. Controllers for Indoor Units: One for each unique controller type installed.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store products in a clean and dry place.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written rigging and installation instructions for unloading and moving to final installed location.
- C. Handle products carefully to prevent damage, breaking, denting, and scoring. Do not install damaged products.
- D. Protect products from weather, dirt, dust, water, construction debris, and physical damage.
 - 1. Retain factory-applied coverings on equipment to protect finishes during construction and remove just prior to operating unit.
 - Cover unit openings before installation to prevent dirt and dust from entering inside of units. If required to remover coverings during unit installation, reapply coverings over openings after unit installation and remove just prior to operating unit.
- E. Replace installed products damaged during construction.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace equipment and components that fail(s) in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Structural failures.
 - b. Faulty operation.
 - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
 - 2. Warranty Period:
 - a. For Compressor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. For Parts, Including Controls: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - c. For Labor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
 - 1. Daikin AC (Americas), Inc.

- 2. Mitsubishi Electric & Electronics USA, Inc.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain products from single source from single manufacturer including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Indoor and outdoor units, including accessories.
 - Controls and software.
 - 3. HRCUs.
 - 4. Refrigerant isolation valves.
 - 5. Specialty refrigerant pipe fittings.

2.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Direct-expansion (DX) VRF HVAC system(s) with variable capacity in response to varying cooling and heating loads. System shall consist of multiple indoor units, outdoor unit(s), piping, controls, and electrical power to make complete operating system(s) complying with requirements indicated.
 - 1. Two-pipe or three-pipe system design.
 - 2. System(s) operation, heat pump as indicated on Drawings.
 - 3. Each system with one refrigerant circuit shared by all indoor units connected to system.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. AHRI Compliance: System and equipment performance certified according to AHRI 1230 and products listed in AHRI directory.
- D. ASHRAE Compliance:
 - 1. ASHRAE 15: For safety code for mechanical refrigeration.
 - 2. ASHRAE 62.1: For indoor air quality.
 - 3. ASHRAE 135: For control network protocol with remote communication.
 - 4. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: For system and component energy efficiency.
- E. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1995.

2.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional specialist, to design complete and operational VRF HVAC system(s) complying with requirements indicated.
 - 1. Provide system refrigerant calculations.
 - a. Refrigerant concentration limits shall be within allowable limits of ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
 - Indicate compliance with manufacturer's maximum vertical and horizontal travel distances.
 Prepare a comparison table for each system showing calculated distances compared to manufacturer's maximum allowed distances.
 - Include a mechanical ventilation system and gas detection system as required to comply with ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
 - 3. System Refrigerant Piping and Tubing:

- a. Arrangement: Arrange piping to interconnect indoor units and outdoor unit(s) in compliance with manufacturer requirements and requirements indicated.
- b. Routing: Conceal piping above ceilings and behind walls to maximum extent possible.
- c. Sizing: Size piping system, using a software program acceptable to manufacturer, to provide performance requirements indicated. Consider requirements to accommodate future change requirements.

4. System Controls:

- a. Network arrangement.
- b. Network interface with other building systems.
- c. Product selection.
- d. Sizing.

B. Service Access:

- 1. Provide and document service access requirements.
- 2. Locate equipment, system isolation valves, and other system components that require service and inspection in easily accessible locations. Avoid locations that are difficult to access if possible.
- 3. Where serviceable components are installed behind walls and above inaccessible ceilings, provide finished assembly with access doors or panels to gain access. Properly size the openings to allow for service, removal, and replacement.
- 4. If less than full and unrestricted access is provided, locate components within an 18-inch reach of the finished assembly.
- Where ladder access is required to service elevated components, provide an installation that provides for sufficient access within ladder manufacturer's written instructions for use.
- 6. Comply with OSHA regulations.

C. System Design and Installation Requirements:

- Design and install systems indicated according to manufacturer's recommendations and written instructions.
- Where manufacturer's requirements differ from requirements indicated, contact Architect for direction. The most stringent requirements should apply unless otherwise directed in writing by Architect.
- D. System Adaptability to Future Changes: Arrange and size system refrigerant piping to accommodate future changes to system without having to resize and replace existing refrigerant piping.
 - 1. Each branch circuit shall accommodate addition of two indoor unit(s) with unit capacity equal to average indoor unit connected to the branch circuit.
 - 2. Each branch circuit shall accommodate deletion of two indoor unit(s) with unit capacity equal to average indoor unit connected to the branch circuit.
- E. Isolation of Equipment: Provide isolation valves to isolate each HRCU, indoor unit and outdoor unit for service, removal, and replacement without interrupting system operation.
- F. System Capacity Ratio: The sum of connected capacity of all indoor units shall be within the following range of outdoor-unit rated capacity:
 - 1. Not less than 60 percent.
 - 2. Not more than 130 percent.
 - 3. Range acceptable to manufacturer.

- G. System Turndown: Stable operation down to 20 percent of outdoor-unit capacity.
- H. System Auto Refrigerant Charge: Each system shall have an automatic refrigerant charge function to ensure the proper amount of refrigerant is installed in system.
- I. Outdoor Conditions:
 - 1. Suitable for outdoor ambient conditions encountered.
 - Design equipment and supports to withstand wind loads of governing code and ASCE/SEL7.
 - Design equipment and supports to withstand snow and ice loads of governing code and ASCE/SEL7.
 - Provide corrosion-resistant coating for components and supports where located in coastal
 or industrial climates that are known to be harmful to materials and finishes.
 - 2. Maximum System Operating Outdoor Temperature: See Drawings.
 - 3. Minimum System Operating Outdoor Temperature: See Drawings.
- Sound Performance: Sound levels generated by operating HVAC equipment shall be within requirements indicated.
 - 1. Indoor: Within design guidelines of "2015 ASHRAE HANDBOOK- HVAC Applications."
 - 2. Outdoor: Within ordinance of governing authorities.
- K. Thermal Movements: Allow for controlled thermal movements from ambient, surface, and system temperature changes.
- L. Capacities and Characteristics: As indicated on Drawings.

2.4 INDOOR, EXPOSED, FLOOR-MOUNTED UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
- B. Cabinet:
 - 1. Material: Painted steel, or coated steel frame covered by a plastic cabinet, with an architectural acceptable finish suitable for tenant occupancy on exposed surfaces.
 - 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation[, complying with ASHRAE 62.1,] to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
 - 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
 - 4. Internal Access: Removable panels of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- C. DX Coil Assembly:
 - 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
 - 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
 - 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
 - 4. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
 - 5. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.

- Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 7. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 8. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 9. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Gravity.
 - a. If a floor drain is not available at unit, provide unit with field-installed condensate pump accessory.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT].

E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

- 1. Fan(s):
 - a. Direct-drive arrangement.
 - b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
 - c. Materials: Non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion-resistant finish.
 - d. Statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Front, to accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
- 2. Washable Media: Manufacturer's standard filter with antimicrobial treatment.
- G. Grille Assembly: Manufacturer's standard discharge grille[with field-adjustable air pattern] mounted in top of unit cabinet.

H. Unit Accessories:

1. Remote Room Temperature Sensor Kit: Wall-mounted, hardwired room temperature sensor kit for use in rooms that do not have room temperature measurement.

I. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 3. Factory-Installed Sensors:
 - a. Unit inlet air temperature.
 - b. Coil entering refrigerant temperature.
 - c. Coil leaving refrigerant temperature.
- 4. Features and Functions:

- a. Self-diagnostics.
- b. Time delay.
- c. Auto-restart.
- d. External static pressure control.
- e. Auto operation mode.
- f. Manual operation mode.
- g. Filter service notification
- h. Power consumption display.
- i. Drain assembly high water level safety shutdown and notification.
- j. Run test switch.
- k. <Insert function>.
- Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).
- 6. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 7. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch.
- Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in [metal]raceways.

2.5 OUTDOOR, AIR-SOURCE HEAT-PUMP UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Specially designed for use in systems with either all heating or all cooling demands, but not for use in systems with simultaneous heating and cooling.
 - Systems shall consist of one unit, or multiple unit modules that are designed by variable refrigerant system manufacturer for field interconnection to make a single refrigeration circuit that connects multiple indoor units.
 - 3. All units installed shall be from the same product development generation.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Galvanized steel and coated with a corrosion-resistant finish.
 - Coating with documented salt spray test performance of 1000 hours according ASTM B117 surface scratch test (SST) procedure.
- 2. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 3. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- C. Compressor and Motor Assembly:

- 1. One or more positive-displacement, direct-drive and hermetically sealed scroll compressor(s) with inverter drive and turndown to 15 percent of rated capacity.
- 2. Protection: Integral protection against the following:
 - a. High refrigerant pressure.
 - b. Low oil level.
 - c. High oil temperature.
 - d. Thermal and overload.
 - e. Voltage fluctuations.
 - f. Phase failure and phase reversal.
 - q. Short cycling.
- Speed Control: Variable to automatically maintain refrigerant suction and condensing pressures while varying refrigerant flow to satisfy system cooling and heating loads.
- 4. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- 5. Oil management system to ensure safe and proper lubrication over entire operating range.
- 6. Crankcase heaters with integral control to maintain safe operating temperature.
- 7. Fusible plug.

D. Condenser Coil Assembly:

- 1. Plate Fin Coils:
 - a. Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
 - b. Fins: Aluminum or copper, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
 - c. Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 2. Aluminum Microchannel Coils:
 - Series of flat tubes containing a series of multiple, parallel-flow microchannels layered between refrigerant header manifolds.
 - b. Single- or multiple-pass arrangement.
 - c. Construct fins, tubes, and header manifolds of aluminum alloy.
- 3. Coating: Corrosion resistant.
- 4. Hail Protection: Provide condenser coils with louvers, baffles, or hoods to protect against hail damage.
- E. Condenser Fan and Motor Assembly:
 - 1. Fan(s): Propeller type.
 - a. Direct-drive arrangement.
 - b. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
 - c. dynamically balanced.
 - 2. Fan Guards: Removable safety guards complying with OSHA regulations. If using metal materials, coat with corrosion-resistant coating to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
 - 3. Motor(s): Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings and rated for outdoor duty.
 - 4. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
 - 5. Speed Settings and Control: Variable speed with a speed range of least 75 percent.
 - 6. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

F. Drain Pan: If required by manufacturer's design, provide unit with non-ferrous drain pan with bottom sloped to a low point drain connection.

G. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
- 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 3. Factory-Installed Sensors:
 - a. Refrigerant suction temperature.
 - b. Refrigerant discharge temperature.
 - c. Outdoor air temperature.
 - d. Refrigerant high pressure.
 - e. Refrigerant low pressure.
 - f. Oil level.
- Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, fuse protection, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, night setback control.
- 5. Communication: Network communication with indoor units and other outdoor unit(s).
- 6. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 7. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

H. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.
- Unit Hardware: Zinc-plated steel, or stainless steel. Coat exposed surfaces with additional corrosion-resistant coating if required to prevention corrosion when exposed to salt spray test for 1000 hours according ASTM B117.

J. Unit Piping:

- 1. Unit Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 2. Unit Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 3. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 4. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 5. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

2.6 SYSTEM CONTROLS

A. General Requirements:

- 1. Operator Interface:
 - a. Operators shall interface with system and unit controls through the following:

- 1) Operator interfaces integral to controllers.
- 2) Owner-furnished PC connected to central controller(s).
- 3) Web interface through web browser software.
- 4) Integration with Building Automation System.
- b. Users shall be capable of interface with controllers for indoor units control to extent privileges are enabled. Control features available to users shall include the following:
 - 1) On/off control.
 - 2) Temperature set-point adjustment.
 - 3) <Insert feature>.

B. VRF HVAC System Operator Software for PC:

- 1. Software offered by VRF HVAC system manufacturer shall provide system operators with ability to monitor and control VRF HVAC system(s) from a single dedicated Owner-furnished PC.
- 2. Software shall provide operator with a graphic user interface to allow monitoring and control of multiple central controllers from a single device location through point-and-click mouse exchange.
- 3. Plan views shall show building plans with location of indoor units and identification superimposed on plans.
- 4. Controls operation mode of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Operation modes available through central controller shall match those operation modes of controllers for indoor units.
- 5. Schedules operation of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Schedules daily, weekly, and annual events.
- 6. Changes operating set points of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
- 7. Optimized start feature to start indoor units before scheduled time to reach temperature set-point at scheduled time based on operating history.
- 8. Night setback feature to operate indoor units at energy-conserving heating and cooling temperature set-points during unoccupied periods.
- 9. Supports Multiple Languages: [English] [or] [French] [Spanish] <Insert language>.
- 10. Supports Imperial and Metric Temperature Units: Fahrenheit and Celsius.
- 11. Displays service notifications and error codes.
- 12. Monitors and displays up to 3000 item error history and 10000 item operation history for regular reporting and further archiving.
- 13. Monitors and displays cumulative operating time of indoor units.
- 14. Able to disable and enable operation of individual controllers for indoor units.
- 15. Information displayed on individual controllers shall also be available for display.
- 16. Information displayed for outdoor units, including refrigerant high and low pressures percent capacity.

C. Wired Controllers for Indoor Units:

- 1. Single controller capable of controlling multiple indoor units as group.
- 2. Auto Timeout Touch Screen LCD: Timeout duration shall be adjustable.
- 3. Multiple Language: English.
- 4. Temperature Units: Fahrenheit.
- 5. On/Off: Turns indoor unit on or off.
- 6. Hold: Hold operation settings until hold is released.
- 7. Operation Mode: Cool, Heat, Auto, Dehumidification, Fan Only, and Setback.
- 8. Temperature Display: 1-degree increments.
- 9. Temperature Set-Point: Separate set points for Cooling, Heating, and Setback. Adjustable in 1-degree increments between .
- 10. Relative Humidity Display: 1 percent increments.

- Relative Humidity Set-Point: Adjustable in 1 percent increments between <Insert relative humidity range>.
- 12. Fan Speed Setting: Select between available options furnished with the unit.
- 13. Airflow Direction Setting: If applicable to unit, select between available options furnished with the unit.
- 14. Seven-day programmable operating schedule with up to five events per day. Operations shall include On/Off, Operation Mode, and Temperature Set-Point.
- 15. Auto Off Timer: Operates unit for an adjustable time duration and then turns unit off.
- 16. Occupancy detection.
- 17. Service Notification Display: "Filter".
- 18. Service Run Tests: Limit use by service personnel to troubleshoot operation.
- 19. Error Code Notification Display: Used by service personnel to troubleshoot abnormal operation and equipment failure.
- 20. User and Service Passwords: Capable of preventing adjustments by unauthorized users.
- 21. Setting stored in nonvolatile memory to ensure that settings are not lost if power is lost. Battery backup for date and time only.
- 22. Low-voltage power required for controller shall be powered through non-polar connections to indoor unit.

2.7 SYSTEM REFRIGERANT AND OIL

A. Refrigerant:

- As required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer for system to comply with performance requirements indicated.
- 2. ASHRAE 34, Class A1 refrigerant classification.
- 3. R-410a.

2.8 SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- A. If more than one material is listed, material selection is Contractor's option.
- B. Copper Tubing:
 - 1. Drawn-Temper Tubing: According to ASTM B88, Type L or Type DWV according to ASTM B306.
 - 2. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
 - 3. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.
 - Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B32, lead-free alloys, and water-flushable flux according to ASTM B813.

2.9 SYSTEM REFRIGERANT PIPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 232300 "Refrigerant Piping" for system piping requirements.
- B. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:
 - 1. Furnished by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - 2. Factory-rolled and -bundled, soft-copper tubing with tubing termination fittings at each end.
 - 3. Standard one-piece length for connecting to indoor units.
 - Pre-insulated with flexible elastomeric insulation of thickness to comply with governing energy code and sufficient to eliminate condensation.

- 5. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- C. Refrigerant Isolation Ball Valves:
 - 1. Description: Uni-body full port design, rated for maximum system temperature and pressure, and factory tested under pressure to ensure tight shutoff. Designed for valve operation without removing seal cap.
 - 2. Seals: Compatible with system refrigerant and oil. Seal service life of at least 20 years.
 - 3. Valve Connections: Flare or sweat depending on size.

2.10 METAL HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Copper Tube Hangers:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-coated-steel, factory-fabricated components.
 - Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of galvanized or copper-coated steel.

2.11 PIPING AND TUBING INSULATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation" for system piping insulation requirements.
- B. Refrigerant Tubing Insulation and Jacket Requirements:
 - 1. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation:
 - Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials, complying with ASTM C534, Type I for tubular materials.
 - b. Indoors: 1 inch thick.
 - c. Outdoors: 1 inch thick.
 - 2. Field-Applied Jacket:
 - a. Concealed: None required.
 - b. Indoors, Exposed to View: PVC, 20 mils thick.
 - c. Outdoors, Exposed to View: Aluminum, smooth, 0.020 inch thick.
- C. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I.

2.12 MATERIALS

- A. Steel:
 - 1. ASTM A36/A36M for carbon structural steel.
 - 2. ASTM A568/A568M for steel sheet.
- B. Stainless Steel:
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard grade for casing.
 - 2. Manufacturer's standard type, ASTM A240/A240M for bare steel exposed to airstream or moisture.

- C. Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M.
- D. Aluminum: ASTM B209.
- E. Comply with Section 230546 "Coatings for HVAC" for corrosion-resistant coating.
- F. Corrosion-Resistant Coating: Coat with a corrosion-resistant coating capable of withstanding a 3000 -hour salt-spray test according to ASTM B117.
 - Standards:
 - a. ASTM B117 for salt spray.
 - b. ASTM D2794 for minimum impact resistance of 100 in-lb.
 - c. ASTM B3359 for cross-hatch adhesion of 5B.
 - 2. Application: Immersion.
 - 3. Thickness: 1 mil.
 - 4. Gloss: Minimum gloss of 60 on a 60-degree meter.

2.13 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Factory Tests: Test and inspect factory-assembled equipment.
- B. Equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports for historical record. Submit reports only if requested.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine products before installation. Reject products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- Examine roughing-in for piping and tubing to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- D. Examine roughing-in for ductwork to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- E. Examine roughing-in for wiring and conduit to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- F. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and outdoor pads for suitable conditions where equipment will be installed.
- G. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- H. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Clearance:
 - 1. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.
 - 2. Maintain clearances required by governing code.
- B. Loose Components: Install components, devices, and accessories furnished by manufacturer, with equipment, that are not factory mounted.
 - 1. Loose components shall be installed by manufacturer's service representativeor system Installer under supervision of manufacturer's service representative.
- C. Equipment Restraint Installation: Install equipment with seismic-restraint device. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."

3.3 INSTALLATION OF INDOOR UNITS

- A. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- B. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, support ceiling-mounted units from structure above using threaded rods; minimum rod size of 3/8 inch.
- C. Adjust supports of exposed and recessed units to draw units tight to adjoining surfaces.
- D. Protect finished surfaces of ceilings, floors, and walls that come in direct contact with units. Refinish or replaced damaged areas after units are installed.
- E. In rooms with ceilings, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units above ceilings.
- F. In rooms without ceiling, arrange piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units to provide a neat and finished appearance.
- G. Provide lateral bracing if needed to limit movement of suspended units to not more than 0.25 inch.
- H. For floor- and wall-mounted units that are exposed, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units within walls.
- I. Floor-mounted units located in mechanical rooms.
- J. Install floor-mounted units on support structure indicated on Drawings.
- K. Install floor-mounted units on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- L. Attachment: Install hardware for proper attachment to supported equipment.
- M. Grouting: Place grout under equipment supports and make bearing surface smooth.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF OUTDOOR UNITS

- A. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- B. Install outdoor units on support structures indicated on Drawings.
- C. Pad-Mounted Installations: Install outdoor units on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
 - Attachment: Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 2. Grouting: Place grout under equipment supports and make bearing surface smooth.
- D. Roof-Mounted Installations: Install outdoor units on equipment supports specified in Section 077200 "Roof Accessories." Anchor units to supports with removable, stainless-steel fasteners.

3.5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping and tubing systems. Install piping and tubing as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping and tubing in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping and tubing at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping and tubing above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- Install piping and tubing to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping and tubing at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping and tubing free of sags.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping and tubing to allow application of insulation.
- J. Install groups of pipes and tubing parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation with service access between insulated piping and tubing.
- K. Install sleeves for piping and tubing penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- L. Install escutcheons for piping and tubing penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 230518 "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."

3.6 INSTALLATION OF SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- A. General Requirements for Drain Piping and Tubing:
 - 1. Install a union in piping at each threaded unit connection.
 - 2. Install an adjustable stainless-steel hose clamp with adjustable gear operator on unit hose connections. Tighten clamp to provide a leak-free installation.
 - 3. If required for unit installation, provide a trap assembly in drain piping to prevent air circulated through unit from passing through drain piping. Comply with more stringent of the following:
 - a. Details indicated on Drawings.
 - b. Manufacturer's requirements.
 - c. Governing codes.
 - d. In the absence of requirements, comply with requirements of ASHRAE handbooks.
 - 4. Extend drain piping from units with drain connections to drain receptors as indicated on Drawings. If not indicated on Drawings, terminate drain connection at nearest accessible location that is not exposed to view by occupants.
 - 5. Provide each 90-degree change in direction with a Y- or T-fitting. Install a threaded plug connection in the dormant side of fitting or future use as a service cleanout.

B. Gravity Drains:

1. Slope piping from unit connection toward drain termination at a constant slope of not less than [one] [two] <Insert number> percent.

C. Pumped Drains:

1. If unit condensate pump or lift mechanism is not included with an integral check valve, install a full-size check valve in each branch pipe near unit connection to prevent backflow into unit.

3.7 INSTALLATION OF REFRIGERANT PIPING

- A. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:
 - Unroll and straighten tubing to suit installation. Deviations in straightness of exposed tubing shall be unnoticeable to observer.
 - 2. Support tubing using hangers and supports indicated at intervals not to exceed 5 feet. Minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - Prepare tubing ends and make mating connections to provide a pressure tight and leak-free installation.
- B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
- C. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- D. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints and fittings.
- E. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Section 083113 "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.

- F. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in protective conduit where installed belowground.
- G. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical damage.
- H. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, slope refrigerant piping and tubing as follows:
 - Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping and tubing with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
 - 2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
 - 3. Install traps to entrain oil in vertical runs.
 - 4. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- I. When brazing, remove or protect components that could be damaged by heat.
- J. Before installation, clean piping, tubing, and fittings to cleanliness level required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
- K. Joint Construction:
 - Ream ends of tubes and remove burrs.
 - 2. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of tube and fittings before assembly.
 - 3. Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.
 - a. Use Type BCuP (copper-phosphorus) alloy for joining copper fittings with copper tubing.
 - b. Use Type BAg (cadmium-free silver) alloy for joining copper with bronze.

3.8 INSTALLATION OF METAL HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC" for seismic restraints.
- B. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- C. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- D. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified.
- E. Fastener System Installation:
 - Install powder-actuated fasteners, for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4
 inches thick, in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are
 licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool
 manufacturer's operating manual.
 - 2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 3. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.
- F. Pipe Stand Installation:

- Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounted Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.
- G. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- H. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- I. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- J. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel.
 - 1. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- K. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- L. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- M. Piping and Tubing Insulation:
 - 1. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
 - 2. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
- N. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Install the following types:
 - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
 - 2. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.
 - 3. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
 - 4. Multiple horizontal pipes located indoors may use metal framing systems with split clamp attachment for each pipe in lieu if individual clevis hangers.
 - 5. Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
 - On plastic pipe, install pads or cushions on bearing surfaces to prevent hanger from scratching pipe.
- O. Horizontal Piping Hanger Spacing and Rod Size: Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 1. Sizes through NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 4. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.

- 6. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- 7. NPS 3 and Larger: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- P. Plastic Pipe Hanger and Support Spacing:
 - Space hangers and supports according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions for service conditions.
 - 2. Maximum spacing, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
- Q. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Install the following types:
 - 1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8).
 - 2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): If longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- R. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at midpoint intervals between floors, not to exceed 5 feet.
- S. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified.
- T. Use hangers, supports, and attachments with galvanized coatings unless otherwise indicated.
- U. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- V. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1 inch.
- W. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Install the following types:
 - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
 - 2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
 - 3. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
 - 4. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- X. Building Attachments: Install the following types:
 - 1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
 - 2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joist construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.
 - Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
 - 4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
 - 5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
 - 6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
 - Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
 - 8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
 - Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
 - 10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
 - 11. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
 - 12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:

- a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
- b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
- 13. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
- 14. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
- 15. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.

3.9 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements indicated on Drawings and in applicable Division 26 Sections.
- B. To extent electrical power is required for system equipment, components, and controls, and is not indicated on Drawings and addressed in the Specifications, the design for such electrical power shall be delegated to VRF HVAC system provider.
 - Delegated design of electrical power to equipment, components and controls, and associated installation shall be included at no additional cost to Owner.
- C. Connect field electrical power source to each separate electrical device requiring field electrical power. Coordinate termination point and connection type with Installer.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for wiring connections.
- E. Comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems" for grounding connections.
- F. Install nameplate or acrylic label with self-adhesive back for each electrical connection indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated phenolic layers of black with engraved white letters. Letters at least 1/2 inch high.
 - 2. Locate nameplate or label where easily visible.
- G. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for raceway selection and installation requirements for boxes, conduits, and wireways as supplemented or revised in this Section.
 - 1. Outlet boxes shall be no smaller than 2 inches wide, 3 inches high, and 2-1/2 inches deep.
 - 2. Outlet boxes for cables shall be no smaller than 4 inches square by 1-1/2 inches deep with extension ring sized to bring edge of ring to within 1/8 inch of the finished wall surface.
 - 3. Flexible metal conduit shall not be used.
- H. Comply with TIA-569-D for pull-box sizing and length of conduit and number of bends between pull points.
- I. Install manufactured conduit sweeps and long-radius elbows if possible.
- J. Install metal conduits with grounding bushings and connect with grounding conductor to grounding system.

3.10 SOFTWARE

A. Cybersecurity:

- Software:
 - a. Coordinate security requirements with IT department.
 - b. Ensure that latest stable software release is installed and properly operating.
 - c. Disable or change default passwords to password using a combination of uppercase and lower letters, numbers, and symbols at least eight characters in length. Record passwords and turn over to party responsible for system operation and administration.

Hardware:

- a. Coordinate location and access requirements with IT department .
- b. Enable highest level of wireless encryption that is compatible with Owner's ICT network.
- c. Disable dual network connections.

3.11 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."
- B. Comply with TIA-569-D, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping" Chapter.

3.12 GROUNDING INSTALLATION

- A. For data communication wiring, comply with TIA-607-B and with BICSI TDMM, "Bonding and Grounding (Earthing)" Chapter.
- B. For low-voltage control cabling, comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."

3.13 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system equipment, piping, tubing, and valves. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- B. Identify system electrical and controls components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Identify each control cable on each end and at each terminal with a number-coded identification tag. Each cable shall have a unique tag.

3.14 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Products will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.15 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's service representative to perform system(s) startup service.
 - Service representative shall be an employee or a factory-trained and -authorized service representative of VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - 2. Complete startup service of each separate system.
 - 3. Complete system startup service according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Startup checks shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Check control communications of equipment and each operating component in system(s).
 - 2. Check each indoor unit's response to demand for cooling and heating.
 - 3. Check each indoor unit's response to changes in airflow settings.
 - 4. Check each indoor unit and outdoor unit for proper condensate removal.
 - 5. Check sound levels of each indoor and outdoor unit.
- C. Installer shall accompany manufacturer's service representative during startup service and provide manufacturer's service representative with requested documentation and technical support during startup service.
 - 1. Installer shall correct deficiencies found during startup service for reverification.
- D. System Operation Report:
 - 1. After completion of startup service, manufacturer shall issue a report for each separate system.
 - 2. Report shall include complete documentation describing each startup check, the result, and any corrective action required.
 - 3. Manufacturer shall electronically record not less than [two] <Insert number> hours of continuous operation of each system and submit with report for historical reference.
 - a. All available system operating parameters shall be included in the information submitted.

E. Witness:

Invite Owner to witness startup service procedures.

3.16 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust equipment and components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points. Adjust initial airflow settings and discharge airflow patterns.
- C. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges according to VRF HVAC system manufacturer's written instructions, and as indicated.
- D. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.17 PROTECTION

- A. Protect products from moisture and water damage. Remove and replace products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- B. Protect equipment from physical damage. Replace equipment with physical damage that cannot be repaired to new condition. Observable surface imperfections shall be grounds for removal and replacement.
- Protect equipment from electrical damage. Replace equipment suffering electrical damage.
- D. Cover and seal openings of equipment to keep inside of equipment clean. Do not remove covers until finish work is complete.

3.18 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of system Installer who are manufacturer's authorized service representative. Include two service visits for preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper equipment and system operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.

3.19 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

- A. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for two years.
- B. Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install and program software upgrades that become available within two years from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.
 - Upgrade Notice: At least 30 days to allow Owner to schedule and access the system and to upgrade computer equipment if necessary.

3.20 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's employed training instructor or factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain entire system.
- B. Instructor:
 - 1. Instructor shall be factory trained and certified by VRF HVAC system manufacturer with current training on the system(s), equipment, and controls that are installed.
 - 2. Instructor's credentials shall be submitted for review by Architect before scheduling training.
 - 3. Instructor(s) primary job responsibility shall be Owner training.
 - Instructor(s) shall have not less than three years of training experience with VRF HVAC system
 manufacturer and past training experience on at least three projects of comparable size and
 complexity.
- C. Schedule and Duration:

- 1. Schedule training with Owner at least 20 business days before first training session.
- 2. Training shall occur before Owner occupancy.
- 3. Training shall be held at mutually agreed date and time during normal business hours.
- 4. Each training day shall not exceed eight hours of training. Daily training schedule shall allow time for one -hour lunch period and 15 -minute break after every two hours of training.
- 5. Perform not less than eight total hours of training.
- D. Location: Owner shall provide a suitable on-site location to host classroom training.
- E. Training Attendees: Assume three people.
- F. Training Attendance: For record purposes, document training attendees at the start of each new training session. Record attendee's name, signature, phone number, and e-mail address.
- G. Training Format: Individual training modules shall include classroom training followed by hands-on field demonstration and training.
- H. Training Materials: Provide training materials in electronic format to each attendee.
 - Include instructional videos showing general operation and maintenance that are coordinated with operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Video record each classroom training session and submit an electronic copy to Owner before requesting Owner acceptance of training.
- Acceptance: Obtain Owner written acceptance that training is complete and requirements indicated have been satisfied.

END OF SECTION 238129

SECTION 238219 - FAN COIL UNITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Ductless fan coil units and accessories.
 - 2. Ducted fan coil units and accessories.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fan coil units to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - a. Maintenance schedules and repair part lists for motors, coils, integral controls, and filters.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of fan coil units and suspension system components with other construction that penetrates or is supported by ceilings, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression-system components, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DUCTLESS FAN COIL UNITS

- A. Fan Coil Unit Configurations: Row split.
 - 1. Number of Heating Coils: One with two-pipe system.

- B. Cabinet: Steel with baked-enamel finish in manufacturer's standard paint color as selected by Architect.
 - 1. Vertical Unit Front Panels: Removable, steel, with integral stamped discharge grille and channel-formed edges, cam fasteners, and insulation on back of panel.
 - 2. Horizontal Unit Bottom Panels: Fastened to unit with cam fasteners and hinge and attached with safety chain; with integral stamped discharge grilles.
 - 3. Steel recessing flanges for recessing fan coil units into ceiling or wall.
- C. Hydronic Coils: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch, rated for a minimum working pressure of 200 psig and a maximum entering-water temperature of 220 deg F. Include manual air vent and drain valve.
- D. Fan and Motor Board: Removable.
 - 1. Fan: Forward curved, double width, centrifugal; directly connected to motor. Thermoplastic or painted-steel wheels, and aluminum, painted-steel, or galvanized-steel fan scrolls.
 - 2. Motor: Electronically commutated motor, multispeed; resiliently mounted on motor board.
 - 3. Wiring Termination: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.
- E. Hydronic Piping ASTM B 88, Type L copper tube with wrought-copper fittings and brazed joints. Label piping to indicate service, inlet, and outlet.

F.

- G. Basic Unit Controls:
 - 1. Control voltage transformer.
 - 2. Unit-mounted thermostat with the following features:
 - a. Heat-cool-off switch.
 - b. Fan on-auto switch.
 - c. Fan-speed switch.
 - d. Manual changeover.
 - e. Adjustable deadband.
 - f. Exposed set point.
 - g. Exposed indication.
 - h. Degree F indication.
 - 3. Unoccupied-period-override push button.
 - Data entry and access port.
 - a. Input data includes room temperature, and humidity set points and occupied and unoccupied periods.
 - b. Output data includes room temperature and humidity, supply-air temperature, entering-water temperature, operating mode, and status.
- H. Terminal Controller:
 - Scheduled Operation: Occupied and unoccupied periods on seven-day clock with a minimum of four programmable periods per day.
 - 2. Unoccupied-Period-Override Operation: Two hours.
 - 3. Unit Supply-Air Fan Operation:

- a. Fan cycles to maintain room temperature.
- Heating-Coil Operation:
 - Occupied Periods: Open control valve to provide heating if room temperature falls below thermostat set point.
 - b. Unoccupied Periods: Start fan and open control valve if room temperature falls below setback temperature.
- 5. Controller shall have volatile-memory backup.
- I. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors and controls for a single electrical connection. Electrical connection provided by three-prong plug where indicated on drawings.

a.

2.2 DUCTED FAN COIL UNITS

- A. Fan Coil Unit Configurations: Row split.
 - 1. Number of Heating Coils: One with two-pipe system.
- B. Cabinets: Steel with baked-enamel finish in manufacturer's standard paint color.
- Filters: Minimum arrestance and a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) according to ASHRAE 52.2 and all addendums.
- D. MERV Rating: 6 when tested according to ASHRAE 52.2.
- E. Hydronic Coils: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch, rated for a minimum working pressure of 200 psig and a maximum entering-water temperature of 220 deg F. Include manual air vent and drain.
- F. Direct-Driven Fans: Double width, forward curved, centrifugal; with permanently lubricated, multispeed motor resiliently mounted in the fan inlet. Aluminum or painted-steel wheels, and painted-steel or galvanized-steel fan scrolls.
- G. Hydronic Piping: ASTM B 88, Type L copper tube with wrought-copper fittings and brazed joints. Label piping to indicate service, inlet, and outlet.

1.

- H. Basic Unit Controls:
 - 1. Control voltage transformer.
 - 2. Wall-mounting thermostat with the following features.
 - a. Heat-cool-off switch.
 - b. Fan on-auto switch.
 - c. Fan-speed switch.
 - d. Automatic changeover.

- e. Adjustable deadband.
- f. Exposed set point.
- g. Exposed indication.
- h. Degree F indication.
- 3. Data entry and access port.
 - a. Input data includes room temperature, and humidity set points and occupied and unoccupied periods.
 - b. Output data includes room temperature and humidity, supply-air temperature, entering-water temperature, operating mode, and status.

I. Terminal Controller:

- 1. Scheduled Operation: Occupied and unoccupied periods on seven-day clock with a minimum of four programmable periods per day.
- 2. Unit Supply-Air Fan Operation:
 - a. Occupied Periods: Fan runs continuously.
 - b. Unoccupied Periods: Fan cycles to maintain room setback temperature.
- 3. Heating-Coil Operation:
 - Occupied Periods: Open control valve to provide heating if room temperature falls below thermostat set point.
 - b. Unoccupied Periods: Start fan and open control valve if room temperature falls below setback temperature.
- 4. Controller shall have volatile-memory backup.
- J. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors and controls for a single electrical connection.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, with Installer present, to receive fan coil units for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations before fan coil unit installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fan coil units level and plumb.
- B. Install fan coil units to comply with NFPA 90A.
- C. Suspend fan coil units from structure with elastomeric hangers. Vibration isolators are specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC Piping and Equipment."

- D. Verify locations of thermostats, humidistats, and other exposed control sensors with Drawings and room details before installation. Install devices 48 inches above finished floor.
- E. Install new filters in each fan coil unit within two weeks after Substantial Completion.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties. Specific connection requirements are as follows:
 - 1. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.
 - Connect piping to fan coil unit factory hydronic piping package. Install piping package if shipped loose.
 - 3. Connect condensate drain to indirect waste.
 - Install condensate trap of adequate depth to seal against fan pressure. Install cleanouts in piping at changes of direction.
- B. Connect supply-air and return-air ducts to fan coil units with flexible duct connectors specified in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories." Comply with safety requirements in UL 1995 for duct connections.
- C. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
 - 2. Operate electric heating elements through each stage to verify proper operation and electrical connections.
 - Test and adjust controls and safety devices. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points.

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B. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

END OF SECTION 238219

SECTION 238233 - CONVECTORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes hydronic convectors.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONVECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
- B. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide [product indicated on Drawings] <Insert manufacturer's name; product name or designation> or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Sterling HVAC Products; a Mestek company.
 - 2. Trane.
- C. Heating Elements: Seamless copper tubing mechanically expanded into evenly spaced aluminum fins and rolled into cast-iron or brass headers with inlet/outlet and air vent; steel side plates and supports. Factory-pressure-test element at minimum 100 psig.
- D. Front and Top Panel: Minimum 0.0528-inch- thick steel with exposed corners rounded; removable front panels with tamper-resistant fasteners braced and reinforced for stiffness.
- E. Floor-Mounted Pedestals: Conceal conduit for power and control wiring at maximum 36-inch spacing. Pedestal-mounted back panel shall be solid panel matching front panel.
- F. Support Brackets: Locate at maximum 36-inch spacing to support front panel and element.

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- G. Insulation: 1/2-inch- thick, fibrous glass on inside of the back of the enclosure.
- H. Finish: Baked-enamel finish in manufacturer's [standard] [custom] color as selected by Architect.
- I. Damper: Knob-operated internal damper.
- J. Access Doors: Factory made, permanently hinged with tamper-resistant fastener, minimum size 6 by 7 inches, integral with enclosure.
- K. Enclosure Style: Flat top.
 - 1. Front Inlet Grille: Punched louver; painted to match enclosure.
 - 2. Front Inlet Grille: Extruded-aluminum linear bar grille; pencil-proof bar spacing.
 - a. Mill-finish aluminum.
 - b. Anodized finish, color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
 - Painted to match enclosure.
 - 3. Front Outlet Grille: Extruded-aluminum linear bar grille; pencil-proof bar spacing.
 - a. Mill-finish aluminum.
 - b. Anodized finish, color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
 - c. Painted to match enclosure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas to receive convectors for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for hydronic-piping connections to verify actual locations before installation of convector.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install convectors level and plumb.
- B. Install valves within reach of access door provided in enclosure.
- C. Install air-seal gasket between wall and recessed flanges or front cover of fully recessed unit.
- D. Install piping within pedestals for freestanding units.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping" and Section 232116 "Hydronic Piping Specialties." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

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- B. Connect hot-water convectors and components to piping according to Section 232113 "Hydronic Piping" and Section 232116 "Hydronic Piping Specialties."
 - 1. Install shutoff valves on inlet and outlet, and balancing valve on outlet.

C.

D. Install piping to convectors to allow service and maintenance.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following field tests and inspections:
 - 1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Convectors will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 238233

SECTION 26 00 00-COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Electrical materials and installation instruction common to most electrical systems and components including but not limited to: equipment, raceways, fittings, sleeve/seals, sleeves, wires & connectors, conductors, demolition, equipment installation requirements common to equipment sections, painting and finishing, concrete bases, supports and anchorages, general coordination, electrical wiring and device coordination.

1.2 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Following is a list of abbreviations generally used in Division 26.
 - 1. AHJ Authority Having Jurisdiction.
 - 2. ETL Electric Testing Laboratories.
 - 3. NEC National Electric Code.
 - 4. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association.
 - 5. NFPA National Fire Protection Association.
 - 6. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
 - 7. UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
- B. Terms used on the drawings or in the specifications shall have the following meanings:
 - Approved Equal: An Item suggested by the Contractor that is allowed by the Engineer to replace an item listed in the Specifications or Drawings. The burden of proof of equality is the responsibility of the Contractor.
 - 2. Furnish: Supply and deliver, ready for installation, assembly or intended use, all materials, labor, equipment, testing apparatus, controls, tests, accessories, and all other items customarily required for the proper and complete application for the particular work referred to.
 - 3. Install: Includes unloading, unpacking, assembling, erecting, installation, applying, finishing, protecting, cleaning and similar operations at the project site as required to complete all items of work as required for the intended use/operation including all testing, certification, commissioning, and other requirements for final turnover to the Owner.
 - 4. Provide: "Furnish" and "Install".
 - 5. Owner Furnished, Contractor Installed: The Owner will furnish at his cost and the Contractor shall receive, protect, store and install in the performance of the Work.
 - 6. Finished Spaces: Spaces other than electrical equipment rooms, furred spaces, pipe and duct shafts, unheated spaces immediately below roof, spaces above ceilings, unexcavated spaces, crawlspaces, and tunnels.
 - 7. Exposed, Exterior Installations: Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions. Examples include rooftop locations.
 - 8. Concealed, Interior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants. Examples include installations above ceilings, in shafts, trenches, partitions, or other enclosures.
 - 9. Concealed, Exterior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from weather conditions and physical contact by building occupants but subject to outdoor ambient temperatures. Examples include installations embedded in or below masonry or concrete construction, earthwork/trenches, within unheated shelters, crawl spaces or enclosures.

- 10. Wiring: All wires, raceways, fittings, conductors, connectors, tape, junction and outlet boxes, connectors, splices, and all other items necessary and/or required in connection with such work.
- 11. Raceway: All raceways, conduit, fittings, hangers, supports, sleeves, etc.

1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Examine the Drawings, specifications and other Contract Documents relating to the Work and the work of all trades and become fully informed as to the extent and character of work required. Coordinate all work with that of others to ensure proper and complete installation of all materials, equipment and supports. It is the intent of the drawings, specifications and related contract Documents to provide a complete working installation of all systems and equipment called for, in proper operating condition, finished, tested and ready for its intended use (hereinafter "Design Intent"). Provide all items not specifically shown on the drawings, called for in the specifications or related Contract Documents, but required to conform to the labor, material and equipment to achieve the Design Intent all and scaffolding, access provisions, tools, appliances, consumables, fees, permits and licenses, debris removal/disposal, supervision and labor, including required start-up, check-out and training to provide complete and fully operable systems in full compliance with the Contract Documents.
- B. Before submitting a bid and prior to the start of work, Contractor shall examine all conditions relating to the Work, including that associated with the work of other trades upon which Contractor's work may rely or otherwise depend, to achieve the Design Intent, in accordance with the best trade practices, workmanship and highest quality product installation, taking into account the sequence of the work, delivery, storage and hoisting requirements, requirements for access, testing and temporary services and all other site limitations and project complexities. Report to the Architect/Engineer any conditions which might prevent installation of materials and/or equipment in the manner intended by the Contract Documents or contrary to applicable codes, standards or regulations.
- C. No consideration or allowance will be granted for any alleged misunderstanding of materials, equipment or components to be furnished or work to be done; it being agreed that tender of proposal carries with it agreement to items, terms and conditions required by the Contract Documents.
- D. Site Visit Visit the site and verify the exact conditions relating to the work and obtain such information as may be necessary to present a complete and comprehensive bid. No allowance will be made for any extra expense due to Contractor's failure to make such a visit and reasonably verify all actual/existing conditions. In the event of a conflict between existing conditions and the requirements of the Contract Documents, perform the necessary work to conform to Design Intent. The Owner or his representative will be the sole individual to interpret the intent of the Drawings in the event of a conflict between (1) existing conditions and those shown on the drawings, or (2) quality of existing material and quality of material indicated on the drawings or in the specifications. Wherever a conflict such as this occurs, the higher standard shall prevail.

1.4 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

A. When applicable, Contractor acknowledges the ongoing operations of the Owner at or in close proximity to the Project and agrees to coordinate the timing of the Work with the Owner's ongoing operations; perform the Work in a manner that minimizes or eliminates and adverse impact upon the Owner's ongoing operations; confine operations at the site to areas approved by Owner, permitted by law, permits and the Contract Documents; comply with the Owner's standard

- security, health and safety policies and procedures; not unreasonably encumber the site with any materials or equipment; and not place signs or advertising on or about the site without prior approval of Owner.
- B. Where applicable, all seismic construction, restraints, bracing, mounts and hanging systems shall be in full compliance with the requirements of all Authorities Having Jurisdiction (AHJ's), preapproval, certification and engineering (including certified engineering calculations and stamps). Contractor shall be solely responsible for obtaining and complying with all requirements of the AHJ.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Reference Division 1 for submittal requirements.
- B. Submittal Schedule Provide a detailed submittal schedule including all requirements of this Division and its subdivisions to the Architect and Engineer within thirty (30) days of contract award.
 - 1. Contractor shall submit for the Engineer's approval a Submittal Schedule for the performance of the work that is consistent with the requirements of the project schedule. The Submittal Schedule shall allow reasonable time for the Architect and other consultants review as specified in Division 1 Submittal Procedures. If the time for Architects/Engineers review is not otherwise specified, the review period (from date of receipt) shall be fifteen (15) business days. Once approved by the Architect/Engineer, submittal dates and time limits established by the Submittal Schedule shall not, except for reasonable cause, be changed or exceeded by the Contractor.
 - 2. For each submittal required by the Contract Documents the schedule shall include: specification section number, subsection/paragraph identification number, item description (as stated in the applicable specification section, subsection or other Contract Document) and the scheduled delivery date to the Architect/Engineer.
 - 3. Contractor shall be responsible to the Architect/Engineer and/or Owner for all costs, expenses and impact to the project schedule resulting from any deviation to the approved Submittal Schedule, including but not limited to; payment for required overtime, out-of-house resources/consultants or other higher cost resources of the Architect/Engineer as may be required to perform out of sequence, stacked, critical, delayed, unscheduled or multiple reviews of required submittals necessitated by rejection of a prior submittal, (cumulatively and hereinafter, "Additional Review Costs")

C. General

- 1. Review is for general conformance with the Contract Documents and is not intended to otherwise approve or verify dimensions, quantities, or to coordinate the Work shown on shop drawings on or between Contractor and the work of other trades or Sections. Contractor is solely responsible for quantities, dimensions, means and methods. Dimensions shall be confirmed and correlated by Contractor at the jobsite prior to the start of the Work (procurement, fabrication, construction or other commencement activities). Contractor's failure to fully verify conditions at the jobsite prior to commencement of the work shall not relieve Contractor of its obligations under the Contract Documents and Contractor shall be responsible for all damages caused by or related to its failure to comply with the requirements of this provision.
- Submittal review shall be performed to show compliance with the design intent.
 Contractor shall specifically note any deviations from the Contract Documents and
 explain the reason and nature of the deviation. Such deviations will be reviewed or
 rejected on the submittal. Deviations not so identified shall not relieve the Contractor from
 the requirements of the Contract Documents.

- 3. Resubmittals will be reviewed for compliance with comment(s) made on the original submittal only. Architect/Engineer shall not be responsible for changes made upon resubmittal that are not clearly identified (highlighted), and respond directly to the initial rejection. Resubmittals should not be packaged with non-related first time submittals, all resubmittals must be marked with the resubmittal number and date and must otherwise comply with all submittal requirements.
- 4. Submit shop drawings, commissioning plan(s) and checklists, penetration locations, supplemental data, etc. as may be required by the Contract Documents for all materials, equipment and other components of the work included in all Sections of the Division and other provisions of the Contract Documents in accordance with the requirements of this Division and Division 1.
- 5. All submittals must be reviewed by Contractor, and bear Contractors review stamp and signoff for Conformity to the Contract Documents, prior to the submission of any required submittal to Architect/Engineer. Submittals that fail to meet this requirement will be considered incomplete, will not be reviewed by Architect/Engineer and will be returned to Contractor, without review and/or rejected and resubmittal will be required. Contractor shall be solely responsible for any and all Additional Review Costs and/or other project costs or schedule impact.
- 6. Forward all submittals to Architect/Engineer in a coherent, organized fashion, complete and packaged as required herein, Architect/Engineer may reject submittals that fail to comply with this or any other provision of the Contract Documents and Contractor shall be solely responsible for any and all Additional Review Costs and/or other project costs or schedule impact.
- 7. Subject to other provisions of the Contract Documents and in the absence of a more stringent requirement, Architect/Engineer will review a submittal not more than two (2) times. Contractor shall be solely responsible for any and all Additional Review Costs and/or other project costs or schedule impact.
- 8. Identify each submittal item by reference to Specification Section paragraph in which item is specified, or drawing/detail number, as applicable. In addition, for equipment submittals, include identification numbers appearing on the equipment schedule.
- 9. Identify each item by manufacturer, brand, trade name, number, size, rating, or whatever other data is necessary to properly identify and check materials and equipment. Words "as specified" are not sufficient identification.
- 10. Organize submittals in same sequence as they appear in specification sections, articles or paragraphs.
- 11. All materials and equipment submittals shall have a summary sheet at the front complete with catalog numbers. Where materials or equipment pertain to more than one building,, submittals shall clearly indicate at which locations the materials or equipment is to be installed.
- 12. Submittals shall show physical arrangement, construction details, finishes, materials used in fabrications, provisions for piping and/or conduit entrance, access requirements for installation and maintenance, physical size and dimension, electrical characteristics and requirements, foundation/curbs and all permanent and temporary support details as well as all information relating to weight, including but not limited to live and dead weights.

D. Catalog Cuts & Submittal Literature

Catalog cuts, submittal literature and published material may be included to supplement scale drawings.

- 1. Prepare submittals electronically in accordance with the following and Division 1
- 2. Submittal literature, drawings and diagrams shall be specifically applicable to this project and shall not contain extraneous material or optional choices. Clearly mark literature to indicate the proposed item. Substitutions: Comply with Division 1 Product Substitution Procedures.

E. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Shop drawings shall include all significant Division systems, equipment and components, including but not limited to all terminal devices, connections and elevations. Include all related specialty rooms (i.e. electrical, data/technology). Drawings shall be at a minimum scale of ¼" per 1'-0" and shall be fully coordinated with the work of other trades and/or Sections.
- 2. Identify congested areas and clearly indicate solutions to space problems, developed in conjunction with the work of other trades and/or Sections. Identification of space problems without proposed solutions is not acceptable and is grounds for rejection. For such areas indicate, superimposed, the work of all trades and/or Sections involved and:
 - Clearly identify each area of congestion and deviations from the Contract Documents, and:
 - Proposed solution(s), clearly documented and signed-off by all other trades and/or Sections involved.
- F. Anchorage and Supports: Submit details and calculations for support and anchors that are not specifically detailed on the drawings. All calculations must meet 2010 CBC.
 - 1. Provide details and calculations for electrical equipment per CBC 2010:
 - a. Having an operating weight over 400 pounds or more and mounted directly to the floor.
 - b. Having an operating weight over 20 pounds and suspended from the roof, floor, or wall or supported by vibration isolation devices.
 - 2. Where pre-approved bracing systems will be employed, submit:
 - a. System component brochure describing components used and detailed installation instructions.
 - b. Loads to be transmitted to the structure at anchor points.
 - 3. Where anchorage, support, and bracing are not detailed on the drawings, and preapproved systems are not used, submit details and calculations of proposed systems. Include:
 - a. Anchorage and Supports
 - Where equipment substitutions change the weight, size, configuration, or other aspects of systems and equipment that will affect the performance of anchorages and/or supports, submit calculations for proposed anchors and supports, and install them as shown in these calculations.
 - Where substitutions will have no effect on anchors and supports detailed on Contract Documents, submit information on sizes, weights, center of gravity and other relevant information to demonstrate this fact.
- G. Shop Fabrication Drawings: Drawings are for the Contractor's use and shall be its responsibility. Do not submit shop fabrication documents unless specifically requested.
- H. Testing and Balancing: Coordinate Shop Drawings to include any additional components for proper system testing and balancing.
- I. Certificates: Submit final inspection certificates signed by governing authorities.
- J. Operating and Maintenance Instructions and Manuals.
 - Instructions on major items, including but not limited to: switchgear, generators, pumps, air compressors, water heaters, water softeners, specialty units, fans, air handlers, AC units and temperature controls, shall be by representative of manufacturer of respective equipment.
 - 2. Submit as identified below and as directed in Division 1.
 - a. Names, addresses and phone numbers of contractors and subcontractors.

 Alphabetical list of all system components, with the name, address, and 24-hour

- phone number of the company responsible for servicing each item during the first vear of operation.
- b. Complete operating and maintenance instructions and parts lists of all equipment and component parts. Data sheets to show complete internal wiring, and electrical ratings and characteristics, catalog data on component parts whether furnished by equipment manufacturer or others, names, addresses and telephone numbers of source of supply for parts subject to wear or failure, and description of operating, test, adjustment, and maintenance procedures.
 - 1) Where data sheets included in manual cover equipment, options, or other features not part of equipment actually furnished, line out these references or otherwise clearly mark so remaining text, diagrams, drawings, schedules, and similar information shall apply specifically to equipment furnished.
- c. Operating Instructions should include, but not be limited to:
 - 1) Normal starting, operational and shutdown procedures, including emergency procedures for each type of equipment/system.
 - 2) Equipment wiring diagrams.
 - 3) All other items as may be specified/required by this Section and the Contract Documents.
- d. Maintenance Instructions
 - 1) All items as may be specified/required by this Section and the Contract Documents.
- e. Manufacturers Data (each piece of equipment)
 - 1) Installation instructions
 - 2) Drawings & specifications
 - 3) Parts List, including recommended stock and long lead parts/components.
 - 4) Wiring and riser diagrams.
 - 5) Warranties and guarantees for all equipment, materials and components, including repair, replacement and labor from both Contractor and manufacturer as required by the Contract Documents.
 - 6) Certificates of Installation manufacturer's certification of supervision during equipment installation and start-up procedures.
 - 7) Instruction certificates certificates of compliance with Sections specific training and instruction programs.
 - 8) All other items as may be specified/required by this Section and the Contract Documents.

K. Record Documents.

- Maintain one (1) complete set of blueline prints and specifications at the job site exclusively for recording deviations from the drawings which are necessary because of job conditions, request for information and/or approved change orders. Record locations and depths of buried and concealed conduits or other systems components from fixed, easily identifiable objects, such as building walls or other fixed physical objects. Where conduits are concealed in walls or other fixed physical objects, indicate distances from building corners or other building features not likely to be disturbed by fixture alterations. Drawings, specifications (as-builts) and approved submittals.
- 2. Where the project use a BIM model the contractor shall keep the model updated in a similar fashion, maintaining the current project record as described in (a), above and submit, an addition to all other requirements of this Section and other provisions of the Contract Documents a complete and accurate BIM model for the project.
- 3. Prior to Substantial Completion, obtain from the Architect a complete set of electronic CADD drawings. Record all revisions to these drawings to indicate as-built conditions. Indicate all changes, including RFI's, on this set of documents. Submit one set of blueprints of these revised drawings for review. Make necessary changes and deliver to Architect one set of reproducibles and one electronic copy, including and BIM model, upon Final Completion and Acceptance. Refer to Division 1 for additional requirements.

- 4. Provide full size copies of record one-line diagrams, in metal frames with glass front.

 Obtain Record prints from Owner's Representative at Contractor's cost and have prints framed by a firm normally engaged in this work. Locate diagrams as directed.
- 5. All test reports, certifications, and inspection reports.
- 6. AHJ/Specialty AHJ Approvals (i.e. Fire Marshal and/or Fire Department system approvals).
- 7. Substantial and Final inspection certificate signed by governing authorities.
- 8. All other items as may be specified/required by this Section and/or other provisions of the Contract Documents.

1.6 EQUIPMENT DEVIATIONS & SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. See Division 1 for requirements and procedures related to Deviations and Substitutions. Unless specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents, a minimum of two (2) weeks shall be allowed for evaluation. The burden of all systems re-engineering/design, testing, suitability and constructability is solely placed upon the Contractor for all deviations from the basis of design as reflected in the Contract Documents.
- B. No substitutions will be allowed and/or considered unless the description of a product includes the phrase "approved equal" and then only upon a determination as to equivalency and impact upon the project budget, schedule and the work of others, including any redesign of the project or its system components by the Architect, Engineer or other trades. The final determination as to sufficiency or acceptance of any such substitution and/or deviation properly requested and submitted by Contractor will lie solely with the Architect/Engineer. Contractor may not implement substitutions that have not been approved by Architect/Engineer.
- C. Where the contractor proposes to use and item of equipment other than that specified or detailed on the drawings which requires any redesign of any portion of the project, including but not limited to the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, structure, or architectural design or any of their respective subcomponents. Contractor shall be responsible to the Architect/Engineer and/or Owner for all costs, expenses and impact to the project budget and/or schedule resulting from any required investigation, analysis or redesign, including but not limited to; payment for required overtime, out-of-house resources/consultants or other higher cost resources of the Architect/Engineer, Owner or AHJ as may be required to perform the investigation, analysis or redesign (cumulatively and hereinafter, "Deviation Review Costs")
- D. If approved by Architect/Engineer, all such redesign, including all new drawings and detailing required, will be prepared by the Architect/Engineer and their sub-consultants for Change Order documentation for approval by Owner and the Authority Having Jurisdiction will be paid by the Contractor as part of the Deviation Review Costs.
- E. Were such approved deviation requires a different quantity and arrangement of equipment, wiring, conduit, supports, foundations, pads, curbs, or equipment from that specified or indicated on the drawings or other Contract Documents, Contractor shall be responsible for all such costs, including the work of other trades and shall be solely responsible to furnish and install any such ductwork, piping, structural supports, insulation, controllers, motors, starters, electrical wiring and conduit, and any other additional equipment required by the system at no additional cost or schedule impact to the project (cumulatively and hereinafter "Deviation Construction Costs".

1.7 COORDINATION

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- A. Drawings and corresponding electronic media are diagrammatic, and indicate the general arrangement of systems and work included in the Work. Consult the drawings, details and other electronic media for locations of fixtures and equipment; where same are not definitely located, obtain this information from the Architect/Engineer.
- B. The drawings and related electronic media have been made to scale with the best knowledge of conditions, dimensions and space requirements available at the time of design and shall be followed as closely as possible during performance of the Work and coordination with the work of others. The forgoing however shall not relieve Contractor from its responsibility to verify all conditions. Dimensions and space requirements prior to commencement of the Work and to immediately report any errors or discrepancies to the Architect/Engineer.
- C. Check drawings and related electronic media of other trades to verify spaces and conditions in which work will be performed prior to commencement of the work.
- D. If directed by the Architect/Engineer or required for proper installation, execution and coordination of the work, the Contractor shall, without extra charge, make reasonable modifications in the layout as needed.
- E. Take all dimensions from Architectural and Structural Drawings, certified equipment drawings and from the actual field measurements before fabricating work. All conflicts shall immediately be reported to the Architect/Engineer. Contractor is solely responsible for conflicts known or which reasonably should have been know but not reported or resolved before commencement of the work.
- F. Equipment furnished shall fit in allocated space with due provision for manufacturer's recommended access and proper maintenance requirements. Verify and coordinate space requirements with all trades and equipment which comprise the Work.
- G. Prior to construction, coordinate the Work with that of other trades and building components. Prepare coordination drawings (or other specified electronic media) for all major trades, utilities and other primary systems routing in conjunction with the contract documents to maximize the pre-installation planning and coordination of trades, utilities and systems and minimize the requirement to manage field coordination through the RFI's, ASI's or other similar processes.
- H. Coordinate connection of systems with interior/exterior underground and overhead utilities and services. Comply with requirements of governing regulations, franchised service companies, and controlling agencies.
- I. Before starting work, carefully examine the site and all Contract Documents. Become thoroughly familiar with new and existing conditions governing work on this project. Verify indicated elevations, building measurements, rough-in dimensions and equipment locations before proceeding with any of the work.
- J. Drawings shall be accurately scaled to 1/8 inch 1 foot or larger using the same version of AutoCAD or other electronic media as used by Architect/Engineer. Drawings shall include all addenda and Change Order items.
- K. Contractor shall be solely responsible for coordination and shall bear the cost of its failure to coordinate installation or of failure to advise Architect/Engineer of installation conflicts.
- L. Sequence, coordinate, and integrate installations of systems materials and equipment for efficient flow of the Work. Coordinate installation of large equipment requiring positioning prior to building enclosure.

1.8 ELECTRICAL WIRING AND COORDINATION

- A. In general, power wiring will be provided under DIVISION 26 ELECTRICAL, and control wiring will be provided under DIVISION 23 HVAC, unless otherwise specified.
- B. The following schedule summarizes the division or work and material responsibilities.

ITEM	FURNISHED UNDER	SET IN PLACE OR MOUNTED UNDER	WIRED AND CONNECTED UNDER
Equipment motors	MD 1	MD 1	ED 2
Resistance heaters	MD	MD	ED
Fire protection controls, including remote switches, flow switches	MD	MD	ED
Liquid chiller starters, where specified	MD	MD	ED
Motor controls where specified as an integral package	MD	MD	ED
Motor controllers	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Resistance type heater controllers	MD 6	ED 4	ED
Magnetic contactors and magnetic starters with overload trip assembly	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Integral control transformers	MD 6	ED 4	ED
Cover-mounted control devices	MD 6	ED 4	ED
Manual motor starters with overload trip assembly	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Motor starter switches	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Disconnect switches fused and unfused	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Thermal or thermal-magnetic circuit breakers	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Fuses	ED 4	ED 4	ED
Duct smoke detectors	ED	MD	ED 3
Smoke and fire/smoke dampers (with and without end switches)	MD	MD	ED 3
Control power source for temperature and equipment control panels	ED	ED	ED
Electric temperature control relays and miscellaneous devices	MD	MD 5	MD 5
Level and float switches	MD	MD 5	MD 5

Pipe mounted control devices such as flow switches, flow sensors, valves, and wells.	MD	MD 5	MD 5
Thermostats and space sensors.	MD	MD 5	MD 5
Duct mounted control devices such as temperature, humidity, flow and pressure sensors.	MD	MD 5	MD 5
Damper actuators.	MD	MD 5	MD 5
Control dampers.	MD	MD	
Medical Gas Alarms	MD	MD	ED
Variable frequency drives (vfd) specified to be mounted on or in the mechanical equipment.	MD	MD	ED
VFD specified to be mounted separately from the mechanical equipment	MD	ED	ED

C. Notes: (1) MD: Mechanical Divisions 21, 22, 23. (2) ED: Electrical Division 26. (3) Fire Alarm related and power wiring provided under Division 26; Control-related wiring and relays provided under Division 21, 22, 23. (4) If furnished as part of factory equipment under Division 21, 22, 23, wiring and connections only by Electrical Division 26. (5) If any control devices carry the Full Load Current to any motor, they shall be furnished under Division 21, 22, 23, but shall be set in place and connected under Division 26. (6) Except where indicated as part of a motor control center on the Electrical Drawings. (7) Division 26 shall provide the logic contact closure and the wiring to the local DDC temperature control panel. Division 26 shall also provide interface with the fire alarm system, proof of flow devices (duct/fan air flow switches), connecting wiring, smoke control logic, panel, relays, damper monitoring, and associated devices for a complete smoke control system.

1.9 ACCESSIBILITY

- A. Contractor is responsible for verifying that equipment and devices will fit within the space shown on the drawings. Contractor shall locate all equipment which must be serviced, operated or maintained, if fully accessible positions.
- B. Minor deviations from the drawings may be made to allow for better accessibility, but changes of magnitude or which involve extra cost shall not be made without approval from the Architect/Engineer.

1.10 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum 5 years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with a minimum of 5 years documented experience. Company personnel shall be approved by manufacturer for all product installations and required training.

- C. Conform to all applicable standards, codes and regulation and industry best practice requirements.
- D. All materials and equipment shall be new, shall bear manufacturer's name, and shall conform to the grade, quality and standards specified herein. Type, capacity and application shall be suitable and capable of satisfactory operation for the purpose intended. All equipment and components shall include UL label and/or marking on equipment body/device including manufacturer's name, pressure rating(s), electrical classification(s), limits and ratings as applicable to individual components for the purpose specified and intended.
- E. Equipment Selection: All items of a given type shall be the product of the same manufacturer. Equipment of greater or larger power, dimensions, capacities, and ratings may be considered provided such proposed equipment is approved in writing by Architect/Engineer and connecting electrical services, circuit breakers, conduit, motors, bases, and equipment spaces are increased. See Deviations & Substitutions for requirements. No additional costs will be approved for these increases, if larger equipment is approved. If minimum energy ratings of efficiencies of the equipment are specified, the equipment must meet the design requirements and commissioning requirements.
- F. Listing and labeling: Provide motors that are listed and labeled. Terms "listed and labeled": as defined by UL, NEC, Article 100 or other applicable recognized agency as specified in the Contract Documents.
- G. Cutting & Patching: Unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, Contractor shall be responsible for all cutting, fitting and patching required to complete the Work, or to make portions of the Work and existing conditions fit together properly, and all such areas shall be restored to the conditions existing prior to the cutting, fitting and patching unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.
- H. Contractor shall promptly correct any portion of the Work that is defective or not in accordance with the Contract Documents or rejected ty the Architect/Engineer or Owner. Contractor shall be responsible for, and pay for all costs arising out of, any additional testing and inspections, demolition, uncovering and replacement and additional design and consulting services required to properly correct any portion of the Work.
- I. Contractor shall comply will comply with the Contract Documents and all Laws, standards and handling criteria regarding hazardous substances, wastes and materials, including asbestos-containing materials, lead-based paints, petroleum (or any constituent thereof), mold, radon, and polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), ("Hazardous Materials") in performing the Work. Unless required by the Contract Documents, no Hazardous Materials shall be brought onto the Project.
- J. Lead Free Requirements: Contractor shall endeavor to use lead free products and where required by law, ordinance, regulation or standard all materials products and practices shall comply with limitations and requirements as to the allowable limits and/or percentages of lead. Lead free products must be certified by and independent 3rd party.
 - 1. This provision shall apply to any and all similarly regulated materials, products and practices that may be considered hazardous or are otherwise regulated by applicable law, ordinance regulation or standard in the project local.

1.11 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. All materials and equipment shall be adequately covered and protected against dirt, water, chemical or mechanical damage, and theft. At completion, all work, equipment and materials

- shall be cleaned, and damage repaired by Contractor. Damaged equipment will be replaced by the contractor if Owner does not accept repairs done to the equipment. Such replacement shall be scheduled to minimize building system interruption of occupied or scheduled for occupancy.
- B. Material delivered at the site shall not be left exposed to the weather or left unattended. Deliver pipes, tubes and conduit with factory-applied end-caps. Contractor shall be responsible to maintain end-caps or provide temporary end caps on all open-ended piping, tubes and conduit through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe-end damage and prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- C. Protect stored material from moisture and dirt. Protect plastic pipes and materials from sunlight and support to prevent sagging and bending.
- D. Elevate stored materials above grade. When stored inside, to not exceed structural capacity of the floor.
- E. Provide protective coatings to materials to prevent damage and/or infiltration of moisture and dirt on all materials and equipment including but not limited to cast iron and steel valves.
- F. Contractor shall check the openings in the building and the size of the doors, passages, and openings through which equipment is to be admitted. Wherever necessary, he shall provide the equipment in sections or knocked down in order to admit the equipment through these openings.
- G. Contractor shall provide all rigging, erection and hoisting equipment as required to handle or place equipment and piping in position. This rigging and hoisting equipment shall only be attached and placed on the structure in locations as approved by Architect/Engineer at the site.

1.12 PERMITS, FEES & UTILITIES

- A. Obtain and pay for all necessary permits, fees and utilities and inspections required to perform the Work.
- B. Coordinate work with local regulatory entities, utility companies and others as required to fully comply with the requirements of this section and the Contract Documents, including those for both temporary and permanent services.
- C. Permits, fees and utility expenses to be paid by Owner, if any, shall only where specifically required by the Contract Documents, and then only to the extent so specified.

1.13 DOCUMENT OWNERSHIP

A. The Drawings and Specifications, combined with the calculations, field data, notes, and reports, are the intellectual and real property of the Architect and/or Engineer. This covers all forms of written and recorded or electronic media. The reuse of these documents without specific permission of the Engineer is prohibited. The Drawings may be employed by the Owner and Contractor for the express use of constructing, commissioning and operating the facility only upon proper execution of the Agreement for Use of Electronic Files & Data.

1.14 GUARANTEE AND WARRANTY

- A. Contractor warrants to Owner that the materials and equipment provided under the Contract will be of good quality and new unless the Contract Documents require or permit otherwise. Contractor further warrants that the Work will conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents and will be free from defects. Work, materials and equipment not conforming to these requirements, including substitutions not properly approved by Change Order, shall be considered defective. This warranty excludes remedy for damage caused by improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation or normal wear, tear and usage. Contractor shall assign to Owner, or otherwise assure the Owner has the full benefit of, all warranties and guarantees of manufacturer, subcontractors, sub-subcontractors and suppliers, and Contractor shall perform the Work in a manner that does not adversely affect or invalidate any available warranties or guarantees.
- B. Contractor shall warrant and guarantee all work against faulty material or workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of final completion and written acceptance by the Owner, unless specified more stringently elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- C. If the project is occupied or the systems placed in operation in several phases at the request of the Owner, the guarantee of each system or piece of equipment used shall begin on the date each system or piece of equipment was placed in satisfactory operation, tested, commissioned and accepted, in writing, by the Owner. The use of building equipment for temporary service and testing or phases of work completed prior to the projects final completion and acceptance by the Owner does not constitute the commencement of the warranty period.
- D. If a defect or deficiency in the Work is discovered within the one (1) year Warranty & Guarantee period or within such longer period as may be prescribed by the Laws or by any specific guarantee, and Owner elects to have Contractor correct such defect or deficiency, Owner shall notify Contractor of such defect or deficiency in writing. This period of correction relates only to the specific obligation to correct defects and deficiencies and in no way otherwise limits the Contractor's responsibility for Work that is not in accordance with the Contract Documents, If Contractor fails to timely correct defects or deficiencies in the Work, Owner may, at its sole option, correct them and charge contractor for all cost therefore.
- E. See Division 1 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- F. Specific exclusions, if any, from this one (1) year warrantee and guarantee period are listed in the individual specification sections.

1.15 LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

To the extent any of the following provisions are not more stringently included in the Contract Document the following Limitations of Liability shall apply:

- A. Architect/Engineer is not responsible for Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, and is not responsible for Contractor's failure to perform or furnish the work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- B. In the event that Architect/Engineer's employees or sub-consultants make comments or issue warnings about safety issues, such comments and warnings shall be considered to have been offered by a Good Samaritan and shall not impose any obligation or responsibility.

- C. Engineer will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of Owner, Contractor, any subcontractor, any supplier, or of any other person or organization performing or furnishing any of the portions of the work
- D. Contractor understands and acknowledges that Engineer is not authorized to order extra work or issue Change Orders to the work, however in the event and to the degree that Engineer may offer advice, suggestions, and opinions Contractor shall not rely on such advice, suggestions, and opinions unless directed in writing by Owner or its designated representative, and shall, in no event, make any claim against the Engineer for any such advice, suggestions, and opinions.
- E. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless Architect, Engineer, and their joint ventures, officers, directors, partners, employees and agents from and against any and all claims, costs, loses and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charge of engineers, architects, attorneys and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) caused in whole or in part by the negligent acts or omissions of Contractor, Contractor's officers, directors, partners, employees, agents; or contractor's subcontractors or material men in the performance of Work. Contractor shall direct its insurer to list Architect, Engineer, and their joint ventures, as Additional Insureds on general liability insurance policies covering this project. Prior to commencing work, Contractor shall submit copies of its certificate of insurance to both Architect and Engineer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.
 - 2. Manufacturer: Unless otherwise specified, company specializing in manufacturing specified products for at least 3 years.

2.2 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. The device numbers noted in this specification are generally those of a specific manufacturer and represent the minimum quality required as the basis of design for this project. Subject to the Substitutions and other provisions of the Contract Documents, Contractor may submit equivalent devices from the other manufacturers listed in the section.
- B. Materials and equipment used in carrying out these specifications shall be new and have UL listing, or listing by other recognized testing laboratory when such listings are available.
- C. All material shall bear manufacturer's name, model number, electrical characteristics and other identification and shall be the standard product of manufacturer regularly engaged in production of similar material.
- D. Construction of equipment shall be as follows:
 - All prefabricated equipment shall be designed and constructed in such a manner that all
 parts of said equipment and the equipment as a whole, including attachments, will resist
 the forces (including seismic where applicable) to which they may be subjected.

- 2. Unless otherwise specified or required, design criteria shall be no less than 1.5g for lateral forces and 0.6g for vertical forces.
- 3. Provisions for support and anchorage of equipment shall be an integral part of each item and shall include the fastening means and all necessary internal and external bracing, brackets and connections.
- E. Specifications for many items are or may be described on the drawings, including but not limited to wiring devices, lighting fixtures, control devices, etc. are or may be described on the drawings. Contractor shall promptly advise Architect of any conflicts or discrepancies.
- F. Except for conduit, conduit fittings, outlet boxes, wire and cable (600V and below only), all items of equipment or material shall be the product of one manufacturer throughout.
- G. The documents contain specifications regarding equipment design, including BIL levels, AIC ratings, and series ratings. In all cases provide equipment sufficient for the use intended. Do not provide materials whose ratings fall below those included in the Documents.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Visit site and observe conditions under which work must be performed.
- B. Before starting work, carefully examine Architectural, Civil, Landscape, Structural, Plumbing, Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning drawings to become thoroughly familiar with conditions governing work on this project. Verify elevations, measurements, rough-in requirements of equipment and its installation location before proceeding with the work. Install equipment with access as required by the NEC.
- C. Circuit "tags" on the Electrical Drawings in the form of arrows are used to indicate home runs of raceways to electrical distribution points. These tags show the circuits in each home run and the panel designation. Do not combine circuits other than those shown or allowed on the Drawings. Show the actual circuit numbers on the finished record drawing, and on the panel directory card. Provide an insulated grounding conductor sized in accordance with NEC in every power circuit.
- D. The general directions and location of homeruns are indicated on Drawings and are to be extended to panels as though routes were completely shown. Items which are installed other than as shown on Drawings and without receiving prior written approval will be ordered removed and installed as shown without additional cost to Owner.
- E. The Drawings do not indicate the exact number of wires in each conduit for the branch circuit wiring. Provide the correct quantity of wires as indicated by: the circuit numbers indicated, wiring diagrams, and by applicable requirements of the NEC.
- F. Electrical Drawings are diagrammatic and shall not be scaled for exact sizes. Adjust location of conduits, panels, equipment, pull boxes and fixtures to accommodate the work and to prevent interferences.
 - 1. Lines which pitch have right-of-way over those that do not. Lines whose elevation cannot be changed have right-of-way over lines whose elevations can.
 - 2. Make offsets, transitions, and changes in direction in raceways as required to maintain proper headroom pitch of sloping lines.

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- G. Wire and cable routing shown on the Drawings is approximate. Route wire and cable as required to meet Project Conditions.
- H. When wire and cable routing is not shown, and destination only is indicated, determine exact routing and lengths required.
- I. The Drawings are diagrammatic. They do not show every offset, bend, conduit body, elbow or junction box that may be required to install work in the space provided and avoid conflicts. Follow the Drawings as closely as is practical and install additional bends, offsets and elbows where needed by local job site conditions. Provide necessary junction boxes to meet code regulations for the allowed number of conduit bends.
- J. Establish sizes and locations of the various concrete bases required. Coordinate and provide all necessary anchor bolts together with templates for holding these bolts in position.
- K. Provide supports, blocking, hangers, and auxiliary structural members required for support of work
- L. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of raceways through structural, masonry, and concrete walls, floors, and elsewhere for proper protection of the raceways.
- M. Establish size, location, and count of cast-in conduits or conduits to be concealed underneath the foundations. Coordinate with steel reinforcing.
- N. The architectural drawings govern the locations and elevations of all electrical equipment, devices and fixtures. Resolve conflicts with the Architect prior to rough-in.
- O. Verify that the physical dimension of each item of electrical equipment will fit the available space. Coordinate electrical equipment space requirements with the allotted space provisions, and access routes through the construction area.
- P. Coordinate rough-in and wiring requirements for all mechanical, kitchen and other equipment with equipment supplier and installer. Make installation in accordance with rough-in and wiring diagrams provided by equipment supplier and installer.
- Q. Coordinate all aspects of the electrical, telephone and other utility services with the appropriate serving utility company.
- R. Coordinate underground work with other contractors working on the site. Common trenches may be used with other trades. In such areas, maintain clearances as required by codes and ordinances.
- S. Coordinate underground work with foundation plans and work.
- T. Existing wires, conduits, pipes, ducts or other service facilities are shown in a general way only. The Contractor shall visit the site and make exact determination of the existence of any such facilities prior to submission of his bid. It is understood that he will be responsible for making the exact determination of the location and condition of these facilities.
- U. The location of utilities indicated on the plans is taken from existing public records. The exact location and elevation of public utilities must be determined by the Contractor. The Contractor shall ascertain whether any additional facilities other than those shown on the Drawings may be present.

- V. Call to the attention of the Architect any error, conflict or discrepancy in Plans and/or Specifications. Do not proceed with any questionable items of work until clarification of same has been made. Supplementary Details and Plans may be supplied as required and they will become a part of the Contract Documents.
- W. Arrange work to reduce interruption of any existing service to minimum. When interruptions are unavoidable, consult Owner or Utility involved and agree in writing, with copy to the Architect, upon a mutually satisfactory time and duration.
- X. No circuits shall be turned off without prior approval from Owner. Coordinate with the operations, normal activities, building access, etc. Coordinate work with other crafts for proper scheduling.

3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Follow manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Where the product has no manufacturer's instructions, follow these specifications. Where neither the manufacturer nor these specifications contain such instructions, install in accordance with the standards listed above. No allowance of any kind will be made for negligence on part of Contractor to foresee means of bringing in or installing equipment into position.
 - 1. Verify all dimensions by field measurements.
 - 2. Install systems, materials, and equipment to provide the maximum headroom possible.
 - 3. Install systems, materials, and equipment to comply with approved submittal data, including coordination drawings
 - 4. Install systems, materials, and equipment level and plumb, parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components, where installed exposed in finished spaces.
 - 5. Fit surface panels, devices and outlets with neat, appropriate trims, plates or covers, without over-hanging edges, protruding corners or raw edges, to leave a finished appearance.
 - 6. Extend maintenance and access components (i.e., grease fittings, service panels, and similar items) to accessible locations.
 - 7. Install equipment to allow right of way for piping installed at required slope.

C. Locations:

- 1. Verify all locations with actual field conditions, architectural, structural, electrical, plumbing, heating and ventilating plans to avert possible installation conflicts.
- 2. Architect reserves the right to make minor changes prior to installation without cost to Owner.
- 3. Coordinate work with that of other trades to assure symmetrical placing of fixtures, sprinkler heads and other exposed components with respect to ceiling tile, grilles, etc. See Architectural reflected ceiling plan for exact location of light fixtures and other equipment.
- 4. Any work which is incorrectly installed without prior verification without required coordination will be ordered removed and relocated and any changes or damage resulting to other work shall be repaired and/or replaced at no cost to the Owner.
- 5. In general, locate all finished devices or other exposed finished devices as indicated on or by symbols on drawings. Where devices or other exposed finished components occur in face, decks or base millwork, walls, ceilings or other finished surfaces carefully coordinate with details and arrangements of same.
- 6. All mounting heights shown on drawings are from finish floor to centerline unless otherwise indicated or required by code. Mounting heights at non-typical locations shown with (+) sign and height required noted adjacent to such device. Devices located in

- concrete block, brick or tile walls are to be adjusted in height to coordinate with modular ioints of the materials. Verify requirements with Architect prior to installation.
- 7. Wiring Requirements: Install wiring complete to every outlet with all devices shown and/or required. All wiring to be in raceways and concealed throughout finished areas unless specifically noted otherwise. For the purpose of electrical specifications, all areas, with the exception of boiler rooms, mechanical rooms and mechanical spaces, are to be considered as finished areas.

D. Equipment Connections

- Coordinate the work with that of other trades to ensure all required connections are provided to ensure proper installation and operation.
- 2. Provide complete electrical connections for all items of equipment requiring such connections, including incidental wiring, materials, devices and labor necessary for a finished working installation.
- 3. Verify the location and method for connecting to each item of equipment prior to roughing-in. Check voltage and phase of each item of equipment before connection.
- 4. Make motor connections for the proper direction of rotation.

3.3 NOISE CONTROL

- A. Provide insulation, isolators and other sound attenuation requirements as specified by Contract Documents.
- B. Back to back or straight through boxes are not permitted unless specifically noted on the drawings.
- C. Contactors, transformers, starters and similar noise producing devices shall not be placed on walls which are common to occupied spaces unless specifically called for on the drawings. Where equipment is mounted on wall common to occupied spaces, provide shock mounting or noise isolators to effectively prevent transmission to occupied spaces.
- D. Ballasts, contactors, starters transformers and like equipment found noticeably noisier than similar equipment of same type are to be removed and replaced as directed by Architect at no cost to owner.
- E. Route raceways along corridors or other noncritical noise space to minimize penetrations through sound rated walls. Seal raceway penetrations through sound rated walls.

3.4 FIRE WALL PENETRATIONS

- A. Perform necessary fire rated wall sealing for the work in accordance with Division 7 Fire and Smoke Protection.
- B. Provide necessary wall material to maintain fire wall rating where flush mounted equipment or components installed.
- C. Where systems or components penetrate floors, ceilings, ducts, chases and fire walls, provide fire stopping to maintain integrity of the fire assembly. Fire stopping method shall be approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
- D. Where electrical boxes with total area exceeding 16 square inches are located in fire resistive walls, fire stopping shall be provided to maintain integrity of the fire assembly.

- E. Where electrical boxes are installed on opposite sides of a rated wall, horizontal separation between the boxes shall be a minimum of 24-inches. Horizontal separation of these boxes may be less than 24-inches if a UL approved protective material is utilized.
 - 4. Electrical boxes shall not be installed back to back in rated walls.
 - The aggregate surface area of the boxes shall not exceed 100 sq in per 100 sq ft of wall surface.

3.5 EQUIPMENT SUPPORT

A. General

- 1. Provide a system of supporting devices and hangers for support and bracing of piping, conduit and equipment as required by code or as provided under this Division as indicated on plans and as described herein.
- 2. Do not install supporting devices so as to obstruct access to equipment.
- 3. Floor-mounted equipment shall not be held in place solely by its own dead weight. Include floor anchor fastening in all cases.
- 4. Do not support ductwork, piping, conduits, conductors, or equipment from other piping, conduits, ceiling grids, equipment, ductwork, or ceiling supports. In all cases, provide independent supports for such components and equipment.
- B. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and according to code (including seismic codes where applicable).
 - 1. Construct concrete bases and form equipment anchorages as detailed in the structural drawings.
 - 2. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated, but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit.
 - 3. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base, and anchor into structural concrete floor.
 - 4. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 5. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 6. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 7. Use concrete and reinforcement as specified in Division 3 Sections and the Structural Drawings.

C. Metal Supports & Anchorages

- 1. Refer to local codes, practices and standards for installation and material requirements and limitations relating to the use of metal supports and anchorages (including applicable seismic requirements).
- 2. Refer to Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural steel.
- 3. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1.

D. Wood Supports & Anchorages

- 1. Refer to local codes, practices and standards for installation and material requirements and limitations relating to the use of wood supports and anchorages (i.e. fire retardant materials).
- 2. Cut, fit, and place wood grounds, nailers, blocking, and anchorages to support, and anchor materials and equipment.
- 3. Select fastener sizes that will not penetrate members if opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Tighten connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood members.
- 4. Attach to substrates as required to support applied loads.

E. Grouting

- 1. Mix and install grout for equipment base bearing surfaces, pump and other equipment base plates, and anchors.
- 2. Clean surfaces that will come into contact with grout.
- 3. Provide forms as required for placement of grout.
- 4. Avoid air entrapment during placement of grout.
- 5. Place grout, completely filling equipment bases.
- 6. Place grout on concrete bases and provide smooth bearing surface for equipment.
- 7. Place grout around anchors.
- 8. Cure placed grout.

3.6 PAINTING

- A. Painting of systems, equipment, and components is specified in Division 9. Unless and to the extent that painting is not specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents, all exposed materials in finished areas and on exterior walls shall be painted to match surrounding surfaces.
- B. Contractor shall be responsible for and shall coordinate the timing of painting with the work of other trades and to minimize the requirements for damage and touchup to the work.
- C. Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-painted finishes with materials and procedures to match original factory finish.

3.7 CUTTING, PATCHING AND CORE DRILLING

A. General

- 1. Refer to Divisions 1, 3 and other related provision of the Contract Documents, including Structural Drawings and Specifications for requirements relating to cutting, patching and core drilling of walls, floors and other surfaces.
- 2. Do not cut or break any steel or wood framing, concrete, masonry, or partitions, etc., without permission from the Architect or as shown on the Drawings.
- 3. Subject to the provisions of this Section and other portions of the Contract Documents cut, channel, chase and drill floors, walls, partitions and ceilings as necessary for the proper installation, support and anchorage of piping, ductwork, raceway, boxes, and other equipment.
- 4. Repair any damage to the building, piping, equipment, or finish.
- 5. Perform repairs with materials matching the original, and install in accordance with appropriate sections of the Contract Documents.
- 6. Where trenching is done through existing paving, walks, curbs, etc. Contractor is responsible for patching and repairs to original condition.
- 7. In new work, patch and refinish all finished surfaces damaged by this contractor to match adiacent surface.
- 8. Where new work is installed in the existing building, patch and refinish surfaces damaged to match existing. Refinishing to be as directed by the Architect.
- 9. All related refinishing to be as directed by the Architect.
- B. All cutting, patching and/or core drilling of structural systems that are do not appear on or that deviate in any way from the Structural Drawings must be preapproved by the Structural Engineer and Contractor shall provide all data, calculations and/or other requirements as maybe required by the Structural Engineer, prior to commencement of the work, including but not limited to:
 - 1. X-Ray of structural systems to show the actual location of reinforcement.

- 2. Size and dimensions of penetrating ductwork, piping or conduit including placement within desired opening and required clearances, means of fastening and/or support including all anchoring systems and fasteners.
- 3. As a general rule, subject to adjustment by Structural Engineer, penetrating ductwork, piping or conduit shall pass through the center of all structural openings, avoiding structural members by minimums specified on the Structural Drawings.

C. Core Drilling Layouts

1. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents Contractor shall provide to the Structural Engineer a complete floor by floor core drilling layout for all required floor core penetrations in advance of the work for Structural Engineer's review and approval. Core drilling layouts shall include size, dimension and specific locations of core drilling for all trades. Contractor shall not be permitted to conduct independent coring without providing such layout to Structural Engineer.

3.8 EXCAVATION, BACKFILL & WATERPROOFING

- A. Refer to Divisions 1, 2, and other related provisions of the Contract Documents, including but not limited to Sitework and Structural Drawings and related specifications for requirements relating to excavation, backfill and waterproofing for each trade.
- B. Do necessary trenching and excavating for installation of underground piping, raceways and equipment. Use necessary precautions not to affect the bearing value of soil under and near footings. Excavate trenches with proper pitch six inches deeper than required by line grade and prefill to line grade with pea gravel. Where trenching occurs through existing paving, walks, curbs, etc., patch and repair to original conditions. Compact backfill with vibratory or roller compaction equipment in nine inch layers to 90 percent density. Dispose of excess excavated material as directed. Backfill under floor slabs and under hard surfaced yard areas (i.e. walks, drives, parking areas) to be crushed rock unless otherwise indicated, compacted in nine inch layers. Backfill material and compaction to comply with Site Work Section of these Specifications.
- C. Provide and maintain ample means and devices with which to promptly remove and dispose of water entering the excavation during the time it is being prepared for the piping, raceways or equipment laying, during the laying of materials or equipment and until the backfill has been completed.
- D. Avoid, if possible, penetrations of waterproof membranes. Where such penetration is required, perform it prior to waterproofing and in accordance with Architectural details. Where penetrations are not detailed or must be conducted through waterproof membranes, provide a detail of the penetrations for approval of the Architect.

3.9 SAFETY & PROTECTION

- A. The Contract Documents do not include, or is Architect/Engineer responsible for the design of construction details or instructions relating to Contractor' safety or protective measures or precautions or as it pertains to its means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures required for to perform the work.
- B. Provide necessary shoring, railing, barricades, protective devices, temporary systems/supports, safety instructions and procedures to perform the work safely and to comply with the Safety Requirements of the governing authorities.

C. Unless otherwise specifically detailed and included, the Contract Documents represent the finished state of all systems and components related to the work and it is Contractor's sole responsibility to provide the necessary means, methods, equipment and protection of the work and those performing the work during construction. Neither Architect/Engineer nor any of their respective subconsultants shall be responsible or liable for Contractors failure to adequately protect the work or those performing the work during construction.

3.10 FUTURE PROVISIONS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE WORK

- A. The following provisions shall be provided for and included in the work:
 - 1. Provide pull line in each empty conduit provided for future installation of wiring.
 - 2. At all systems such as fire alarm, clock and program, intercom, etc., where future stations are to be fed from adjacent outlets or terminal cabinets, all conductors required for complete installation of additional units are to be provided to nearest outlet or terminal cabinet as required. In general, all wiring installed so it will not be necessary to remove existing conductors and re-pull additional wiring to install additional units. All spare conductors properly labeled and terminated in outlet boxes or at terminals in terminal cabinets.

3.11 CLEANING

A. General

- 1. At all times keep the premises free from accumulation of waste materials or rubbish caused by the employees or the work. At the completion of the work, remove all superfluous materials, equipment and debris related to or resulting from the work.
- 2. All systems, equipment and component including but not limited to all panels, compartments, points of access, surface areas, panels, whether concealed or not shall be free from debris, filings, clippings, dirt, dust and debris and in a new condition. Touch up paint where necessary.
- 3. Where existing systems are expanded and/or remodeled, clean the new installation prior to making final connection to the existing systems.

3.12 ASBESTOS OR OTHER HAZARDOUS BEARING MATERIAL

A. If during the course of work, the contractor observes the existence of asbestos, asbestos bearing material or other hazardous material, the contractor shall immediately terminate further work and notify the Owner of the condition. The Owner will, after consolation with the Architect, determine a further course of action.

3.13 COOPERATION WITH OTHER TRADES

A. Contractor shall cooperate with and coordinate the work with that of all other trades in the performance of the work, including but not limited to; delivery of equipment and materials, furnishing material and location requirements of sleeves, bucks, chases, supports, mountings, backings, inserts, anchor bolts, cast-in-place box-out or steel embeds, routings, sequencing, locations, finished devices, etc., for proper installation of its work. Contractor shall be responsible for any and all removal, replacement or repairs to its work or the work of others for its failure to fully comply with this provision.

3.14 OPERATION AND INSTRUCTION

- A. Upon completion of the work and prior to final acceptance, Contractor shall operate the equipment for a period as required to fully instruct the Owner and its authorized representatives in all details of operation, adjustment and maintenance. Absent more stringent requirements found elsewhere in the Contract Documents, Contractor shall, at a minimum:
 - Schedule with Owner and its designated representatives a single time and location for a
 1-day instruction class and submit 3 copies of certificate, signed by Owner's
 representatives, attesting to the Owner's authorized representatives having been so
 instructed. All arrangements shall be made through Architect and Owner's
 Representative.
 - 2. Thoroughly review and instruct Owner and its designated representatives on all aspects of systems and facilities operations and maintenance utilizing the Instructions and Manuals submitted under the provisions of this Section. Any required instructions from manufacturer's representatives shall be given during this period.
 - 3. This requirement is in addition to any "Operation Test" specified in the Contract Documents.

END OF SECTION 26 0500

SECTION 26 0509 - EQUIPMENT WIRING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included:
 - 1. Equipment connections, whether furnished by Owner or other Divisions of the Contract.
 - 2. Equipment grounding.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Contents of Division 26, Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.3 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

A. References and Standards as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition:
 - 1. Verify mechanical and utilization equipment electrical characteristics with Drawings and equipment submittals prior to ordering equipment. Submit confirmation of this verification as a part of, or addendum to, the electrical product submittals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Quality assurance as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Warranty of materials and workmanship as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Materials and Equipment for Equipment Wiring: As specified in individual Sections.

2.2 GENERAL

- A. Unless otherwise noted, the following voltage and phase characteristics apply to motors:
 - 1. 3/4 HP and Under: 120 volt, 1 phase.
 - 2. 1 HP and Over: 208 volt, 3 phase.
 - 3. 1 HP and Over: 480 volt, 3 phase.

B. Safety Switches: Provide as required by NEC and as specified in Section 26 28 16, Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Prior to submittal of product data for electrical distribution equipment, obtain and examine product data and shop drawings for equipment furnished by the Owner and by other trades on the project. Update the schedule of equipment electrical connections accordingly, noting proper ratings for overcurrent devices, fuses, safety disconnect switches, conduit and wiring, and the like. As a minimum, this requirement applies to equipment furnished by Owner and equipment furnished under the following divisions of work under this contract:
 - 1. Division 22, Plumbing
 - 2. Division 23, HVAC, Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Do not install unrelated electrical equipment or wiring on mechanical equipment without prior approval of Engineer.
- B. Provide moisture tight equipment wiring and switches in ducts or plenums used for environmental air.
- C. Connect motor and appliance/utilization equipment complete from panel to motor/equipment as required by code.
- D. Install motor starters and controllers for equipment furnished by others.
- E. Appliance/Utilization Equipment:
 - 1. Provide appropriate cable and cord cap for final connection unless equipment is provided with same. Provide receptacle configured to receive cord cap.
 - 2. Verify special purpose outlet NEMA configuration and ampere rating with equipment supplier prior to ordering wiring devices and coverplates.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform field inspection and testing in accordance with Division 01, General Requirements.

3.4 SYSTEMS STARTUP

- A. Provide field representative to prepare and start equipment.
 - 1. Test and correct for proper rotation of polyphase motors.
- B. Adjust for proper operation within manufacturer's published tolerances.
- C. Demonstrate proper operation of equipment to Owner's designated representative.

END OF SECTION 26 0509

SECTION 26 0519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Copper building wire rated 600 V or less.
 - 2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. RoHS: Restriction of Hazardous Substances.
- B. VFC: Variable-frequency controller.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicate type, use, location, and termination locations.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Retain "Field quality-control reports" Paragraph below if Contractor is responsible for field quality-control testing and inspecting.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Member company of NETA.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Certified by NETA to supervise on-site testing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE

A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Belden Wire LLC
- 2. Okonite Company
- 3. Southwire Company
- 4. Or Approved Equal

C. Standards:

- 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- 2. RoHS compliant.
- 3. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- D. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.

E. Conductor Insulation:

- 1. Type NM: Comply with UL 83 and UL 719.
- 2. Type RHH & Type RHW-2] Comply with UL 44.
- 3. Type THHN and Type THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
- 4. Type THW and Type THW-2: Comply with NEMA WC-70/ICEA S-95-658 and UL 83.
- 5. Type UF: Comply with UL 83 and UL 493.
- 6. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.

F. Shield:

1. Type TC-ER: Cable designed for use with VFCs, with oversized crosslinked polyethylene insulation, and sunlight- and oil-resistant outer PVC jacket.

2.2 METAL-CLAD CABLE, TYPE MC, AC, AND BX

A. Description: Metal-Clad cable is not allowed.

2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

A. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors, splices, and lugs of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated; listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Hubbell Power Systems
- 2. Ideal Industries, Inc.
- 3. O-Z/Gedney

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- 4. Or Approved Equal
- C. Jacketed Cable Connectors: For steel and aluminum jacketed cables, zinc die-cast with set screws, designed to connect conductors specified in this Section.
- D. Lugs: One piece, seamless, designed to terminate conductors specified in this Section.
 - 1. Material: Copper.
 - 2. Type: One hole with standard barrels.
 - 3. Termination: Compression.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

- A. Feeders: Copper; solid for No. 14 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 12 AWG and larger.
- B. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 14 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 12 AWG and larger.
- C. VFC Output Circuits Cable: Extra-flexible stranded for all sizes.
- D. Power-Limited Fire Alarm and Control: Stranded for No. 14 AWG and smaller.

3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

- A. Service Entrance: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- B. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway, Armored cable, Type AC, Metal-clad cable, Type MC.
- C. Feeders & Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, Partitions, and Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway, Armored cable, Type AC, Metal-clad cable, Type MC.
- D. Feeders & Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- E. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainless-steel, wire-mesh, strain relief device at terminations to suit application.
- F. VFC Output Circuits: Type XHHW-2 in metal conduit.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.

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- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- E. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- F. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- G. Complete cable tray systems installation according to Section 260536 "Cable Trays for Electrical Systems" prior to installing conductors and cables.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material.
 - 1. Use oxide inhibitor in each splice, termination, and tap for aluminum conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches (150 mm) of slack.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other end of conductor, and identify as spare conductor.

3.6 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies.

3.7 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.

- C. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- D. Perform tests and inspections.
 - 1. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test service entrance and feeder conductors for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Perform each of the following visual and electrical tests:
 - a. Inspect exposed sections of conductor and cable for physical damage and correct connection according to the single-line diagram.
 - b. Test bolted connections for high resistance using one of the following:
 - 1) A low-resistance ohmmeter.
 - 2) Calibrated torque wrench.
 - 3) Thermographic survey.
 - c. Inspect compression-applied connectors for correct cable match and indentation.
 - d. Inspect for correct identification.
 - e. Inspect cable jacket and condition.
 - f. Insulation-resistance test on each conductor for ground and adjacent conductors. Apply a potential of 500-V dc for 300-V rated cable and 1000-V dc for 600-V rated cable for a one-minute duration.
 - g. Continuity test on each conductor and cable.
 - h. Uniform resistance of parallel conductors.
 - 3. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but before Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each splice in conductors No. 3 AWG and larger. Remove box and equipment covers so splices are accessible to portable scanner. Correct deficiencies determined during the scan.
 - Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - b. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies switches checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
 - 4. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each switch 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
- E. Cables will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports to record the following:
 - 1. Procedures used.
 - 2. Results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Results that do not comply with requirements, and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.

END OF SECTION 26 0519

SECTION 26 0526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included:
 - 1. Grounding Electrodes
 - 2. Connectors and Accessories
 - 3. Grounding Busbar
 - 4. Grounding Conductor

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Contents of Division 26, Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.3 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

A. References and Standards as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, provide:
 - 1. Test reports of ground resistance for service and separately derived system grounds.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Quality assurance as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, meet the following:
 - 1. Comply with the requirements of ANSI/NFPA 70.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Warranty of materials and workmanship as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Grounding Electrodes:
 - 1. Erico
 - 2. Thomas & Betts
 - 3. Talley
 - 4. Or approved equivalent.

B. Grounding Connectors:

- 1. Burndy Hyground Compression System
- 2. Erico/Cadweld
- 3. Amp Ampact Grounding System
- 4. Or approved equivalent.

C. Pipe Grounding Clamp:

- 1. Burndy GAR Series
- 2. O Z Gedney
- 3. Thomas & Betts
- 4. Or approved equivalent.

D. Grounding Busbar:

- 1. Chatsworth
- 2. Erico
- 3. Square D
- 4. Panduit
- 5. Or approved equivalent.

2.2 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel, minimum 3/4-inch diameter, 10-feet long, tapered point, chamfered top.

2.3 CONNECTORS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Grounding Connectors: Hydraulic compression tool applied connectors or exothermic welding process connectors or powder actuated compression tool applied connectors.
- B. Pipe Grounding Clamp: Mechanical ground connector with cable parallel or perpendicular to pipe.

2.4 GROUNDING BUSBAR

A. Grounding Busbar: 1/4-inch thick by 4-inch high by 10-inch long copper grounding busbar with insulators that meet ANSI J-STD-607-A specifications. UL 467 listed. Hole patterns in busbar to accommodate two-hole lugs, four-hole configuration.

2.5 GROUNDING CONDUCTOR

- A. Grounding Electrode Conductor: Soft-draw bare stranded copper for wire sizes larger than #10 AWG Bare. Solid copper for wire sizes #10 AWG and smaller.
- B. Equipment Grounding Conductor: Green insulated, insulation type to match that of associated feeder or branch circuit wiring, size as indicated on drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify site conditions prior to beginning work.
- B. Verify that final backfill and compaction have been completed before driving rod electrodes.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Concrete-Encased Electrode ("Ufer ground"):
 - 1. From service equipment ground bus provide grounding electrode conductor to footing/foundation rebar.
 - 2. Bond #4 grounding electrode conductor to one minimum 20-foot long, 0.5-inch diameter independent steel rebar(s).
 - 3. Protect grounding electrode conductor from footing/foundation to service equipment grounding bus with rigid PVC conduit where grounding electrode conductor passes through concrete floor or other concrete structure. Do not use rigid metal conduit for grounding electrode conductor protection.
 - 4. Coordinate bonding of rebar in base of building concrete footing with installer prior to placement of concrete.

B. Ground Rod Electrode:

- 1. Bond #6 grounding electrode conductor to driven ground rods as indicated on Drawings.
- Tap at center ground rod and extend grounding electrode conductor to service grounding bus.
 Install grounding electrode conductor to service grounding bus in rigid PVC conduit for physical protection where grounding electrode conductor passes through concrete floor or other concrete structure.
- C. Metal Underground Water Service: Bond water service pipe to service equipment ground bus or to the grounding electrode system. Connect to water pipe on utility side of isolating fittings or meters, bond across water meters.
- D. Other Metal Piping Systems: Bond gas piping system, fire sprinkler piping system and other metal piping systems to service equipment ground bus or to the grounding electrode system.

E. Raceways:

- 1. Ground metallic raceway systems. Bond to ground terminal with code size jumper except where code size or larger equipment grounding conductor is included with circuit, use grounding bushing with lay-in lug.
- 2. Connect metal raceways, which terminate within an enclosure but without mechanical connection to enclosure, by grounding bushings and ground conductor to grounding bus.
- 3. Where equipment supply conductors are in flexible metallic conduit, install stranded copper equipment grounding conductor from outlet box to equipment frame.
- 4. Install equipment grounding conductor, code size minimum unless noted on drawings, in metallic and nonmetallic raceway systems.

F. Feeders and Branch Circuits:

- 1. Provide continuous green insulated copper equipment grounding conductors for feeders and branch circuits.
- 2. Where installed in a continuous solid metallic raceway system and larger sizes are not detailed, provide insulated equipment grounding conductors for feeders and branch circuits sized in accordance with the latest adopted edition of NEC Article 250, Table 250-122.

G. Boxes, Cabinets, Enclosures and Panelboards:

- 1. Bond equipment grounding conductors to enclosure with specified conductors and lugs. Install lugs only on thoroughly cleaned contact surfaces.
- 2. Bond Sections of service equipment enclosure to service ground bus.

- H. Motors, Equipment and Appliances: Install code size equipment grounding conductor to (motor) equipment frame or manufacturer's designated ground terminal.
- I. Receptacles: Connect ground terminal of receptacle and associated outlet box to equipment grounding conductor. Self grounding nature of receptacle devices does not eliminate equipment grounding conductor bolted to outlet box.
- J. Separately Derived Systems: Ground each separately derived system per NEC Article 250.
- K. Corrosion inhibitors: Apply a corrosion inhibitor to contact surfaces when making grounding and bonding connections. Use corrosion inhibitor appropriate for protecting a connection between metals used.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Grounding system resistance to ground not to exceed 5 ohms. Make necessary modifications or additions to grounding electrode system for compliance. Submit final tests to assure that this requirement is met.
- B. Resistance of grounding electrode system: measure using a four-terminal fall-of-potential method as defined in IEEE 81. Take ground resistance measurements before electrical distribution system is energized and in normally dry conditions, not less than 48 hours after last rainfall. Take resistance measurements of separate grounding electrode systems before systems are bonded together below grade. Combined resistance of separate systems may be used to meet required resistance, but specified number of electrodes must still be provided.
- C. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA Standard ATS, Except Section 4.
- D. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA Standard AB, Section 7.13.

END OF SECTION 26 0526

SECTION 26 0529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Steel slotted support systems.
 - 2. Conduit and cable support devices.
 - 3. Support for conductors in vertical conduit.
 - 4. Structural steel for fabricated supports and restraints.
 - 5. Mounting, anchoring, and attachment components, including powder-actuated fasteners, mechanical expansion anchors, concrete inserts, clamps, through bolts, toggle bolts, and hanger rods.
 - 6. Fabricated metal equipment support assemblies.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for the following:
 - a. Slotted support systems, hardware, and accessories.
 - b. Clamps.
 - c. Hangers.
 - d. Sockets.
 - e. Eye nuts.
 - f. Fasteners.
 - g. Anchors.
 - h. Saddles.
 - i. Brackets.
 - 2. Include rated capacities and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For fabrication and installation details for electrical hangers and support systems.
 - 1. Hangers. Include product data for components.
 - 2. Slotted support systems.
 - 3. Equipment supports.
 - 4. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include adjustable motor bases, rails, and frames for equipment mounting.

- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For hangers and supports for electrical systems.
 - 1. Include design calculations and details of hangers.
 - 2. Include design calculations for seismic restraints.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plan(s) and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
 - 2. Ductwork, piping, fittings, and supports.
 - 3. Structural members to which hangers and supports will be attached.
 - 4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
 - 5. Items penetrating finished ceiling, including the following:
 - a. Luminaires.
 - b. Air outlets and inlets.
 - c. Sprinklers.
 - d. Access panels.
- B. Seismic Qualification Data: Certificates, for hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
 - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- C. Welding certificates.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- B. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
 - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Seismic Performance: Hangers and supports shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

- 1. The term "withstand" means "the supported equipment and systems will remain in place without separation of any parts when subjected to the seismic forces specified.
- 2. For life-safety components required to function after an earthquake (such as fire-sprinkler systems, components that contain hazardous content, and storage racks in structures open to the public), the Component Importance Factor is 1.5. For other components, the Component Importance Factor is 1.0 unless the structure is in Seismic Use Group III and component is necessary for continued operation of facility or failure of component could impair continued operation of facility, in which case the Component Importance Factor is 1.5.
- 3. Component Importance Factor: 1.5.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame Rating: Class 1.
 - 2. Self-extinguishing according to ASTM D 635.

2.2 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Preformed steel channels and angles with minimum 13/32-inch-(10-mm-) diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inches (200 mm) o.c. in at least one surface.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Allied Tube & Conduit
 - b. B-line
 - c. Thomas & Betts Corp.
 - d. Or Approved Equal
 - 2. Standard: Comply with MFMA-4 factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - 3. Material for Channel, Fittings, and Accessories: Galvanized steel.
 - 4. Channel Width: Selected for applicable load criteria.
 - 5. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 6. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 7. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-
 - 8. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel and malleable-iron hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- C. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for nonarmored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be made of malleable iron.
- D. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- E. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:

- 1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- 2. Manufacturers:
 - a. Hiliti, Inc
 - b. ITW Ramset
 - c. MKT Fastening LLC
 - d. Or Approved Equal
- 3. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- 4. Manufacturers:
 - a. B-Line
 - b. Empire Tool and Man.
 - c. Hilti Inc.
 - d. Or Approved Equal
- 5. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units are similar to MSS Type 18 units and comply with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
- 6. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58 units are suitable for attached structural element.
- 7. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- 8. Toggle Bolts: Stainless-steel springhead type.
- 9. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.3 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

A. Description: Welded or bolted structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with the following standards for application and installation requirements of hangers and supports, except where requirements on Drawings or in this Section are stricter:
 - 1. NECA 1.
 - 2. NECA 101
 - NECA 102.
 - 4. NECA 105.
 - NECA 111.
- B. Provide firestopping materials and installation for penetrations through fire-rated walls, ceilings, and assemblies.
- C. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."

- D. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceways: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as scheduled in NECA 1, where its Table 1 lists maximum spacings that are less than those stated in NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch (6 mm) in diameter.
- E. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.
- F. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings, and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT may be supported by openings through structure members, according to NFPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb (90 kg).
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
 - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
 - To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
 - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
 - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
 - 5. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches (100 mm) thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches (100 mm) thick.
 - 6. To Steel: Welded threaded studs complying with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, with lock washers and nuts.
 - 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
 - 8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.
- E. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid the need for reinforcing bars.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- B. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.4 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated, but not less than 4 inches (100 mm) larger in both directions than supported unit, and so anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.
- B. Use 3000-psi (20.7-MPa), 28-day compressive-strength concrete.
- C. Anchor equipment to concrete base as follows:
 - 1. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 2. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 3. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils (0.05 mm).
- B. Touchup: Comply with requirements for cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 26 0529

SECTION 26 0533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Metal conduits and fittings.
 - 2. Nonmetallic conduits and fittings.
 - 3. Metal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
 - 4. Nonmetal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
 - 5. Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.
 - 6. Handholes and boxes for exterior underground cabling.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ARC: Aluminum rigid conduit.
- B. GRC: Galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- C. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.
- B. Shop Drawings: For custom enclosures and cabinets. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Conduit routing plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of items involved:
 - 1. Structural members in paths of conduit groups with common supports.
 - 2. HVAC and plumbing items and architectural features in paths of conduit groups with common supports.
- B. Qualification Data: For professional engineer.

- C. Seismic Qualification Data: Certificates, for enclosures, cabinets, and conduit racks and their mounting provisions, including those for internal components, from manufacturer.
 - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
 - 4. Detailed description of conduit support devices and interconnections on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Source quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL CONDUITS AND FITTINGS

- A. Metal Conduit:
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. AFC Cable Systems
 - b. Allied Tube & Conduit
 - c. Western Tube and Conduit
 - d. Or Approved Equal
 - 2. Listing and Labeling: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 3. GRC: Comply with ANSI C80.1 and UL 6.
 - 4. ARC: Comply with ANSI C80.5 and UL 6A.
 - 5. IMC: Comply with ANSI C80.6 and UL 1242.
 - 6. PVC-Coated Steel Conduit: PVC-coated rigid steel conduit, IMC.
 - a. Comply with NEMA RN 1.
 - b. Coating Thickness: 0.040 inch (1 mm), minimum.
 - 7. EMT: Comply with ANSI C80.3 and UL 797.
 - 8. FMC: Comply with UL 1: zinc-coated steel or aluminum.
 - 9. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket and complying with UL 360.
- B. Metal Fittings:
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. AFC Cable Systems
 - b. Allied Tube & Conduit
 - c. Western Tube and Conduit
 - d. Or Approved Equal
 - 2. Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 514B.
 - 3. Listing and Labeling: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 4. Fittings, General: Listed and labeled for type of conduit, location, and use.
 - 5. Conduit Fittings for Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Comply with UL 1203 and NFPA 70.
 - 6. Fittings for EMT:
 - a. Material: Steel.

- b. Type: compression.
- 7. Expansion Fittings: PVC or steel to match conduit type, complying with UL 651, rated for environmental conditions where installed, and including flexible external bonding jumper.
- 8. Coating for Fittings for PVC-Coated Conduit: Minimum thickness of 0.040 inch (1 mm), with overlapping sleeves protecting threaded joints.
- C. Joint Compound for IMC, GRC, or ARC: Approved, as defined in NFPA 70, by authorities having jurisdiction for use in conduit assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded conduit joints from corrosion and to enhance their conductivity.

2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUITS AND FITTINGS

- A. Nonmetallic Conduit:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. AFC Cable Systems
 - b. Allied Tube & Conduit
 - c. Western Tube and Conduit
 - d. Or Approved Equal
 - 2. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic conduit shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 3. Fiberglass:
 - a. Comply with NEMA TC 14.
 - b. Comply with UL 2515 for aboveground raceways.
 - c. Comply with UL 2420 for belowground raceways.
 - 4. ENT: Comply with NEMA TC 13 and UL 1653.
 - 5. RNC: Type EPC-40-PVC, complying with NEMA TC 2 and UL 651 unless otherwise indicated.
 - 6. LFNC: Comply with UL 1660.
 - 7. Rigid HDPE: Comply with UL 651A.
 - 8. Continuous HDPE: Comply with UL 651A.
 - 9. Coilable HDPE: Preassembled with conductors or cables, and complying with ASTM D 3485.
 - 10. RTRC: Comply with UL 2515A and NEMA TC 14.
- B. Nonmetallic Fittings:
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. AFC Cable Systems
 - b. CANTEX INC
 - c. Thomas & Betts Corp.
 - d. Or Approved Equal
 - 2. Fittings, General: Listed and labeled for type of conduit, location, and use.
 - 3. Fittings for ENT and RNC: Comply with NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.
 - a. Fittings for LFNC: Comply with UL 514B.
 - 4. Solvents and Adhesives: As recommended by conduit manufacturer.

2.3 METAL WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- Manufacturers:
 - a. B-Line
 - b. Hoffman
 - c. Square D
 - d. Or Approved Equal
- B. Description: Sheet metal, complying with UL 870 and NEMA 250, Type 1, Type 3R, Type 4X, unless otherwise indicated, and sized according to NFPA 70.
 - 1. Metal wireways installed outdoors shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Fittings and Accessories: Include covers, couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- D. Wireway Covers: Hinged type unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish.

2.4 NONMETALLIC WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- Manufacturers:
 - a. Allied Moulded Products
 - b. Hoffman
 - c. Or Approved Equal
- B. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic wireways and auxiliary gutters shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Description: Fiberglass polyester, extruded and fabricated to required size and shape, without holes or knockouts. Cover shall be gasketed with oil-resistant gasket material and fastened with captive screws treated for corrosion resistance. Connections shall be flanged and have stainless-steel screws and oil-resistant gaskets.
- D. Description: PVC, extruded and fabricated to required size and shape, and having snap-on cover, mechanically coupled connections, and plastic fasteners.
- E. Fittings and Accessories: Couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings shall match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.

2.5 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- Manufacturers:
 - a. B-Line
 - b. Hoffman
 - c. Square D
 - d. Or Approved Equal
- B. General Requirements for Boxes, Enclosures, and Cabinets: Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets installed in wet locations shall be listed for use in wet locations.

- C. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1 and UL 514A.
- D. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1, ferrous alloy, Type FD, with gasketed cover.
- E. Nonmetallic Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 2 and UL 514C.
- F. Luminaire Outlet Boxes: Nonadjustable, designed for attachment of luminaire weighing 50 lb (23 kg). Outlet boxes designed for attachment of luminaires weighing more than 50 lb (23 kg) shall be listed and marked for the maximum allowable weight.
- G. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- H. Cast-Metal Access, Pull, and Junction Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 1773, cast aluminum with gasketed cover.
- I. Box extensions used to accommodate new building finishes shall be of same material as recessed box.
- J. Device Box Dimensions: 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep (100 mm square by 60 mm deep).
- K. Gangable boxes are allowed.
- L. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: Comply with UL 50 and NEMA 250, Type 1 & Type 3R, Type 4 with continuous-hinge cover with flush latch unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
 - 2. Nonmetallic Enclosures: Plastic.
 - 3. Interior Panels: Steel; all sides finished with manufacturer's standard enamel.

M. Cabinets:

- 1. NEMA 250, Type & Type 3R galvanized-steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
- 2. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge.
- 3. Key latch to match panelboards.
- 4. Metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage.
- 5. Accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.
- 6. Nonmetallic cabinets shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.6 HANDHOLES AND BOXES FOR EXTERIOR UNDERGROUND WIRING

- A. General Requirements for Handholes and Boxes:
 - 1. Boxes and handholes for use in underground systems shall be designed and identified as defined in NFPA 70, for intended location and application.
 - 2. Boxes installed in wet areas shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Polymer-Concrete Handholes and Boxes with Polymer-Concrete Cover: Molded of sand and aggregate, bound together with polymer resin, and reinforced with steel, fiberglass, or a combination of the two.

- 1. Manufacturers:
 - Armorcast Products Comp.
 - b. Oldcastle Enclosure
 - c. Quazite
 - d. Or Approved Equal
- 2. Standard: Comply with SCTE 77.
- 3. Configuration: Designed for flush burial with open bottom unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Cover: Weatherproof, secured by tamper-resistant locking devices and having structural load rating consistent with enclosure and handhole location.
- 5. Cover Finish: Nonskid finish shall have a minimum coefficient of friction of 0.50.
- 6. Cover Legend: Molded lettering, "ELECTRIC.".
- 7. Conduit Entrance Provisions: Conduit-terminating fittings shall mate with entering ducts for secure, fixed installation in enclosure wall.
- 8. Handholes 12 Inches Wide by 24 Inches Long (300 mm Wide by 600 mm Long) and Larger: Have inserts for cable racks and pulling-in irons installed before concrete is poured.

2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES

- A. Handhole and Pull-Box Prototype Test: Test prototypes of handholes and boxes for compliance with SCTE 77. Strength tests shall be for specified tier ratings of products supplied.
 - 1. Tests of materials shall be performed by an independent testing agency.
 - 2. Strength tests of complete boxes and covers shall be by either an independent testing agency or manufacturer. A qualified registered professional engineer shall certify tests by manufacturer.
 - 3. Testing machine pressure gages shall have current calibration certification complying with ISO 9000 and ISO 10012 and traceable to NIST standards.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
 - Exposed Conduit: GRC.
 - 2. Concealed Conduit, Aboveground: EMT.
 - 3. Underground Conduit: RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC.
 - 4. Retain first option in first subparagraph below if raceway may be exposed to physical damage.
 - 5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
 - 6. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
- B. Indoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT.
 - 2. Exposed, Not Subject to Severe Physical Damage: EMT.
 - 3. Exposed and Subject to Severe Physical Damage: GRC. Raceway locations include the following:
 - a. Loading dock.

- b. Corridors used for traffic of mechanized carts, forklifts, and pallet-handling units.
- c. Mechanical rooms.
- 4. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT.
- 5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
- 6. Damp or Wet Locations: GRC.
- 7. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4 stainless steel in institutional and commercial kitchens and damp or wet locations.
- C. Minimum Raceway Size: 3/4-inch (21-mm) trade size for power circuits. Minimum conduit sized for control wiring shall be 1/2-inch.
- D. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
 - 1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings unless otherwise indicated. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 2. PVC Externally Coated, Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings listed for use with this type of conduit. Patch and seal all joints, nicks, and scrapes in PVC coating after installing conduits and fittings. Use sealant recommended by fitting manufacturer and apply in thickness and number of coats recommended by manufacturer.
 - 3. EMT: Use compression, steel fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 4. Flexible Conduit: Use only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.
- E. Install nonferrous conduit or tubing for circuits operating above 60 Hz. Where aluminum raceways are installed for such circuits and pass through concrete, install in nonmetallic sleeve.
- F. Do not install aluminum conduits, boxes, or fittings in contact with concrete or earth.
- G. Install surface raceways only where indicated on Drawings.
- H. Do not install nonmetallic conduit where ambient temperature exceeds 120 deg F (49 deg C).

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- B. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NECA 102 for aluminum conduits. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- C. Do not install raceways or electrical items on any "explosion-relief" walls or rotating equipment.
- D. Do not fasten conduits onto the bottom side of a metal deck roof.
- E. Keep raceways at least 6 inches (150 mm) away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hotwater pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- F. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.

- G. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above finished slab.
- H. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches (300 mm) of changes in direction.
- Make bends in raceway using large-radius preformed ells. Field bending shall be according to NFPA 70 minimum radii requirements. Use only equipment specifically designed for material and size involved.
- J. Conceal conduit within finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated. Install conduits parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- K. Support conduit within 12 inches (300 mm) of enclosures to which attached.
- L. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:
 - 1. Run conduit larger than 1-inch (27-mm) trade size, parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support. Secure raceways to reinforcement at maximum 10-foot (3-m) intervals.
 - 2. Arrange raceways to cross building expansion joints at right angles with expansion fittings.
 - 3. Arrange raceways to keep a minimum of 1 inch (25 mm) of concrete cover in all directions.
 - 4. Do not embed threadless fittings in concrete unless specifically approved by Architect for each specific location.
 - 5. Change from ENT to GRC before rising above floor.
- M. Stub-Ups to Above Recessed Ceilings:
 - 1. Use EMT, IMC, or RMC for raceways.
 - 2. Use a conduit bushing or insulated fitting to terminate stub-ups not terminated in hubs or in an enclosure.
- N. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- O. Coat field-cut threads on PVC-coated raceway with a corrosion-preventing conductive compound prior to assembly.
- P. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.
- Q. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch (35mm) trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on all EMT conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- R. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures with locknuts. Install locknuts hand tight plus 1/4 turn more.
- S. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to assure a continuous ground path.

- T. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2-inch (53-mm) trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length.
- U. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb (90-kg) tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches (300 mm) of slack at each end of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.
- V. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations according to NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings according to NFPA 70.
- W. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal the interior of all raceways at the following points:
 - Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
 - 2. Where an underground service raceway enters a building or structure.
 - 3. Conduit extending from interior to exterior of building.
 - 4. Conduit extending into pressurized duct and equipment.
 - 5. Conduit extending into pressurized zones that are automatically controlled to maintain different pressure set points.
 - 6. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- X. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for solvent welding RNC and fittings.
- Y. Expansion-Joint Fittings:
 - 1. Install in each run of aboveground RNC that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 30 deg F (17 deg C) and that has straight-run length that exceeds 25 feet (7.6 m). Install in each run of aboveground RMC and EMT conduit that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 100 deg F (55 deg C) and that has straight-run length that exceeds 100 feet (30 m).
 - 2. Install type and quantity of fittings that accommodate temperature change listed for each of the following locations:
 - a. Outdoor Locations Not Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 125 deg F (70 deg C) temperature change.
 - b. Outdoor Locations Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 155 deg F (86 deg C) temperature change.
 - c. Indoor Spaces Connected with Outdoors without Physical Separation: 125 deg F (70 deg C) temperature change.
 - 3. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.00041 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F (0.06 mm per meter of length of straight run per deg C) of temperature change for PVC conduits. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.000078 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F (0.0115 mm per meter of length of straight run per deg C) of temperature change for metal conduits.
 - 4. Install expansion fittings at all locations where conduits cross building or structure expansion joints.

- 5. Install each expansion-joint fitting with position, mounting, and piston setting selected according to manufacturer's written instructions for conditions at specific location at time of installation. Install conduit supports to allow for expansion movement.
- Z. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV 3. Use a maximum of 36 inches (915 mm of flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed luminaires, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers and motors.
 - 1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
 - 2. Use LFMC or LFNC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.
- AA. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements. Install boxes with height measured to center of box unless otherwise indicated.
- BB. Recessed Boxes in Masonry Walls: Saw-cut opening for box in center of cell of masonry block, and install box flush with surface of wall. Prepare block surfaces to provide a flat surface for a raintight connection between box and cover plate or supported equipment and box.
- CC. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.
- DD. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- EE. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for the purpose.
- FF. Fasten junction and pull boxes to or support from building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.
- GG. Set metal floor boxes level and flush with finished floor surface.
- HH. Set nonmetallic floor boxes level. Trim after installation to fit flush with finished floor surface.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

- A. Direct-Buried Conduit:
 - 1. Excavate trench bottom to provide firm and uniform support for conduit. Prepare trench bottom as specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for pipe less than 6 inches (150 mm) in nominal diameter.
 - 2. Install backfill as specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
 - 3. After installing conduit, backfill and compact. Start at tie-in point, and work toward end of conduit run, leaving conduit at end of run free to move with expansion and contraction as temperature changes during this process. Firmly hand tamp backfill around conduit to provide maximum supporting strength. After placing controlled backfill to within 12 inches (300 mm) of finished grade, make final conduit connection at end of run and complete backfilling with normal compaction as specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
 - 4. Install manufactured duct elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through floor unless otherwise indicated. Encase elbows for stub-up ducts throughout length of elbow.
 - 5. Install manufactured rigid steel conduit elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through floor.

- a. Couple steel conduits to ducts with adapters designed for this purpose, and encase coupling with 3 inches (75 mm) of concrete for a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) on each side of the coupling.
- b. For stub-ups at equipment mounted on outdoor concrete bases and where conduits penetrate building foundations, extend steel conduit horizontally a minimum of 60 inches (1500 mm) from edge of foundation or equipment base. Install insulated grounding bushings on terminations at equipment.
- 6. Warning Planks: Bury warning planks approximately 12 inches (300 mm) above direct-buried conduits but a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm) below grade. Align planks along centerline of conduit.
- 7. Underground Warning Tape: Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.4 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND HANDHOLES AND BOXES

- A. Install handholes and boxes level and plumb and with orientation and depth coordinated with connecting conduits to minimize bends and deflections required for proper entrances.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, support units on a level bed of crushed stone or gravel, graded from 1/2-inch (12.5-mm) sieve to No. 4 (4.75-mm) sieve and compacted to same density as adjacent undisturbed earth.
- C. Elevation: In paved areas, set so cover surface will be flush with finished grade. Set covers of other enclosures 1 inch (25 mm) above finished grade.
- D. Install handholes with bottom below frost line.
- E. Install removable hardware, including pulling eyes, cable stanchions, cable arms, and insulators, as required for installation and support of cables and conductors and as indicated. Select arm lengths to be long enough to provide spare space for future cables but short enough to preserve adequate working clearances in enclosure.
- F. Field-cut openings for conduits according to enclosure manufacturer's written instructions. Cut wall of enclosure with a tool designed for material to be cut. Size holes for terminating fittings to be used, and seal around penetrations after fittings are installed.

3.5 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install 0sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

3.6 FIRESTOPPING

A. Install firestopping at penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies.

3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect coatings, finishes, and cabinets from damage and deterioration.

- 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
- 2. Repair damage to PVC coatings or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 26 0533

SECTION 26 0553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included:
 - 1. Nameplates and Labels
 - 2. Equipment Nameplates
 - 3. Device Labels and Conductor Markers

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Contents of Division 26, Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.3 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

A. References and Standards as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, provide:
 - 1. Samples of Nameplates/Labels: One of each type.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Quality assurance as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, meet the following:
 - Manufacturer's Qualifications: Firms regularly engaged in manufacture of identification devices of types and sizes required.
 - 2. Codes and Standards: Comply with ANSI A13.1 for lettering size, length of color field, colors, and viewing angles of identification devices unless otherwise indicated.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Warranty of materials and workmanship as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard products of categories and types required for each application as referenced in other Division 26, Electrical Sections. Where more than a single type is specified for application, provide single selection for each product category.
- B. Equipment Nameplates:

- 1. B & I Nameplates
- 2. Intellicum
- 3. JBR Associates
- 4. Or approved equivalent.

C. Device Labels:

- 1. Kroy
- 2. Brady
- Or approved equivalent.

2.2 NAMEPLATES AND LABELS

- A. Nameplates: Engraving stock melamine or lamicoid plastic laminate in the size and thicknesses indicated, engraved with engraver's standard letter style of the sizes and wording indicated, black with white core (letter color), punched for mechanical fastening except where adhesive mounting is necessary because of substrate. Provide 1/8-inch thick material.
 - 1. Letter Color: White.
 - 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Background Color: Black.
 - 4. Fasteners: Self-tapping stainless steel screws, except contact-type permanent adhesive where screws cannot or should not penetrate the substrate.
 - 5. Access Panel Markers: Manufacturer's standard 1/16-inch thick engraved plastic laminate access panel markers, with abbreviations and numbers corresponding to concealed valve or devices/equipment. Include center hole to allow attachment.
 - 6. Locations:
 - a. Each electrical distribution and control equipment enclosure.
 - b. Communication cabinets.
 - c. Transformers.
 - d. Disconnect switches and starters.

2.3 EQUIPMENT NAMEPLATES

- A. Engraved phenolic plastic, 1/16-inch thick with beveled edge border matching letter color. All upper case letters in engraver standard letter style. Embossed tape or dymo style labels, or similar, are not acceptable.
- B. Color:
 - 1. Normal (Utility): White letters on black background.
 - Life Safety/Critical (Emergency Systems): Black letters on orange background per WAC 296-46B-700.9.
 - Equipment Branch (Legally Required Standby Systems): Black letters on yellow background.
 - 4. X-Ray Branch (Optional Standby Systems): Black letters on white background.

C. Letter Size:

- Use 1/2-inch letters minimum for identifying major equipment and loads, including switchgear, switchboards, etc.
- 2. Use 1/4-inch letters minimum for identifying panels, breakers, etc.
- 3. Use 3/16-inch minimum for identifying source, voltage, current, phase, and wire

configurations.

- D. The Architect, Engineer, Commissioning Agent, and Owner reserve the right to make modifications to the nameplates as necessary.
- E. Nameplates: Engraving stock melamine or lamicoid plastic laminate, Federal Specification L-P-387, in the size and thicknesses indicated, engraved with engraver's standard letter style of the sizes and wording indicated, black with white core (letter color), punched for mechanical fastening except where adhesive mounting is necessary because of substrate. Provide 1/8-inch thick material.
 - 1. Letter Color: White.
 - 2. Letter Height: 1/4-inch.
 - 3. Background Color: Black.
 - 4. Fasteners: Self-tapping stainless steel screws, except contact-type permanent adhesive where screws cannot or should not penetrate the substrate.

2.4 DEVICE LABELS & CONDUCTOR MARKERS

- A. Extra strength, laminated, adhesive tape, with 3/16-inch black letters on clear background. Use only for identification of individual wall switches, receptacles, conductors in device outlet boxes (receptacles and switches), control device stations, etc. Indicate source panel and circuits. Wall switches with engraved buttons do not require labeling. Embossed tape style labels, or similar, are not acceptable.
- B. Label all junction boxes to show system identification, source circuit, or raceway origin. In finished areas, utilize device label. In unfinished areas or above ceilings, use of permanent ink marker is acceptable.
- C. Where labels are provided, write identical information in permanent ink marker on the backside of the cover.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive nameplates and labels.
- B. Coordinate designations used on Drawings with equipment labels.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install nameplates and labels parallel to equipment lines.
- B. Secure nameplates to equipment front using self-tapping stainless steel screws.
- C. Secure nameplates to inside surface of door on panelboard that is recessed in finished locations.
- D. Identify underground raceways using underground warning tape. Install one continuous tape per underground raceway at 6- to 8-inches below finish grade. Where multiple underground raceways are buried in a common trench and exceeds 16-inch width, install multiple warning tapes not over 10-inches apart (edge to edge) over the entire group of underground raceways.

- E. Identify empty conduit and boxes with intended use.
- F. Provide wire markers on each conductor for power, control, signaling and communications circuits.
- G. On the back of receptacle and switch finish plates and inside the back-box, legibly write with permanent ink marker, the circuit that each device is connected to.
- H. On the front of receptacle and switch finish plates, provide label with the circuit that each device is connected to.
- I. Verify emergency system distribution equipment nameplate colors with Architect/Owner.
- J. Locations:
 - 1. Switchgear, switchboards, sub-distribution switchboards, distribution panels, and branch panels.
 - 2. Main breakers and distribution breakers in switchgear, switchboards, and distribution panels.
 - 3. Equipment including, but not limited to, motor controllers, disconnects, and VFD's.
 - 4. Low-voltage equipment enclosures including, but not limited to, fire alarm panels, access control panels, and lighting control panels.
- K. Provide master nameplate at each incoming utility service to identify the following (each on a separate line):
 - 1. Serving Utility Transformer (ex. Utility Service #1.)
 - 2. Project
 - 3. Serving Utility Company
 - 4. Consulting Engineering Firm of Record
 - 5. Month and Year of Completion
 - 6. Voltage, Phase, and Wire Configuration.
- L. Switchgear, switchboards, and panels to include name source, voltage, current phase, wire configuration and fault current rating.
- M. Provide nameplates for flush mounted branch panelboards identifying name on front door. On inside of door provide nameplate as noted above.
- N. Provide a second label at branch panelboards listing the means of identification of branch circuit conductors. This identification legend to consist of the color code used for each voltage system (208Y/120V and 480Y/277V). See specification Section 26 05 19, Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables, for required conductor color code for this project. Include identification of both voltage systems on each label, regardless of the voltage of the panelboard to which the label is affixed. Comply with requirements of NEC 210.5.
- O. Provide engraved nameplate similar to distribution panelboards for transformers, lighting control panels, contactors, relays, time switches, etc. identifying name, service point and circuit number.
- P. For flush mounted panelboards verify label location (inside or outside panelboard door) with Architect/Owner.
- Q. Provide typewritten branch panel schedules with protective clear transparent covers accounting for every breaker installed. Use actual room designations assigned by name or number near completion of the work, and not the designations shown on drawings.

- R. Provide labeling where switches control remote lighting or power outlets or where multiple switches are located in the same location.
- S. Where switches control remote lighting or power outlets, or where switches or outlets in same location serve different purposes, such as light, power, intercom, etc. or different areas, such as corridor and outside, plates with 1/8-inch black letters indicating function of each switch or outlet. Also label function light switches where two or more are mounted in same locations.
- T. Provide receptacle device plates with panel and circuit designation labeled on the face, with Dymotype label, and with circuit written in permanent marker on back of plate and back-box. Provide switch device plates with panel and circuit designation written in permanent marker on back of plate and back-box.

END OF SECTION 26 0553

SECTION 26 2416 - PANELBOARDS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included:
 - 1. Power Distribution Panelboards
 - 2. Panelboards

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Contents of Division 26, Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.3 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

- A. References and Standards as required by Section 26 05 00, Common Work Results for Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, meet the following:
 - 1. UL 67, Standards for Panelboards.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals as required by Section 26 05 00, Common Work Results for Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Quality assurance as required by Section 26 05 00, Common Work Results for Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Warranty of materials and workmanship as required by Section 26 05 00, Common Work Results for Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Eaton Electric
- B. GE Industries
- C. Square D
- D. Or approved equivalent.

2.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION PANELBOARDS

- A. Description: NEMA PB 1 Type 1 or Type 3R, circuit breaker type.
- B. Integrated Equipment Rating: Provide fully rated integrated equipment rating greater than the

available fault current. Series rated panelboards are not acceptable. Reference drawings for available fault current. If drawings do not have available fault current shown, then coordinate with serving electrical utility. Final rating based on the protective device study completed under the provisions of Division 26, Electrical Distribution System Studies.

- C. Panelboard Bus: Non-reduced Copper, ratings as indicated on drawings. Bus bar with suitable electroplating (tin) for corrosion control at connection. Provide copper ground bus in each panelboard.
- D. Lugs: Mechanical type for copper conductors.
- E. Molded Case Circuit Breakers: With integral thermal and instantaneous magnetic trip in each pole; UL listed. For air conditioning equipment branch circuits provide circuit breakers UL listed as Type HACR.
- F. Molded Case Circuit Breakers with Current Limiters: With replaceable current limiting elements, in addition to integral thermal and instantaneous magnetic trip in each pole; UL listed.
- G. Current Limiting Molded Case Circuit Breakers: With integral thermal and instantaneous magnetic trip in each pole, coordinated with automatically resetting current limiting elements in each pole: UL listed. Interrupting rating 100,000 symmetrical amperes, let-through current and energy level less than permitted for same size Class RK-5 fuse.
- H. Solid-State Molded Case Circuit Breakers: With electronic sensing, timing and tripping circuits for adjustable current settings; UL listed.
 - 1. Ground fault trip, ground fault sensing integral with circuit breaker.
 - 2. Instantaneous trip.
 - 3. Adjustable short time trip.
 - 4. Adjustable long time delay.
 - 5. Adjustable short time delay.
 - 6. Adjustable short time pickup.
 - 7. Stationary mounting.
 - 8. Include shunt trip where indicated.
- I. Circuit Breaker Accessories: Trip units and auxiliary switches as indicated.
- J. Fully equip unused spaces for future devices, including manufacturer required connections and mounting hardware.
- K. Cabinet Front: Surface type hinged door with flush lock, metal directory frame, finished in manufacturer's standard gray enamel.

2.3 PANELBOARDS

- A. Description: Panelboards 400 amps or less. NEMA PB1, Type 1 as indicated on drawings, circuit breaker type. Maximum enclosure depth: 6-inches for surface mounted, 5 3/4-inches for flush mounted.
- B. Maximum Width: 20-inches.
- C. Integrated Equipment Rating: Provide fully rated integrated equipment rating greater than the available fault current. Series rated switchboards are not acceptable. Reference drawings for available fault current. If drawings do not have available fault current shown, then coordinate with serving electrical utility. Final rating based on the protective device study completed under the provisions of Division 26, Electrical Distribution System Studies.

- D. Panelboard Bus Non-Reduced: Copper, ratings as indicated on drawings. Bus bar with suitable electroplating (tin) for corrosion control at connection. Provide copper ground bus in each panelboard; provide isolated ground bus where scheduled. Provide 200 percent rated copper neutral bus where scheduled.
- E. Lugs: Mechanical type for both aluminum and copper conductors.
- F. Provide double lugs and/or feed-through lugs for feed through feeders.
- G. Molded Case Circuit Breakers: Thermal magnetic trip circuit breakers, plug-in type, with common trip handle for poles; UL listed. Predrill bus for bolt-on breakers.
 - 1. Type SWD for lighting circuits.
 - 2. Type HACR for air conditioning equipment circuits.
 - 3. Class A ground fault interrupter circuit breakers where scheduled.
 - 4. Class B ground fault equipment protection circuit breakers for heat trace and other circuits as required by Code. Provide shunt trip circuit breakers where scheduled; provide wiring to remote trip switch/contacts as indicated on Drawings.
 - 5. Do not use tandem circuit breakers.
 - 6. Combination AFCI Breaker: UL 1699 compliant. Integral 30mA GFCI trip. Manual test button for AFCI mechanism. Self-testing, tripping if AFCI module fails.
- H. Current Limiting Molded Case Circuit Breakers: With integral thermal and instantaneous magnetic trip in each pole, coordinated with automatically resetting current limiting elements in each pole; UL listed. Interrupting rating 100,000 symmetrical amperes, let-through current and energy level less than permitted for same size Class RK-5 fuse.
- I. Solid-State Molded Case Circuit Breakers: With electronic sensing, timing and tripping circuits for adjustable current settings; UL listed.
 - 1. Ground fault trip, ground fault sensing integral with circuit breaker.
 - 2. Instantaneous trip.
 - 3. Adjustable short time trip.
 - 4. Adjustable long time delay.
 - 5. Adjustable short time delay.
 - 6. Adjustable short time pickup.
 - 7. Stationary mounting.
 - 8. Include shunt trip where indicated.
- J. Accessories: Provide where indicated: shunt trip, arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI), Class A ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI), auxiliary switch and alarm switch.
- K. Cabinet Front: Provide flush or surface mounting as shown on the schedules, drawings, or otherwise noted. Cabinet front with concealed hinged front cover door-in-door construction, metal directory frame with heavy clear plastic protector, flush lift latch and lock, two keys (CAT 70 keys) per panel all keyed alike.
- L. Provide boxes with removable blank end walls and interior mounting studs. Provide interior support bracket for ease of interior installation.
- M. Furnish surface mounted cabinet boxes without knockouts.
 - Minimum Integrated Short Circuit Rating:
 - a. 10,000 amperes symmetrical for 240 V panelboards.
 - b. Minimum rating as indicated on the Drawings or Panel Schedules.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install panelboards in accordance with NEMA PB 1.1, NECA 1 and manufacturers installation instructions.
- B. Install panelboards level and plumb. Install recessed panelboards flush with wall finishes.
- C. Height: 6-feet 6-inches to top of panelboard; install panelboards taller than 6-feet 6-inches with bottom no more than 4-inches above floor.
- D. Provide filler plates for unused spaces in panelboards.
- E. Provide typed circuit directory for each branch circuit panelboard. Include all "spaces" and "spares." Revise directory to reflect circuiting changes and as-installed conditions. Use final Owner designated room names and numbers, and not designations shown on drawings.
- F. Provide engraved plastic nameplates per Section 26 05 53, Identification for Electrical Systems.
- G. Provide arc flash labels.
- H. Provide 1 (qty), 1-inch spare conduits out of each recessed panelboard to an accessible location above ceiling. Identify each as SPARE.
- I. Provide permanent identification number in or on panelboard dead-front adjacent to each breaker pole position. Horizontal centerline of numbers to correspond with centerline of circuit breaker pole position.
- J. Ground and bond panelboard enclosure per NEC.

K. Paint:

- 1. Standard factory finish unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Panelboards located in finished interior areas in view of building occupants: paint to match adjacent wall surface. Color and paint preparation as specified by Architect. Covers to be painted off wall, then installed over dried, painted wall surface.
- L. Provide handle guards on each circuit supplying obviously constant loads such as fire alarm, security, lighting controls, refrigerators and freezers, fire protection, etc.
- M. Provide interior wiring diagram, neutral wiring diagram, UL label, and short circuit rating on interior or in booklet format inserted in sleeve inside panel cover.
- N. Verify available recessing depth and coordinate wall framing with other divisions.
- O. Shunt Trip Circuit Breakers: Provide wiring to remote trip switch/contacts as indicated on Drawings.
- P. Maintain fire rating of wall where panels are installed flush in fire ratedwalls.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform inspections and tests in accordance with manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Measure steady state load currents at each panelboard feeder; rearrange circuits in panelboard to balance phase loads to within 20 percent of each other. Maintain proper phasing for multi-wire branch circuits.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. Thoroughly clean exterior and interior of each panelboard in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Vacuum construction dust, dirt, and debris out of each panelboard.
- C. Where enclosure finish is damaged, touch up finish with matching paint in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions.

END OF SECTION 26 2416

SECTION 26 2726 - WIRING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Provision of materials, installation and testing of:
 - 1. Wall Switches
 - 2. Receptacles
 - 3. Finish Plates
 - 4. Surface Covers

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Contents of Division 26, Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.3 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

- A. References and Standards as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, meet the following:
 - UL 498, Attachment Plugs and Receptacles.
 - 2. UL 943, Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (Class A GFCI).
 - 3. UL 1472, Standard for Solid State Dimming Controls.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.
- B. In addition, provide:
 - 1. Wall switches and Dimmers
 - 2. Receptacles
 - 3. Wall Plates
 - 4. In-Use Cover
- C. Submit performance test results for devices in patient care areas in conformance with NFPA 99-4.3.3.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Quality assurance as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Warranty of materials and workmanship as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Wall Switches:
 - 1. Toggle Type Characteristics:
 - a. Leviton 1221
 - b. Pass & Seymour PS20AC1
 - c. Hubbell HBL 1221
 - d. Or approved equivalent.
- B. Receptacles:
 - 1. Industrial Grade:
 - a. Cooper 5362
 - b. Hubbell HBL5362
 - c. Bryant FRY5362
 - d. Leviton 5362
 - e. Pass & Seymour 5362A
 - f. Or approved equivalent.
 - 2. Commercial Grade 20 Amp:
 - a. Cooper 5362
 - b. Hubbell 5362
 - c. Bryant 5352
 - d. Leviton 5362S
 - e. Pass & Seymour 5362
 - f. Or approved equivalent.
 - 3. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) Receptacle:
 - a. Hubbell GFR5362SB
 - b. Cooper WRVGF20
 - c. Pass & Seymour 2095TRWR
 - d. Or approved equivalent.
 - 4. While-in-Use Weatherproof Cover:
 - a. UV Stabilized Polycarbonate Cover:
 - 1) Pass & Seymour
 - 2) Intermatic
 - 3) Hubbell
 - 4) Cooper
 - 5) Or approved equivalent.
 - b. Thermoplastic Cover:
 - 1) Leviton
 - 2) Hubbell
 - 3) Or approved equivalent.
 - c. Die Cast Cover:
 - 1) Intermatic
 - 2) Hubbell
 - 3) Cooper
 - 4) Or approved equivalent.
- C. Surface Covers:
 - 1. Aluminum with Gasket, Blanks, Single Gang:
 - a. Bell 240-ALF
 - b. Carlon
 - c. Or approved equivalent.

- 2. 2-Gang:
 - a. Bell 236-ALF
 - b. Carlon
 - c. Or approved equivalent.
- D. Provide lighting switches and receptacles of common manufacturer and appearance.

2.2 WALL SWITCHES

- A. Characteristics: Toggle type, quiet acting, 20 amp, 120/277 volt, UL listed for motor loads up to 80 percent of rated amperage, extra heavy duty.
- B. Finish: White.

2.3 RECEPTACLES

- A. Duplex Receptacles Characteristics: Straight parallel blade, 125 volt, 2 pole, 3 wire grounding.
 - 1. Commercial Grade: Riveted. Back and side wired. Brass ground contact on steel strap. Nylon face and nylon base. 20 amp.
- B. Isolated Ground Receptacle: Isolated ground "delta" on receptacle face, same finish as standard duplex receptacles, 20 amp.
- C. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) Receptacle: Feed through type, back-and-side wired, tamper-resistant, weather resistant self-testing, 20 amp, 125VAC.
- D. While-in-Use Weatherproof Cover: NEMA 3R when closed over energized plug. Vertical mount for duplex receptacle. Provide continuous use cover with cover capable of closing over energized cord cap with bottom aperture for cord exit.
 - 1. UV stabilized polycarbonate cover with closed cell neoprene foam gasket.
 - 2. Thermoplastic cover with closed cell neoprene gasket.
 - 3. Die cast cover with closed cell neoprene foam gasket: Capable of being locked closed to prevent tampering or unauthorized use.
- E. Special Purpose Receptacles: Reference Drawings for NEMA Standard Specification.
- F. Finish:
 - 1. Same exposed finish as switches.
 - 2. Receptacles connected to emergency circuits life safety to have redfinish.
 - 3. Receptacles installed in surface raceway to match raceway finish. See Section 260533, Raceways.
 - 4. Receptacles connected to isolated ground to have orange finish.

2.4 FINISH PLATES

- A. Finish Plates: Type 302 stainless steel. Smooth satin finish.
- B. Provide telephone/signal device plates; activated outlets to have coverplates to match modular jack.

2.5 SURFACE COVERS

- A. Material: Galvanized steel, 1/2-inch raised industrial type with openings appropriate for devices installed on surface outlets.
- Cast Box and Extension Adaptors: Aluminum with gasket, blanks single gang or 2-gang.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Protection:

- 1. Devices: Upon installation of finish plates and receptacles, adhere to proper and cautious use of convenience outlets. At time of substantial completion, replace those items which have been damaged, including those burned and scored by faulty receptacles or cord caps.
- 2. Finish Plates and Devices: Do not install items until finish painting is complete. Scratched or splattered finish plates and devices not acceptable.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. See Architectural elevations for location and mounting height of wiring devices. Review Architectural elevations prior to rough-in and contact Architect immediately if conflicts are found between Architectural and Electrical Drawings. Do not rough-in devices until conflicts are resolved.
- B. Install wiring devices and finish plates plumb with building lines, equipment cabinets and adjacent devices. Devices not plumb will be fixed at no additional cost to Owner.

C. Orientation:

- 1. Wall-Mounted Receptacles: Install with long dimension oriented vertically at centerline height shown on drawings or as specified.
- 2. Vertical Alignment: When more than one outlet is shown on drawings in close proximity to each other, but at different elevations, align outlets on a common vertical center line for best appearance. Verify with Architect.
- 3. Horizontal Alignment: When more than one outlet is shown on Drawings to be stacked in wall vertically, align outlets on a common horizontal center line for best appearance. Verify with Architect.
- D. GFCI Outlets: One GFCI receptacle may be used to provide GFCI protection to downstream duplex receptacles on same branch circuit. If GFCI receptacle is used, the following conditions must be met:
 - 1. Downstream receptacles are in same room as upstream GFCI duplex receptacles.
 - Downstream duplex receptacles are labeled as being protected by an upstream GFCI receptacle in same room.
- E. Provide orange coverplates on isolated ground receptacles.

3.3 LABELING

- A. Provide labeling per Section 26 05 53, Identification for Electrical Systems.
- B. Provide receptacle device plates with panel and circuit designation labeled on the face, with Dymotype label, and with circuit written in permanent marker on back of plate and back-box. Provide

switch device plates with panel and circuit designation written in permanent marker on back of plate and back-box.

3.4 TESTING

- A. Submit report of compliance and results of receptacle and equipment tests:
- B. Test wiring devices to ensure electrical continuity of grounding connections, and after energizing circuitry, to demonstrate compliance with requirements. Test receptacles for line to neutral, line to ground and neutral to ground faults. Correct any defective wiring.

END OF SECTION 26 2726

SECTION 26 2816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included:
 - 1. Toggle Type Disconnect Switches
 - 2. Manual Motor Starters
 - 3. Safety Switches
 - 4. Enclosed Circuit Breakers
 - 5. Molded Case Switches

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Contents of Division 26, Electrical and Division 01, General Requirements apply to this Section.

1.3 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

A. References and Standards as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Quality assurance as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Warranty of materials and workmanship as required by Section 26 00 00, Electrical Basic Requirements and Division 01, General Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Toggle Type Disconnect Switches:
 - 1. Cooper
 - 2. Hubbell
 - 3. Leviton
 - 4. Pass & Seymour
 - 5. Slater
 - Or approved equivalent.

- C. Manual Motor Starters:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical
 - 2. General Electric
 - 3. Square D
 - Or approved equivalent.
- D. Safety Switches:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical
 - 2. GE Industrial
 - 3. Square D
 - 4. Or approved equivalent.
- E. Enclosed Circuit Breakers:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical
 - 2. GE Industrial
 - 3. Square D
 - 4. Or approved equivalent.
- F. Molded Case Switches:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical
 - 2. General Electric
 - 3. Square D
 - 4. Or approved equivalent.

2.2 TOGGLE TYPE DISCONNECT SWITCHES

- A. Rating: 120 or 277 volt, 1 or 2 pole, 20 amp, 1 hp maximum.
- B. Enclosure:
 - 1. NEMA 1: Dry locations/Indoors.
 - 2. NEMA 3R: Damp or wet locations/Outdoors.
- C. Handle lockable in 'off' position.

2.3 MANUAL MOTOR STARTERS

- A. Quick-Make, Quick-Break. Thermal overload protection. Device labeled with maximum voltage, current, and horsepower.
- B. Enclosure:
 - 1. NEMA 1: Dry locations/Indoors.
 - 2. NEMA 3R: Damp or wet locations/Outdoors.

2.4 SAFETY SWITCHES

A. Heavy duty fusible type and non-fusible type (as indicated on drawings), dual rated, quick-make, quick-break with fuse rejection feature for use with Class R fuses only, unless other fuse type is specifically noted.

- B. Clearly marked for maximum voltage, current, and horsepower.
- C. Operable handle interlocked to prevent opening front cover with switch in 'on' position.
- D. Switches rated for maximum available fault current.
- E. Handle lockable in 'off' position.
- F. Enclosure:
 - 1. NEMA 1: Dry locations/Indoors.
 - NEMA 3R: Damp or wet locations/Outdoors.

2.5 ENCLOSED CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- A. Molded case circuit breakers:
 - 1-, 2-, or 3-pole bolt on, single-handle common trip, 600VAC or 250VAC as indicated on drawings.
 - 2. Overcenter toggle-type mechanism, quick-make, quick-break action. Trip indication is by handle position.
 - 3. Calibrate for operation in 40C ambient temperature.
 - 4. 15 to 150 Amp Breakers: Permanent trip unit containing individual thermal and magnetic trip elements in each pole.
 - 5. 151 to 400 Amp Breakers: Variable magnetic trip elements. Provide push-to-trip button on cover of breaker for mechanical tripping.
 - 6. Greater than 401 Amp: Electronic trip type with adjustments for long-time, instantaneous, and short-time functions. Provide ground fault function for breakers greater than 400 amps.
 - 7. Provide handle mechanisms that are lockable in the open (off) position.
 - 8. Circuit breakers to have minimum symmetrical interrupting capacity as indicated on Drawings.
 - 9. Where protective devices are applied in series combination, such that the prospective available fault current exceeds the interrupting rating (AIR) of the downstream protective devices, such combinations to be UL recognized combinations. Electrical equipment using these UL recognized circuit breaker combinations to be clearly marked in accordance with NEC Section 240.86 and 110.22.

B. Enclosure:

- 1. NEMA 1: Dry locations/Indoors.
- 2. NEMA 3R: Damp or wet locations/Outdoors.
- C. Removable cover, galvanized steel enclosure, powder coat painted.

2.6 MOLDED CASE SWITCHES

- A. Provide cover padlock provision.
- B. Provide trip unit with no overcurrent, overload, or low level fault protection. Trip unit to be high instantaneous magnetic fixed trip type with magnetic trip reset at factory to interrupt high fault currents at or above preset level.
- C. Enclosure:
 - 1. NEMA 1: Dry locations/Indoors.

2. NEMA 3R: Damp or wetlocations/Outdoors.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COORDINATION

- A. Obtain and review the submitted product data for equipment furnished by the Owner, and furnished under other Divisions of this contract, particularly under Divisions 22 and 23.
- B. Confirm the equipment nameplate maximum overcurrent protection (MOCP) and make accommodations and adjustments to switches, fuses and circuit breakers as necessary to coordinate with the nameplate rating

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Provide disconnecting means within sight of each motor controller and of each motor. Motor controller disconnecting means equipped with lock-out/tag-out padlock provisions do not require a disconnect switch at the controlled motor location. Locate disconnect means in view of and not inside of equipment, such that tools are not needed to remove covers to access the disconnecting means.
- B. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Install fuses in fusible disconnect switches. Coordinate fuse ampere rating with installed equipment. Do not provide fuses of lower ampere rating than motor starter thermal units.
- D. Provide engraved nameplates per Section 26 05 53, Identification for Electrical Systems.
- E. Provide arc flash labels per Section 26 05 73, Electrical Distribution System Studies.
- F. Apply neatly typed adhesive tag on inside door of each fusible switch indicating NEMA fuse class and size installed.

END OF SECTION 26 2816

EXHIBIT G

Plans are available at the following link:

https://oregonstate.box.com/s/49oi30dbfqhogft60k944mhsp1a9eewi